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# STATEMENT OF WORK (V1)

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## 1.1 Problem Definition

Reduction of child mortality is reflected in several of the United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals and is a key indicator of human progress. The UN expects that by 2030, countries end preventable deaths of new-borns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births.

Deaths during and following pregnancy and childbirth is 295,000 (as of 2017). Most of these deaths (94%) occurred in low-resource settings, and most could have been prevented.

## 1.2 Objective / Rationale Statement

Cardiotocograms (CTGs) are a simple and cost accessible option to assess fetal health. This allows healthcare professionals to act in order to prevent child and maternal mortality.

We will predict **fetal\_health** from CTGs data. The goal is to be able to respond to the risk of death in advance.

## 1.3 Dataset Information

The dataset (which is taken from Kaggle) contains 2126 records of features extracted from Cardiotocogram exams, the CTGs were also classified by three expert obstetricians and a **consensus classification label** assigned to each of them. Classification was both with respect to a **morphologic pattern (A, B, C. ...)** and to a **fetal class (N, S, P)**. Therefore, the dataset can be used either for 10-class or 3-class experiments.

## Inputs

The dataset contains a total of 21 inputs described below:

1. baseline value
2. accelerations
3. fetal\_movement
4. uterine\_contractions
5. light\_decelerations
6. severe\_decelerations
7. prolonged\_decelerations

8. abnormal\_short\_term\_variability
9. mean\_value\_of\_short\_term\_variability
10. percentage\_of\_time\_with\_abnormal\_long\_term\_variability
11. mean\_value\_of\_long\_term\_variability
12. histogram\_width
13. histogram\_min
14. histogram\_max
15. histogram\_number\_of\_peaks
16. histogram\_number\_of\_zeroes
17. histogram\_mode
18. histogram\_mean
19. histogram\_median
20. histogram\_variance
21. histogram\_tendency

## Target Variable

It uses the **fetal\_health** as the **target variable**. As mentioned above, fetal class is classified according to 3 situations (**N** — Normal, **S** — Suspect or **P** — Pathological).

## 1.4 Dataset Constraints

After initial EDA, it has been found that **target variable** distribution is imbalanced. In order to solve the problem related to the imbalance of the dataset, we will need to use sampling to equalize the number of samples for each of the classes **N**, **S** and **P**.

## 1.5 Testing Process

- Invariance Tests
- Directional Expectation Tests
- Minimum Functionality Tests (aka data unit tests)

## 1.6 Project Plan

The table below contains the project tasks and their estimated completion dates.

Tasks	Details	Delivery Date
<b>Statement of Work (V1)</b> <b>(Business Understanding &amp; Problem Discovery)</b>	Problem Definition, Data Requirements and Assumptions	6 <sup>th</sup> November, 2020
<b>Statement of Work (V2)</b> <b>(Data Acquisition &amp; Understanding)</b>	Exploratory Data Analysis, Data Cleaning and Feature Engineering	23 <sup>rd</sup> November, 2020
<b>Modeling &amp; Prototyping</b>	Data Manipulation, Preliminary Model Building and Evaluation	23 <sup>rd</sup> November, 2020
<b>Deployment</b>	Final Delivery	18 <sup>th</sup> December, 2020