

Unit 1 Linear Classifiers and

<u>Course</u> > <u>Generalizations (2 weeks)</u>
7. Different Kinds of Supervised

Learning: classification vs regression

Lecture 1. Introduction to Machine

> Learning

>

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7. Different Kinds of Supervised Learning: classification vs regression classification vs regression



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Classification maps **feature vectors** to **categories**. The number of categories need not be two - they can be as many as needed. **Regression** maps feature vectors to **real numbers**. There are other kinds of supervised learning as well.

For a more thorough statistical background on classification and regression, please check out the following links. <u>Classification Regression</u>

Classification or Regression? 1

1/1 point (graded)

Question 1: We want to come up with a classifier that classifies each news article into one of the following categories: politics, sports, entertainment. Is this a classification problem or a regression problem?

0	l al accification
	classification

	regressior	1
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Solution:

Because we would like to predict the **category** an article would belong to, this problem is a classification problem.

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You have used 1 of 3 attempts

1 Answers are displayed within the problem

Classification or Regression? 2

1/1 point (graded)

Question 2: We want to estimate the price of bitcoin after 30 days. Is this a classification problem or a regression problem?

classification	
• regression	

Solution:

Because we would like to predict the **real** number price of bitcoin, this is a regression problem.

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• Answers are displayed within the problem

Different Types of Learning

1.0/1.0 point (graded)

Choose the type of learning that best corresponds to each of the following statements.

1)Labelled training and test examples

supervised learnin	g	
unsupervised lear	ning	
semi-supervised le	earning	
active learning		
transfer learning		
reinforcement lea	rning	
✓		
2)Using knowledge fror	n one task to solve another task	
2)Using knowledge fron		
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supervised learning unsupervised lear semi-supervised lear active learning	ning Parning	

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supervised learning	
• unsupervised learning	
semi-supervised learning	
active learning	
transfer learning	
reinforcement learning	
6)Training and test examples with limited a supervised learning unsupervised learning	
semi-supervised learning	
active learning	
transfer learning	
reinforcement learning	
✓	
Solution:	

learning. Using knowledge from one task on another task means you're "transferring" information. Learning how to navigate a robot means learning to act and optimize your actions, or reinforcement learning. Deciding which examples are needed to learn is the definition of active learning.

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You have used 1 of 3 attempts

• Answers are displayed within the problem

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? Countably infinite number of output classes If we had a countably infinite number of output categories (like 1, 2, 3,), would	d this be consi
What is a "structured" object? In the third example, the professor defines structured prediction as those pred ≜ Community TA	iction whose o 2
? [STAFF] Problem in the score of Lecture 1 Exercices?	2

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