ASSIGNMENT 10(Exceptions)

}

}

```
Problem 1: Division by Zero
Task: Write a program that takes two integers from the user and
performs division. Use a try block to perform the division, and a
catch block to handle the ArithmeticException in case of division
by zero. Ensure that a finally block prints a message indicating
that the operation is complete
package assigment10;.
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Problem1 {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
                Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
                try {
                        int num1 = scanner.nextInt();
                        int num2 = scanner.nextInt();
                        int div = num1/num2;
                        System.out.println("num1/num2 : "+div);
                        //throw new ArithmeticException("division by zero error");
                }
                catch(ArithmeticException e) {
                        System.err.println(e);
                }
                finally{
                        System.out.println("Operation is complete....");
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> javac problem1.java
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> java problem1
10 4
num1/num2 : 2
Operation is complete...
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> java problem1
10 0
java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
Operation is complete....
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> java problem1
10 0
java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
Operation is complete....
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)>
```

Problem 2: Array Index Out of Bounds

Task: Write a program that initializes an array of integers and tries to access an index that is out of bounds. Use a try block to access the array and a catch block to handle the ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException. Ensure a finally block prints a message indicating the operation is complete

```
arr[i+1]= 77;

System.out.println("entered array is: ");

for(i = 0; i < n+1;i++) {

    System.out.print(arr[i]+" ");
}

catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {

    System.err.println(e);
}

finally {

    System.out.println("operation is done....");
}

}

}
</pre>
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> javac Problem2.java
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> java Problem2
enter the size :

4
enter the elements :
1 2 3 4
java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: 5
operation is done....
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> 

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Problem 3: Null Pointer Exception

Task: Write a program that initializes a string variable to null and then tries to call a method on it. Use a try block to call the method and a catch block to handle the NullPointerException. Ensure a finally block prints a message indicating the operation is complete

code:

```
package assigment10;
public class Problem3 {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      String s = null;
      try {
          System.out.println("length of: "+s.length());
         //throw new NullPointerException("null");
      }
      catch(NullPointerException e) {
      System.err.println(e);
      }
      finally {
          System.out.println("operation is done....");
      }
   }
}
Ouput:

    PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> javac Problem3.java
    PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> java Problem3 java.lang.NullPointerException

   PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)>
```

Problem 4: Number Format Exception

Task: Write a program that takes a string input from the user and tries to convert it to an integer. Use a try block to perform the conversion and a catch block to handle the NumberFormatException. Ensure a finally block prints a message

indicating the operation is complete.

```
package assigment10;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.*;
public class Problem4 {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    String s = scanner.next();
    try {
      int n = Integer.parseInt(s);
      System.out.println("entered string : " + s);
//
       throw new NumberFormatException("mismatched....");
    }
    catch(NumberFormatException e) {
      System.err.println(e);
    }
    finally{
      System.out.println("operation is done....");
    }
  }
}
Output:
```

```
OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> javac Problem4.java

PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> java Problem4
kjrehfrofbe
java.lang.NumberFormatException: For input string: "kjrehfrofbe"
operation is done....

PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)>
```

Problem5: Nested Try Blocks with Multiple Exceptions

Task: Write a program that demonstrates the use of nested try blocks. The program should perform the following tasks: try should have two separate try blocks.

In the first nested try:

Divide two integers, handling any potential ArithmeticException.

Within the second try block, initialize an array and attempt to access an out-of-bounds index, handling the ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException.

Ensure that appropriate messages are printed for each exception, and that a final message is printed indicating the completion of the operation.

```
package assigment10;.
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Problem5 {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     try {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        int num1= scanner.nextInt();
        int num2 = scanner.nextInt();
        int num2 = scanner.nextInt();
```

```
try {
        int div = num1/num2;
        System.out.println("divison num1/num2 : "+div);
      }
      catch(ArithmeticException e) {
         System.err.println(e);
      }
      try {
         int[] arr = new int[5];
         arr[7]=567;
      }
      catch(ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e) {
         System.out.println(e);
      }
    }
    catch(NumberFormatException e) {
      System.err.println(e);
    }
    finally {
      System.out.println("Completed the operations....");
    }
  }
}
```

```
OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE PROBLEMS 11 TERMINAL PORTS

PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> javac Problem5.java

PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> java Problem5

10 0

10 java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by zero
10 java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: 7

Completed the operations....
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> java Problem5

10 9

divison num1/num2: 1
1 java.lang.ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException: 7

Completed the operations....
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> [

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GitHub. Would you like to try a
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Extra problem:

package assigment10;

import java.io.IOException;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class tryResource {

   public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
        try(Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in)){
        String s = scanner.next();
        int n = Integer.parseInt(s);
        System.out.println("converted....");
        System.out.println("operation is done....");
    }
}
```

Output:

```
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> javac tryResource.java
PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)> java tryResource
kjfd
Exception in thread "main" java.lang.NumberFormatException: For input string: "kjfd"
at java.lang.NumberFormatException.forInputString(Unknown Source)
at java.lang.Integer.parseInt(Unknown Source)
at java.lang.Integer.parseInt(Unknown Source)
at tryResource.main(tryResource.java:10)

PS C:\Users\upendar parvatham\OneDrive\Desktop\Java Class Assigments\my_eclipse\assignmrnt10(exceptions)>

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```
package assigment10;
//Problem 6: Create Customer class with the relevant information
//like name, address, id, phone no etc. Write a parameterized
//constructor and relevant methods (disp(), etc) appropriately.
//Create Account class with account type, account number,
//minimum balance etc., Write calculateInterest method (use simple
//interest – assume time and rate appropriately).
//Create a user defined exception class
//"NegativeBalanceException" and throw that exception when there
//is negative balance while calculating the interest.
//Use Account class in Customer class display the details of
//customers with account information. (No Inheritance – use
//association only)
package assigment10;
public class NegativeBalanceException extends Exception {
   public NegativeBalanceException(String message) {
     super(message);
}
public class Account {
  private String accType;
  private double accNumber;
  private static int minBalance=1000;
  public Account(String accType, double accNumber) {
```

```
this.accType = accType;
    this.accNumber = accNumber;
  }
  public void calculateInterest(int amount) throws NegativeBalanceException {
    if(amount < minBalance) {</pre>
       throw new NegativeBalanceException("Must have minimum balance.....");
    }
    else {
    Double SI= (amount*1.5*1.8)/100;
    System.out.println("SI: "+SI);
    System.out.println("Amount : "+amount);
    }
  }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "Account Type: " + accType + ", Account Number: " + accNumber;
  }
  public void display() {
    System.out.println("accType : "+accType);
    System.out.println("accNumber : "+accNumber);
  }
}
package assigment10;
public class Customer {
 private String name;
 private int id;
 private double phoneNumber;
```

```
private String address;
private Account account;
public Customer(String name ,int id,double phoneNumber,String address,Account account) {
  this.name= name;
  this.address= address;
  this.id = id;
  this.phoneNumber=phoneNumber;
  this.account=account;
}
public void display() {
  System.out.println("name : "+name);
  System.out.println("id:"+id);
  System.out.println("phoneNumber : "+phoneNumber);
  System.out.println("address: "+address);
  System.out.println("Account details : "+account);
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
Account acc = new Account("savings",56789);
Customer cc = new Customer("ram",123,9948087,"hyd ammerpet",acc);
cc.display();
acc.display();
try {
  acc.calculateInterest(2000);
}
catch(NegativeBalanceException e) {
  System.err.println(e.getMessage());
}
```

```
try {
    acc.calculateInterest(500);
}
catch(NegativeBalanceException e) {
    System.err.println(e.getMessage());
}
```