1. Find all agencies with their respective cities.

SQL:

select cityname, agency.name from city join agency on city.agencyid=agency.agencyid

RA:

 π <city.cityname,agency.name>(city \bowtie <city.agencyid=agency.agencyid> agency)

```
select cityname, agency.name from city join agency on city.agencyid=agency.agencyid
2
 3
 4
Data Output Explain Messages Query History
    cityname
                         name
 character varying (40)
   SURAT
                         RACHNA TRAVELS
2 AHEMADABAD
                         JAIDEEP CO.
    VADODARA
                         RUPERA TRAVELS
4 KASHMIR
                         SWAPNA TRAVELS
    SHIMLA
                         FRIENDS & MERRY TRAVELS
6 MANALI
                         HARIKRISHNA TOURS & T...
7
    DAMAN
                         THINK BIG TRAVLES
8 JAIPUR
                         PRAVAS TOURS
9
   HARIDWAR
                         SAHKAR TRAVELS
10 GOA
                         RAJSHREE TRAVELS
```

2. Find firstname, lastname and ids of passengers who have used 'LE PLAZA' package.

SQL:

select passengerid, fname, Iname from passenger where groupid in (select groupid from group_package_hotel where hotelid in (select hotelid from hotel where hotel_name='LE PLAZA'));

```
\rho(p,passenger)
ρ(gph,group_package_hotel)
ρ(h,hotel)
```

 π <passengerid,fname,Iname> passenger SEMI-INTERSECTION<p.groupid=gph.groupid>(gph SEMIINTERSECTION <gph.hotelid=h.hotelid> (σ <hotelname='LE PLAZA'>h))

```
select passengerid, fname, lname from passenger where groupid in
 1
 2
     (select groupid from group_package_hotel where hotelid in
 3
      (select hotelid from hotel where hotel_name='LE PLAZA'));
 4
 5
Data Output Explain Messages Query History
   passengerid
                 fname
                                        Iname
                 character varying (30)
                                        character varying (30)
   integer
1
            1209 VISHAL
                                        VAIDYA
2
            1208 AVKASH
                                        GOPANI
3
            1207 CHIRANGI
                                        GANDHI
4
                                        GOPANI
            1206 ISHAN
5
            1205 NAKSHI
                                        MEHTA
6
            1204 MOHIT
                                        CHAWLA
7
            1203 NARAYAN
                                        CHAWLA
8
            1202 ANKIT
                                        CHAWLA
9
            1201 YOGESH
                                        CHAWLA
```

3. .List of the hotel and package used by all groups

SQL:

select distinct passenger.groupid,hotel.hotel_name,package.pname from passenger join group_package_hotel on passenger.groupid=group_package_hotel.groupid join hotel on group_package_hotel.hotelid=hotel.hotelid join package on group_package_hotel.packageid=package.packageid

RA:

```
ρ(pass,passenger)
ρ(gph,group_package_hotel)
ρ(h,hotel)
ρ(pack,package)
```

 π <pass.groupid,h.hotel_name,pack.pname>(pass \bowtie <pass.groupid=gph.groupid> gph \bowtie <pph.hotelid=h.hotelid> hotel \bowtie <pph.packageid=pack.packageid> package)

TraveIDB on postgres@MyServer select distinct passenger.groupid,hotel.hotel_name,package.pname from passenger join group_package_hotel on passenger.groupid=group_package_hotel.groupid join hotel on group_package_hotel.hotelid=hotel.hotelid join package on group_package_hotel.packageid=package.packageid

Data Output		Explain Messages Que	Query History		
4	groupid integer	hotel_name character varying (30)	pname character varying (20)		
1	1225	SURYA PALACE	MOUNTAINS		
2	1215	VIJAY HOTEL	SWEET MOON		
3	1212	TAJ	CRAYONS		
4	1200	PRITI HOTEL	CHARLOTTE		
5	1201	LE PLAZA	VANILLA		
6	1210	VIJAY HOTEL	SWEET MOON		
7	1232	VIJAY HOTEL	SWEET MOON		
8	1227	LA PLAZA MEMO.	DHARMYATRA		
9	1205	LE PLAZA	TOURIST HEAVENS		

4. Find out the passengers who have paid with cash and gone to 'SWEET MOON' package.

SQL:

select fname,Iname from passenger join booking on passenger.groupid=booking.groupid join ticket on booking.bookingid=ticket.bookingid join payment on (ticket.ticketno=payment.ticketno and payment_mode='CASH') join package on (booking.packageid=package.packageid and package.pname='SWEET MOON')

RA:

ρ(pass,passenger)

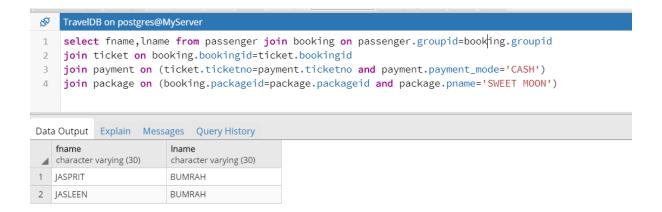
ρ(b,booking)

ρ(pay,payment)

ρ(pack,package)

ρ(t,ticket)

 π <pass.fname,pass.lname > (pass \bowtie <pass.groupid=b.groupid> b \bowtie <b.bookingid=t.bookingid> t \bowtie <t.ticketno=pay.ticketno and pay.payment_mode='CASH'> pay \bowtie <b.packageid=pack.packageid and pack.pname='SWEET MOON'> pack)



5. Find out the hotel which has maximum ratings in city of Kashmir.

SQL:

RA:

 π <h1.hotel_name,h1.ratings > h1 \bowtie <h1.cityid=h2.cityid and h1.ratings=h2.ratings> ρ (h2,(cityid \mathcal{F} max(ratings)->ratings (hotel))) \bowtie <h1.cityid=city.cityid and city.cityname='KASHMIR'> city



6. Show the package information along with the no_of_times they have been availed (in descending order)

SQL:

select p.*,(select count(packageid) as no_of_uses from group_package_hotel as gph where gph.packageid=p.packageid) from package as p order by no_of_uses desc;

RA:

ρ(p,package)

ρ(gph,group_package_hotel)

r1 <- gph

r2 <- σ<gph.packageid=p.packageid>(r1)

r3 <-F count(packageid)->no_of_uses(r2)

 $\pi < p.*, r3 > (p)$

select p.*,(select count(packageid) as no_of_uses from group_package_hotel as gph where gph.packageid=p.packageid) from package as p order by no_of_uses desc Data Output Explain Messages Query History source_city destination_city packageid integer pname type character varying (20) type character varying (20) transport_mode character varying (30) price double precision no_of_uses 704 SWEET MOON HONEYMOON FLIGHT 1000 1005 32000 701 DHARMYATRA VACATION FLIGHT 1000 1003 700 VANILLA 30000 706 CHARLOTTE HOLIDAY BUS 1002 1006 8000 707 CRAYONS 1003 709 MOUNTAINS VACATION TRAIN 1002 25000 710 TOURIST HEAVENS VACATION FLIGHT 1002 1003 34000 713 BUS-ON-TOURIS VACATION BUS 1002 1003 24000 1001 1003 708 WILDLIFE HOLIDAY 24000 10 FLIGHT 1000 1007 703 DHAMAKA HOLIDAY 15600 11 702 BREEZE HONEYMOON TRAIN 1002 1004 25000 12 1001 1009

1000

1007

10000

7. Show all the package offers that are currently active.

VACATION

SQL:

13

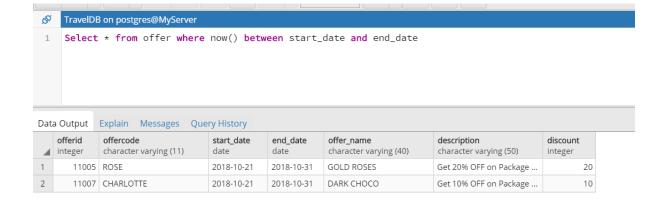
711 BACK-TO-SCHOOL

Select * from offer where now() between start_date and end_date

BUS

RA:

σ< start_date<=now() and end_date>=now() >(offer)



8. Show all the package offers that will be active for at least a month.

SQL:

Select *,DATE_PART('day', end_date - now()) as rem_days from offer where DATE_PART('day', end_date - now()) > 29 and now() between start_date and end_date

RA:

 $r1 <- \sigma < start_date <= now()$ and end_date >= now() and DATE_PART('day', end_date - now()) > 29 > (offer)

 $r2 \leftarrow \pi < offer.*, DATE_PART('day', end_date - now()) > (r1)$

ρ(offer(offer.*,rem_days), r2)

```
Select *,DATE_PART('day', end_date - now()) as rem_days from offer
     where DATE_PART('day', end_date - now()) > 29
     and now() between start_date and end_date
Data Output Explain Messages Query History
   offerid

✓ integer

            character varying (11)
                                   date
                                                date
                                                           character varying (40)
                                                                                  character varying (50)
                                                                                                        integer
                                                                                                                   double precision
      11007 CHARLOTTE
                                   2018-10-21
                                               2018-11-30 DARK CHOCO
                                                                                 Get 10% OFF on Package ...
                                                                                                                                  33
```

9. Find out the passengers who have given more than 2 feedbacks also list the feedbacks.

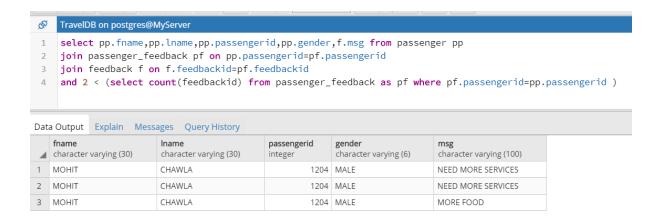
select pp.fname,pp.lname,pp.passengerid,pp.gender,f.msg from passenger pp join passenger_feedback pf on pp.passengerid=pf.passengerid join feedback f on f.feedbackid=pf.feedbackid and 2 < (select count(feedbackid) from passenger_feedback as pf where pf.passengerid=pp.passengerid)

```
ρ(pp,passenger)
ρ(pf,passenger_feedback)
ρ(f,feedback)
```

r1<- σ<pf.passengerid=pp.passengerid >(pf)

r2 < -Fcount(feedbackid)(r1)

 π <pp.fname,pp.lname,pp.passengerid,pp.gender,f.msg >(pp \bowtie <pf.passengerid=pp.passengerid> pf \bowtie <f.feedbackid=pf.feedbackid and 2 < (r2)> (f))



10. List out the passengers who have taken insurance with their source city.

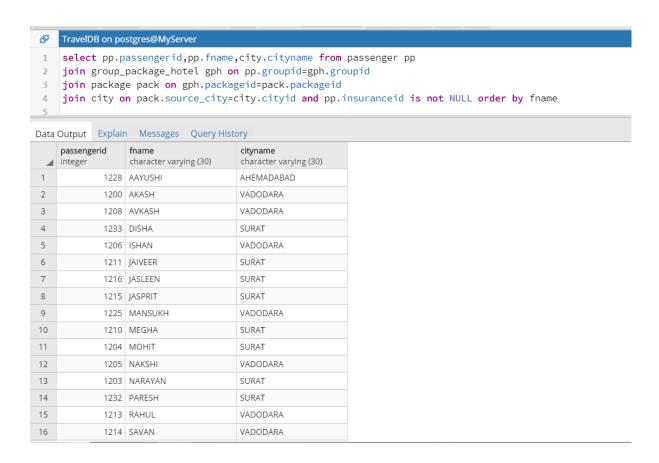
SQL:

select pp.passengerid,pp.fname,city.cityname from passenger pp join group_package_hotel gph on pp.groupid=gph.groupid join package pack on gph.packageid=pack.packageid join city on pack.source_city=city.cityid and pp.insuranceid is not NULL order by fname

RA:

ρ(pp,passenger)ρ(gph,group_package_hotel)ρ(pack,package)

 π < pp.passengerid,pp.fname,city.cityname >(pp \bowtie < pp.groupid=gph.groupid> gph \bowtie <gph.packageid=pack.packageid> pack \bowtie < pack.source_city=city.cityid and pp.insuranceid != NULL> city)



11. List cities' information according to number of times they have been visited in descending order.

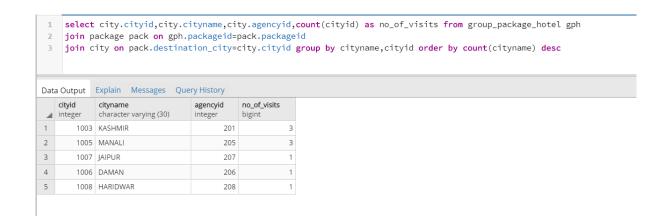
SQL:

select city.cityid,city.cityname,city.agencyid,count(cityid) as no_of_visits from group_package_hotel gph join package pack on gph.packageid=pack.packageid join city on pack.destination_city=city.cityid group by cityname,cityid order by count(cityname) desc;

RA:

```
ρ(gph,group_package_hotel)
ρ(pack,package)
```

r1<-gph \bowtie <gph.packageid=pack.packageid> pack \bowtie <pack.destination_city=city.cityid> city π < city.cityid,city.cityname,city.agencyid,count(cityid)> (cityname,cityid $\mathcal F$ count(cityid)(r1))



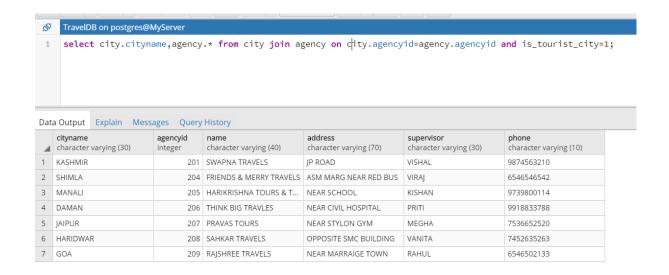
12. Display all available destination cities passengers can go to along with the respective agency's information

SQL:

select city.cityname,agency.* from city join agency on city.agencyid=agency.agencyid and is_tourist_city=1;

RA:

 π < city.cityname,agency.*> (city \bowtie < city.agencyid=agency.agencyid and is_tourist_city=1> agency)



13. .Display all packages' information having transport as 'BUS' and at least 5 days duration .

SQL:

select pname,type,days,nights,price,source_city,destination_city from package where transport_mode = 'BUS' and days > 5

RA:

 π <pname,type,days,nights,price,source_city,destination_city > σ < transport_mode = 'BUS' and days > 5 >



14. Display passenger information for passenger who has given a lengthy feedback(at least of length 50 characters) along with the feedback message.

SQL:

select pass.*,f.msg from passenger as pass join passenger_feedback pf on pass.passengerid=pf.passengerid join feedback as f on pf.feedbackid=f.feedbackid and length(f.msg)>=50

RA:

ρ(pass,passenger)

ρ(f,feedback)

ρ(pf,package_feedback)

 π <pass.*,f.msg > (pass \bowtie <pass.passengerid=pf.passengerid> pf \bowtie <pf.feedbackid=f.feedbackid and length(f.msg)>=50 > f)

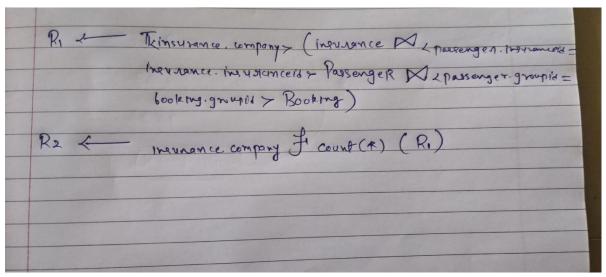


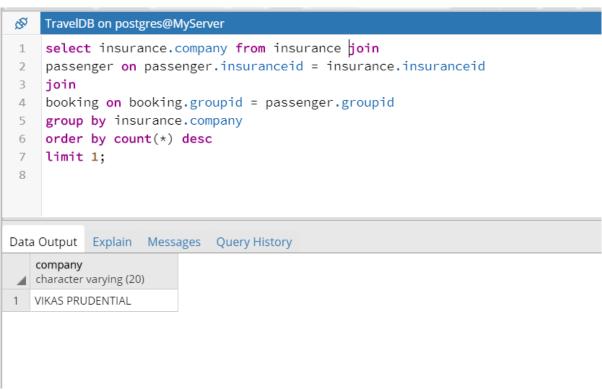
15.Retrive the name of the insurance company which has been chosen by the most number of passengers.

SQL:

select insurance.company from insurance join passenger on passenger.insuranceid = insurance.insuranceid join booking on booking.groupid = passenger.groupid group by insurance.company order by count(*) desc limit 1;

RA:



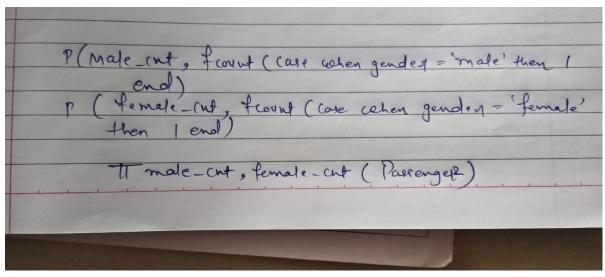


16. Find Total Male and Female Passengers.

SQL:

SELECT COUNT(CASE WHEN GENDER='MALE' THEN 1 END) AS MALE_CNT,COUNT(CASE WHEN GENDER='FEMALE' THEN 1 END) AS FEMALE_CNT FROM PASSENGER

RA:





17. Find out the offer that's been used most.

SQL:

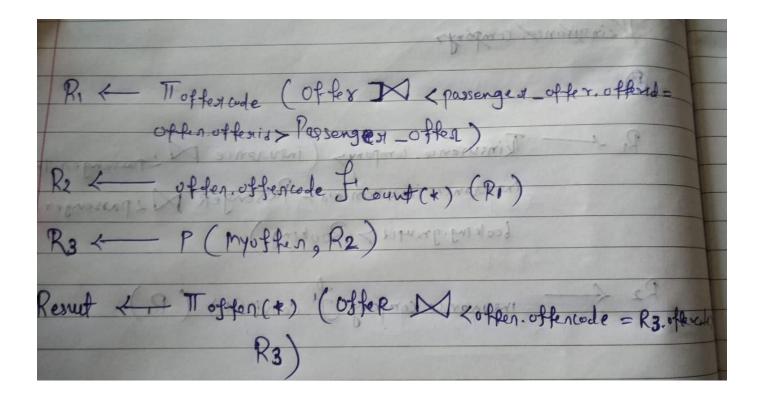
select * from offer join (select offercode from offer

 $left\ join\ passenger_offer\ on\ passenger_offer.offerid = offer.offerid$

group by offer.offercode

order by count(*) desc

limit 1) as myoffer on offer.offercode=myoffer.offercode

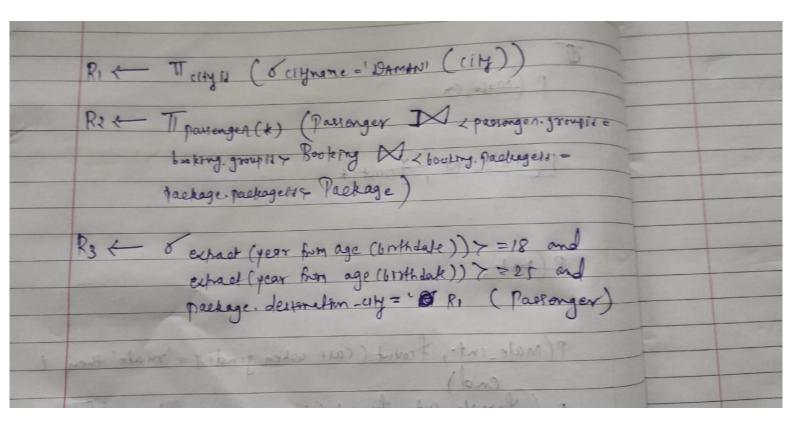




18. Retrieve the name of the passengers who are in age-group of 18-25 and gone to Daman.

SQL:

select * from passenger
left join booking on booking.groupid=passenger.groupid
join package on package.packageid=booking.packageid
where extract(year from age(birthdate))>=18 and extract(year from
age(birthdate))<=25 and package.destination_city=
(select cityid from city where cityname='DAMAN');





19. Retrive the names of the passengers who have used 'BUMPER' offercode.

SQL:

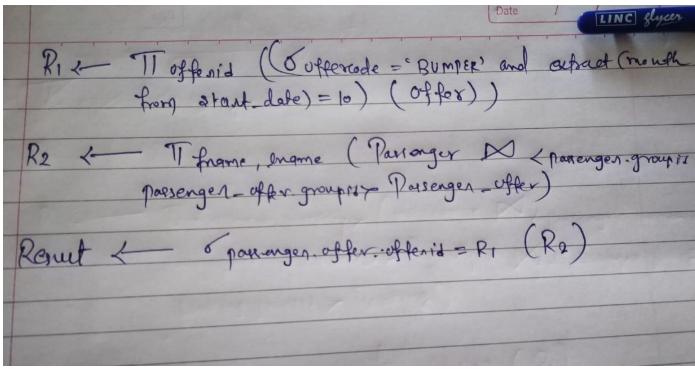
select fname, Iname from passenger

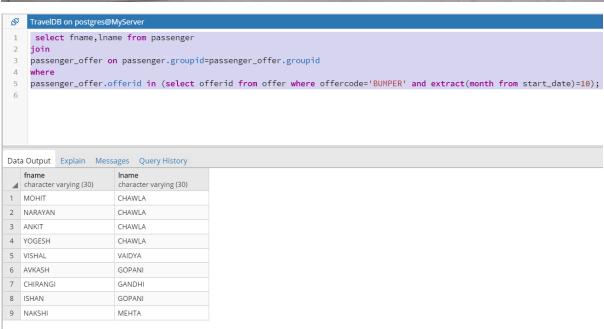
join

passenger offer on passenger.groupid=passenger offer.groupid

where

passenger_offer.offerid in (select offerid from offer where offercode='BUMPER' and extract(month from start_date)=10);





20. Given name of the city, find average age of passengers that have traveled there.

SQL:

select avg(extract(year from age(birthdate))) as Avg from passenger join booking on passenger.groupid=booking.groupid join

package on package.packageid=booking.packageid where package.destination_city=(select cityid from city where cityname='KASHMIR');

```
R1 Tays (Schmere = kashmire (city))

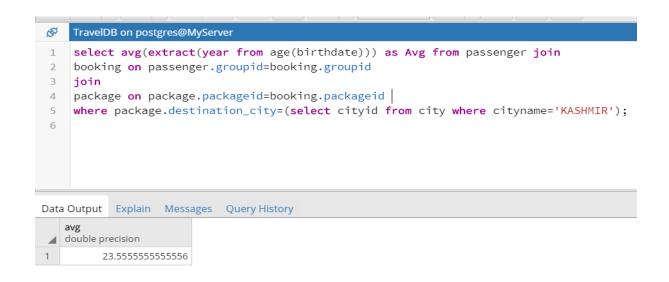
R2 P (Avg, Farg(exhad (years from age (bixhdate))))

(Parsenger)

R3 Tavg (Parsenger D & parsenger. grouped = booking, grouped > Booking D & Gooking, pasking and = package Packages Package)

R4 P (Avg, Farger)

R4 P (R3)
```



21. Find out the city which has been visited most times.

SQL:

```
select c.cityid,c.cityname,no_of_visits as visits from city c

join (select city.cityid,count(cityid) as no_of_visits from group_package_hotel gph

join package pack on gph.packageid=pack.packageid

join city on pack.destination_city=city.cityid

group by cityid) city_count on c.cityid=city_count.cityid
```

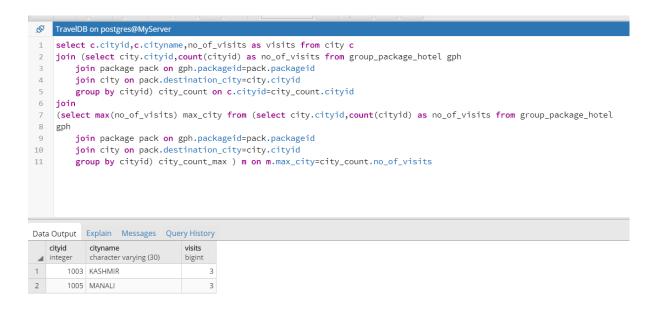
join

(select max(no_of_visits) max_city from (select city.cityid,count(cityid) as no_of_visits from group_package_hotel

gph

join package pack on gph.packageid=pack.packageid
join city on pack.destination_city=city.cityid
group by cityid) city_count_max) m on m.max_city=city_count.no_of_visits

RI - Tecifid, country of virits (9ph) Re - Tecifid, fount (any 1d) - no of virits (9ph)
M < gph, package of = pack, package of > Padage D< Jack destination_city = city at 18 > City)
R3 <- P (city_count, R2) R4 <- R1 M < R1-cityid = R3. cityid > R3.
RS - Trity citied, Frant (costfid) - y no of chisits (gph) R6 - f max (no of visits) - y Max (RS) R7 - R6 D LRG. pechage 1d = pack. package 1d > Pack R7 - P(cost - wint - max, R7) R8 - P(cost - wint - max, R7) R8 - P(cost - wint - max, R7)
Rg - R4 D < R4. no of write = R8. mod-city > R8.



22. Find out the total payment received in this month.

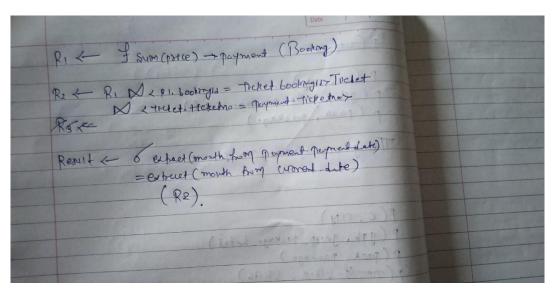
SQL:

select sum(price) as Payment from booking

join ticket on ticket.bookingid = booking.bookingid

join payment on payment.ticketno = ticket.ticketno

where extract(month from payment.payment_date)=extract(month from current_date);



```
select sum(price) as Payment from booking
join ticket on ticket.bookingid = booking.bookingid
join payment on payment.ticketno = ticket.ticketno
where extract(month from payment.payment_date) = extract(month from current_date);

Data Output Explain Messages Query History

payment
double precision

1 54000
```

23. Find out the passengers who have used all packages. (Division operator)

SQL:

select * from passenger join

(select distinct(groupid) from passenger where groupid in (select groupid from group_package_hotel except

(select pg.groupid from

(select gph.groupid,p1.packageid from group_package_hotel as gph cross join package p1

except

select pg.groupid,pg.packageid from group_package_hotel as pg) as pg))) as r1 on passenger.groupid=r1.groupid

```
P(gph, group_package_hotel)
P(p), package)
        The graph of prockaged gph X(PI))
             TIgnupid ( R2)
           Tignoup-id (gph)
       - P (RSI, R3)
       -Trassenger (*) (Passenger N
                                          ~ pasengen
           groupid = R4. groupid > R
```

TravelDB on postgres@MyServ

select * from passenger join
(select distinct(groupid) from passenger where groupid in (select groupid from group_package_hotel

(select pp.groupid from (select pp.groupid,p1.packageid from group_package_hotel as gph cross join package p1

select pg.groupid,pg.packageid from group_package_hotel as pg) as pg))) as r1 on passenger.groupid=r1.groupid

Data Output Explain Messages Query History													
4	passengerid integer	groupid integer	fname character varying (30)	Iname character varying (30)	aadharno character varying (12)	birthdate date	phone character varying (10)	gender character varying (6)	insuranceid integer	grou integ			
1	1234	1234	ARJUN	MANGUKIYA	412320101474	1998-05-07	8544112233	MALE	5718				
2	1235	1234	SHAILJA	MANGUKIYA	390390121225	1998-06-27	7452362500	FEMALE	5718				