List - Introduction

```
Mylist = ['john','smith','david','mark','eric','smith']
list1 = [1,2,3,4,5]
# to print david
print(Mylist[2])
david
#to print eric - positive and negative indexing
print(Mylist[-2])
eric
# use list()
list2 = list((1,2,3,4,5))
list2
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
Mylist = ['john', 15, 14.6, True, 'steven', 5+7j] #list is
heterogeneous
# List is mutable
Mylist = [15, 9, 12, 18, 7, 10]
Mylist[0] = 30
Mylist[4] = 'John'
Mylist
[30, 9, 12, 18, 'John', 10]
len(Mylist) #no. of elements in the list
Mylist.append(50) # Modified even by adding an object
Mylist
[30, 9, 12, 18, 'John', 10, 50]
len(Mylist)
7
```

List Operations

```
list1 = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
```

Index Operator

```
print(list1[6])

print(list1[-4])

list1[6] = 15

list1
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 15, 8, 9, 10]

x = list1[6]

x

15
```

List Slicing

```
list1 = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]
list1[:]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
list1[:5]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
list1[3:]
[4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
list1[3:8]
[4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
list1[0:10:2]
[1, 3, 5, 7, 9]
list1[-1:-11:-1]
[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

List Concatenation

```
lis1 = [1,2,3]
lis2 = [8,9,10]
lis1 + list2
[1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
lis3 = lis1 + lis2
lis3
[1, 2, 3, 8, 9, 10]
lis1 + 4
                                           Traceback (most recent call
TypeError
last)
Cell In[73], line 1
----> 1 lis1 + 4
TypeError: can only concatenate list (not "int") to list
lis3 = lis1 + [4]
lis3
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 4]
lis1.extend([4,5,6])
lis1
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 4, 5, 6]
lis2
[8, 9, 10]
lis2 = lis2 + [11, 12, 13]
lis2
[8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13]
```

List Repitition

```
lis1 = [1,2,3]
lis1 * 2
```

```
[1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3]
lis1
[1, 2, 3]
lis1 * 3
[1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3]
list * 2.5

TypeError
last)
Cell In[101], line 1
---> 1 list * 2.5

TypeError: unsupported operand type(s) for *: 'type' and 'float'
```

in and not in operator

```
list1 = [1,2,3]
list1
[1, 2, 3]
l in list1
True
if 3 in list1:
    print('Found')
else:
    print('Not Found')
Found
5 in list1
False
5 not in list1
True
```

Iterating a List

```
list1 = [5,6,7,8,9]
```

```
for i in list1:
    print(i)
6
7
8
9
for i in range(len(list1)):
    print(list1[i])
5
6
7
8
9
for i in range(len(list1)-1,-1,-1):
    print(list1[i])
9
8
7
6
5
for i in range(-1,-len(list1)-1,-1):
    print(list1[i])
9
8
7
6
5
i = 0
while i<len(list1):</pre>
    print(list1[i])
    i = i+1
5
6
7
8
9
i = len(list1)-1
while i \ge 0:
    print(list1[i])
    i = i-1
```

```
l1 = [5,6,7,8,9]
```

append(x)

extend(iterable)

```
l1 = [5,6,7,8,9]
l1.extend([10,11,12])
l1
[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12]
l1.extend('abc')
l1
[5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 'a', 'b', 'c']
```

insert(i,x)

```
l1 = [5,6,7,8,9]
l1.insert(0,10)
l1
```

```
[10, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
ll.insert(10,0)
ll
[10, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0]
ll.insert(3,20)
ll
[10, 5, 6, 20, 7, 8, 9, 0]
```

copy()

```
l1 = [5,6,7,8,9]

l2 = l1.copy()

l2

[5, 6, 7, 8, 9]

l1

[5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
```

pop()

```
5
l1
[6, 7, 8]
l1.pop(1)
7
l1
[6, 8]
```

remove()

```
11 = [5,6,7,8,9]
l1.remove(7)
11
[5, 6, 8, 9]
11 = [5,6,7,8,9,5,6,7,8,9]
l1.remove(6)
l1
[5, 7, 8, 9, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
11 = [5,6,7,8,9]
l1.remove(10)
                                           Traceback (most recent call
ValueError
last)
Cell In[81], line 1
----> 1 l1.remove(10)
ValueError: list.remove(x): x not in list
```

clear()

```
l1 = [5,6,7,8,9]
l1
[5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
```

```
l1.clear()
l1
[]
```

index(x)

```
l1 = [5,6,7,5,8,9,6,10,6]
l1.index(8)
4
l1.index(6)
1
l1.index(6,2)
6
l1.index(6,7)
8
11
[5, 6, 7, 5, 8, 9, 6, 10, 6]
11.index(6,2,5)
ValueError
                                           Traceback (most recent call
last)
Cell In[105], line 1
----> 1 l1.index(6,2,5)
ValueError: 6 is not in list
ll.count(6)
3
l1.reverse() #modify the original -> mutable
11
[6, 10, 6, 9, 8, 5, 7, 6, 5]
l1.sort() #modify the original list -> mutable
11
```

```
[5, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
ll.sort(reverse=True)
ll
[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 6, 5, 5]
sorted(ll) #global function
[5, 5, 6, 6, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]
ll
[10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 6, 6, 5, 5]
#Sort() modifies the original list but sorted() does not.
```

List Comprehension

```
# l1 = [expression for i in iterable]
li = []
for i in range(10):
    li.append(i)
print(li)
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
l1 = [i for i in range(10)]
11
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
l2 = [i**2 for i in range(1,6)]
12
[1, 4, 9, 16, 25]
13 = [i \text{ for } i \text{ in } (10,5,7,8,12,3) \text{ if } i\%2 == 0]
13
[10, 8, 12]
l4 = [i.lower() for i in 'PyThoN']
14
['p', 'y', 't', 'h', 'o', 'n']
s = 'ab12de-&fq4$hi2'
l5 = [i for i in s if i.isalpha()]
15
['a', 'b', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i']
# 16 = 'ajay', 'john', 'smith'
data = input('Enter names : ')
l6 = data.split()
print(l6)
Enter names : ajay john smith
['ajay', 'john', 'smith']
```

```
l6 = input('Enter names :').split()
print(l6)
Enter names : ajay john smith
['ajay', 'john', 'smith']
```

Tuple

```
#immutable -> values can not be changed, added or removed from the
tuple
# Similar to List - > Ordered - heterogeneous collection of elements
tuple1 = ('John', 45, 89.3, False, 5+6j, 'Smith', 45)
for i in range(len(tuple1)):
    print(i,tuple1[i])
0 John
1 45
2 89.3
3 False
4 (5+6j)
5 Smith
6 45
tuple1[-1]
45
tuple1[0] = 'Smith' # immutable
TypeError
                                           Traceback (most recent call
last)
Cell In[12], line 1
----> 1 tuple1[0] = 'Smith'
TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
```

Tuple Creation

```
t1 = (1,2,3,4,5)
t2=()
t2
()
t3 = (10)
print(type(t3))
<class 'int'>
t3 = (10,)
```

```
t3
(10,)
print(type(t3))
<class 'tuple'>
t4 = tuple((1,2,3,4,5))
t5 = tuple([1,2,3,4,5])
t5
(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)
type(t5)
tuple
t6 = tuple('Python')
t6
('P', 'y', 't', 'h', 'o', 'n')
t7 = tuple((1,2,33,4))
t7
(1, 2, 33, 4)
```

Tuple Packing & Unpacking

```
t1 = 10
t1 = 10,20,30,40,50 # Tuple Packing
t1
(10, 20, 30, 40, 50)
type(t1)
tuple
a,b,c,d,e = t1 # Tuple Unpacking
a
10
b
```

```
20
С
30
d
40
е
50
l1 = [1,2,3] #unpacking list
a,b,c = 11
а
1
b
2
С
3
a,b,c = "pyt" # unpacking string
а
'p'
b
'y'
С
't'
# Packing is done in tuple only but unpacking can be done for list,
tuple and string too.
t1 = 10,20,30,40,50
a,b,c = t1
ValueError
                                           Traceback (most recent call
last)
```

```
Cell In[88], line 1
---> 1 a,b,c = t1
ValueError: too many values to unpack (expected 3)
a,b,*c = t1
а
10
b
20
c # returns a list for the remaining elements
[30, 40, 50]
a,*b,c = t1
а
10
С
50
[20, 30, 40]
a,*b,*c = t1
 Cell In[106], line 1
    a,*b,*c = t1
SyntaxError: multiple starred expressions in assignment
```

Tuple Comprehension

```
l1 = [i for i in range(5)]
l1
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4]
t1 = (i \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(5))
t1
<generator object <genexpr> at 0x000001DD5C009A80>
t1 = tuple(i for i in range(5))
t1
(0, 1, 2, 3, 4)
t2 = (*(i \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(5)),)
t2
(0, 1, 2, 3, 4)
t3 = (*(i \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(1,11,2)),)
t3
(1, 3, 5, 7, 9)
t4 = (*(i \text{ for } i \text{ in 'Python'}),)
t4
('P', 'y', 't', 'h', 'o', 'n')
t5 = (*(i for i in 'PyThoN' if i.islower()),)
t5
('y', 'h', 'o')
t6 = tuple(i for i in 'PyThoN' if i.islower())
t6
('y', 'h', 'o')
t7 = tuple(i**2 for i in (1,2,3,4,5,6))
t7
```

```
(1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36)
```

Tuple Methods

```
t8 = (1,2,3,4,5,4,4,5,6,7)
t8.count(4)
3
t8.count(5)
2
t8.index(3)
2
t8.index(4,4)
5
t8.index(10)
                                           Traceback (most recent call
ValueError
last)
Cell In[49], line 1
---> 1 t8.index(10)
ValueError: tuple.index(x): x not in tuple
```

Tuple Operators

```
Cell In[65], line 1
---> 1 \text{ tuple1[4]} = 78
TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
tuple1[-1]
45
tuple1[-2]
'Smith'
tuple1[::]
('John', 45, 89.3, False, (5+6j), 'Smith', 45)
tuple1[::-1]
(45, 'Smith', (5+6j), False, 89.3, 45, 'John')
tuple1[3::]
(False, (5+6j), 'Smith', 45)
tuple1[-3:-len(tuple1)-1:-1]
((5+6j), False, 89.3, 45, 'John')
tuple1[::2]
('John', 89.3, (5+6j), 45)
t1 = (1,2,3)
t2 = (4,5,6)
t1 + t2 # Concatenation
(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
t1
(1, 2, 3)
t2
(4, 5, 6)
t1 + [4,5,6]
                                           Traceback (most recent call
TypeError
last)
```

```
Cell In[91], line 1
---> 1 t1 + [4,5,6]
TypeError: can only concatenate tuple (not "list") to tuple
t1 + tuple([4,5,6])
(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)
t1 * 2
(1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3)
t1 * 3
(1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3, 1, 2, 3)
t1 * 2.5
                                       Traceback (most recent call
TypeError
last)
Cell In[99], line 1
----> 1 t1 * 2.5
TypeError: can't multiply sequence by non-int of type 'float'
3 in t1
True
5 in t1
False
5 not in t1
True
3 not in t1
False
```

Set

```
s1 = {'hello', 45, 89.23, 'hello', 45, True}
s1 # unordered, # unique values # No Duplicates
{45, 89.23, True, 'hello'}
for i in s1: # iterable
    print(i)
hello
89.23
45
True
s1[0]
                                        Traceback (most recent call
TypeError
last)
Cell In[8], line 1
----> 1 s1[0]
TypeError: 'set' object is not subscriptable
s1.add(78)
s1
{45, 78, 89.23, True, 'hello'}
print(type(s1))
<class 'set'>
s2 = set(1,2,3,4,5)
                                      Traceback (most recent call
TypeError
last)
Cell In[16], line 1
---> 1 s2 = set(1,2,3,4,5)
TypeError: set expected at most 1 argument, got 5
s2 = set((1,2,3,4,5))
s2
{1, 2, 3, 4, 5}
```

```
s3 = set('Python')
s3 #as it is unordered
{'P', 'h', 'n', 'o', 't', 'y'}
s3
{'P', 'h', 'n', 'o', 't', 'y'}
s3[1] = 'u'
TypeError
                                            Traceback (most recent call
last)
Cell In[28], line 1
---> 1 s3[1] = 'u'
TypeError: 'set' object does not support item assignment
s3.discard('h')
# can't edit using index, but deleting and adding the new one is
possible
# This is how it is mutable
s3
{'P', 'n', 'o', 't', 'y'}
s3.add('u')
s3
{'P', 'n', 'o', 't', 'u', 'y'}
len(s3)
6
S = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\}
A = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 7\}
B = \{5, 7, 9, 10\}
C = \{1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10\}
D = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}
E = \{6,7,8,9,10\}
```

union(iterable), intersection(iterable), difference(iterable), symmetric_difference(iterable)

```
A.union(B)
{1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10}
A.union('Python')
{1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 'P', 'h', 'n', 'o', 't', 'y'}
11 = [11, 22, 33]
A.union(l1)
{1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 22, 33}
Α
{1, 2, 3, 5, 7}
A.intersection(B)
{5, 7}
A.difference(B)
\{1, 2, 3\}
B.difference(A)
{9, 10}
A.intersection_update(B)
Α
{5, 7}
A = \{1,2,3,5,7\}
A.difference(B)
\{1, 2, 3\}
Α
\{1, 2, 3, 5, 7\}
A.difference update(B)
Α
\{1, 2, 3\}
```

```
A = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 7\}
A.symmetric_difference(B)
{1, 2, 3, 9, 10}
Α
\{1, 2, 3, 5, 7\}
A.symmetric_difference_update(B)
Α
{1, 2, 3, 9, 10}
{5, 7, 9, 10}
A = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 7\}
В
{5, 7, 9, 10}
A | B #union
{1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10}
A & B #intersection
{5, 7}
A ^ B #symmetric difference
{1, 2, 3, 9, 10}
A - B #difference
\{1, 2, 3\}
B ^ A
{1, 2, 3, 9, 10}
A < S # A is subset o S or not
True
S < A # S is subset of A or not
False
S > A # A is superset of S or not
```

```
True
C == S #equal or not
True
C != A #both are not equal or not
True
6 in B
False
7 in B
True
```

add(), copy(), update()

```
s1 = \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50\}
s1.add(60)
s1
{10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60}
s1.add(78)
s1
{10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 78}
s1.add(11)
s1
{10, 11, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 78}
s1.add(l1) #mutable object can't be set member
                                           Traceback (most recent call
TypeError
last)
Cell In[138], line 1
----> 1 s1.add(l1)
TypeError: unhashable type: 'list'
t1 = (1,2,3)
s1.add(t1) # immutable object can be set member
```

```
s1
\{(1, 2, 3), 10, 11, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 78\}
s1.add('python') # immutable object can be set member
s1
{(1, 2, 3), 10, 11, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 78, 'python'}
s1.add(A) #mutable object can't be set member
                                           Traceback (most recent call
TypeError
last)
Cell In[150], line 1
----> 1 s1.add(A)
TypeError: unhashable type: 'set'
s1.copy()
{(1, 2, 3), 10, 11, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 78, 'python'}
s1.update(l1)
s1
{(1, 2, 3), 10, 11, 20, 22, 30, 33, 40, 50, 60, 78, 'python'}
11
[11, 22, 33]
s1.update(t1)
s1
{(1, 2, 3), 1, 10, 11, 2, 20, 22, 3, 30, 33, 40, 50, 60, 78, 'python'}
s1.update({60,70,80})
s1
\{(1, 2, 3), 1, 10, 11, 2, 20, 22, 3, 30, 33, 40, 50, 60, 70, 78, 80,
'python'}
```

pop(), discard(), remove(), clear()

```
sl.pop()
1
```

```
s1.pop()
2
s1.discard((1,2,3))
s1
{10, 11, 20, 22, 3, 30, 33, 40, 50, 60, 70, 78, 80, 'python'}
s1.discard('python')
s1
{3, 10, 11, 20, 22, 30, 33, 40, 50, 60, 70, 78, 80}
s1.remove(33)
s1
{3, 10, 11, 20, 22, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 78, 80}
s1.remove('python') # generates error if the specified value is not in
the set
KeyError
                                          Traceback (most recent call
last)
Cell In[187], line 1
----> 1 s1.remove('python')
KeyError: 'python'
s1.discard('python') #simply ignores if the specified value is not in
the set
s1.clear()
s1
set()
```

Empty set creation

```
s1 = {}
print(type(s1))
<class 'dict'>
s1 = set()
```

```
print(type(s1))
<class 'set'>
```

Set Comprehension

```
s = set()
for i in range(5):
     s.add(i)
print(s)
\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}
s1 = \{i \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(5)\}
s1
\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}
s2 = \{ i^{**2} \text{ for } i \text{ in } [-2, -1, 0, 1, 2] \}
s2
\{0, 1, 4\}
s3 = \{ i \text{ for } i \text{ in } (3,10,8,6,9,12,11) \text{ if } i\%2 == 0 \}
s3
{6, 8, 10, 12}
s4 = { i.upper() for i in 'phillipines'}
s4
{'E', 'H', 'I', 'L', 'N', 'P', 'S'}
```

unhashable (mutable) objects can not be set member

Dictionary

```
d1 = {} # Empty Dictionary
type(d1)
dict
d1 = dict()
type(d1)
dict
d1
{}
d1['name'] = 'Ajay' # Add an element
d1
{'name': 'Ajay'}
d1['rollno'] = 101
d1
{'name': 'Ajay', 'rollno': 101}
d1['spi'] = 8.9
d1
{'name': 'Ajay', 'rollno': 101, 'spi': 8.9}
d1[0] # can't be accessed using index
                                     Traceback (most recent call
KeyError
last)
Cell In[24], line 1
----> 1 d1[0]
KeyError: 0
d1['name'] # can be accessed using key
'Ajay'
d1['rollno'] = 102 # update the value using key
d1
```

```
{'name': 'Ajay', 'rollno': 102, 'spi': 8.9}
d1['fname'] = 'Ajay'
d1
{'name': 'Ajay', 'rollno': 102, 'spi': 8.9, 'fname': 'Ajay'}
d2 = \{101: 'Ajay', 102: 'Riya', 103: 'Keyur', 104: 'Shreya'\}
d2
{101: 'Ajay', 102: 'Riya', 103: 'Keyur', 104: 'Shreya'}
for i in d2:
    print(i, d2[i])
101 Ajay
102 Riya
103 Keyur
104 Shreya
for i in d2:
    print(i, d2.get(i))
101 Ajay
102 Riya
103 Keyur
104 Shreya
```

keys()

```
for i in d2.keys():
    print(i, d2[i])

101 Ajay
102 Riya
103 Keyur
104 Shreya
```

values()

```
for i in d2.values():
    print(i)

Ajay
Riya
Keyur
Shreya
```

items()

```
for i in d2.items(): # returns tuple of all elements, in the form of
    (key, value)
        print(i)

(101, 'Ajay')
    (102, 'Riya')
    (103, 'Keyur')
    (104, 'Shreya')

for a,b in d2.items(): # can be unpacked
        #a, b = i
        print(a, b)

101 Ajay
102 Riya
103 Keyur
104 Shreya

list(d2.keys())
[101, 102, 103, 104]
```

copy()

```
d = d1.copy()
d
{'name': 'Ajay', 'rollno': 102, 'spi': 8.9, 'fname': 'Ajay'}
```

update()

```
d2['106'] = 'Raaj'
d2
{101: 'Ajay', 102: 'Riya', 103: 'Keyur', 104: 'Shreya', '106': 'Raaj'}
d2.update(d1)
d2
{101: 'Ajay',
   102: 'Riya',
   103: 'Keyur',
   104: 'Shreya',
   '106': 'Raaj',
   'name': 'Ajay',
   'rollno': 102,
   'spi': 8.9,
   'fname': 'Ajay'}
```

get(key)

```
d2.get('106') # returns valus of the key passed
'Raaj'

d2.get(110,'NA') # returns value specified in the second parameter if
it is not available
'NA'

d2
{101: 'Ajay',
  102: 'Riya',
  103: 'Keyur',
  104: 'Shreya',
  '106': 'Raaj',
  'name': 'Ajay',
  'rollno': 102,
  'spi': 8.9,
  'fname': 'Ajay'}
```

setdefault(key, value)

```
d2.setdefault(110, 'NA') # also adds the same element in the
dictionary
'NA'
d2
{101: 'Ajay',
102: 'Riya',
 103: 'Keyur'
104: 'Shreya',
 '106': 'Raaj',
 'name': 'Ajay',
 'rollno': 102,
 'spi': 8.9,
 'fname': 'Ajay',
 110: 'NA'}
d2.setdefault(111)
d2
{101: 'Ajay',
102: 'Riya',
 103: 'Keyur',
 104: 'Shreya',
 '106': 'Raaj',
```

```
'name': 'Ajay',
 'rollno': 102,
 'spi': 8.9,
 'fname': 'Ajay',
110: 'NA',
111: None}
d2.setdefault(101,'NA')
'Ajay'
d2
{101: 'Ajay',
102: 'Riya',
103: 'Keyur'
104: 'Shreya',
 '106': 'Raaj',
 'name': 'Ajay',
 'rollno': 102,
 'spi': 8.9,
 'fname': 'Ajay',
110: 'NA',
111: None}
```

fromkeys(iterable, value)

```
l1 = [1,2,3,4,5]
d3 = dict.fromkeys(l1,'NA')
d3
{1: 'NA', 2: 'NA', 3: 'NA', 4: 'NA', 5: 'NA'}
```

pop() & popitem() & clear()

```
d3.pop(3)
'NA'
d3
{1: 'NA', 2: 'NA', 4: 'NA', 5: 'NA'}
d3.popitem()
(5, 'NA')
d3.clear()
d3
{}
```

Dictionary Comprehension

```
d1 = \{ i: i**2 \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(1,6) \}
d1
{1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25}
d2 = { i:i.upper() for i in 'abcdefabc'}
d2
{'a': 'A', 'b': 'B', 'c': 'C', 'd': 'D', 'e': 'E', 'f': 'F'}
d3 = dict(\{ (i,i**2) \text{ for } i \text{ in } range(1,6) \})
d3
{2: 4, 4: 16, 1: 1, 3: 9, 5: 25}
11 = [1,2,3,4,5]
12 = [11,22,33,44,55]
d3 = \{ i:j \text{ for } i,j \text{ in } zip(l1,l2) \}
d3
{1: 11, 2: 22, 3: 33, 4: 44, 5: 55}
d4 = { i:j for i,j in enumerate(l2)}
d4
{0: 11, 1: 22, 2: 33, 3: 44, 4: 55}
```