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1  /** 12003 - Array Transformer:
2  Write a program to transform an array A[1],A[2]. . . A[n] according to m instructions.
3  Each instruction (L,R,v,p) means: First, calculate how many numbers from A[L] to A[R]
4  (inclusive) are strictly less than v, call this answer k. Then, change the value of A[p]
5  to (u*k)/(R-L+1), here we use integer division.
6  The first line of input contains three integer n,m,u(1<=n<=300000,1<=m<=50000,1<=u<=10^9).
7  Each of the next n lines contains an integer A[i] (1<=A[i]<=u). Each of the next m lines
8  contains an instruction consisting of four integers L,R,v,p(1<=L<=R<=n,1<=v<=u,1<=p<=n).
9  Print n lines, one for each integer, the final array.
10 Sample input:                               Sample Output:
11 10 1 11                                     1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 6
12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10
13 2 8 6 10
14 Explanation: There is only one instruction: L=2,R=8,v=6,p=10. There are 4 numbers
15 (2,3,4,5) less than 6, so k=4. The new number in A[10] is (11*4)/(8-2+1) = 44/7 = 6.
16 */
17 Sample Code:
18 #define ll long long #define pb push_back
19 const int MAXN=300005; const int BLOCK_SIZE = 550; ll a[MAXN];
20 vector<ll>block[BLOCK_SIZE+5];
21 ll BinarySearch(ll b, ll v){
22     ll sz = block[b].size();
23     if(sz==0) return 0; if(block[b][0]>=v) return 0; if(block[b][sz-1]<v) return sz;
24     ll lo = 0; ll hi = block[b].size()-1;
25     ll cnt = 0;
26     while(lo<=hi){
27         ll md = (lo+hi)/2;
28         if(block[b][md]<v){
29             cnt = md+1; lo = md+1;
30         }else{
31             hi = md-1;
32         }
33     }
34     return cnt;
35 }
36 void update(ll p,ll v){
37     ll bp = p/BLOCK_SIZE;
38     ll vp = lower_bound(block[bp].begin(),block[bp].end(),a[p])-block[bp].begin();
39     block[bp][vp] = v;
40     sort(block[bp].begin(),block[bp].end());
41     a[p]=v;
42 }
43 ll query(ll l,ll r,ll v){
44     ll bl = l/BLOCK_SIZE; ll br = r/BLOCK_SIZE; ll k = 0;
45     if(bl==br){
46         for(int i=l; i<=r; i++) if(a[i]<v)k++;
47         return k;
48     }
49     ll b,e; b = l; e = ((bl+1)*BLOCK_SIZE)-1;
50     for(int i=b; i<=e; i++) if(a[i]<v)k++;
51     e = r; b = (br*BLOCK_SIZE);
52     for(int i=b; i<=e; i++) if(a[i]<v)k++;
53     for(int i=bl+1; i<=br-1; i++) k += BinarySearch(i,v);
54     return k;
55 }
56 int main(){
57     ll n,m,u;
58     while(scanf("%lld %lld %lld",&n,&m,&u)==3){
59         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) scanf("%lld",&a[i]);
60         for(int i=0; i<n; i++) block[i/BLOCK_SIZE].pb(a[i]);
61         for(int i=0; i<BLOCK_SIZE; i++) sort(block[i].begin(),block[i].end());
62
63         while(m--){
64             ll l,r,v,p; scanf("%lld %lld %lld %lld",&l,&r,&v,&p);
65             l--; r--; p--;
66             ll k = query(l,r,v);
67             ll now = (u*k)/(r-l+1);
68             update(p,now);
69         }
70         for(int i=0; i<n; i++)printf("%lld\n",a[i]);
71         for(int i=0; i<BLOCK_SIZE; i++)block[i].clear();
72     }
73 }

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