

How to start your journey as a Data Scientist?

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WOMAN IN DATA SCIENCE – TURIN 26TH FEBRUARY



Who I am

- ▶ Past Web & Software developer
- ▶ Master: computer science in Polimi



Where are Rladies
now?



+70 CHAPTERS



+20 COUNTRIES



- **Founded July 2017**
- **Near 250 Rladies**



14%

R package developers are female

26%

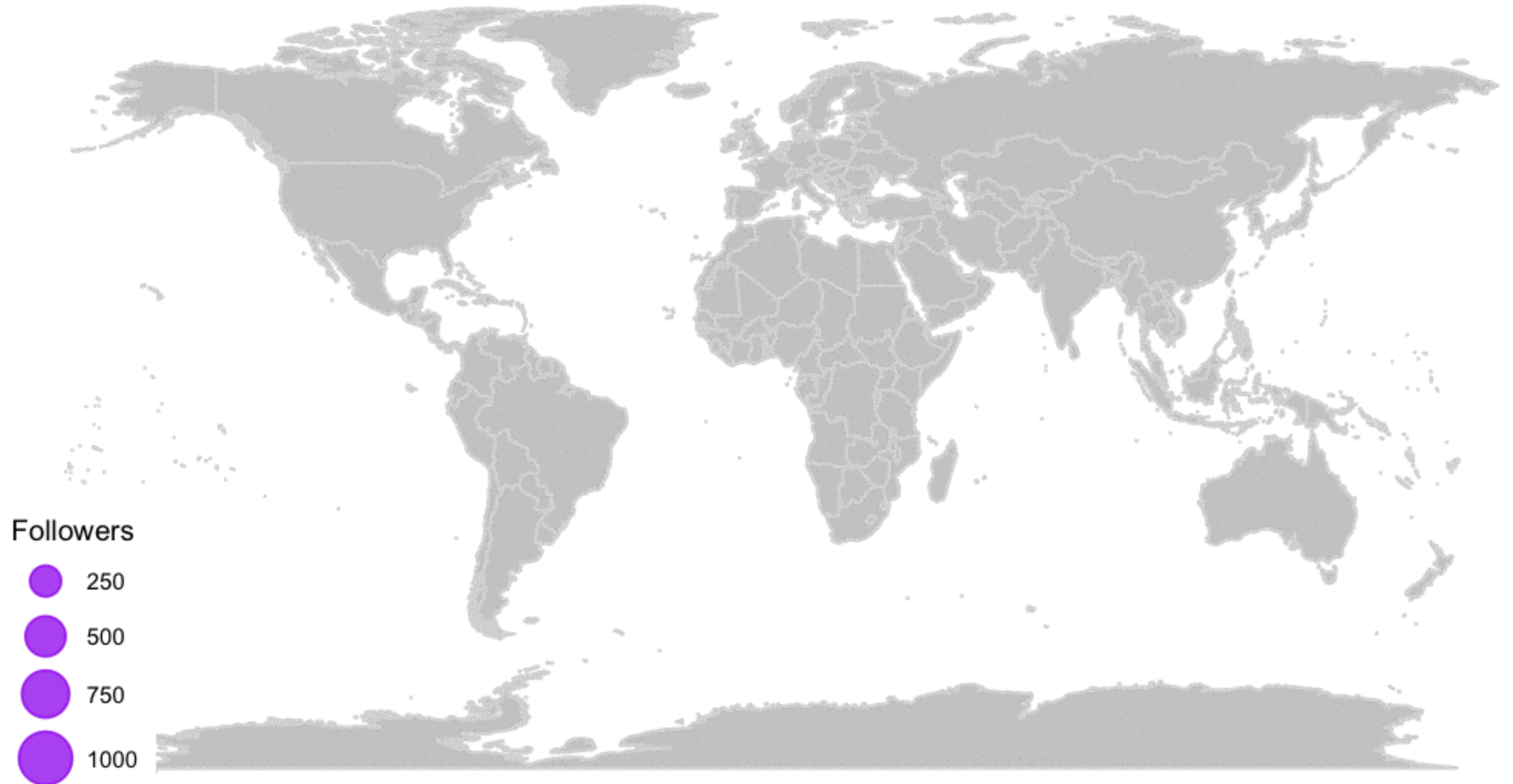
Only make up data professionals

20%

Of all tech startups across the world are founded by women

2011-09-01

Twitter followers by each chapter



MODERN DATA SCIENTIST

Data Scientist, the sexiest job of the 21st century, requires a mixture of multidisciplinary skills ranging from an intersection of mathematics, statistics, computer science, communication and business. Finding a data scientist is hard. Finding people who understand who a data scientist is, is equally hard. So here is a little cheat sheet on who the modern data scientist really is.

MATH & STATISTICS

- ☆ Machine learning
- ☆ Statistical modeling
- ☆ Experiment design
- ☆ Bayesian inference
- ☆ Supervised learning: decision trees, random forests, logistic regression
- ☆ Unsupervised learning: clustering, dimensionality reduction
- ☆ Optimization: gradient descent and variants



PROGRAMMING & DATABASE

- ☆ Computer science fundamentals
- ☆ Scripting language e.g. Python
- ☆ Statistical computing packages, e.g., R
- ☆ Databases: SQL and NoSQL
- ☆ Relational algebra
- ☆ Parallel databases and parallel query processing
- ☆ MapReduce concepts
- ☆ Hadoop and Hive/Pig
- ☆ Custom reducers
- ☆ Experience with xaaS like AWS

DOMAIN KNOWLEDGE & SOFT SKILLS

- ☆ Passionate about the business
- ☆ Curious about data
- ☆ Influence without authority
- ☆ Hacker mindset
- ☆ Problem solver
- ☆ Strategic, proactive, creative, innovative and collaborative

COMMUNICATION & VISUALIZATION

- ☆ Able to engage with senior management
- ☆ Story telling skills
- ☆ Translate data-driven insights into decisions and actions
- ☆ Visual art design
- ☆ R packages like ggplot or lattice
- ☆ Knowledge of any of visualization tools e.g. Flare, D3.js, Tableau

“A data scientist is better at statistic than a software engineer and is better at software engineering than a statistician”

Who is a Data scientist?

- ▶ **Passionate** about data
- ▶ **Thinker**
- ▶ A **listener** to understand business problem
- ▶ A good communicator and **storyteller**
- ▶ Have **technical skills** for coding and analyzing data
- ▶ **Obsess** with solving problems





Data scientists

- Use analytics & technical skills to extract, analyze and model data



Statistician

- Understand statistic and apply it on real problems



Data engineer

- Responsible for architecture of data
- Ensure the flow of data within servers & applications





Be ready
for the
journey!

Learning in data science is not a linear path!

- ▶ Data science is **not about just one specific skills**
- ▶ You must know all things and **be expert in one** of them
- ▶ It is a **fast evolving field**
- ▶ It does **not need** to be **expert in the domain**

Where to start learning or add more skill sets to your toolbox?

Online courses



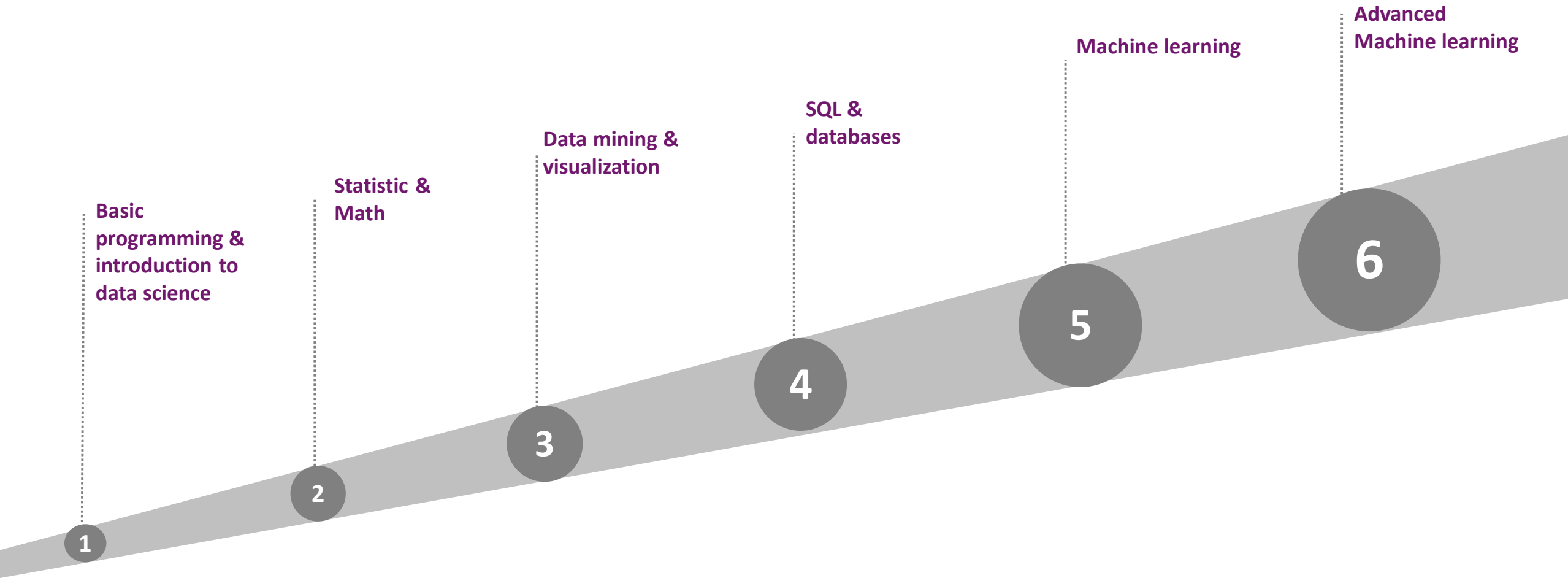
Datasets for practices



Google Trends Datastore



There is a starting point but no end road!



Beginners steps

Basic programming & introduction to data science

- R
- Python

- Benefits & potential of the languages
- Answer possible questions in the field
- How to code and use the basics such as libraries, functions,...
- How to load & read & manipulate data



Introduction to R

Intro to Python for Data Science



R Programming

Introduction to Data Science in Python



Introduction to Python: Absolute Beginner

Introduction to R for Data Science

Beginners steps

Statistic & Math

- Learn fundamental concepts of statistics such as p-values, variance, correlation, statistical hypothesis..
- Evaluate various types of data and how to interpret their structure
- How to apply various statistical methods on the data



A Hands-on Introduction to
Statistics with R

Intro to Statistics with R: Introduction



Statistical Inference

Introduction to Probability and Data



Statistics and R

Introductory Statistics : Basic
Ideas and Instruments for
Statistical Inference

Beginners steps

Data mining & visualization

- Handle anomalies in data such as missing values, outliers,...
- Explore correlations among variables
- Apply feature engineering on the data
- Create graph & visualization to demonstrate findings in the data



Data Visualization with ggplot2

Introduction to Data Visualization with Python



Exploratory Data Analysis

Data Management and Visualization



Analyzing and Visualizing Data with Power BI

Data Analysis: Visualization and Dashboard Design

Beginners steps

SQL & databases

- Understand how relational databases are working
- How to interact with databases for fetching, saving and manipulation of data



Intro to SQL for Data Science

Introduction to Databases in Python



Using Databases with Python

Managing Big Data with MySQL



Querying Data with Transact-SQL

Beginners steps

Machine learning

- Learn various algorithms such as regression, random forest, classification tree, etc. and their concepts and understand where to use them
- How to apply predictive modeling on set of data
- Learn how to train various model and what are the metrics of trained models and how to compare them



Machine Learning Toolbox

Introduction to Machine Learning



Machine Learning

Practical Machine Learning



Applied Machine Learning

Principles of Machine Learning

Intermediate & advanced steps

Advanced machine learning

- Learn how to manipulate unstructured data
- Learn and understand advanced topics such as deep learning, social network analysis, text mining, time series processing,...



Text Mining: Bag of Words

**Manipulating Time Series Data in R with xts
& zoo**



**Deep Learning
Specialization**

Practical Time Series Analysis



Deep Learning Explained

Graph Algorithms

Being specialist in one field?

Other topics

- Depends on the field, business and type of problems



Building Web Applications in R with Shiny

Network Analysis in R

Building Chatbots in Python

Credit Risk Modeling in R



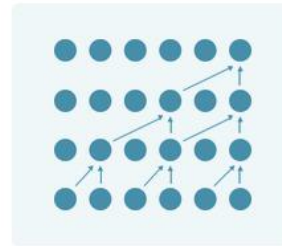
Bayesian Methods for Machine Learning

Practical Reinforcement Learning

Kaggle learning

Hands-On Data Science Education

Learn the basics to confidently start a new career or upgrade your skills.



Machine Learning



R



Data Visualisation

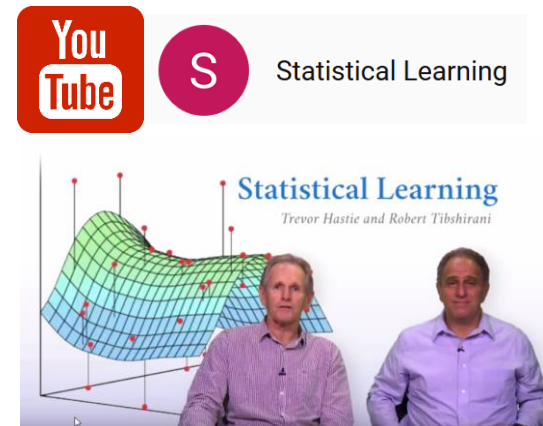
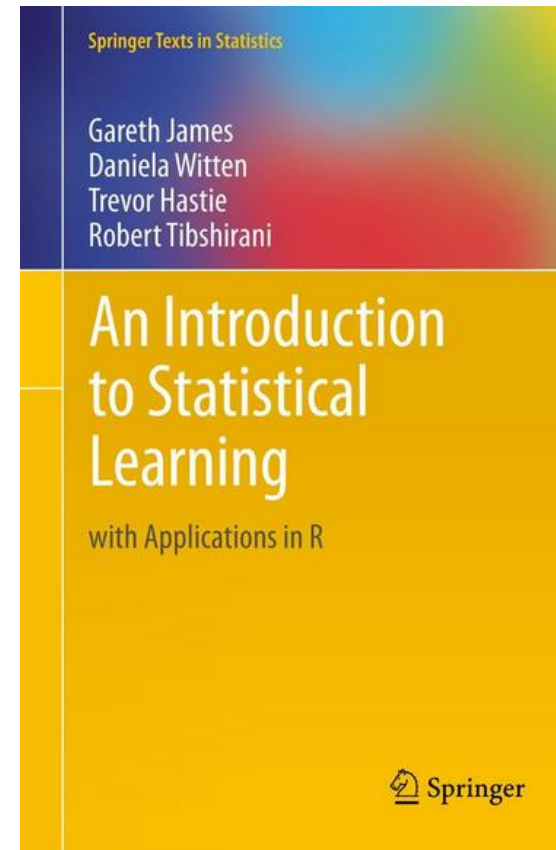


Deep Learning

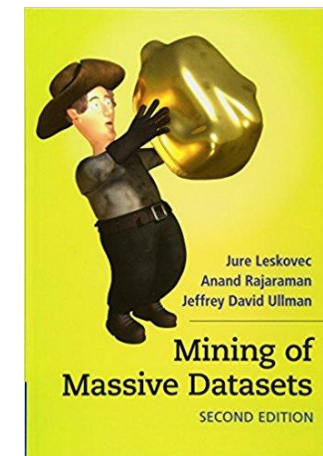
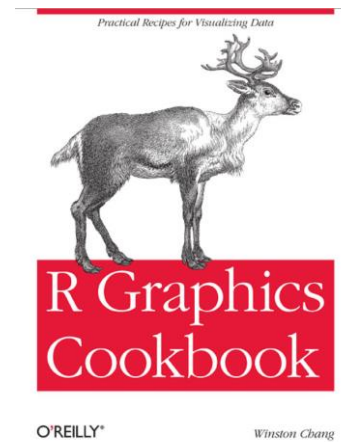
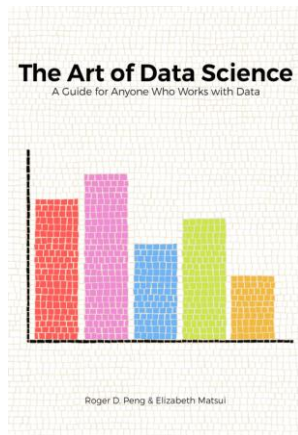


SQL

If you have to read
just one single book
/ or watch just 15
hours videos



Free books

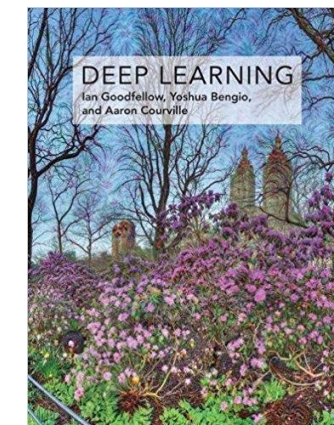
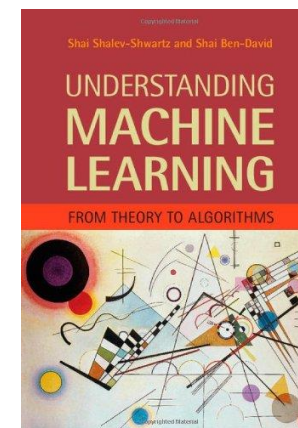
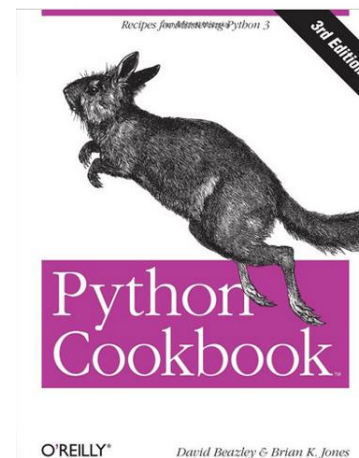
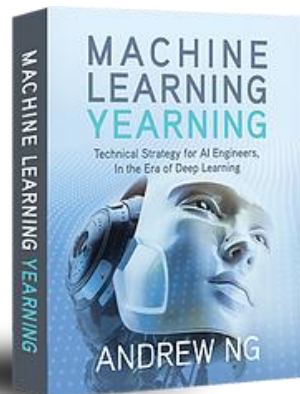


A Programmer's Guide to Data Mining



The Ancient Art of the Numerati

Ron Zacharski



Websites

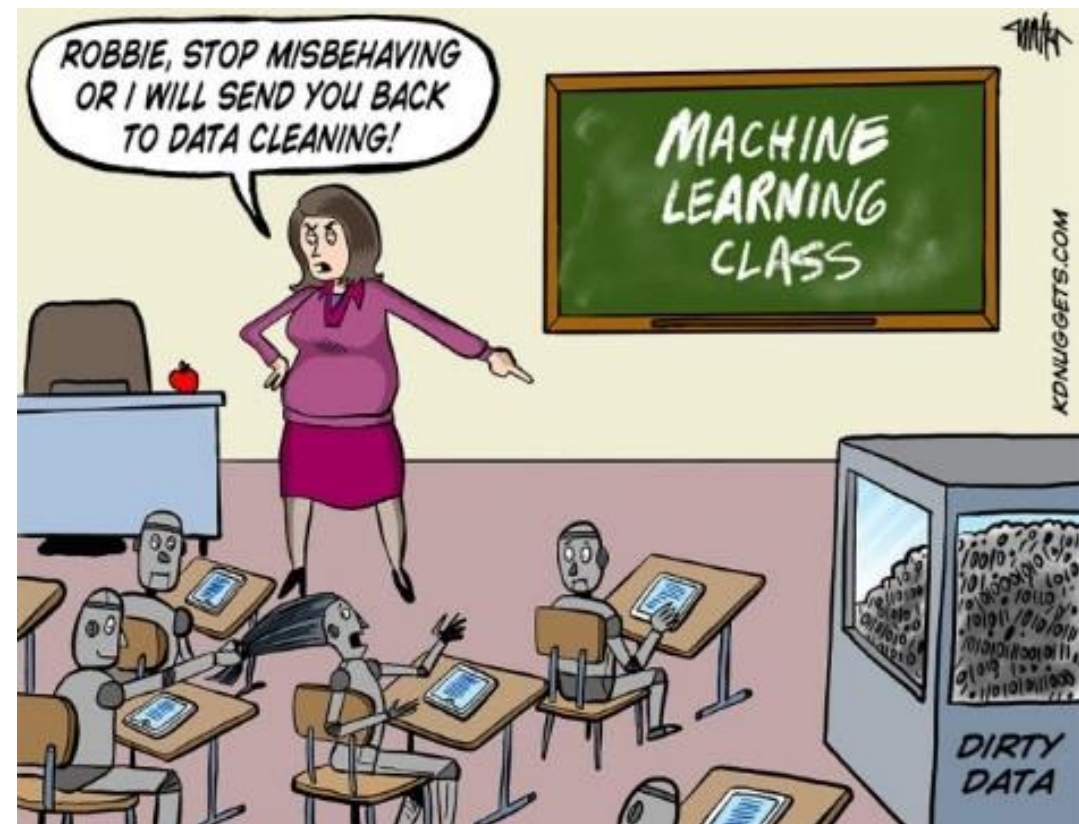


No Free Hunch

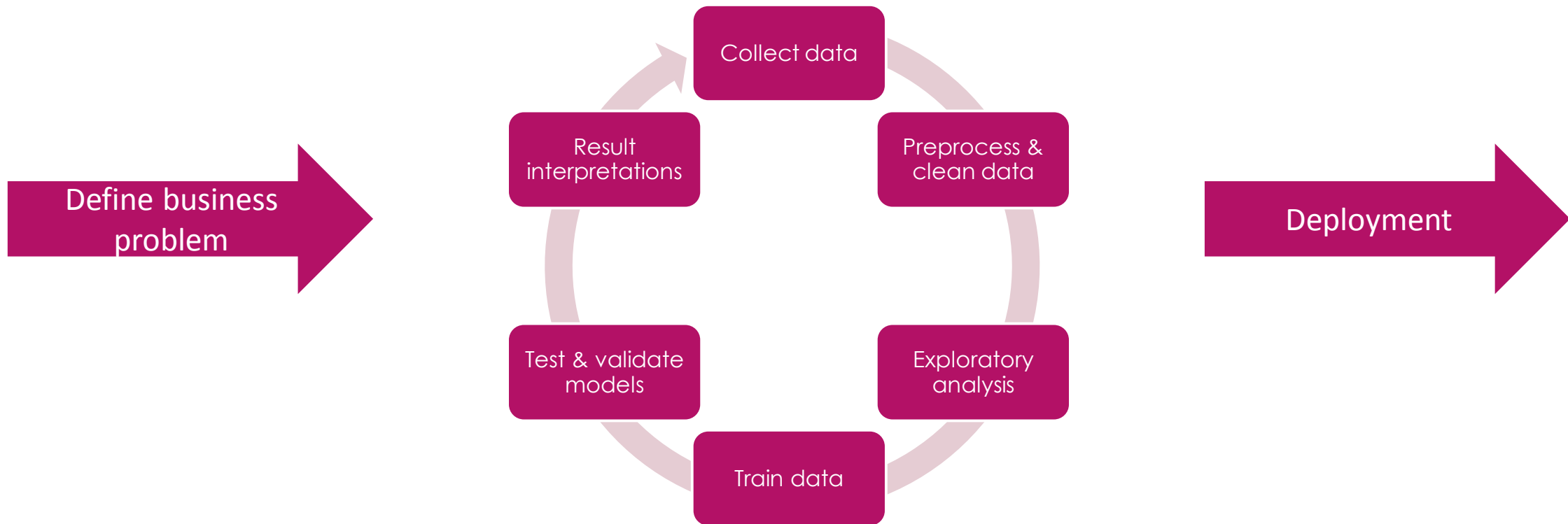


You don't have any experience?

- ▶ Do the action!
- ▶ Apply what you learn on some use cases from Kaggle or any other data set that you can
- ▶ Do the competitions in Kaggle, share the code in blogs, GitHub account, LinkedIn,...
- ▶ You can find internship, asking companies directly
- ▶ Ask mentors to follow you in the way

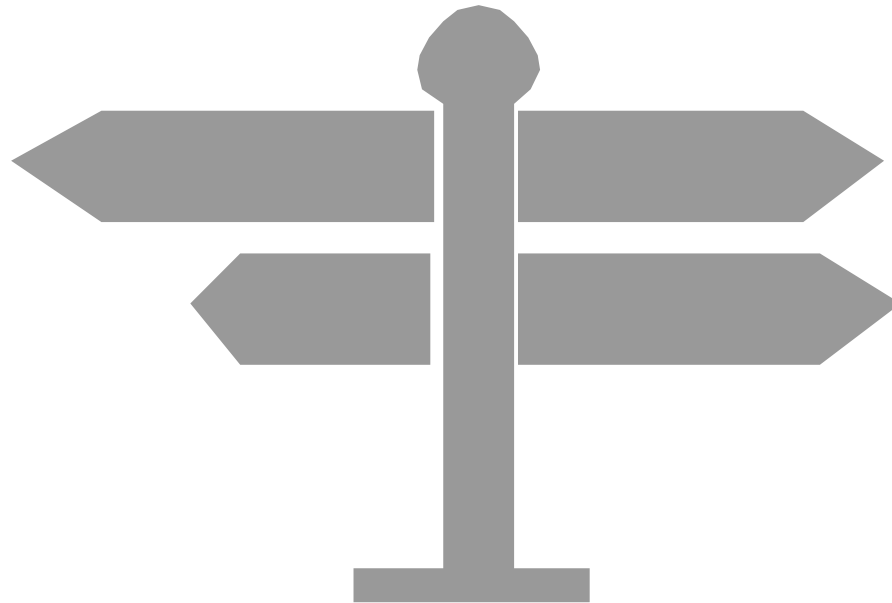


Ok, I'm all set, but how can I tackle a real problem?



Define the business problem

- ▶ Listen to business's need
- ▶ You must be a good listener



- ▶ The business you are facing do not know their problem yet? That is even fine too!
- ▶ A lot of time, they don't have any idea where to start

Collect data

Data are in a structured format such as database, csv file,...

Structured data



Data are in a unstructured format such as text, images, audio and video

Unstructured data

Near 80% of data in organization are unstructured

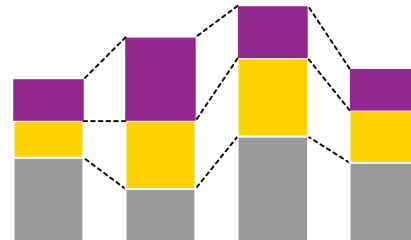
Preprocessing & cleaning data

- ▶ **Never trust** your data
- ▶ **Check consistency & structure** of the data to be sure about its quality
- ▶ Fill **missing values**
- ▶ **Be aware of noisy data** and treat them well!
- ▶ Check **outliers** & remove them
- ▶ Apply **data transformation** such as normalization or aggregation



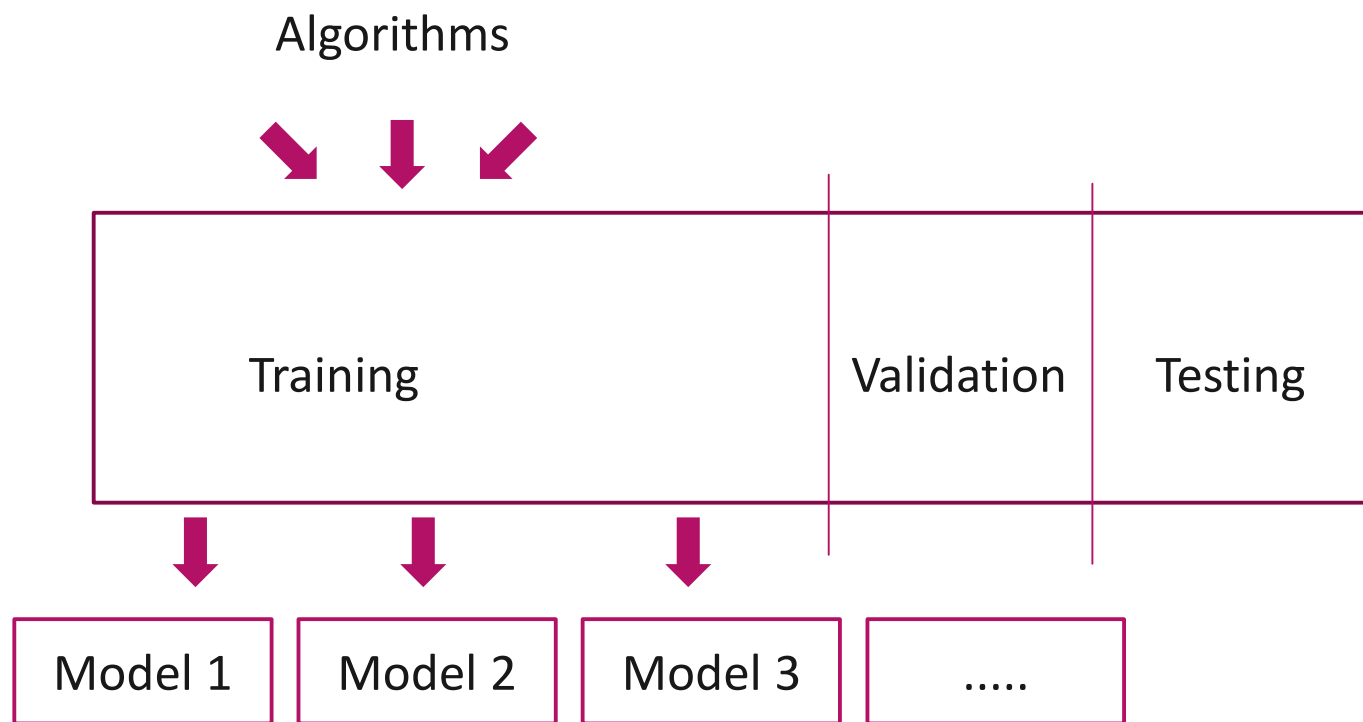
Exploratory analysis

- ▶ **Understand and summarize the data**
- ▶ **Explore** for insights & hidden patterns
- ▶ Investigate the correlations among various variables
- ▶ Create some **hypothesis** based on the findings
- ▶ **Understand which model & technique to use** for analyzing the data
- ▶ **Feature engineering** can happen in this stage too



**Think about
the questions
that you are
going to
answer**

Model training, testing & validation



60%, 20%, 20%

Algorithms?

Classification / supervised learning

Linear regression

Logistic regression

Decision tree

Random forest

PCA

Clustering/ unsupervised learning

K-means

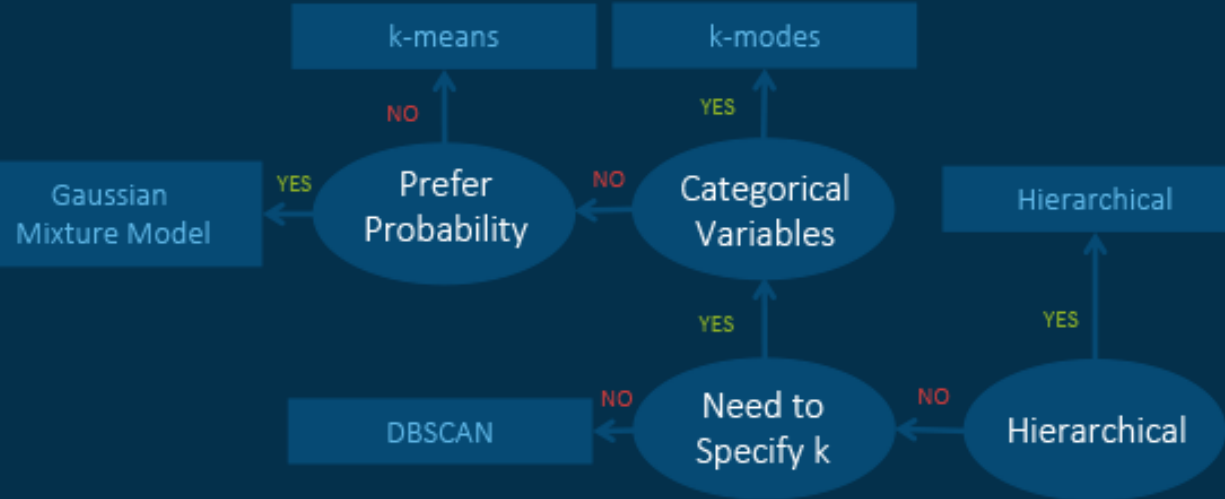
PAM

Hierarchy

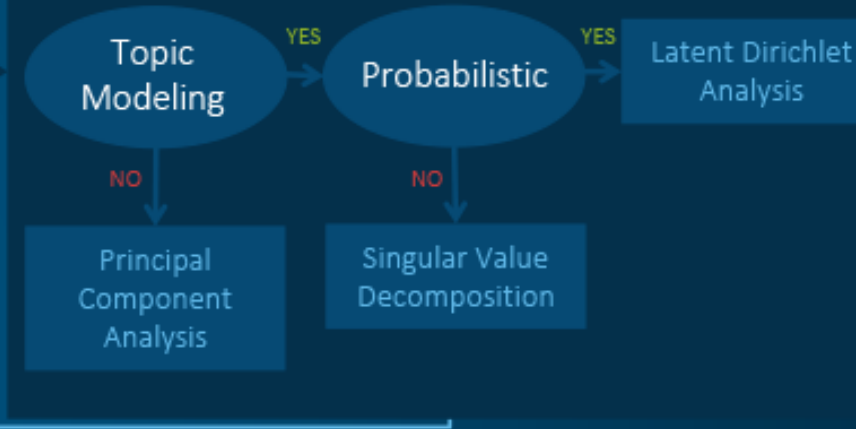
Density based

Machine Learning Algorithms Cheat Sheet

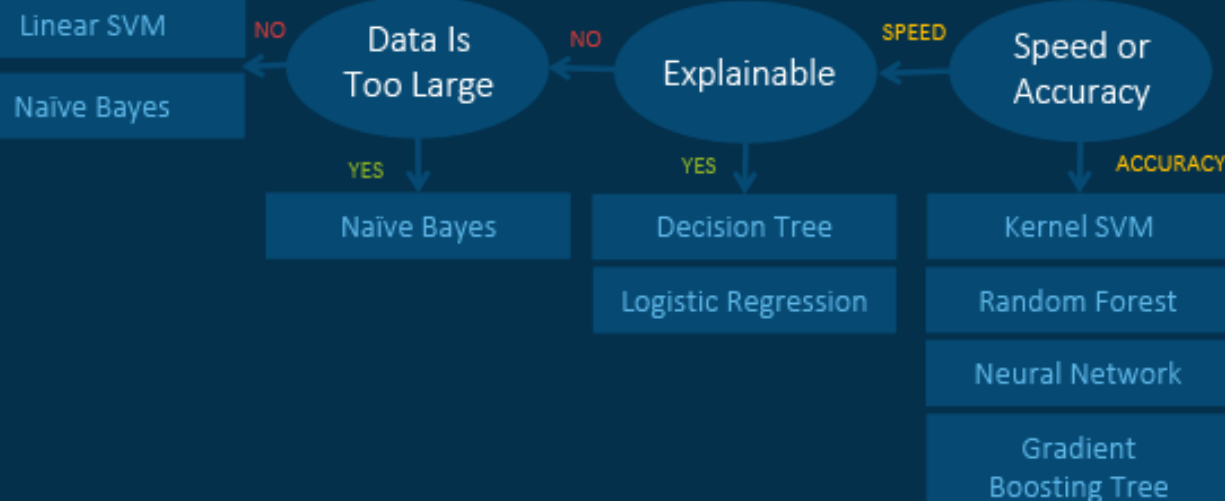
Unsupervised Learning: Clustering



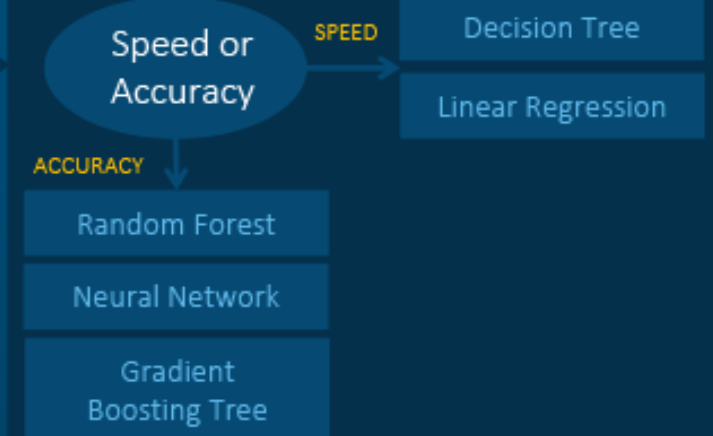
Unsupervised Learning: Dimension Reduction



Supervised Learning: Classification



Supervised Learning: Regression



Deployment

Batch

New data
→
→
→

Model

Output
→
→
→

**Real-time
streaming**

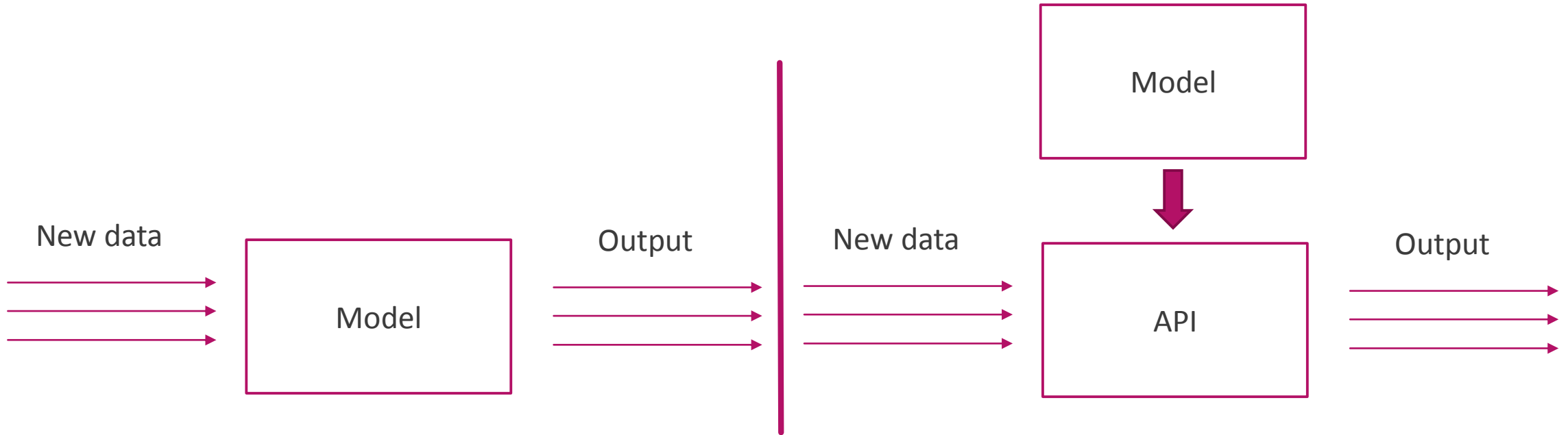
New data
→
→
→

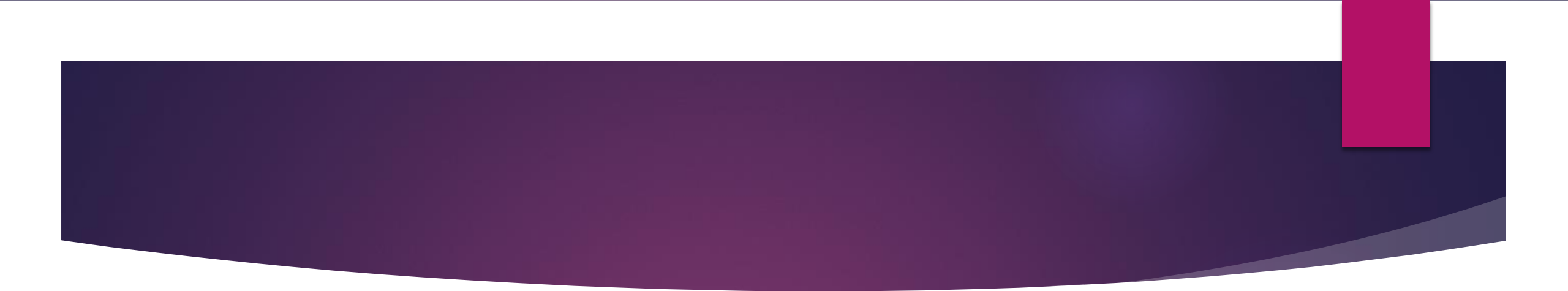
Model



API

Output
→
→
→





"More data beats better models.
Better data beats more data." —
Riley Newman

“



Enjoy your journey!

”

