



BRAC University

Department of Mathematics and Natural Sciences

Total Points: 150

 **Assignment - 01**

Course Code: MAT215

Complex Variables & Laplace Transform

 **Name: FARZANA SULTANA NASHITA**

 **Student ID: 23301444**

 **Section: 12**

 **Semester: FALL 2025**

 **Submission Date: _____**

Assigned by


 **Partho Sutra Dhor**
Lecturer, Department of MNS
BRAC University

Question 1

Find all possible values of z satisfying


$$z^7 = 128.$$

Locate them on the complex plane. Show that they lie on a circle, and determine its radius. Also, find the angular distance between two adjacent roots.

 Solution:


Question 2

Describe the locus $|z + 9i| + |z - 9i| = 23$ on the complex plane.

 Solution:

Question 3

Describe the region $|z - 6| - |z + 6| > 9$ on the complex plane.

 Solution:

Question 4

Solve the equation

$$e^{4z} = -4i$$

for z and express z as $x + iy$ where $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$.

 Solution:

Question 5

Prove that

$$\tan^{-1} z = \frac{1}{2i} \ln \left(\frac{1 + iz}{1 - iz} \right),$$

 Solution:

Question 6

Solve for z where

$$\tanh^{-1} z = 7 - 3i$$

 Solution:

Question 7

Using the definition of a limit, show that $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\text{Im}\{z^2\}}{|z|^2}$ does not exist.

 Solution:

Question 8

Using L'Hôpital's rule, evaluate

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin z}{z} \right)^{\frac{2 \sin(8z)}{z - \sin z}}$$

 Solution:

Question 9

Consider the function

$$f(z) = \frac{\tan 4z}{2z}.$$

Is $f(z)$ continuous at $z = 0$? If not, redefine f at $z = 0$ so that $f(z)$ becomes continuous. Also, find all the points of discontinuity of $f(z)$.


 **Solution:**

Question 10

Using the definition, show that


$$f(z) = 8z\bar{z} - 5z + 4\bar{z}$$

is not differentiable at $z = 0$.

 **Solution:**

Question 11

Using the definition, find the derivative of $f(z) = \frac{3}{z^2}$ at $z = 8 + 3i$.


 Solution:

Question 12

Consider the function

$$f(z) = 3 \sinh(8z) - 5 \cos(9z).$$

Using the Cauchy–Riemann equations, determine whether the function is analytic.

 **Solution:**

Question 13

Consider the function

$$f(z) = 6ze^{-4z}.$$

Using the Cauchy–Riemann equations, determine whether the function is analytic.

 **Solution:**

Question 14

Show that the function

$$v(x, y) = 6 \sin(3x) \cosh(3y) + 21x^2y - 6x^2 - 7y^3 + 6y^2$$

is harmonic. Find the harmonic conjugate u of v such that $u + vi$ becomes analytic.

 **Solution:**

Question 15

Show that the function

$$v(x, y) = 9xe^{-4x} \cos(4y) + 9ye^{-4x} \sin(4y)$$

is harmonic. Find the harmonic conjugate u of v such that $u + vi$ becomes analytic.

 **Solution:**