

Location Selection Spring Boot Project Documentation

Table of Contents

1. Project Overview
 2. Technology Stack
 3. Project Structure
 4. Entities and Relationships
 5. Repository Interfaces
 6. Controller Explanation
 7. API Endpoints
 8. Front-end Integration
 9. How to Run the Project
 10. Future Improvements
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1. Project Overview

This Spring Boot project provides a web interface and REST APIs to select locations through cascading dropdowns:

- Country → State → District → City → Pincode

Users select a location step-by-step. After submitting the form, the chosen location is saved to the database.

2. Technology Stack

- Java JDK 17 or higher
 - Apache Maven 3.8+
 - Spring Boot 3.x
 - Apache NetBeans IDE 12.5 (for full Java support)
 - Visual Studio Code (for frontend or hybrid development)
 - MySQL Server & MySQL Workbench 8.0 CE
 - Web browser (Chrome, Firefox, Edge)
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3. Project Structure

```
src/main/java/com/example/locationapp/
├── LocationController.java          # Main Controller class for endpoints
├── model/
│   ├── Country.java
│   ├── State.java
│   ├── District.java
│   ├── City.java
│   ├── Pincode.java
│   └── LocationSelection.java      # Entity to save user selection
├── repository/
│   ├── CountryRepository.java
│   ├── StateRepository.java
│   ├── DistrictRepository.java
│   ├── CityRepository.java
│   ├── PincodeRepository.java
│   └── LocationSelectionRepository.java
└── Application.java                # Spring Boot Application main class
```

4. Entities and Relationships

- **Country**
 - id, name
 - One-to-many relationship with State
 - **State**
 - id, name
 - Many-to-one relationship with Country
 - One-to-many with District
 - **District**
 - id, name
 - Many-to-one with State
 - One-to-many with City
 - **City**
 - id, name
 - Many-to-one with District
 - One-to-many with Pincode
 - **Pincode**
 - id, code
 - Many-to-one with City
 - **LocationSelection**
 - Stores the full selected location (Country, State, District, City, Pincode) as foreign keys.
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5. Repository Interfaces

Each entity has a Spring Data JPA repository:

```
public interface CountryRepository extends JpaRepository<Country, Long> {}

public interface StateRepository extends JpaRepository<State, Long> {
    List<State> findByCountryId(Long countryId);
}

public interface DistrictRepository extends JpaRepository<District, Long> {
    List<District> findByStateId(Long stateId);
}

public interface CityRepository extends JpaRepository<City, Long> {
    List<City> findByDistrictId(Long districtId);
}

public interface PincodeRepository extends JpaRepository<Pincode, Long> {
    List<Pincode> findByCityId(Long cityId);
}

public interface LocationSelectionRepository extends
JpaRepository<LocationSelection, Long> {}
```

These repositories allow querying child entities by their parent IDs to support cascading dropdowns.

6. Controller Explanation

`LocationController` manages HTTP requests:

- GET /
Loads the form and passes the list of countries to start selection.
 - GET /states?countryId=X
Returns states for a given country (JSON).
 - GET /districts?stateId=X
Returns districts for a given state (JSON).
 - GET /cities?districtId=X
Returns cities for a given district (JSON).
 - GET /pincodes?cityId=X
Returns pincodes for a given city (JSON).
 - POST /submit-location
Saves the full location selection into the database and redirects to / with success flag.
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7. API Endpoints

Method	URL	Description	Parameters	Response Type
GET	/	Loads the selection form	Optional: <code>success</code> flag	Thymeleaf HTML page
GET	/states	Get states for a country	<code>countryId</code> (Long)	JSON List<State>
GET	/districts	Get districts for a state	<code>stateId</code> (Long)	JSON List<District>
GET	/cities	Get cities for a district	<code>districtId</code> (Long)	JSON List<City>
GET	/pincodes	Get pincodes for a city	<code>cityId</code> (Long)	JSON List<Pincode>
POST	/submit-location	Save selected location	<code>country</code> , <code>state</code> , <code>district</code> , <code>city</code> , <code>pincode</code> (Long)	Redirect

8. Front-end Integration

- Thymeleaf is used for rendering the form page.
- Cascading dropdowns are populated by AJAX calls to the JSON endpoints.
- On selection of a higher-level dropdown (e.g., Country), an AJAX call fetches the next level (States).
- On final submission, the selected IDs are sent in a POST request.
- The form redirects back with a success indicator on successful save.

9. How to Run the Project

Prerequisites

- Java 17 installed
- MySQL database running
- Maven installed
- Database schema created with tables corresponding to entities

Steps

1. Clone the project.
2. Configure `application.properties` with DB credentials:

```
spring.datasource.url=jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/locationdb
spring.datasource.username=root
spring.datasource.password=your_password
spring.jpa.hibernate.ddl-auto=update
spring.jpa.show-sql=true
```

3. Build the project:
`mvn clean install`
 4. Run the project:
`mvn spring-boot:run`
 5. Access the app at:
`http://localhost:8080/`
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10. Future Improvements

- Add validation and error handling for the form.
- Add security (e.g., login/authentication).
- Add pagination if datasets are large.
- Support editing and deleting saved locations.