Hyperspectral Data Processing Pipeline Documentation

Preprocessing of Large-Scale Hyperspectral Data for Compatibility with Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) and Other Machine Learning Algorithms

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Table of Contents

lyperspectral Data Processing Pipeline Documentation	
2. load_utils.py	
3. preprocess.py	
4. normalize.py	
Usage	
Input/Output Formats:	

Hyperspectral Data Processing Pipeline Documentation

Overview

This pipeline processes hyperspectral data through a series of steps: baseline correction, normalization, dimensionality reduction (PCA), and conversion to HDF5 format. It is designed for large hyperspectral cubes and includes utilities for handling NaN values and memory efficiency.

Dependencies

Python 3.7+

Required libraries:

pip install numpy scipy scikit-learn h5py spectral

Configuration

config.py

Sets file paths and directories. Modify base dir to match your dataset location:

```
base dir = "datasets" # Update this path
```

Key Paths

- data path: Input hyperspectral cube (.npy format).
- baseline path: Baseline anchor wavelengths (.txt file).
- envi header path: ENVI header file (.hdr).
- output pca path: Output path for PCA-transformed data.
- final_output_path: Reshaped cube path (used for HDF5 conversion).

Modules

1. main.py

Workflow:

- 1. **Load Data**: Reads hyperspectral cube, baseline, and ENVI header.
- 2. Baseline Correction: Subtracts interpolated baseline from spectra.
- 3. **Normalization**: Normalizes cube by absorbance at a target wavenumber (default: 1650 cm⁻¹).
- 4. PCA: Reduces dimensionality using Incremental PCA (16 components by default).
- 5. **HDF5 Conversion**: Saves the final cube as an HDF5 file.

2. load_utils.py

Functions:

- load_envi_header(header_path): Loads ENVI header metadata.
- load_cube (path): Loads hyperspectral cube as a memory-mapped NumPy array (efficient for large files).
- load_baseline(path): Loads baseline anchor wavelengths from a text file.

3. preprocess.py

Function: baseline_correction(cube, wavelengths,
anchor wavelengths)

- Inputs:
 - o cube: Hyperspectral cube (shape: [rows, cols, bands]).
 - o wavelengths: Array of all band wavelengths.
 - o anchor wavelengths: Baseline anchor wavelengths.
- Process: Linear interpolation of baseline values and subtraction from spectra.
- Output: Baseline-corrected cube (same shape as input).

4. normalize.py

- Function: normalize_hyperspectral_cube(cube, wavenumbers, target wavenumber=1650.0)
- Inputs:
 - o cube: Baseline-corrected cube.
 - o wavenumbers: Array of wavenumbers (size: bands).
 - o target_wavenumber: Wavenumber for normalization (default: 1650 cm⁻¹).
- **Process**: Divides each spectrum by the absorbance at the target wavenumber.
- Output: Normalized cube (same shape as input).

5. pca_utils.py

- Function: incremental_pca_npy (npy_file, output_file, n_components=16, batch_size=5000)
- Inputs:
 - o npy file: Normalized hyperspectral cube (NumPy array).
 - o output file: Path to save PCA-transformed cube.
 - o n components: Number of principal components (default: 16).
 - o batch size: Pixels processed per batch (adjust for memory constraints).

Process:

- o Reshapes cube to 2D and imputes NaN values using mean.
- Fits Incremental PCA in batches.
- o Transforms data and reshapes to [rows, cols, n components].
- Output: .npy file with PCA-transformed cube.

6. convert.py

Function: convert_npy_to_h5(npy_file,h5_file,dataset_name="ftir_dataset")

- Converts a NumPy array (.npy) to HDF5 format.
- Inputs:
 - o npy_file: Path to input .npy file.
 - o h5 file: Output HDF5 filename.
 - o dataset_name: Name of the HDF5 dataset (default: "ftir_dataset").

• Output:

Usage

- 1. Configure Paths: Update config.py with your dataset paths.
- 2. Run Pipeline:

```
Python main.py
```

- 3. Outputs:
 - o pca cube.npy: PCA-transformed data.
 - o output.h5: Final HDF5 file.

Input/Output Formats:

- Input Cube: 3D NumPy array ([rows, cols, bands]).
- Baseline File: Text file with one wavelength per line.
- ENVI Header: Standard .hdr file with wavelength metadata.
- Outputs:
 - npy for intermediate results.
 - o .h5 (HDF5) for final storage.

References:

- Berisha, Sebastian, et al. "Deep Learning for FTIR Histology: Leveraging Spatial and Spectral Features with Convolutional Neural Networks." *Analyst* . *2019*, vol. 144, no. 5, 1 Jan. 2019, pp. 1642–1653, https://doi.org/10.1039/c8an01495g. Accessed 21 July 2023.
- "SIproc: An Open-Source Biomedical Data Processing Platform for Large Hyperspectral Images." *The Analyst*, vol. 142, no. 8, 23 Nov. 2016, pp. 1350–1357, https://doi.org/10.1039/c6an02082h. Accessed 28 Apr. 2025.