

4) Given function is -

$$y = w_0 + w_1 e^{-x} + w_2 x_1 + w_3 x_1 x_2$$

\therefore let us take Sum of Squared Error

as loss function -

$$\therefore SSE = (y - w_0 - w_1 e^{-x_1} - w_2 x_1 - w_3 x_1 x_2)^2$$

\therefore For Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD),
we have -

$$w_i^{T+1} = w_i^T - \alpha \nabla_{w_i} SSE \quad \rightarrow (i)$$

where $\alpha =$ Learning Rate

P.T.O

Now we will find gradient descent w.r.t
of Loss Function w.r.t all weights -

$$\nabla_{w_0} = \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial w_0} = -2[y - w_0 - w_1 e^{-\gamma_1} - w_2 \gamma_1 - w_3 \gamma_1 \gamma_2]$$

$$\Rightarrow \nabla_{w_0} = -2 \sqrt{SSE} \rightarrow \textcircled{\text{ii}}$$

$$\nabla_{w_1} = \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial w_1} = -2 e^{-\gamma_1} [y - w_0 - w_1 e^{-\gamma_1} - w_2 \gamma_1 - w_3 \gamma_1 \gamma_2]$$

$$\Rightarrow \nabla_{w_1} = -2 e^{-\gamma_1} \sqrt{SSE} \rightarrow \textcircled{\text{iii}}$$

Similarly, $\nabla_{w_2} = \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial w_2} = -2 \gamma_1 \sqrt{SSE} \rightarrow \textcircled{\text{iv}}$

$$\nabla_{w_3} = \frac{\partial SSE}{\partial w_3} = -2 \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \sqrt{SSE} \rightarrow \textcircled{\text{v}}$$

So, we have found the Gradient
descent w.r.t all weights

P.T.O

So, coefficient updates are-

$$w_0^{T+1} = w_0^T + 2\alpha \sqrt{SSE}$$

$$w_1^{T+1} = w_1^T + 2\alpha e^{-\gamma_1} \sqrt{SSE}$$

$$w_2^{T+1} = w_2^T + 2\alpha \gamma_1 \sqrt{SSE}$$

$$w_3^{T+1} = w_3^T + 2\alpha \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \sqrt{SSE}$$

using

(i), (ii),

(iv), (v)

in (i)

If we add a ridge regularization penalty,
we get -

$$w_0^{T+1} = w_0^T + 2\alpha \sqrt{SSE}$$

No ridge
penalty for
intercept term

$$w_1^{T+1} = w_1^T + 2\alpha e^{-\gamma_1} \sqrt{SSE} + 2\lambda w_1^T$$

$$w_2^{T+1} = w_2^T + 2\alpha \gamma_1 \sqrt{SSE} + 2\lambda w_2^T$$

$$w_3^{T+1} = w_3^T + 2\alpha \gamma_1 \gamma_2 \sqrt{SSE} + 2\lambda w_3^T$$

where α = learning rate
 λ = regularization constant