

Stubborn Point-to-Point Link: Implementation

Algorithm 2.1: Retransmit Forever

Implements:

StubbornPointToPointLinks, **instance** *sl*.

Uses:

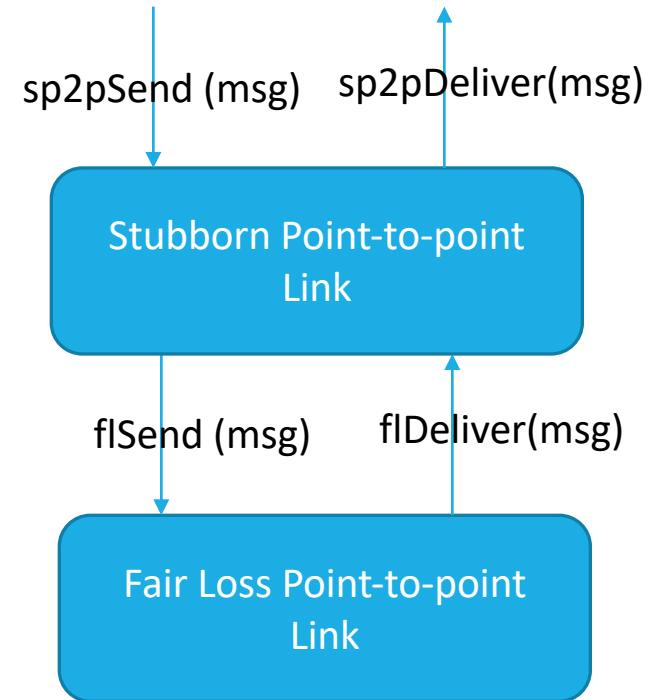
FairLossPointToPointLinks, **instance** *fl*.

```
upon event < sl, Init > do
    sent := ∅;
    starttimer(Δ);

upon event < Timeout > do
    forall (q, m) ∈ sent do
        trigger < fl, Send | q, m >;
    starttimer(Δ);

upon event < sl, Send | q, m > do
    trigger < fl, Send | q, m >;
    sent := sent ∪ {(q, m)};

upon event < fl, Deliver | p, m > do
    trigger < sl, Deliver | p, m >;
```



Perfect Point-to-Point Link: Implementation

Algorithm 2.2: Eliminate Duplicates

Implements:

PerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** *pl*.

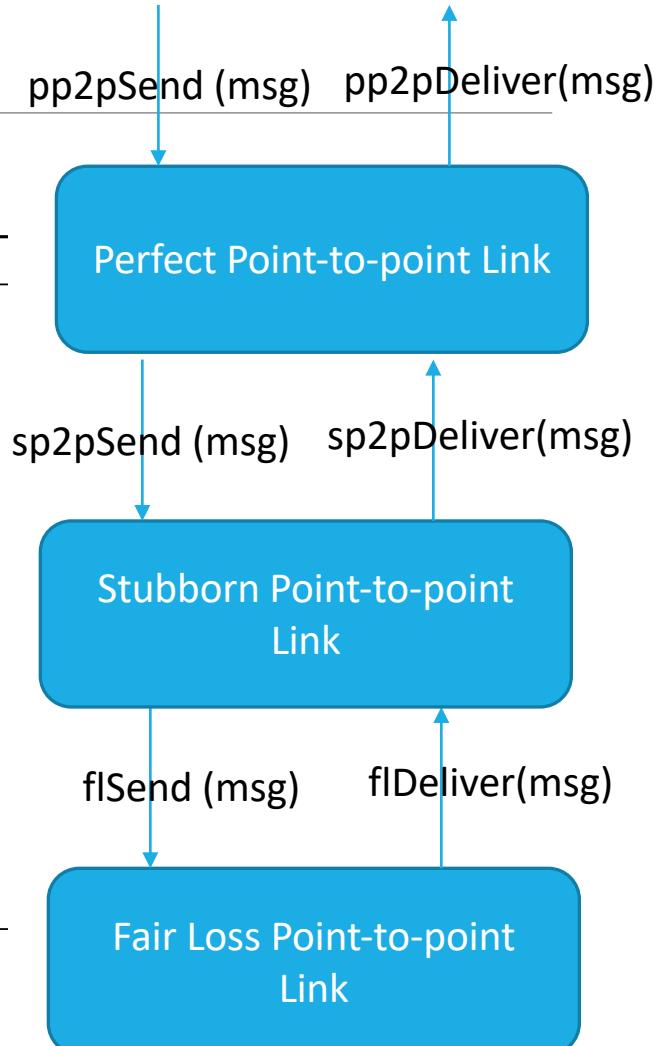
Uses:

StubbornPointToPointLinks, **instance** *sl*.

```
upon event < pl, Init > do
    delivered := ∅;

upon event < pl, Send | q, m > do
    trigger < sl, Send | q, m >;

upon event < sl, Deliver | p, m > do
    if m ∉ delivered then
        delivered := delivered ∪ {m};
        trigger < pl, Deliver | p, m >;
```



Perfect failure detectors (P) Implementation

Algorithm 2.5: Exclude on Timeout

Implements:

PerfectFailureDetector, **instance** \mathcal{P} .

Uses:

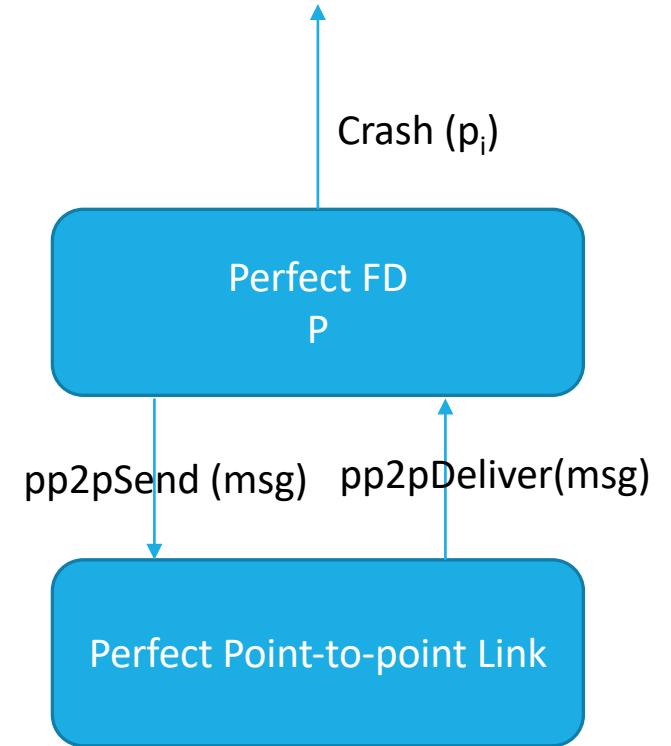
PerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** pl .

```
upon event <  $\mathcal{P}$ , Init > do
    alive :=  $\Pi$ ;
    detected :=  $\emptyset$ ;
    startimer( $\Delta$ );

upon event < Timeout > do
    forall  $p \in \Pi$  do
        if ( $p \notin alive$ )  $\wedge$  ( $p \notin detected$ ) then
            detected := detected  $\cup$  { $p$ };
            trigger <  $\mathcal{P}$ , Crash |  $p$  >;
            trigger <  $pl$ , Send |  $p$ , [HEARTBEATREQUEST] >;
            alive :=  $\emptyset$ ;
            startimer( $\Delta$ );

upon event <  $pl$ , Deliver |  $q$ , [HEARTBEATREQUEST] > do
    trigger <  $pl$ , Send |  $q$ , [HEARTBEATREPLY] >;

upon event <  $pl$ , Deliver |  $p$ , [HEARTBEATREPLY] > do
    alive := alive  $\cup$  { $p$ };
```



Eventually perfect failure detectors ($\diamond P$) Implementation

Algorithm 2.7: Increasing Timeout

Implements:

EventuallyPerfectFailureDetector, **instance** $\diamond P$.

Uses:

PerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** pl .

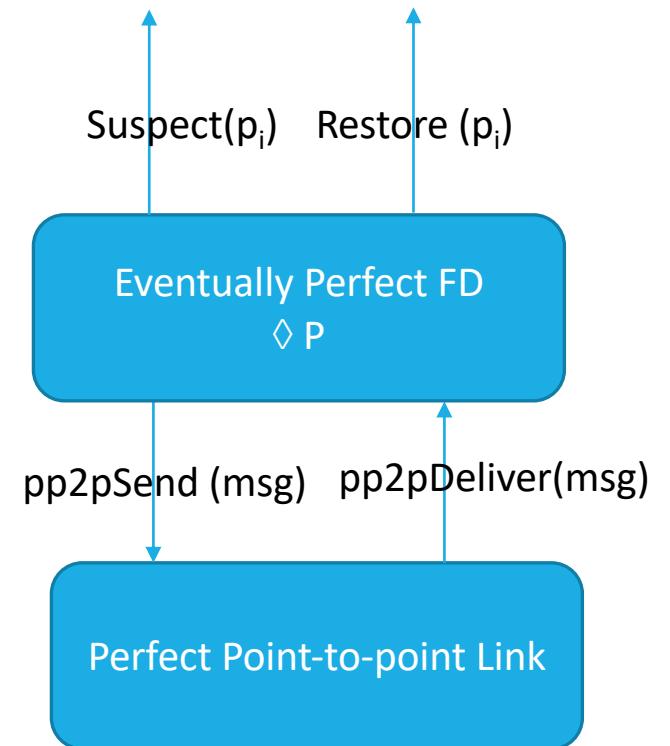
```
upon event <  $\diamond P$ , Init > do
    alive :=  $\Pi$ ;
    suspected :=  $\emptyset$ ;
    delay :=  $\Delta$ ;
    starttimer(delay);

upon event < Timeout > do
    if alive  $\cap$  suspected  $\neq \emptyset$  then
        delay := delay +  $\Delta$ ;
    forall p  $\in$   $\Pi$  do
        if (p  $\notin$  alive)  $\wedge$  (p  $\notin$  suspected) then
            suspected := suspected  $\cup$  {p};
            trigger <  $\diamond P$ , Suspect | p >;
        else if (p  $\in$  alive)  $\wedge$  (p  $\in$  suspected) then
            suspected := suspected  $\setminus$  {p};
            trigger <  $\diamond P$ , Restore | p >;
        trigger < pl, Send | p, [HEARTBEATREQUEST] >;
    alive :=  $\emptyset$ ;
    starttimer(delay);
```



```
upon event < pl, Deliver | q, [HEARTBEATREQUEST] > do
    trigger < pl, Send | q, [HEARTBEATREPLY] >;

upon event < pl, Deliver | p, [HEARTBEATREPLY] > do
    alive := alive  $\cup$  {p};
```



Leader Election Implementation

Algorithm 2.6: Monarchical Leader Election

Implements:

LeaderElection, **instance** le .

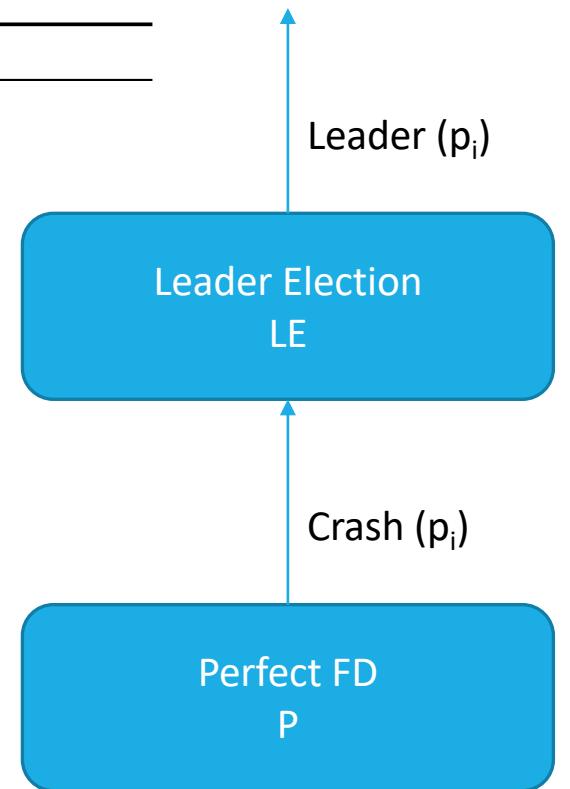
Uses:

PerfectFailureDetector, **instance** \mathcal{P} .

```
upon event <  $le$ , Init > do
    suspected :=  $\emptyset$ ;
    leader :=  $\perp$ ;

upon event <  $\mathcal{P}$ , Crash |  $p$  > do
    suspected := suspected  $\cup$  { $p$ };

upon  $leader \neq \text{maxrank}(\Pi \setminus \text{suspected})$  do
    leader := maxrank( $\Pi \setminus \text{suspected}$ );
    trigger <  $le$ , Leader |  $leader$  >;
```



Best Effort Broadcast (BEB) Implementation

Algorithm 3.1: Basic Broadcast

Implements:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** *beb*.

Uses:

PerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** *pl*.

upon event $\langle \text{beb}, \text{Broadcast} \mid m \rangle$ **do**

forall $q \in \Pi$ **do**

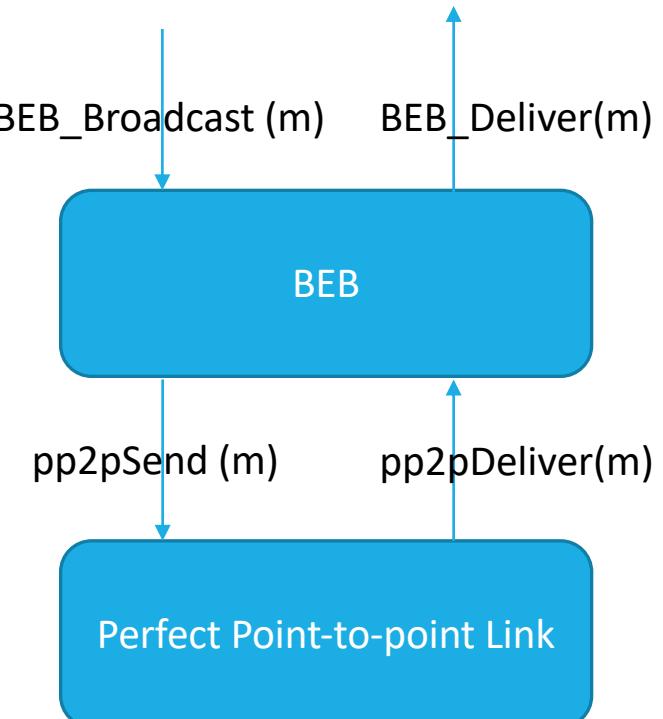
trigger $\langle \text{pl}, \text{Send} \mid q, m \rangle$;

upon event $\langle \text{pl}, \text{Deliver} \mid p, m \rangle$ **do**

trigger $\langle \text{beb}, \text{Deliver} \mid p, m \rangle$;

System model

- Asynchronous system
- perfect links
- crash failures



(Regular) Reliable Broadcast (RB) Implementation in Synchronous Systems

Algorithm 3.2: Lazy Reliable Broadcast

Implements:

ReliableBroadcast, **instance** *rb*.

Uses:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** *beb*;
PerfectFailureDetector, **instance** \mathcal{P} .

```

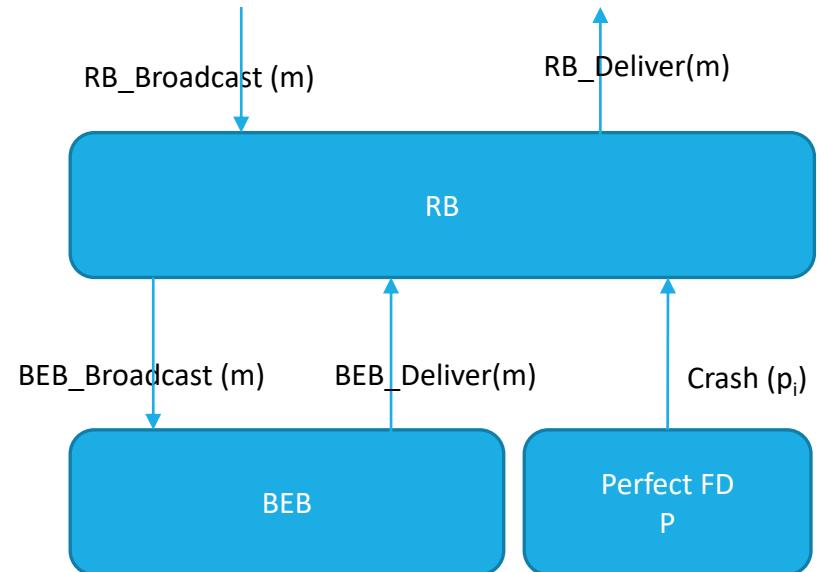
upon event < rb, Init > do
    correct :=  $\Pi$ ;
    from[p] :=  $[\emptyset]^N$ ;

upon event < rb, Broadcast | m > do
    trigger < beb, Broadcast | [DATA, self, m] >;

upon event < beb, Deliver | p, [DATA, s, m] > do
    if m  $\notin$  from[s] then
        trigger < rb, Deliver | s, m >;
        from[s] := from[s]  $\cup$  {m};
        if s  $\notin$  correct then
            trigger < beb, Broadcast | [DATA, s, m] >

upon event <  $\mathcal{P}$ , Crash | p > do
    correct := correct \ {p};
    forall m  $\in$  from[p] do
        trigger < beb, Broadcast | [DATA, p, m] >;

```



The algorithm is Lazy in the sense that it retransmits only when necessary

(Regular) Reliable Broadcast (RB) Implementation in Asynchronous Systems

Algorithm 3.3: Eager Reliable Broadcast

Implements:

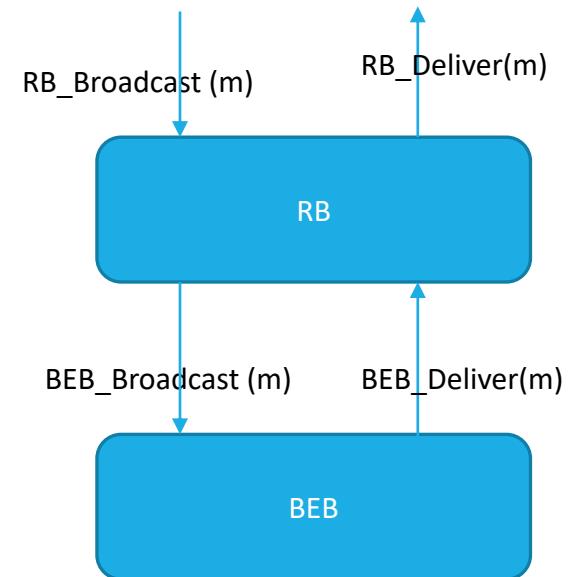
ReliableBroadcast, **instance** *rb*.

Uses:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** *beb*.

```
upon event < rb, Init > do
    delivered := ∅;

upon event < rb, Broadcast | m > do
    trigger < beb, Broadcast | [DATA, self, m] >;
    trigger < beb, Deliver | p, [DATA, s, m] > do
        if m ∉ delivered then
            delivered := delivered ∪ {m};
            trigger < rb, Deliver | s, m >;
            trigger < beb, Broadcast | [DATA, s, m] >;
```



The algorithm is Eager in the sense that it retransmits every message

Uniform Reliable Broadcast (URB) Implementation in Synchronous System

Algorithm 3.4: All-Ack Uniform Reliable Broadcast

Implements:

UniformReliableBroadcast, **instance** *urb*.

Uses:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** *beb*.

PerfectFailureDetector, **instance** \mathcal{P} .

```

upon event < urb, Init > do
    delivered :=  $\emptyset$ ;
    pending :=  $\emptyset$ ;
    correct :=  $\Pi$ ;
    forall m do ack[m] :=  $\emptyset$ ;

upon event < urb, Broadcast | m > do
    pending := pending  $\cup$  {(self, m)};
    trigger < beb, Broadcast | [DATA, self, m] >;

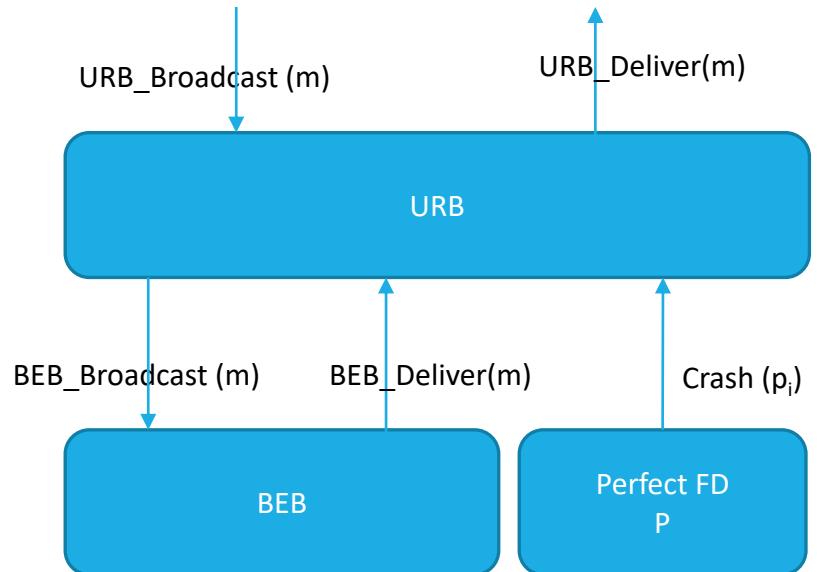
upon event < beb, Deliver | p, [DATA, s, m] > do
    ack[m] := ack[m]  $\cup$  {p};
    if (s, m)  $\notin$  pending then
        pending := pending  $\cup$  {(s, m)};
    trigger < beb, Broadcast | [DATA, s, m] >

upon event <  $\mathcal{P}$ , Crash | p > do
    correct := correct \ {p};

function cadeliver(m) returns Boolean is
    return (correct  $\subseteq$  ack[m]);

upon exists (s, m)  $\in$  pending such that cadeliver(m)  $\wedge$  m  $\notin$  delivered do
    delivered := delivered  $\cup$  {m};
    trigger < urb, Deliver | s, m >;

```



A Consensus Implementation in Synchronous Systems: Flooding Consensus

Algorithm 5.1: Flooding Consensus

Implements:

Consensus, **instance** c .

Uses:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** beb ;
PerfectFailureDetector, **instance** \mathcal{P} .

upon event $\langle c, \text{Init} \rangle$ **do**

```
correct :=  $\Pi$ ;
round := 1;
decision :=  $\perp$ ;
receivedfrom :=  $[\emptyset]^N$ ;
proposals :=  $[\emptyset]^N$ ;
receivedfrom[0] :=  $\Pi$ ;
```

upon event $\langle \mathcal{P}, \text{Crash} | p \rangle$ **do**

```
correct := correct \ {p};
```

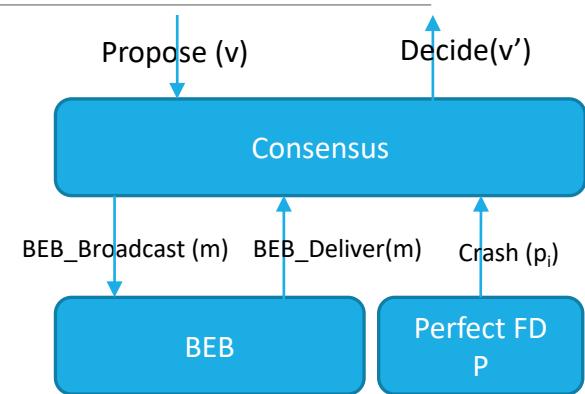
upon event $\langle c, \text{Propose} | v \rangle$ **do**

```
proposals[1] := proposals[1]  $\cup$  {v};
trigger  $\langle beb, \text{Broadcast} | [\text{PROPOSAL}, 1, proposals[1]] \rangle$ ;
```

upon event $\langle beb, Deliver | p, [\text{PROPOSAL}, r, ps] \rangle$ **do**
 $receivedfrom[r] := receivedfrom[r] \cup \{p\}$;
 $proposals[r] := proposals[r] \cup ps$;

upon $correct \subseteq receivedfrom[\text{round}] \wedge decision = \perp$ **do**
if $receivedfrom[\text{round}] = receivedfrom[\text{round} - 1]$ **then**
 $decision := \min(proposals[\text{round}])$;
trigger $\langle beb, \text{Broadcast} | [\text{DECIDED}, decision] \rangle$;
trigger $\langle c, \text{Decide} | decision \rangle$;
else
 $round := round + 1$;
trigger $\langle beb, \text{Broadcast} | [\text{PROPOSAL}, round, proposals[\text{round} - 1]] \rangle$;

upon event $\langle beb, Deliver | p, [\text{DECIDED}, v] \rangle$ **such that** $p \in correct \wedge decision = \perp$ **do**
 $decision := v$;
trigger $\langle beb, \text{Broadcast} | [\text{DECIDED}, decision] \rangle$;
trigger $\langle c, \text{Decide} | decision \rangle$;



Uniform Consensus Implementation in Synchronous Systems

Algorithm 5.3: Flooding Uniform Consensus

Implements:

UniformConsensus, **instance** *uc*.

Uses:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** *beb*;
PerfectFailureDetector, **instance** \mathcal{P} .

upon event $\langle uc, Init \rangle$ **do**

```
correct :=  $\Pi$ ;
round := 1;
decision :=  $\perp$ ;
proposalset :=  $\emptyset$ ;
receivedfrom :=  $\emptyset$ ;
```

No more related to the round

upon event $\langle \mathcal{P}, Crash \mid p \rangle$ **do**

```
correct := correct  $\setminus \{p\}$ ;
```

upon event $\langle uc, Propose \mid v \rangle$ **do**

```
proposalset := proposalset  $\cup \{v\}$ ;
trigger  $\langle beb, Broadcast \mid [PROPOSAL, 1, proposalset] \rangle$ ;
```

upon event $\langle beb, Deliver \mid p, [PROPOSAL, r, ps] \rangle$ **such that** $r = round$ **do**

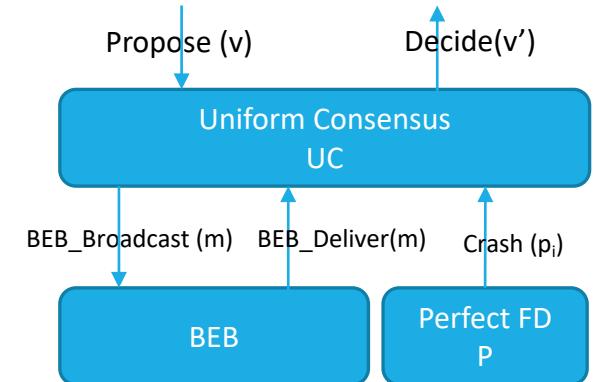
```
receivedfrom := receivedfrom  $\cup \{p\}$ ;
proposalset := proposalset  $\cup ps$ ;
```

upon $correct \subseteq receivedfrom \wedge decision = \perp$ **do**

```
if  $round = N$  then
    decision := min(proposalset);
    trigger  $\langle uc, Decide \mid decision \rangle$ ;
else
    round := round + 1;
    receivedfrom :=  $\emptyset$ ;
    trigger  $\langle beb, Broadcast \mid [PROPOSAL, round, proposalset] \rangle$ ;
```

Decision only at the end

Cleaned at the beginning
of each round



FIFO Broadcast - Implementation

Algorithm 3.12: Broadcast with Sequence Number

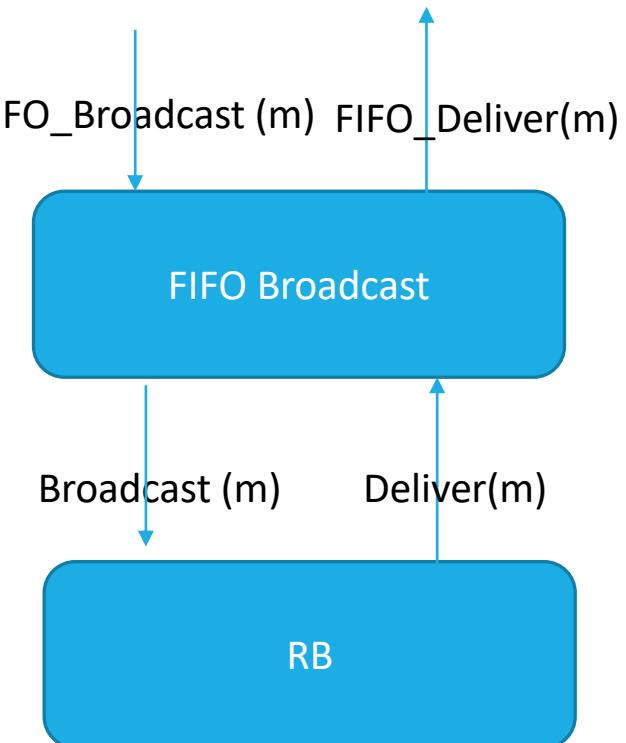
Implements:

FIFOReliableBroadcast, **instance** *frb*.

Uses:

ReliableBroadcast, **instance** *rb*.

```
upon event <frb, Init > do
    lsn := 0;
    pending := ∅;
    next := [1]N;
    
upon event <frb, Broadcast | m > do
    lsn := lsn + 1;
    trigger < rb, Broadcast | [DATA, self, m, lsn] >;
    
upon event < rb, Deliver | p, [DATA, s, m, sn] > do
    pending := pending ∪ {(s, m, sn)};
    while exists (s, m', sn') ∈ pending such that sn' = next[s] do
        next[s] := next[s] + 1;
        pending := pending \ {(s, m', sn')};
        trigger < frb, Deliver | s, m' >;
```



Causal Order Broadcast Implementation

Algorithm 3.15: Waiting Causal Broadcast

Implements:

CausalOrderReliableBroadcast, **instance** *crb*.

Uses:

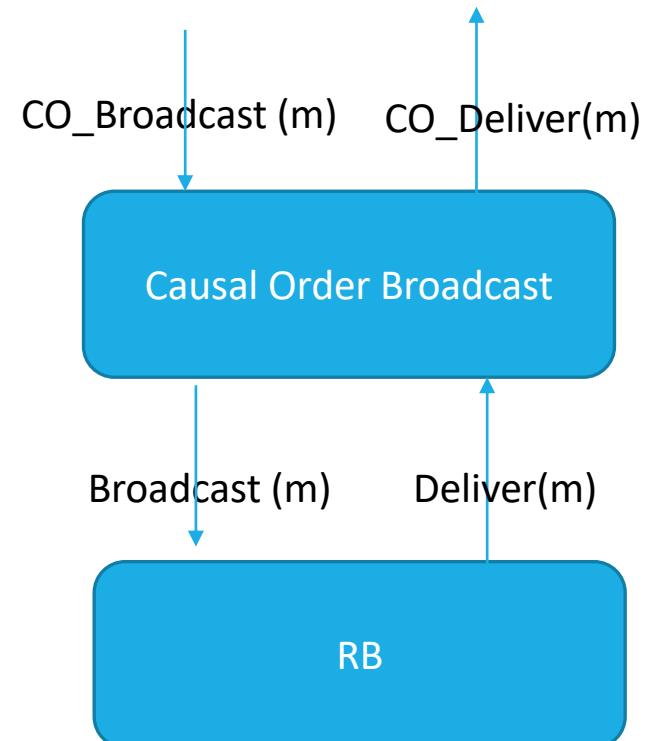
ReliableBroadcast, **instance** *rb*.

```
upon event < crb, Init > do
    V := [0]N;
    lsn := 0;
    pending := ∅;

upon event < crb, Broadcast | m > do
    W := V;
    W[rank(self)] := lsn;
    lsn := lsn + 1;
    trigger < rb, Broadcast | [DATA, W, m] >;

upon event < rb, Deliver | p, [DATA, W, m] > do
    pending := pending ∪ {(p, W, m)};
    while exists (p', W', m') ∈ pending such that W' ≤ V do
        pending := pending \ {(p', W', m')};
        V[rank(p')] := V[rank(p')] + 1;
        trigger < crb, Deliver | p', m' >;
```

The function rank()
associates an entry of the
vector to each process



Causal Order Broadcast Implementation

Algorithm 3.13: No-Waiting Causal Broadcast

Implements:

CausalOrderReliableBroadcast, **instance** *crb*.

Uses:

ReliableBroadcast, **instance** *rb*.

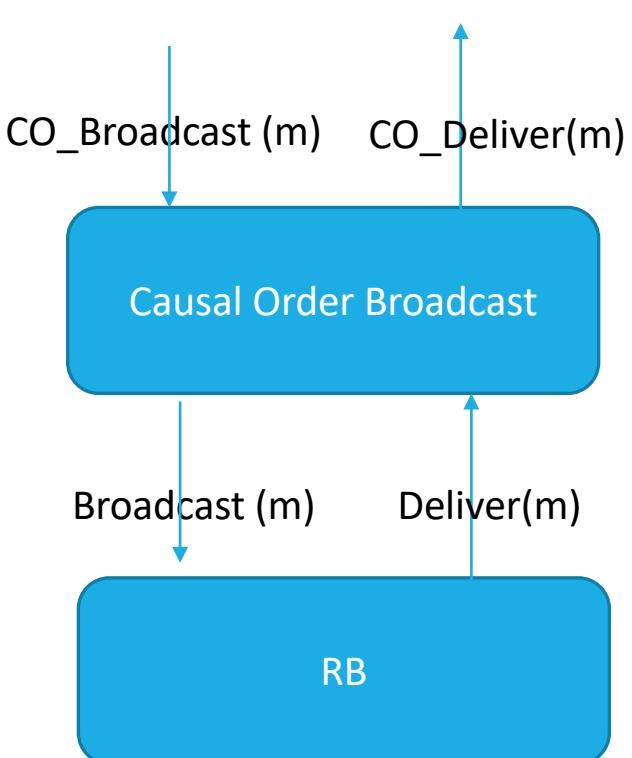
```
upon event < crb, Init > do
    delivered := ∅;
    past := [];

upon event < crb, Broadcast | m > do
    trigger < rb, Broadcast | [DATA, past, m] >;
    append(past, (self, m));

upon event < rb, Deliver | p, [DATA, mpast, m] > do
    if m ∉ delivered then
        forall (s, n) ∈ mpast do
            if n ∉ delivered then
                trigger < crb, Deliver | s, n >;
                delivered := delivered ∪ {n};
                if (s, n) ∉ past then
                    append(past, (s, n));
            trigger < crb, Deliver | p, m >;
            delivered := delivered ∪ {m};
            if (p, m) ∉ past then
                append(past, (p, m));
```

append(L, x) adds an element x at the end of list L

by the order
in the list



Total Order Algorithm

Algorithm 6.1: Consensus-Based Total-Order Broadcast

Implements:

TotalOrderBroadcast, **instance** *tob*.

Uses:

ReliableBroadcast, **instance** *rb*;
Consensus (multiple instances).

```
upon event < tob, Init > do
    unordered := ∅;
    delivered := ∅;
    round := 1;
    wait := FALSE;

upon event < tob, Broadcast | m > do
    trigger < rb, Broadcast | m >;

upon event < rb, Deliver | p, m > do
    if m ∉ delivered then
        unordered := unordered ∪ {(p, m)};                               

upon unordered ≠ ∅ ∧ wait = FALSE do
    wait := TRUE;
    Initialize a new instance c.round of consensus;
    trigger < c.round, Propose | unordered >;

upon event < c.r, Decide | decided > such that r = round do
    forall (s, m) ∈ sort(decided) do                                // by the order in the resulting sorted list
        trigger < tob, Deliver | s, m >;
    delivered := delivered ∪ decided;
    unordered := unordered \ decided;
    round := round + 1;
    wait := FALSE;
```

(1,N) regular register

Algorithm 4.1: Read-One Write-All

Implements:

(1, N)-RegularRegister, **instance** $onrr$.

Uses:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** beb ;
PerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** pl ;
PerfectFailureDetector, **instance** \mathcal{P} .

upon event $\langle onrr, Init \rangle$ **do**

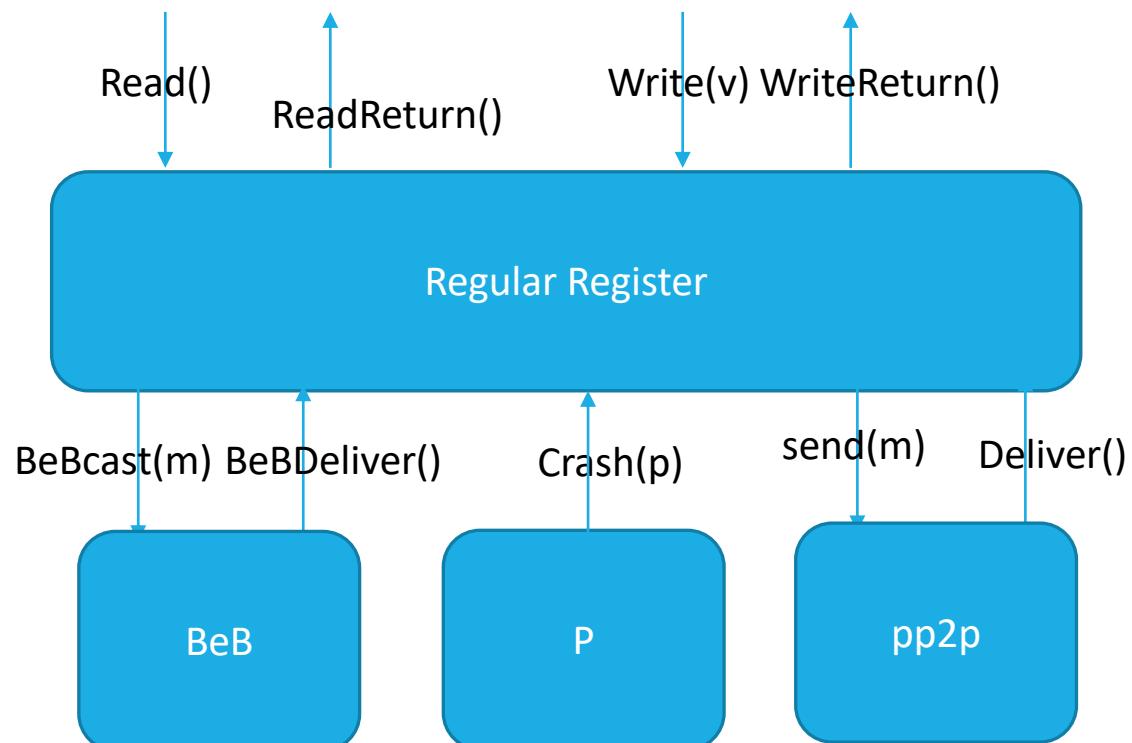
$val := \perp$;

$correct := \Pi$;

$writeset := \emptyset$;

upon event $\langle \mathcal{P}, Crash \mid p \rangle$ **do**

$correct := correct \setminus \{p\}$;



(1,N) regular register

```
upon event < onrr, Read > do  
    trigger < onrr, ReadReturn | val >;
```



Read() operation
Implementation

```
upon event < onrr, Write | v > do  
    trigger < beb, Broadcast | [WRITE, v] >;
```

```
upon event < beb, Deliver | q, [WRITE, v] > do  
    val := v;  
    trigger < pl, Send | q, ACK >;
```



Write() operation
Implementation

```
upon event < pl, Deliver | p, ACK > do  
    writeset := writeset ∪ {p};
```

```
upon correct ⊆ writeset do  
    writeset := ∅;  
    trigger < onrr, WriteReturn >;
```

(1, N) Regular Register: write() operation

```
upon event < onrr, Write | v > do
    wts := wts + 1;
    acks := 0;
    trigger < beb, Broadcast | [WRITE, wts, v] >;
upon event < beb, Deliver | p, [WRITE, ts', v'] > do
    if ts' > ts then
        (ts, val) := (ts', v');
    trigger < pl, Send | p, [ACK, ts'] >;
upon event < pl, Deliver | q, [ACK, ts'] > such that ts' = wts do
    acks := acks + 1;
    if acks > N/2 then
        acks := 0;
    trigger < onrr, WriteReturn >;
```

(1,N) regular register

Algorithm 4.2: Majority Voting Regular Register

Implements:

(1, N)-RegularRegister, **instance** *onrr*.

Uses:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** *beb*;

PerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** *pl*.

upon event \langle *onrr*, *Init* \rangle **do**

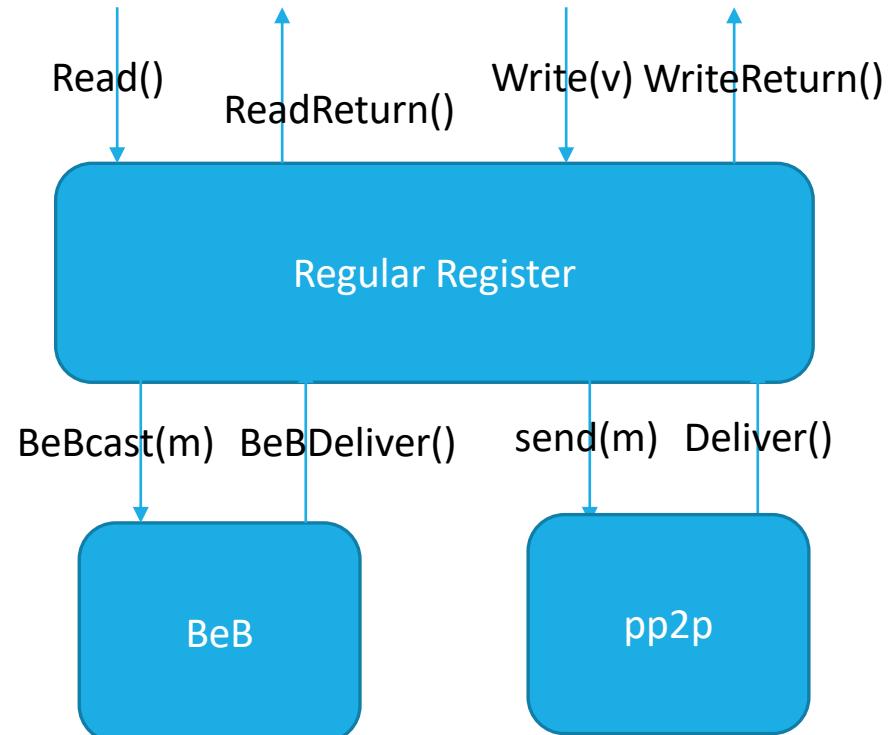
$(ts, val) := (0, \perp)$;

$wts := 0$;

$acks := 0$;

$rid := 0$;

$readlist := [\perp]^N$;



(1,N) regular register: Read() operation

upon event $\langle onrr, Read \rangle$ **do**

$rid := rid + 1;$

$readlist := [\perp]^N;$

trigger $\langle beb, Broadcast \mid [READ, rid] \rangle;$

upon event $\langle beb, Deliver \mid p, [READ, r] \rangle$ **do**

trigger $\langle pl, Send \mid p, [VALUE, r, ts, val] \rangle;$

upon event $\langle pl, Deliver \mid q, [VALUE, r, ts', v'] \rangle$ **such that** $r = rid$ **do**

$readlist[q] := (ts', v');$

if $\#(readlist) > N/2$ **then**

$v := highestval(readlist);$

$readlist := [\perp]^N;$

trigger $\langle onrr, ReadReturn \mid v \rangle;$

(1,N)Regular Register → (1,1)Atomic Register

Algorithm 4.3: From (1, N) Regular to (1, 1) Atomic Registers

Implements:

(1, 1)-AtomicRegister, **instance** *ooar*.

Uses:

(1, *N*)-RegularRegister, **instance** *onrr*.

```

upon event < ooar, Init > do
     $(ts, val) := (0, \perp)$ ;
     $wts := 0$ ;

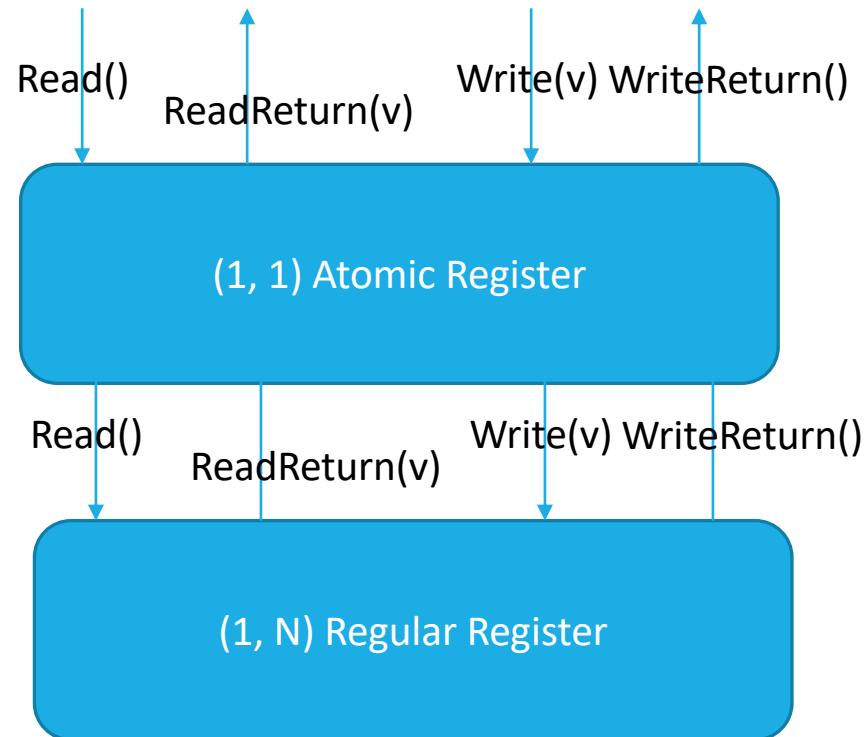
upon event < ooar, Write | v > do
     $wts := wts + 1$ ;
    trigger < onrr, Write |  $(wts, v)$  >;

upon event < onrr, WriteReturn > do
    trigger < ooar, WriteReturn >;

upon event < ooar, Read > do
    trigger < onrr, Read >;

upon event < onrr, ReadReturn |  $(ts', v')$  > do
    if  $ts' > ts$  then
         $(ts, val) := (ts', v')$ ;
    trigger < ooar, ReadReturn | val >;

```



(1,1)Atomic Register → (1,N) Atomic Register: Phase 2

```
upon event < onar, Write | v > do
    ts := ts + 1;
    writing := TRUE;
    forall q ∈ Π do
        trigger < ooar.q.self, Write | (ts, v) >;
upon event < ooar.q.self, WriteReturn > do
    acks := acks + 1;
    if acks = N then
        acks := 0;
        if writing = TRUE then
            trigger < onar, WriteReturn >;
            writing := FALSE;
        else
            trigger < onar, ReadReturn | readval >;
```

(1,1)Atomic Register → (1,N) Atomic Register: Phase 2

```
upon event < onar, Read > do
  forall r ∈ Π do
    trigger < ooar.self.r, Read >;
    
upon event < ooar.self.r, ReadReturn | (ts', v') > do
  readlist[r] := (ts', v');
  if #(readlist) = N then
    (maxts, readval) := highest(readlist);
    readlist := [⊥]N;
    forall q ∈ Π do
      trigger < ooar.q.self, Write | (maxts, readval) >;
```

Read-Impose Write-All (1,N) Atomic Register

Algorithm 4.5: Read-Impose Write-All

Implements:

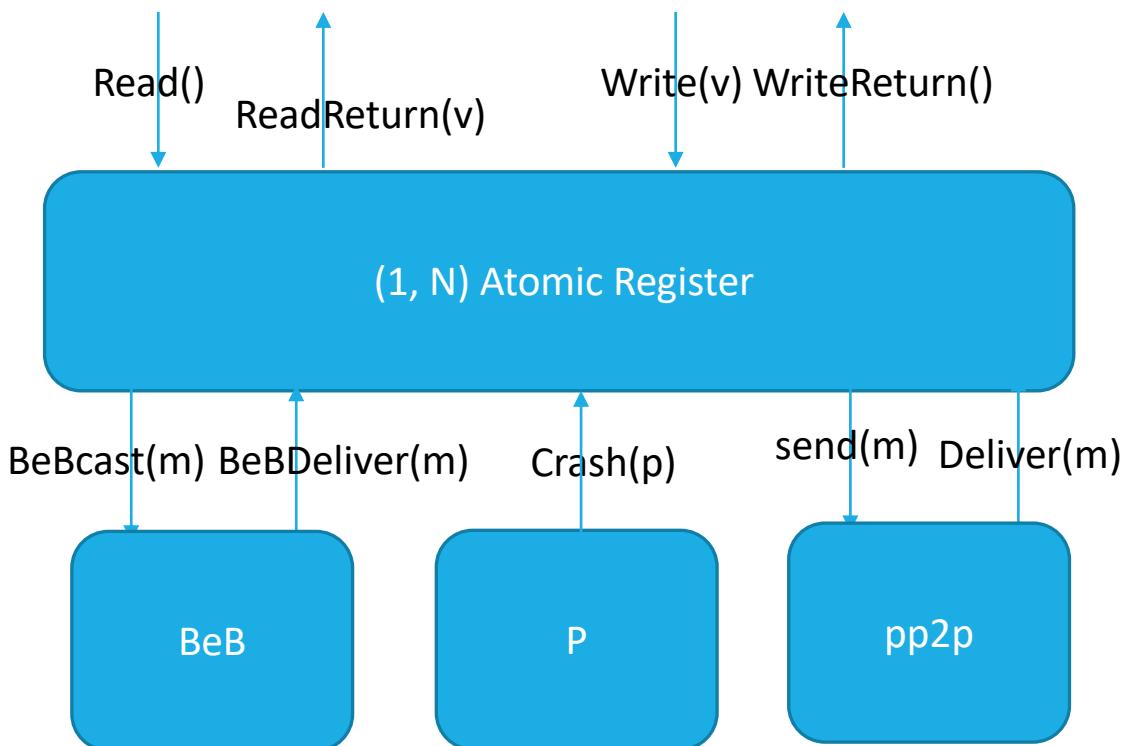
(1, N)-AtomicRegister, **instance** *onar*.

Uses:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** *beb*;
PerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** *pl*;
PerfectFailureDetector, **instance** \mathcal{P} .

upon event $\langle \text{onar}, \text{Init} \rangle$ **do**
 $(ts, val) := (0, \perp)$;
 $correct := \Pi$;
 $writeset := \emptyset$;
 $readval := \perp$;
 $reading := \text{FALSE}$;

upon event $\langle \mathcal{P}, \text{Crash} \mid p \rangle$ **do**
 $correct := correct \setminus \{p\}$;



Read-Impose Write-All (1,N) Atomic Register

```
upon event < onar, Read > do
    reading := TRUE;
    readval := val;
    trigger < beb, Broadcast | [WRITE, ts, val] >;
}

upon event < onar, Write | v > do
    trigger < beb, Broadcast | [WRITE, ts + 1, v] >;
}

upon event < beb, Deliver | p, [WRITE, ts', v'] > do
    if ts' > ts then
        (ts, val) := (ts', v');
    trigger < pl, Send | p, [ACK] >;
}

upon event < pl, Deliver | p, [ACK] > then
    writeset := writeset ∪ {p};

upon correct ⊆ writeset do
    writeset := ∅;
    if reading = TRUE then
        reading := FALSE;
        trigger < onar, ReadReturn | readval >;
    else
        trigger < onar, WriteReturn >;
}
```

Read() operation
Implementation

Write() operation
Implementation

Read-Impose Write-Majority (1,N) Atomic Register

Algorithm 4.6: Read-Impose Write-Majority (part 1, read)

Implements:

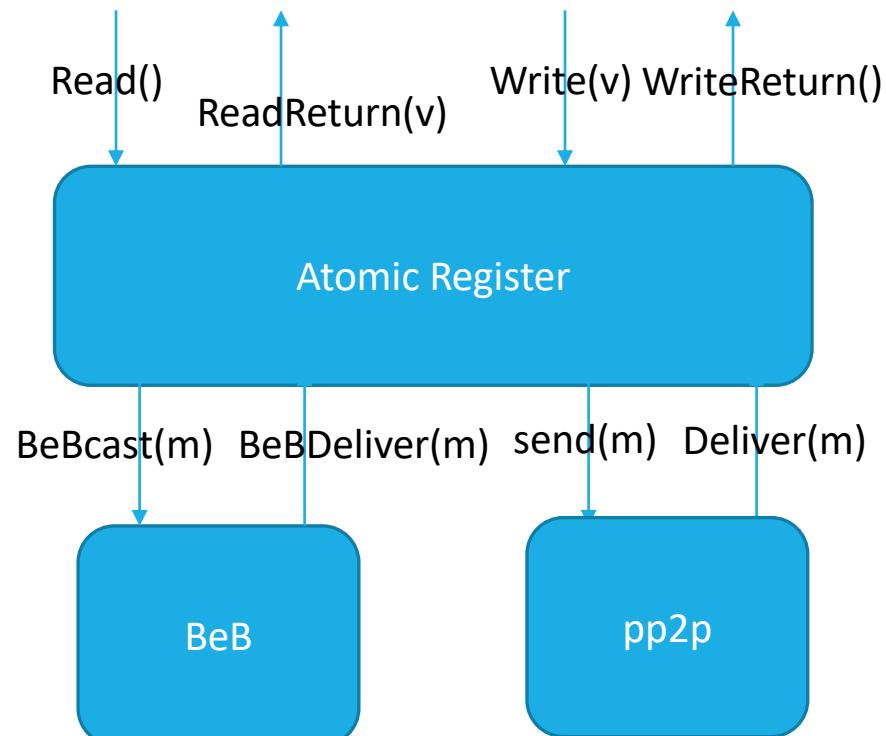
(1, N)-AtomicRegister, **instance** *onar*.

Uses:

BestEffortBroadcast, **instance** *beb*;
PerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** *pl*.

upon event \langle *onar*, *Init* \rangle **do**

```
(ts, val) := (0, ⊥);  
wts := 0;  
acks := 0;  
rid := 0;  
readlist := [ $\perp$ ]N;  
readval :=  $\perp$ ;  
reading := FALSE;
```



Read-Impose Write-Majority (1,N) Atomic Register

upon event $\langle onar, Read \rangle$ **do**

$rid := rid + 1;$

$acks := 0;$

$readlist := [\perp]^N;$

$reading := \text{TRUE};$

trigger $\langle beb, Broadcast \mid [\text{READ}, rid] \rangle;$

upon event $\langle beb, Deliver \mid p, [\text{READ}, r] \rangle$ **do**

trigger $\langle pl, Send \mid p, [\text{VALUE}, r, ts, val] \rangle;$

upon event $\langle pl, Deliver \mid q, [\text{VALUE}, r, ts', v'] \rangle$ **such that** $r = rid$ **do**

$readlist[q] := (ts', v');$

if $\#(readlist) > N/2$ **then**

$(maxts, readval) := \text{highest}(readlist);$

$readlist := [\perp]^N;$

trigger $\langle beb, Broadcast \mid [\text{WRITE}, rid, maxts, readval] \rangle;$

Read-Impose Write-Majority (1,N) Atomic Register

```
upon event < onar, Write | v > do
    rid := rid + 1;
    wts := wts + 1;
    acks := 0;
    trigger < beb, Broadcast | [WRITE, rid, wts, v] >;

upon event < beb, Deliver | p, [WRITE, r, ts', v'] > do
    if ts' > ts then
        (ts, val) := (ts', v');
    trigger < pl, Send | p, [ACK, r] >;

upon event < pl, Deliver | q, [ACK, r] > such that r = rid do
    acks := acks + 1;
    if acks > N/2 then
        acks := 0;
        if reading = TRUE then
            reading := FALSE;
            trigger < onar, ReadReturn | readval >;
    else
        trigger < onar, WriteReturn >;
```

Byzantine consistent broadcast implementation

Algorithm 3.16: Authenticated Echo Broadcast

Implements:

ByzantineConsistentBroadcast, **instance** *bcb*, with sender *s*.

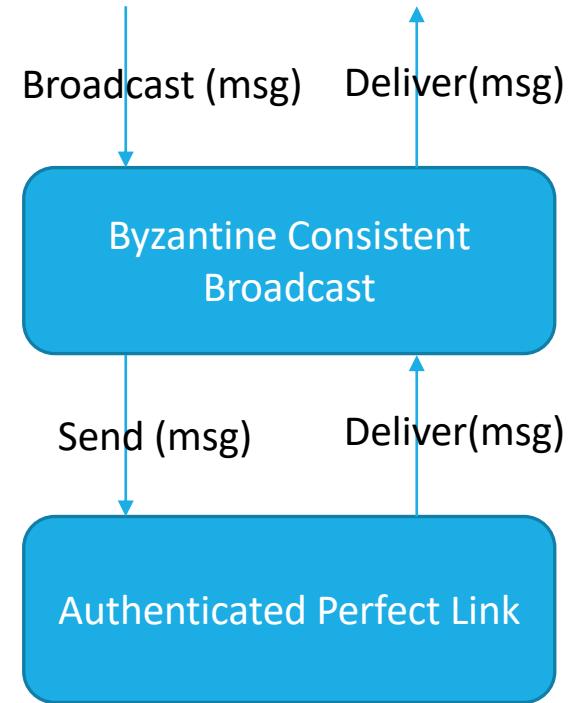
Uses:

AuthPerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** *al*.

```

upon event < bcb, Init > do
    sentecho := FALSE;
    delivered := FALSE;
    echos := [⊥]N;
upon event < bcb, Broadcast | m > do                                // only process s
    forall q ∈  $\Pi$  do
        trigger < al, Send | q, [SEND, m] >;
upon event < al, Deliver | p, [SEND, m] > such that p = s and sentecho = FALSE do
    sentecho := TRUE;
    forall q ∈  $\Pi$  do
        trigger < al, Send | q, [ECHO, m] >;
upon event < al, Deliver | p, [ECHO, m] > do
    if echos[p] = ⊥ then
        echos[p] := m;
upon exists m ≠ ⊥ such that #( $\{p \in \Pi \mid \text{echos}[p] = m\}$ ) >  $\frac{N+f}{2}$ 
    and delivered = FALSE do
        delivered := TRUE;
        trigger < bcb, Deliver | s, m >;

```



Correctness is ensured if
 $N > 3f$

$$\#(\{p \in \Pi \mid \text{echos}[p] = m\}) > \frac{N+f}{2}$$

Byzantine Reliable Broadcast implementation

Algorithm 3.18: Authenticated Double-Echo Broadcast

Implements:

ByzantineReliableBroadcast, **instance** *brb*, with sender *s*.

Uses:

AuthPerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** *al*.

```
upon event < brb, Init > do
    sentecho := FALSE;
    sentready := FALSE;
    delivered := FALSE;
    echos := [ $\perp$ ]N;
    readyss := [ $\perp$ ]N;

upon event < brb, Broadcast | m > do                                // only process s
    forall q ∈  $\Pi$  do
        trigger < al, Send | q, [SEND, m] >;

upon event < al, Deliver | p, [SEND, m] > such that p = s and sentecho = FALSE do
    sentecho := TRUE;
    forall q ∈  $\Pi$  do
        trigger < al, Send | q, [ECHO, m] >

upon event < al, Deliver | p, [ECHO, m] > do
    if echos[p] =  $\perp$  then
        echos[p] := m;
```

```
upon exists m ≠  $\perp$  such that #( {p ∈  $\Pi$  | echos[p] = m} ) >  $\frac{N+f}{2}$ 
    and sentready = FALSE do
        sentready := TRUE;
        forall q ∈  $\Pi$  do
            trigger < al, Send | q, [READY, m] >

upon event < al, Deliver | p, [READY, m] > do
    if readyss[p] =  $\perp$  then
        readyss[p] := m;

upon exists m ≠  $\perp$  such that #( {p ∈  $\Pi$  | readyss[p] = m} ) > f
    and sentready = FALSE do
        sentready := TRUE;
        forall q ∈  $\Pi$  do
            trigger < al, Send | q, [READY, m] >

upon exists m ≠  $\perp$  such that #( {p ∈  $\Pi$  | readyss[p] = m} ) > 2f
    and delivered = FALSE do
        delivered := TRUE;
        trigger < brb, Deliver | s, m >;
```

Algorithm 4.14: Byzantine Masking Quorum**Implements:**(1, N)-ByzantineSafeRegister, **instance** *bonsr*, with writer *w*.**Uses:**AuthPerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** *al*.

```
upon event < bonsr, Init > do
  (ts, val) := (0, ⊥);
  wts := 0;
  acklist := [⊥]N;
  rid := 0;
  readlist := [⊥]N;

upon event < bonsr, Write | v > do // only process w
  wts := wts + 1;
  acklist := [⊥]N;
  forall q ∈ Π do
    trigger < al, Send | q, [WRITE, wts, v] >;
    
upon event < al, Deliver | p, [WRITE, ts', v'] > such that p = w do
  if ts' > ts then
    (ts, val) := (ts', v');
  trigger < al, Send | p, [ACK, ts'] >;
```

Assumption N>4f

```
upon event < al, Deliver | q, [ACK, ts'] > such that ts' = wts do
  1 acklist[q] := ACK;
  if #(acklist) > (N + 2f)/2 then
    acklist := [⊥]N;
    trigger < bonsr, WriteReturn >;
```

```
upon event < bonsr, Read > do
  rid := rid + 1;
  readlist := [⊥]N;
  forall q ∈ Π do
    trigger < al, Send | q, [READ, rid] >;
```

```
upon event < al, Deliver | p, [READ, r] > do
  trigger < al, Send | p, [VALUE, r, ts, val] >;
```

```
upon event < al, Deliver | q, [VALUE, r, ts', v'] > such that r = rid do
  2 readlist[q] := (ts', v');
  if #(readlist) >  $\frac{N+2f}{2}$  then
    v := byzhighestval(readlist);
    readlist := [⊥]N;
    trigger < bonsr, ReadReturn | v >;
```

byzhighestval (·): selects the value from the pair that occurs more than f time and with the highest timestamp.
If no pair exists, the reader selects a default value v_0 from the domain of the register.

Regular Register Implementation with cryptographic assumptions

Algorithm 4.15: Authenticated-Data Byzantine Quorum

Implements:

(1, N)-ByzantineRegularRegister, **instance** $bonrr$, with writer w .

Uses:

AuthPerfectPointToPointLinks, **instance** al .

```

upon event <  $bonrr$ , Init > do
     $(ts, val, \sigma) := (0, \perp, \perp);$ 
     $wts := 0;$ 
     $acklist := [\perp]^N;$ 
     $rid := 0;$ 
     $readlist := [\perp]^N;$ 

upon event <  $bonrr$ , Write |  $v$  > do
     $wts := wts + 1;$ 
     $acklist := [\perp]^N;$ 
     $\sigma := sign(self, bonrr || self || WRITE || wts || v);$ 
    forall  $q \in II$  do
        trigger <  $al$ , Send |  $q$ , [WRITE,  $wts$ ,  $v$ ,  $\sigma$ ] >;
    
```

// only process w

```

upon event <  $al$ , Deliver |  $p$ , [READ,  $r$ ] > do
    trigger <  $al$ , Send |  $p$ , [VALUE,  $r$ ,  $ts$ ,  $val$ ,  $\sigma$ ] >;

```

```

upon event <  $al$ , Deliver |  $q$ , [VALUE,  $r$ ,  $ts'$ ,  $v'$ ,  $\sigma'$ ] > such that  $r = rid$  do
    if verifysig( $q$ ,  $bonrr || w || WRITE || ts' || v', \sigma'$ ) then
         $readlist[q] := (ts', v');$ 
        if  $\#(readlist) > \frac{N+f}{2}$  then
             $v := highestval(readlist);$ 
             $readlist := [\perp]^N;$ 
            trigger <  $bonrr$ , ReadReturn |  $v$  >;

```

```

upon event <  $al$ , Deliver |  $p$ , [WRITE,  $ts'$ ,  $v'$ ,  $\sigma'$ ] > such that  $p = w$  do
    if  $ts' > ts$  then
         $(ts, val, \sigma) := (ts', v', \sigma');$ 
        trigger <  $al$ , Send |  $p$ , [ACK,  $ts'$ ] >;

```

```

upon event <  $al$ , Deliver |  $q$ , [ACK,  $ts'$ ] > such that  $ts' = wts$  do
     $acklist[q] := ACK;$ 
    if  $\#(acklist) > (N + f)/2$  then
         $acklist := [\perp]^N;$ 
        trigger <  $bonrr$ , WriteReturn >;

```

i.e. $> 2f$

Assumption
 $N > 3f$

```

upon event <  $bonrr$ , Read > do
     $rid := rid + 1;$ 
     $readlist := [\perp]^N;$ 
    forall  $q \in II$  do
        trigger <  $al$ , Send |  $q$ , [READ,  $rid$ ] >;

```

```

upon event <  $al$ , Deliver |  $p$ , [READ,  $r$ ] > do
    trigger <  $al$ , Send |  $p$ , [VALUE,  $r$ ,  $ts$ ,  $val$ ,  $\sigma$ ] >;

```

i.e. $> 2f$