

SHIELD DOCUMENT

Version 1.0.0

AUTHOR:

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INTRODUCTION:

Shield is a python-flask based micro service which is used to

- Create Self-Signed SSL certificates
- Create Organizational certificate chain / Trusted certificate chain
- Create Server certificates / licensing using certificates
- Create Keypair (private key and public key)

All these data will be stored in mongodb and served based on the request.

Pre-requisite:

- Mongodb

Installation Instructions:

1. Download / Clone the repository.
2. Move inside the repository folder and run the following command “pip install -r requirements.txt”
3. Update config file with mongo db details “shield.conf”
4. Start the application by running the “shield” file present in the bin directory (e.g python shield)

API Details:

1. Create Certificate

Method: POST

Endpoint: <http://<ip>:<port>/v1/certificates>

Headers: Content-Type: application/json

Request-body:

```
{  
    "common_name": "parthil",  
    "valid_from": "2018-05-21T22:22:26",
```

```

    "valid_till": "2019-08-20T22:22:26",
    "cert_type": "ca_root",
    "path_length": 0,
    "country": "IN",
    "state": "Tamilnadu",
    "locality": "chennai",
    "organization_name": "companyX",
    "organization_unit_name": "branchX",
    "subject_alternate_name": {"dns": "localhost,parthitest16", "ip_address": "127.0.0.1"},
    "signature_algorithm": "sha256"
}

```

Request Parameter Details:

Parameter Name	Required / Optional	Details
common_name	Required	Name of the certificate
valid_from	Required	Starting validity of the certificate
valid_till	Required	Ending validity of the certificate
cert_type	Required	Type of the certificate, can be any of the following (ca_root, ca_intermediate, end_entity, self_signed)
path_length	Optional	No of intermediate ca certificates that can exist
Country	Optional	Country name
State	Optional	State name
Locality	Optional	Locality name
organization_name	Optional	Organization name
organization_unit_name	Optional	Organization unit name
subject_alternate_name	Optional	Subject alternate name Type: dictionary <ul style="list-style-type: none"> dns values are comma separated string ip_address values are comma separated string
signature_algorithm	Optional	Signature algorithm, can be any of the following (sha1 / sha256)
issuer_id	Optional (Required when cert_type is ca_intermediate or end_entity)	Objectid of the issuer certificate

Sample Response:

```

{
  "status": "success",

```

```
"message": "Certificate created successfully.",
"id": "5b0accf183278510746312d3"
}
```

2. View Certificate

Method: GET

Endpoint: <http://<ip>:<port>/v1/certificates/<certid>>

Headers: Content-Type: application/json

Sample Response:

```
{
  "status": "success",
  "message": "Certificate information",
  "data": {
    "status": "active",
    "certificate_type": "ca_root",
    "valid_till": "2019-08-20 22:22:26",
    "valid_from": "2018-05-21 22:22:26",
    "path_length": 0,
    "country": "IN",
    "created_at": "2018-05-27 15:21:21.737000",
    "locality": "chennai",
    "organization_name": "companyX",
    "issuer_id": null,
    "signature_algorithm": "sha256",
    "common_name": "parthil ",
    "id": "5b0accf183278510746312d3",
    "organization_unit_name": "branchX"
  }
}
```

3. List Certificate

Method: GET

Endpoint: <http://<ip>:<port>/v1/certificates>

Headers: Content-Type: application/json

Query params:

Limit: number of records to view

skip_val: number of records to be skipped

Sample Response:

```
{
  "status": "success",
  "recordsFiltered": 1,
  "draw": 1,
  "recordsTotal": 1,
  "message": "Certificates list",
  "page_count": 1,
  "data": {
    "certificates": [
      {
        "id": "5b57540d83278511f843a81c",
        "common_name": "my_cert",
        "cert_type": "ca_root",
        "signature_algorithm": "sha256",
        "valid_from": "2018-07-24 21:53:00",
        "valid_till": "2018-07-31 21:53:00",
        "key_id": "5b57540d83278511f843a819",
        "issuer_id": null
      }
    ]
  }
}
```

4. Delete Certificate

Delete certificate just change the state from 'active' to 'in-active', only soft delete happens and the actual data will still exist in the database as in-active.

Method: DELETE

Endpoint: <http://<ip>:<port>/v1/certificates/<certid>>

Headers: Content-Type: application/json

Sample Response:

```
{
  "status": "success",
  "message": "Certificate deleted successfully."
}
```

5. Download Resource(certificate / private key / public key)

Method: GET

Endpoint: http://<ip>:<port>/v1/certificates/download/<type>/<resource_id>

Headers: Content-Type: application/json

Sample Response:

The requested resource will get downloaded as a pem file.

INFO: type will be any of the following (cert, private_key, public_key), and resource_id will be the id of the type specified.

6. Download Resource(certificat / private key / public key)

Method: GET

Endpoint: <http://<ip>:<port>/v1/certificates?action=calist>

Headers: Content-Type: application/json

Sample Response:

```
{
  "ca_root": [],
  "self_signed": [],
  "ca_intermediate": [
    {
      "id": "5b57540d83278511f843a81c",
      "name": "my_cert"
    }
  ],
  "end_entity": [
    {
      "id": "5b57540d83278511f843a81c",
      "name": "my_cert"
    }
  ]
}
```

USAGE:

• CREATE SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATE

Using create certificate api, create a self-signed ssl certificate. Sample request body given below:

```
{
```

```

    "common_name": "parthi_selfsigned",
    "valid_from": "2018-05-21T22:22:26",
    "valid_till": "2019-08-20T22:22:26",
    "cert_type": "self_signed",
    "path_length": 0,
    "country": "IN",
    "state": "Tamilnadu",
    "locality": "chennai",
    "organization_name": "companyX",
    "organization_unit_name": "branchX",
    "subject_alternate_name": "companyx.com",
    "signature_algorithm": "sha256"
}

```

The response will contain the id of the certificate created. Then, using download resources api, download the certificate pem file

- **CREATE TRUSTED CERTIFICATE CHAIN**

STEP 1: Using create certificate api, create CA root certificate, sample request body given below.

```

{
    "common_name": "parthiban_caroot",
    "valid_from": "2018-05-21T22:22:26",
    "valid_till": "2019-08-20T22:22:26",
    "cert_type": "ca_root",
    "path_length": 2,
    "country": "IN",
    "state": "Tamilnadu",
    "locality": "chennai",
    "organization_name": "companyX",
    "organization_unit_name": "branchX",
    "subject_alternate_name": "companyx.com",
    "signature_algorithm": "sha256"
}

```

Response will contain the certificate id.

STEP2: Create ca intermediate certificate, same request body given below. Use above generated certificate id as issuer id.

```
{
  "common_name": "parthiban_cainter",
  "valid_from": "2018-05-21T22:22:26",
  "valid_till": "2019-08-20T22:22:26",
  "cert_type": "ca_inter",
  "path_length": 2,
  "country": "IN",
  "state": "Tamilnadu",
  "locality": "chennai",
  "organization_name": "companyX",
  "organization_unit_name": "branchX",
  "subject_alternate_name": "companyx.com",
  "signature_algorithm": "sha256",
  "issuer_id": "5b0adc828327853758dabf81"
}
```

Response will contain the certificate id.

STEP3: Create end_entity / leaf / ssl certificate, sample request body given below. Use above generated certificate id as issuer id.

```
{
  "common_name": "parthiban_endentity ",
  "valid_from": "2018-05-21T22:22:26",
  "valid_till": "2019-08-20T22:22:26",
  "cert_type": "end_entity",
  "path_length": 0,
  "country": "IN",
  "state": "Tamilnadu",
  "locality": "chennai",
  "organization_name": "companyX",
  "organization_unit_name": "branchX",
  "subject_alternate_name": "companyx.com",
  "signature_algorithm": "sha256",
  "issuer_id": "5b0adcbf8327853758dabf8f"
}
```

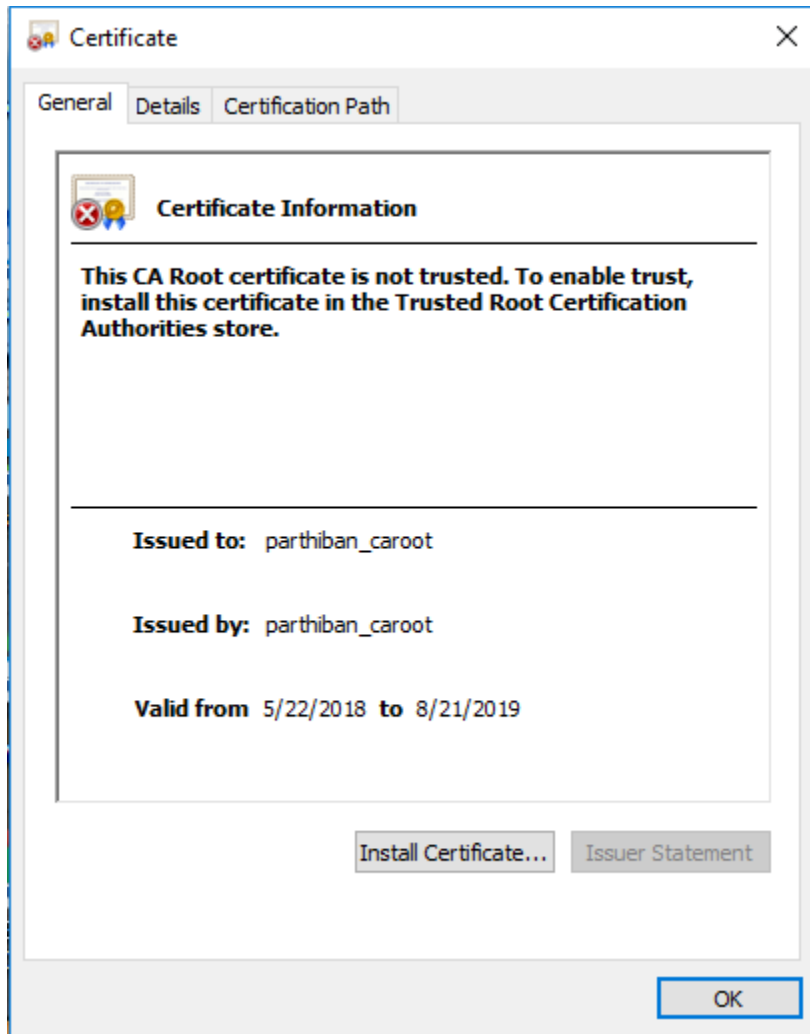
Response will contain the certificate id.

ACCEPTANCE TESTING:

STEP1: We have created an organization certificate chain above, download all the 3 certificates pem file using download resource api.

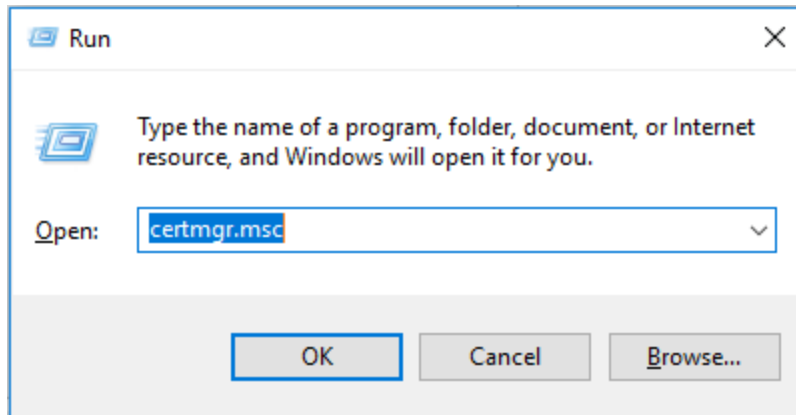
STEP2: Change the file extension from .pem to .crt and then open the certificate.

STEP3: When you open the certificate, you get the following information **“This CA Root certificate is not trusted. To enable trust, install this certificate in the Trusted Root Certification Authorities store.”**

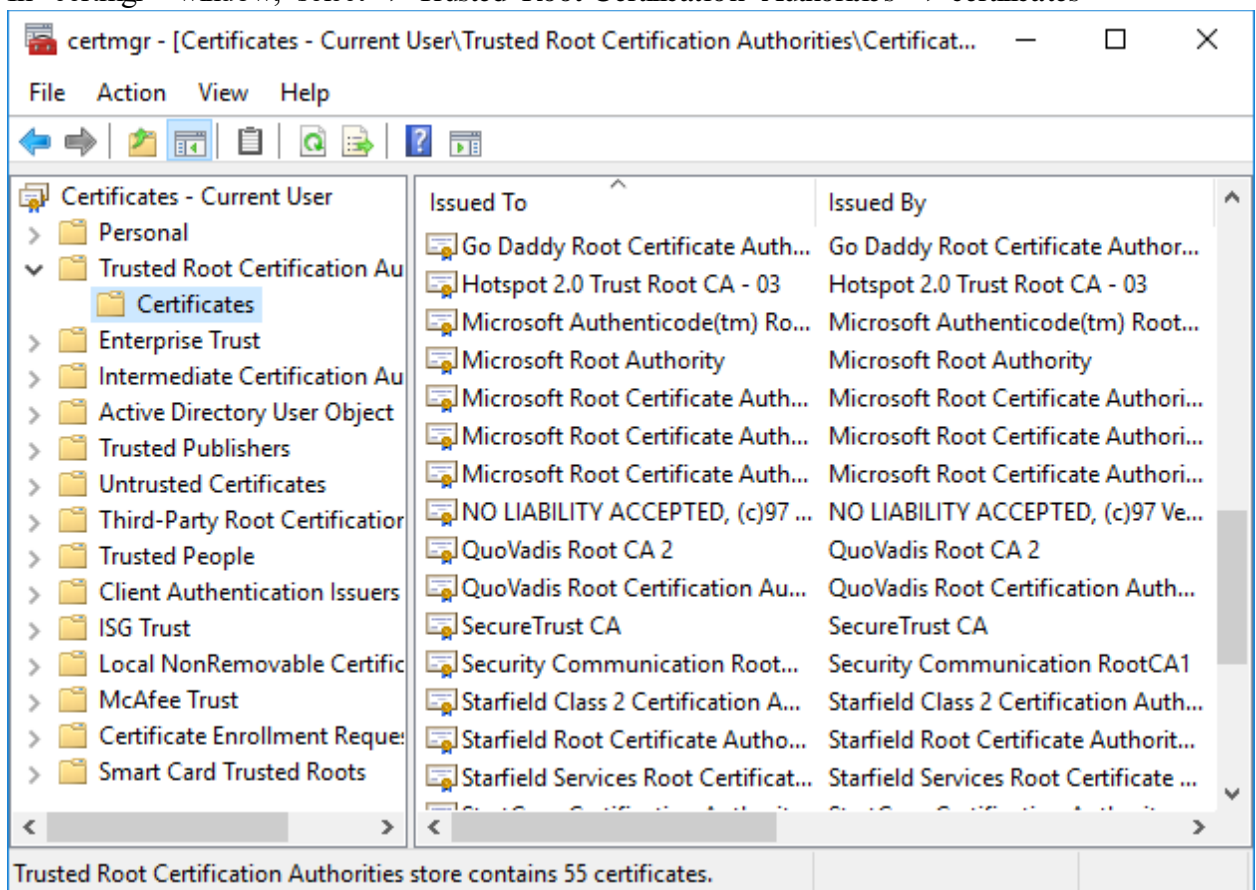


Steps to install certificate in Trusted Root Certification Authorities store (windows):

1. Open run prompt and type “certmgr.msc” and press enter.

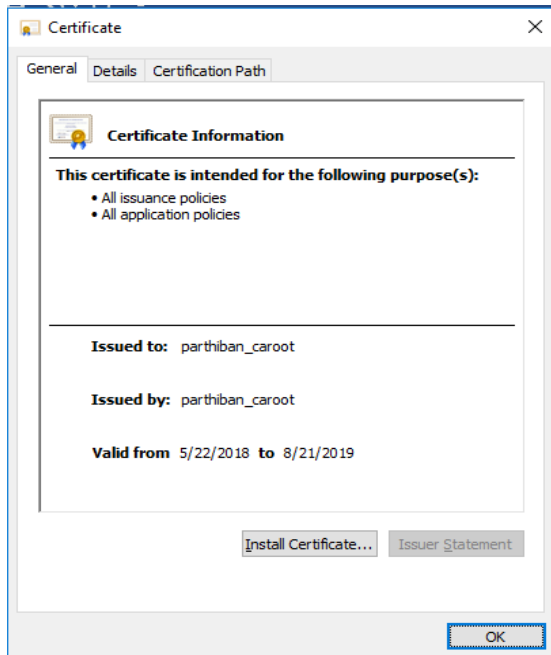


2. In “certmgr” window, select -> Trusted Root Certification Authorities -> certificates

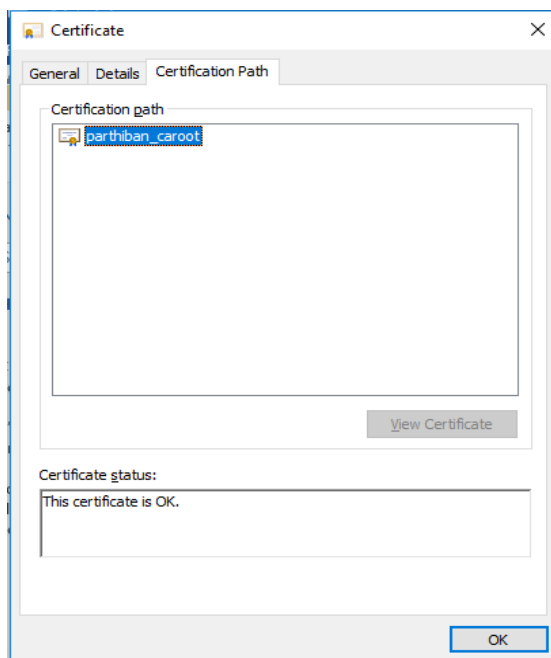


3. Right click on Certificates -> All Tasks -> Import and then import the root certificate.

STEP4: Once the import is successful, open the certificate again, this time you will see the intention of the certificate message.

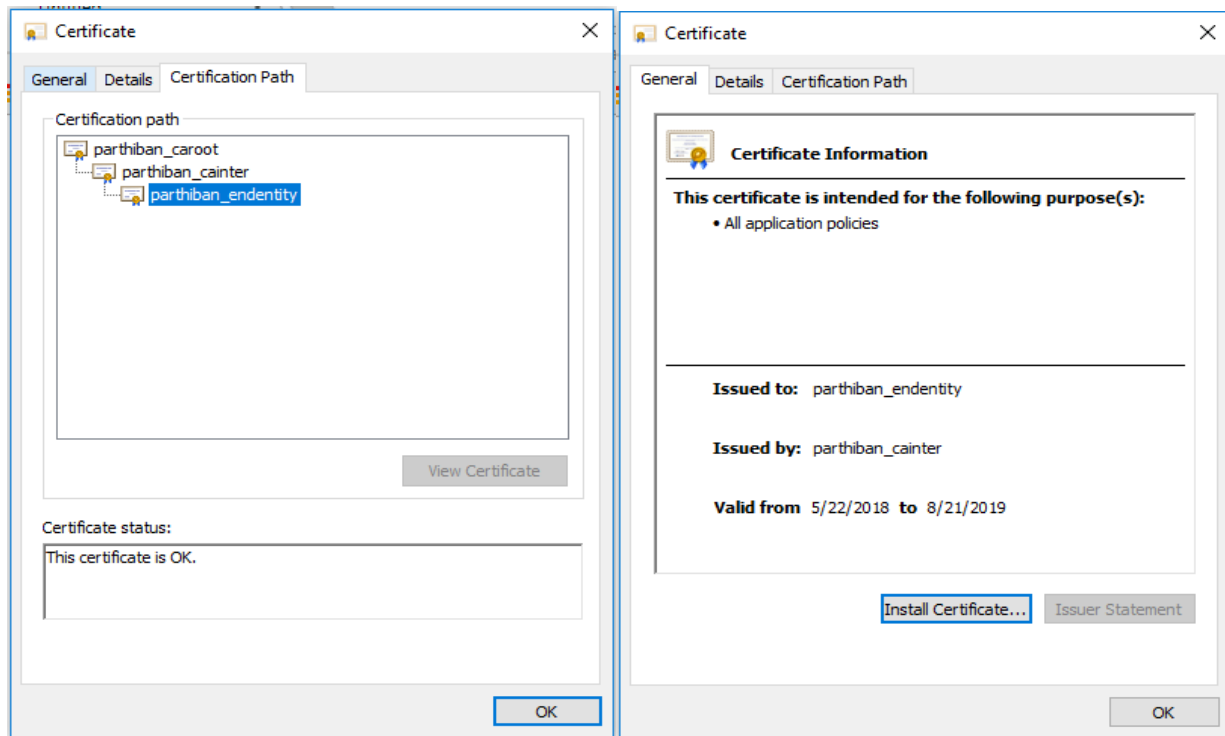


STEP5: Also navigate to “Certification Path” tab in the certificate and check the Certification Path and Certification status:



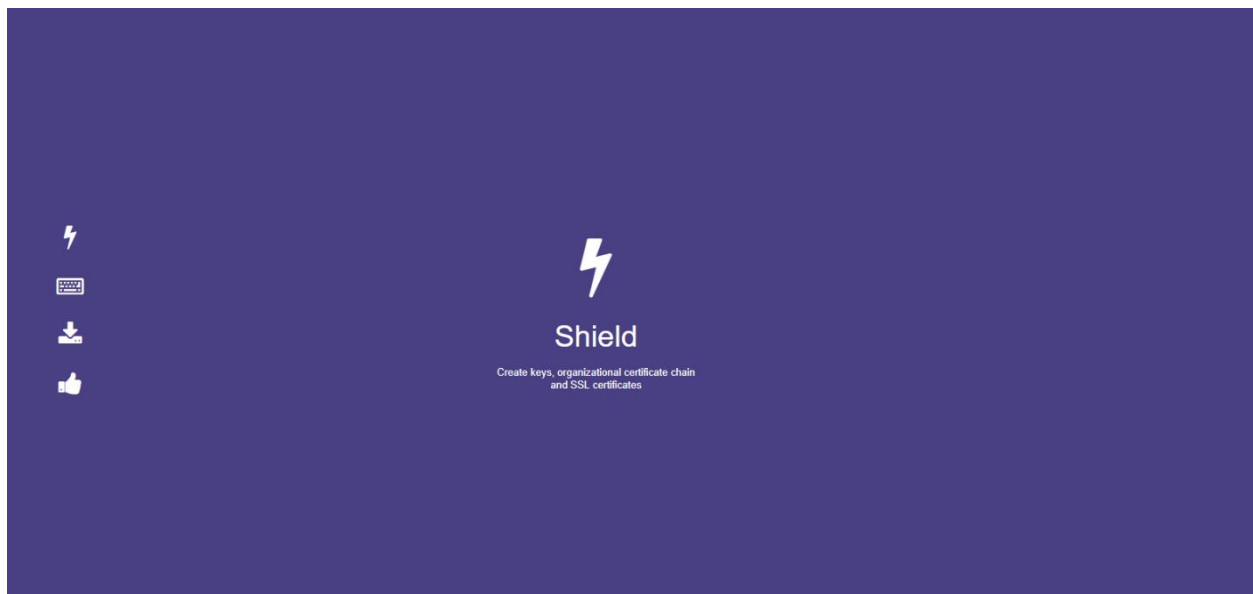
STEP6: Likewise, install the intermediate certificate in “Intermediate Certificate Authorities” store.

Step7: Finally open the end-entity certificate, and check for the certification path and certification status, if everything is ok then the certificate is valid for usage.







UI:

Landing page:



Certificate creation page:



Certificate Name:

Enter certificate name



Certificate Type:

Self Signed

Certificate Issuer:



Valid From:

Select valid from



Valid Till:

Select valid till



Path length:

e.g: 0

Country:

e.g: IN

State:

e.g: Tamilnadu

Locality:

e.g: Chennai

Organization Name:

Enter organization name

Organization Unit Name:

Enter organization unit name




Signature Algorithm:

Sha256

Submit

Certificate downloads page:

Search:

Certificate Name	Certificate Type	Algorithm	Valid From	Valid Till	Download
my_cert	ca_root	sha256	2018-07-24 21:53:00	2018-07-31 21:53:00	  

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries

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Thank you:



Thank you

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