# **Lab Assignment - 2**

# **Data-types and Operators**

1. Write a program to find the greatest of three numbers using conditional operators.

Ans 1.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
   int a,b,c;
   int big;
   printf("Enter any three numbers: ");
   scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
   if(a>b && a>c)
     big = a;
    else if(b>c)
     big = b;
    else
     big = c;
   printf("Largest number is: %d",big);
    return 0;
```

2. Write a program that reads a floating-point number then displays the right-most digit of the integral part of the number.

## Ans 2.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    float num;
    printf("Enter a number:\n");
    scanf("%f",&num);

    int rightmost = (int)num % 10;

    printf("\n Right most digit of integral part of number %f = %d",num, rightmost);
}
```

3. Evaluate the expressions using precedence table: -

```
i) 64%8+12*3+8
ii) 56/8+14*2+6
iii) (45+5)*(6+7)
iv) (45==44)&&(3==3)
v) (45==45)&(3==3)|2
vi) 3*4+2%3*(3&4)+16|4*12+25&&(3||4)
```

## Ans 3.

- i) 44
- ii) 41
- iii) 650

- iv) 0
- v) 3
- vi) 3\*4+2%3\*<u>(3&4)</u>+16|4\*12+25&&(3||4)
  - = 3\*4+2%3\*0+16|4\*12+25&&<u>(3||4)</u>
  - = 12+<u>2%3</u>\*0+16|4\*12+25&&1
  - = 12+<u>2\*0</u>+16|4\*12+25&&1
  - = 12+0+16|<u>4\*12</u>+25&&1
  - = <u>12+0</u>+16|48+25&&1
  - = <u>12+16</u>|48+25&&1
  - = 28|<u>48+25</u>&&1
  - = <u>28|73</u>&&1
  - = <u>93&&1</u>
  - = 1

# **PRECEDENCE TABLE**

	Operator	Associativity	Precedence
()	Function call	Left-to-Right	Highest 14
	Array subscript		
	Dot (Member of structure)		
->	Arrow (Member of structure)		
!	Logical NOT	Right-to-Left	13
-	One's-complement		
_	Unary minus (Negation)		
++	Increment		
	Decrement		
&	Address-of		
*	Indirection		
(type)	Cast		
sizeof	Sizeof		
*	Multiplication	Left-to-Right	12
/	Division		
%	Modulus (Remainder)		
+	Addition	Left-to-Right	11
_	Subtraction		
<<	Left-shift	Left-to-Right	10
>>	Right-shift		
<	Less than	Left-to-Right	8
<=	Less than or equal to		
>	Greater than		
>=	Greater than or equal to		
==	Equal to	Left-to-Right	8
! =	Not equal to		
&	Bitwise AND	Left-to-Right	7
•	Bitwise XOR	Left-to-Right	6
1	Bitwise OR	Left-to-Right	5
**	Logical AND	Left-to-Right	4
П	Logical OR	Left-to-Right	3
? :	Conditional	Right-to-Left	2
=, +=	Assignment operators	Right-to-Left	1
* =, etc.			
,	Comma	Left-to-Right	Lowest 0

4. Write a program that will obtain the length and width of a rectangle and compute its area and perimeter.

#### Ans 4.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    float length, width;
    printf("Enter width and length of a rectangle:\n" );
    scanf("%f %f",&length, &width);

    float area = length*width;
    float perimeter = 2*(length + width);

    printf("\nArea = %f \nPerimeter = %f",area, perimeter);
}
```

5. Write a program to read a four-digit number and print the sum of its digits.

## Ans 5.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int n,f,x,s,y,t,l,sum;
    printf("Enter 4-Digit Number: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    f=n/1000;
    x=n%1000;
    s=x/100;
    y=x%100;
```

```
t=y/10;
l=y%10;
printf("\nFirst Digit = %d \nSecond Digit = %d \nThird Digit =
%d\nLast Digit = %d\n",f,s,t,l);
sum=f+s+t+l;
printf("\nSum of All 4-Digits : %d",sum);
return 0;
}
```

6. Write a program to print the size of various data types in C.

#### Ans 6.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main() {
   int intType;
   float floatType;
   double doubleType;
   char charType;

   // sizeof evaluates the size of a variable
   printf("Size of int: %zu bytes\n", sizeof(intType));
   printf("Size of float: %zu bytes\n", sizeof(floatType));
   printf("Size of double: %zu bytes\n", sizeof(doubleType));
   printf("Size of char: %zu byte\n", sizeof(charType));
   return 0;
}
```

7. Write a program to read a real number, round it off to the nearest integer and print out the result in integer form.

#### Ans 7.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    float realnum;
    printf("Enter a real number:\n" );
    scanf("%f", &realnum);

    int RoundOffInteger = round(realnum);

    printf("\nround of %f = %d", realnum, RoundOffInteger);
}
```

8. Write a program that prints 10.33344 in exponential correct up to 2,4, and 8 decimal places.

## Ans 8.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    float Num=10.33344;
    printf("exponential format with correct to two decimal places:--
%.2e\n",Num);
    printf("exponential format with correct to four decimal places:--
%.4e\n",Num);
    printf("exponential format with correct to eight decimal places:--
%.8e\n",Num);
}
```

9. Write a program to find the ASCII values of all digits in the given 4-digit number.

#### Ans 9.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main()
   printf("Enter a four digit number:\n");
   scanf("%d", &num);
   int remain, digit;
   remain = num % 1000;
   digit = num/1000;
   num = remain;
   printf("ASCII of %d = %d\n", digit, 48+digit);
   remain = num % 100;
   digit = num/100;
   num = remain;
   printf("ASCII of %d = %d\n",digit, 48+digit);
   remain = num % 10;
   digit = num/10;
   num = remain;
   printf("ASCII of %d = %d\n",digit, 48+digit);
   digit = num;
   printf("ASCII of %d = %d\n", digit, (48+digit));
```

10. Write a program to find the square root of a number and print if corrected to three decimal places.

# Ans 10.

```
#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int N = 12;
    printf("%.3f ", sqrt(N));
    return 0;
}
```