



III BRAC University

Department of Mathematics and Natural Sciences

Total Points: 15

 **Assignment-01**

Course Code: MAT215

Complex

 **Name: SUPORNO GHOSH**

 **Student ID: 24301509**

 **Section: 12**

 **Semester: FALL 2025**

 **Submission Date:** _____

Assigned by

 **Partho Sutra Dhor**
Lecturer, Department of MNS
BRAC University

Question 1

Find all possible values of z such that

$$z^6 = 32\sqrt{3} - 32i$$

Locate them in the complex plane. Show that they are contained in a circle and find the radius of that circle. Also find the angular distance between two adjacent roots.

 **Solution:**

Question 2

Consider the equation

$$|z + 7i| + |z - 7i| = 19$$

Describe the above locus in the complex plane.

 **Solution:**

? Question 3

Consider the inequality

$$|z + 6| + |z - 6| < 13$$

Describe the above locus in the complex plane.

 Solution:

? Question 4

Solve the following equation for z :

$$e^{4z} = \frac{7\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{7i}{2}$$

Express z as $x + iy$ where $x, y, \in \mathbb{R}$.

 Solution:

? Question 5

Prove that

$$\sinh^{-1} z = \ln \left(z + \sqrt{z^2 + 1} \right),$$

 Solution:

? Question 6

Solve for z :

$$\operatorname{cosech}^{-1} z = 2 + 2i$$

 Solution:

?

 Question 7

Solve

 Solution:

?

Question 8

Solve

 Solution:

?

 Question 9

Solve

 Solution:

Question 10

Using the definition show that

$$f(z) = 7z^2 + 5z - 8$$

is differentiable at all points. Also find the derivative.

 Solution:

Question 11

Using the definition, find the derivative of

$$f(z) = \frac{7}{5z+3} \quad \text{at} \quad z = z_0$$

 Solution:

?

Question 12

@Q12@

 Solution:

?

Question 13

@Q13@

 Solution:

? Question 14

Show that the given function u defined by

$$u(x, y) = 8e^{-6x} \cos(6y) - 5e^{9y} \sin(9x) + 15x^2y - 5x^2 - 5y^3 + 5y^2$$

is harmonic. Find the harmonic conjugate v of u such that $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}\mathbf{i}$ becomes analytic.

 Solution:

? Question 15

Show that the given function v defined by

$$v(x, y) = 2xe^{-7x} \cos(7y) + 2ye^{-7x} \sin(7y)$$

is harmonic. Find the harmonic conjugate u of v such that $\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}\mathbf{i}$ becomes analytic.

 Solution: