



# III BRAC University

Department of Mathematics and Natural Sciences

**Total Points: 150**

**Assignment - 01**

**Course Code: MAT 215**

Complex Variables and Laplace Transformations

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**Section: 12**

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**Submission Date:** \_\_\_\_\_

*Assigned by*

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**Question 1**

Find all possible values of  $z$  satisfying

$$z^6 = -32\sqrt{3} - 32i.$$

Locate them on the complex plane. Show that they lie on a circle, and determine its radius. Also, find the angular distance between two adjacent roots.

 **Solution:**

**Question 2**

Describe the locus  $|z + 7i| + |z - 7i| = 16$  on the complex plane.

 **Solution:**

**?** Question 3

Describe the region  $\left| \frac{z+7i}{z-7i} \right| > 4$  on the complex plane.

 Solution:

**?** Question 4

Solve the equation

$$e^{5z} = -\frac{3}{2} + \frac{3\sqrt{3}i}{2}$$

for  $z$  and express  $z$  as  $x + iy$  where  $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$ .

 Solution:

**Question 5**

Prove that

$$\tan^{-1} z = \frac{1}{2i} \ln \left( \frac{1+iz}{1-iz} \right),$$

 Solution:

**?** Question 6

Solve for  $z$  where

$$\coth^{-1} z = 2 + 7i$$

 Solution:

**?** Question 7

Using the definition of a limit, show that  $\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{Im}(z^2)}{|z|^2}$  does not exist.

 Solution:

**Question 8**

Using L'Hôpital's rule, evaluate

$$\lim_{z \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\sin z}{z} \right)^{\frac{7 \sin(2z)}{z - \sin z}}$$

 Solution:

**Question 9**

Consider the function

$$f(z) = \frac{\tan 2z}{6z}$$

. Is  $f(z)$  continuous at  $z = 0$ ? If not, redefine  $f$  at  $z = 0$  so that  $f(z)$  becomes continuous. Also, find all points of discontinuity of  $f(z)$ .

 **Solution:**

## Question 10

Using the definition, show that

$$f(z) = 6z^2 + 7z - 7$$

is differentiable at all points. Also find the derivative.

 Solution:

**?** Question 11

Using the definition, find the derivative of  $f(z) = \frac{6}{z^2}$  at  $z = 5 + 9i$ .

 Solution:

## Question 12

Consider the function

$$f(z) = 4 \sinh(8z) - 6 \cos(2z).$$

Using the Cauchy–Riemann equations, determine whether the function is analytic.

 Solution:

### Question 13

Consider the function

$$f(z) = 7ze^{-2z}.$$

Using the Cauchy–Riemann equations, determine whether the function is analytic.

 Solution:

**Question 14**

Show that the function

$$v(x, y) = 6 \sin(6x) \cosh(6y) + 6x^2y - 8x^2 - 2y^3 + 8y^2$$

is harmonic. Find the harmonic conjugate  $u$  of  $v$  such that  $u + vi$  becomes analytic.

 **Solution:**

**Question 15**

Show that the function

$$u(x, y) = 7xe^{-3x} \cos(3y) + 7ye^{-3x} \sin(3y)$$

is harmonic. Find the harmonic conjugate  $v$  of  $u$  such that  $u + vi$  becomes analytic.

 **Solution:**