```
In [2]: int(2.4)
Out[2]: 2
In [4]: int(True)
Out[4]: 1
In [3]: int('10')
Out[3]: 10
In [4]: #int('ten') string with text is not converted into integer
In [6]: #int(2+3j) complex no. is not converted in to integer
In [12]: print(float(10))
         print(float(False))
         print(float(True))
         print(float('20'))
         #print(float('twenty'))-->> string with text is not converted to float
         #print(float(3+4j))-->> complex number is not converted to float
         print(float(True) + float(False))
         print(float(False) + float(False))
        10.0
        0.0
        1.0
        20.0
        1.0
        0.0
In [25]: print(complex(10))
         print(complex(-10))
         print(complex(25,20))
         print(complex(0))
         print(complex('5'))# complex take only one string argoment
         #print(complex('4','6')) -->>two string argument is not passed in the complex numbe
         print(complex(2.5))
         print(complex(5.8,7.9))
         print(complex(0.0))
         print(complex('67'))
         #print(complex('partha'))-->>string with text is not converted to complex number
         print(complex(True))
         print(complex(False))
         print(complex(True+False))
```

```
(10+0j)
        (-10+0j)
        (25+20j)
        0j
        (5+0j)
        (2.5+0j)
        (5.8+7.9j)
        0j
        (67+0j)
        (1+0j)
        0j
        (1+0j)
In [30]: print(str(10))
         print(str('3'))
         print(str('gudu'))
         print(str(4.5))
         print(str(3+5j))
         print(str(True))
         print(str(10+20))
         print(str(True+False))
        10
        3
        gudu
        4.5
        (3+5j)
        True
        30
        1
In [33]: print(bool(10))
         print(bool('3'))
         print(bool('gudu'))
         print(bool(4.5))
         print(bool(3+5j))
         print(bool(True))
         print(bool(10+20))
         print(bool(True+False))
         print(bool())
         # in bool type you put any value in the ( ) give --true if the ( ) is empty then gi
        True
        True
        True
        True
        True
        True
        True
        True
        False
In [41]: #1var=2 -->> identifier can not start with digit
In [45]: #var56@=45-->> identifier can not have any special cheracter
         #import = 23--> import keyword cannot use as identyfier
```

```
In [53]: p = 34
         q = 34
         p = q
         print(f'the value of p is {p}')
          print(f'the type of p is {type(p)}')
         print(f'the memory laocation is p is {hex(id(p))}')
         print(f'the value of q is {q}')
         print(f'the type odf q is {type(q)}')
         print(f'the memory location of q is{hex(id(q))}')
        the value of p is 34
        the type of p is <class 'int'>
        the memory laocation is p is 0x7ffb2b6bb7c8
        the value of q is 34
        the type odf q is <class 'int'>
        the memory location of q is0x7ffb2b6bb7c8
In [55]: #variable assignment
         intvar = 12
         floatvar = 3.4
         strvar = 'partha'
         print(intvar)
         print(floatvar)
         print(strvar)
        12
        3.4
        partha
In [57]: intvar,floatvar,strvar = 10,3.4,'partha'
         print(intvar)
         print(floatvar)
         print(strvar)
        10
        3.4
        partha
In [60]: p1=p2=p3 = 44
         print(p1)
         print(p2)
         print(p3)
        44
        44
        44
 In [2]: number = 10
         print(type(number))
         print(sys.getsizeof(number))
         print(number, 'is integer?', isinstance(number, int))
        <class 'int'>
        28
        10 is integer? True
```

```
In [9]: pen = 4.5
         print(pen)
         print(type(pen))
         print(sys.getsizeof(pen))
        4.5
        <class 'float'>
        24
 In [ ]:
 In [7]: val2 = 92.78 # Float data type
         print(val2)
         print(type(val2)) # type of object
         print(sys.getsizeof(val2)) # size of float object in bytes
         (val2, " is float?", isinstance(float, val2))
        92.78
        <class 'float'>
        TypeError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[7], line 5
              3 print(type(val2)) # type of object
              4 print(sys.getsizeof(val2)) # size of float object in bytes
        ---> 5 (val2, " is float?", isinstance(float, val2))
        TypeError: isinstance() arg 2 must be a type, a tuple of types, or a union
 In [3]: x=10.0
         isinstance(x, float)
 Out[3]: True
 In [4]: x=10.0
         Х
 Out[4]: 10.0
 In [9]: a = 4.6
         (isinstance(a, (float, str))) # Output: False
 Out[9]: True
In [16]: bin12 = 55.78
         print(bin12)
         print(type(bin12))
         print(sys.getsizeof(bin12))
         (bin12, 'is int?', isinstance(bin12, int))
        55.78
        <class 'float'>
        24
Out[16]: (55.78, 'is int?', False)
```

```
In [19]: cid = 2+4j
         print(cid)
         print(type(cid))
         print(sys.getsizeof(cid))
         (cid,'is a complex ?',(cid,complex))
        (2+4j)
        <class 'complex'>
        32
Out[19]: ((2+4j), 'is a complex ?', ((2+4j), complex))
In [21]: print(sys.getsizeof(int()))
        28
In [23]: print(sys.getsizeof(str()))
        41
In [25]: print(sys.getsizeof(float()))
        24
In [27]: print(sys.getsizeof(bool()))
        28
In [ ]:
```