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1  /** 1119 - Pimp My Ride:
2  Given Individual jobs, are numbered 1 through n. Given the base price
3  p for each job and a surcharge s for every pair of jobs (i, j),
4  meaning that you have to pay additional s for job i,
5  if and only if job j was completed before,
6  you are to compute the minimum total costs needed to finish all jobs.
7
8  Input starts with test case an integer T (≤100).
9  Each case starts with an integer n (1 ≤ n ≤ 14) denoting number of jobs.
10 Then follow n lines, each containing exactly n integers.
11 The I'th line contains the surcharges that have to be paid in garage number
12 i for the I'th job and the base price for job i.
13 More precisely, on the I'th line, the I'th integer is the base price
14 for job i and the j'th integer i ≠ j is the surcharge for job i that
15 applies if job j has been done before.
16 The prices will be non-negative integers smaller than or equal to 100000.
17
18 For each case, print the case number and the minimum total cost.
19 ****/
20 #include<bits/stdc++.h>
21 using namespace std;
22 int check(int mask,int pos){ return mask & (1<<pos); }
23 int seton(int mask,int pos){ return mask | (1<<pos); }
24 int setoff(int mask,int pos) { return mask & ~(1 << pos); }
25 int settoggle(int mask,int pos) { return mask ^ (1 << pos); }
26 int setToX(int mask,int pos,int x){return mask ^ ((-x^mask)&(1<<pos));}
27 /// setToX()-> pos'th bit will be seton if x is 1, and set off if x is 0.
28
29 int n,dp[1<<15],a[25][25];
30 int fun(int mask){
31     if(mask == (1<<n)-1)return 0;
32
33     if(dp[mask]!=-1)return dp[mask];
34
35     int mn = 1<<28;
36     for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
37         if(check(mask,i)==0){
38             int cost = a[i][i];
39             for(int j=0; j<n; j++){
40                 if(i!=j && check(mask,j)!=0){
41                     cost += a[i][j];
42                 }
43             }
44             int ret = cost + fun(seton(mask,i));
45             mn = min(mn,ret);
46         }
47     }
48     return dp[mask] = mn;
49 }
50 int main(){
51     int tt; scanf("%d",&tt);
52     for(int ks=1; ks<=tt; ks++){
53         scanf("%d",&n);
54         for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
55             for(int j=0; j<n; j++){
56                 scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
57             }
58         }
59
60         memset(dp,-1,sizeof(dp));
61         int ans = fun(0);
62         printf("Case %d: %d\n",ks,ans);
63     }
64     return 0;
65 }

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