



What is data science? • Data Science is the extraction of knowledge from large volumes of data that are structured or unstructured, which is a continuation of the field data mining and predictive analytics, also known as knowledge discovery and data mining (KDD). -- Wikipedia • Terms "data mining" and "data science" are used interchangeably

What is data science?

• At a high level, data science is a set of fundamental principles that guide the extraction of knowledge from data. Data mining is the extraction of knowledge from data, via technologies that incorporate these principles. -- Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett

• This course is about those "fundamental principles"

• For "data mining" – take CSC-522 course.

Data Science – Modern Origins

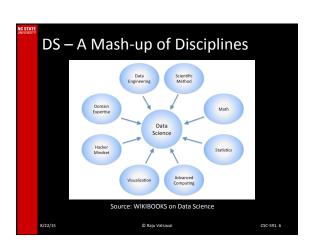
• "Data Science: An Action Plan for Expanding the Technical Areas of the Field of Statistics."

-- William S. Cleveland (2001)

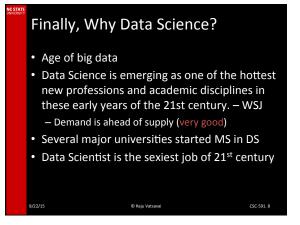
• CODATA Data Science Journal (2002) and Journal of Data Science, by Columbia University (2003).

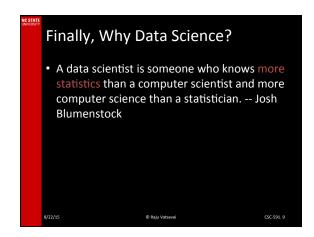
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Data Component of Data Science Types of data — Qualitative and quantitative Longitudinal/Panel data Time-series/cross-sectional data Structured, un-structured, semi-structured Data transformations







Brain Component of Data Science

• Mathematics and Statistics
• Mathematics – little bit of linear algebra
• Statistics – major portion of the course

Brain Component of Data Science

Mathematics and Statistics
Mathematics – little bit of linear algebra
Statistics – major portion of the course
Summary statistics
Probability distributions
Hypothesis testing
Regression
Model Selection
Information theory
Dimensionality reduction
Non-parametric methods
Kernel functions
Resampling and bootstrap methods
Bayesian reasoning
Statistical inference
Monte carlo methods
Mixture models

