

Lab - 3

Date - 06.02.2026

1) DDA algorithm

```
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int xStart, yStart, xEnd, yEnd;

void ddaLine(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
{
    int dx = x2 - x1;
    int dy = y2 - y1;

    int steps = abs(dx) > abs(dy) ? abs(dx) : abs(dy);

    float xInc = dx / (float)steps;
    float yInc = dy / (float)steps;

    float x = x1;
    float y = y1;

    glBegin(GL_POINTS);
    for (int i = 0; i <= steps; i++)
    {
        glVertex2i((int)round(x), (int)round(y));
        x += xInc;
        y += yInc;
    }
    glEnd();
}

void display()
{
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);

    glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
    glPointSize(2.0);

    ddaLine(xStart, yStart, xEnd, yEnd);

    glFlush();
}

void init()
{
    glClearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
```

```

    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(0, 640, 0, 480);
}

int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    printf("Enter x1 y1: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &xStart, &yStart);

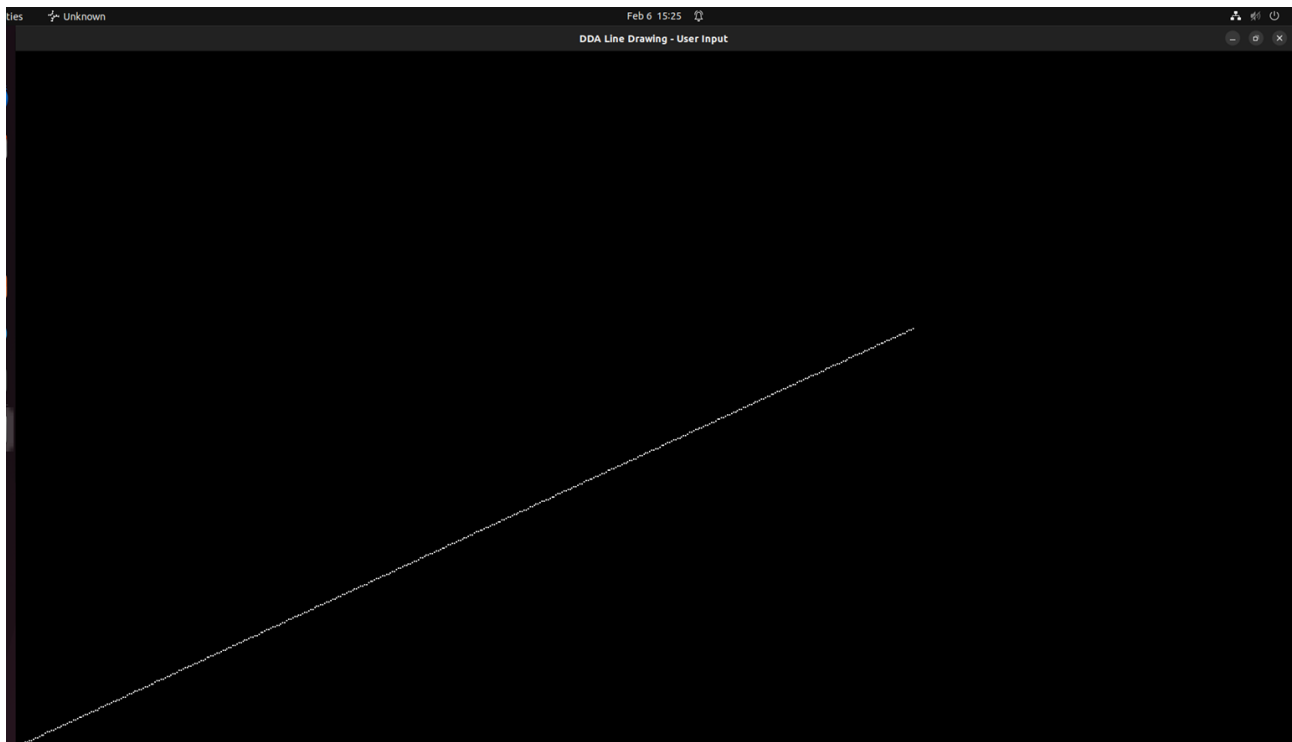
    printf("Enter x2 y2: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &xEnd, &yEnd);

    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(640, 480);
    glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
    glutCreateWindow("DDA Line Drawing - User Input");

    init();
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutMainLoop();

    return 0;
}

```



2) Bresenham's Line Generation Algorithm

```
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int xStart, yStart, xEnd, yEnd;

void bresenhamLine(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
{
    int dx = abs(x2 - x1);
    int dy = abs(y2 - y1);

    int sx = (x1 < x2) ? 1 : -1;
    int sy = (y1 < y2) ? 1 : -1;

    int err = dx - dy;

    glBegin(GL_POINTS);
    while (1)
    {
        glVertex2i(x1, y1);

        if (x1 == x2 && y1 == y2)
            break;

        int e2 = 2 * err;

        if (e2 > -dy)
        {
            err -= dy;
            x1 += sx;
        }

        if (e2 < dx)
        {
            err += dx;
            y1 += sy;
        }
    }
    glEnd();
}

void display()
{
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);

    glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
    glPointSize(2.0);
```

```

    bresenhamLine(xStart, yStart, xEnd, yEnd);

    glFlush();
}

void init()
{
    glClearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
    gluOrtho2D(0, 640, 0, 480);
}

int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    printf("Enter x1 y1: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &xStart, &yStart);

    printf("Enter x2 y2: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &xEnd, &yEnd);

    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(640, 480);
    glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
    glutCreateWindow("Bresenham Line Drawing - User Input");

    init();
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutMainLoop();

    return 0;
}

```



3) Implement line drawing algorithm to draw dotted line

```
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int xStart, yStart, xEnd, yEnd;

void ddaLineDotted(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
{
    int dx = x2 - x1;
    int dy = y2 - y1;

    int steps = abs(dx) > abs(dy) ? abs(dx) : abs(dy);

    float xInc = dx / (float)steps;
    float yInc = dy / (float)steps;

    float x = x1, y = y1;

    glBegin(GL_POINTS);
    for (int i = 0; i <= steps; i++)
    {
        if (i % 3 == 0) // dotted pattern
            glVertex2i(round(x), round(y));

        x += xInc;
        y += yInc;
    }
    glEnd();
}

void display()
{
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    glPointSize(2.0);

    glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0);
    ddaLineDotted(xStart, yStart, xEnd, yEnd);

    glFlush();
}

void init()
{
    glClearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
    glLoadIdentity();
}
```

```
    gluOrtho2D(0, 640, 0, 480);
}

int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    printf("Enter x1 y1: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &xStart, &yStart);

    printf("Enter x2 y2: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &xEnd, &yEnd);

    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(640, 480);
    glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
    glutCreateWindow("Dotted Line");

    init();
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutMainLoop();

    return 0;
}
```



4) Implement line drawing algorithm to draw dashed-dotted line

```
#include <GL/glut.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

int xStart, yStart, xEnd, yEnd;

void ddaLineDashDot(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)
{
    int dx = x2 - x1;
    int dy = y2 - y1;

    int steps = abs(dx) > abs(dy) ? abs(dx) : abs(dy);

    float xInc = dx / (float)steps;
    float yInc = dy / (float)steps;

    float x = x1, y = y1;

    glBegin(GL_POINTS);
    for (int i = 0; i <= steps; i++)
    {
        int pattern = i % 10;

        if (pattern < 4 || pattern == 6)
            glVertex2i(round(x), round(y));

        x += xInc;
        y += yInc;
    }
    glEnd();
}

void display()
{
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    glPointSize(2.0);

    glColor3f(1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
    ddaLineDashDot(xStart, yStart - 50, xEnd, yEnd - 50);

    glFlush();
}

void init()
{

```



```
glClearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
glLoadIdentity();
gluOrtho2D(0, 640, 0, 480);
}

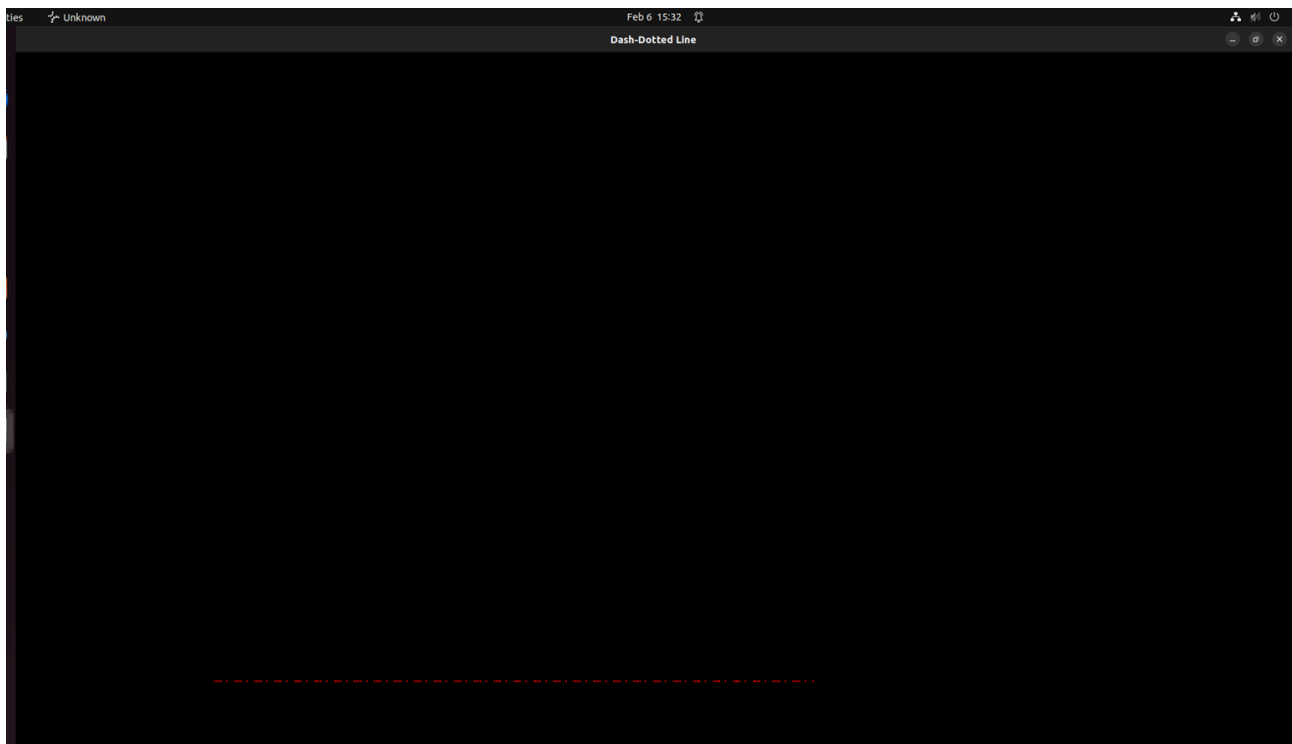
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    printf("Enter x1 y1: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &xStart, &yStart);

    printf("Enter x2 y2: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &xEnd, &yEnd);

    glutInit(&argc, argv);
    glutInitDisplayMode(GLUT_SINGLE | GLUT_RGB);
    glutInitWindowSize(640, 480);
    glutInitWindowPosition(100, 100);
    glutCreateWindow("Dash-Dotted Line");

    init();
    glutDisplayFunc(display);
    glutMainLoop();

    return 0;
}
```



5) Use any Line Drawing algorithm, print HELLO.

```
#include <GL/glut.h>

void drawLine(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2)
{
    glBegin(GL_LINES);
        glVertex2f(x1, y1);
        glVertex2f(x2, y2);
    glEnd();
}

void display()
{
    glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT);
    glColor3f(1.0, 1.0, 1.0); // white color

    // H
    drawLine(50, 50, 50, 150);
    drawLine(100, 50, 100, 150);
    drawLine(50, 100, 100, 100);

    // E
    drawLine(120, 50, 120, 150);
    drawLine(120, 150, 170, 150);
    drawLine(120, 100, 160, 100);
    drawLine(120, 50, 170, 50);

    // L
    drawLine(190, 50, 190, 150);
    drawLine(190, 50, 240, 50);

    // L
    drawLine(260, 50, 260, 150);
    drawLine(260, 50, 310, 50);

    // O
    drawLine(330, 50, 380, 50);
    drawLine(380, 50, 380, 150);
    drawLine(380, 150, 330, 150);
    drawLine(330, 150, 330, 50);

    glFlush();
}

void init()
{
    glClearColor(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 0.0);
    glMatrixMode(GL_PROJECTION);
```

The screenshot shows a macOS terminal window with the title "Terminal". The terminal displays the output of a program that draws the word "HELLO" using OpenGL line drawing. The output is "HELLO using OpenGL Line Drawing". The terminal also shows some input prompts like "Enter x1 v1: 100 100".

