CS644 1J1: INTRODUCTION TO BIGDATA, Fall-2020

PROJECT: Flight Data Analysis

Develop cloud-based Big Data workflows to process and analyze a large volume of flight data.

Team:

Anandan Dhanaraj

Jonathan Vidal

Parvathy Neelakanta Sarma



Introduction

In this project, we have analyzed 3 years of flight data. We have configured Hadoop in fully distributed mode.

Furthermore, we have developed oozie workflow for that to solve following 3 problems:

- a. The 3 airlines with the highest and lowest probability, respectively, for being on schedule
- b. The 3 airports with the longest and shortest average taxi time per flight (both in and out), respectively.
- c. The most common reason for flight cancellations.

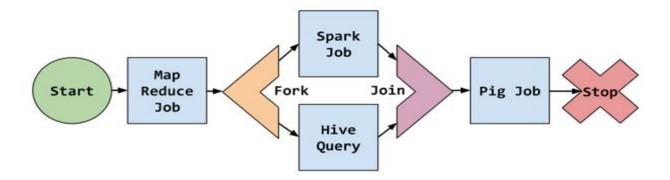
Hadoop MapReduce Overview

- Hadoop MapReduce is a software framework for easily writing applications which process vast amounts of data (multi-terabyte data-sets) in-parallel on large clusters (thousands of nodes) of commodity hardware in a reliable, fault-tolerant manner.
- A *MapReduce job* usually splits the input data-set into independent chunks which are processed by the *map tasks* in a completely parallel manner.
- The framework sorts the outputs of the maps, which are then input to the *reduce tasks*. Typically, both the input and the output of the job are stored in a file-system.
- The framework takes care of scheduling tasks, monitoring them and re-executes the failed tasks.
- Typically, the compute nodes and the storage nodes are the same, that is, the MapReduce framework and the Hadoop Distributed File System are running on the same set of nodes.
- This configuration allows the framework to effectively schedule tasks on the nodes where data is already present, resulting in very high aggregate bandwidth across the cluster.
- The MapReduce framework consists of a single master JobTracker and one slave TaskTracker per cluster-node.
- The master is responsible for scheduling the jobs' component tasks on the slaves, monitoring them, and re-executing the failed tasks.
- The slaves execute the tasks as directed by the master.
- Minimally, applications specify the input/output locations and supply *map* and *reduce* functions via implementations of appropriate interfaces and/or abstract-classes.
- These, and other job parameters, comprise the *job configuration*. The Hadoop *job client* then submits the job (jar/executable etc.) and configuration to the JobTracker which then assumes the responsibility of distributing the software/configuration to the slaves, scheduling tasks and monitoring them, providing status and diagnostic information to the job-client.

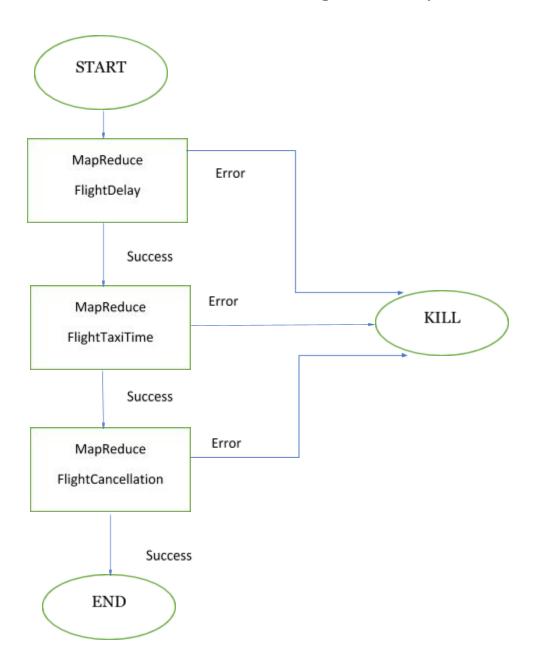
Apache Oozie Workflow Scheduler for Hadoop Overview

- Oozie is a workflow scheduler system to manage Apache Hadoop jobs.
- Oozie Workflow jobs are Directed Acyclical Graphs (DAGs) of actions.
- Oozie Coordinator jobs are recurrent Oozie Workflow jobs triggered by time (frequency) and data availability.
- Oozie is integrated with the rest of the Hadoop stack supporting several types of Hadoop jobs out of the box (such as Java map-reduce, Streaming map-reduce, Pig, Hive, Sqoop and Distcp) as well as system specific jobs (such as Java programs and shell scripts).
- Oozie is a scalable, reliable, and extensible system.

Oozie Standard Workflow:



5. a)
Structure of Oozie Workflow for Flight data analysis:



Algorithm designed to solve each of the problems

The 3 airlines with the highest and lowest probability, respectively, for being on schedule

Mapper Phase:

- 1. Read input files line by line.
- 2. Since it is a comma separated file(csv) we split it based on comma and store all the fields in an array.
- 3. Fetch the values for fields corresponding to airlines unique carrier code and arrival delay.
- 4. For each data row, it generates a key as Carrier Code with prefix appended "a-". And, it also generate key as Carrier Code with prefix appended "b-" if that data row has ArrDelay > 10 mins and, it generates 1 as values for each of them

Example: For data row with Carrier Code "A", and Air Delay 11 mapper will generate --> **key - a-A; value 1**

--> key - b-A; value 1

For data row with Carrier Code "B", and Air Delay 4

mapper will generate --> key - a-B; value 1

5. Write to context.

Reducer Phase:

- 1.Read context.
- 2.It calculates probabilities for each carrier(flight) being late.
- 3.It finds the top 3 most reliable and less reliable flights from all flights.
- 4.So, it will produce more reliable flight codes as keys and their probabilities of being late as values.

Example: key - X; value 0.10

key - Y; value 0.15

key - Z; **value 0.20**

5.So, it will produce least reliable flight codes as keys and their probabilities of being late as values .

Example: key -A; value 0.40

key - B; **value 0.35**

key - C; value 0.30

6. Write the output to context.

Calculation of 3 airports with longest and shortest average Taxi time (In and Out)

Mapper Phase:

- 1. Read input files line by line.
- 2. Since it is a comma separated file(csv) we split it based on comma and store all the fields in an array.

- 3. Fetch the values for fields corresponding to origin, taxiIn, destination and taxiOut.
- 4. Adding origin and taxiIn time in the context
- 5. Adding destination and taxiOut time in the context

AirportTaxiInTimeMapper

It calculates average TaxiIn time for each airport, generates a key as Airport Code.

And, it generates airport Taxi In time as value.

So, mapper will generate --> key - A; value 2

--> key - A; value 4

--> key - B; value 8

--> **key - B**; **value 6**

AirportTaxiTimeAvgReducer

It calculates the average Taxi In time for all the airports. So it will produce average Taxi In time for all airports.

Example : **A 3 B 7**

Airport TaxiIn time Max

It finds the top 3 average TaxiIn time.

FindingTop3Mapper

It generates a key as average TaxiIn time of the airport and generates value as average airport code.

Means it reveres key and value to perform sorting based on TaxiIn time.

So, A 3 will be converted to --> **key - 3; value - A**

Sorting - It sorts key-pairs in decreasing order.

Finding Top 3 Combiner

Each combiner produces the first 3 key-pairs by decreasing order of avg. taxi time from all sorted key-pairs to make sure that reducers will have less records to process.

FindingTop3Reducer

It produces the first 3 key-pairs by decreasing order of avg. taxi time, which is our output.

Example: **B** 7 (here B is airport code and 7 is its average Taxi In time)

A 3 (here A is airport code and 3 is its average Taxi In time)

C 2 (here C is airport code and 2 is its average Taxi In time)

Airport TaxiIn time Min

It finds the lowest 3 average TaxiIn times.

FindingTop3Mapper

It generates a key as average TaxiIn time of the airport and It generates value as average airport code.

Means it reveres key and value to perform sorting based on Taxi In time. So, A 3 will be converted to --> **key - 3; value - A**

Sorting - It sorts key-pairs in increasing order.

FindingTop3Combiner

Each combiner produces the first 3 key-pairs by increasing order of avg. taxi time from all shorted key-pairs to make sure that reducers will have less records to process.

FindingTop3Reducer

It produces the first 3 key-pairs by increasing order of avg. taxi time, which is our output.

Example: C 2 (here C is airport code and 2 is its average Taxi In time)
A 3 (here A is airport code and 3 is its average Taxi In time)
B 7 (here B is airport code and 7 is its average Taxi In time)

Airport Average TaxiOut time

It calculates the average Taxi Out time for each airport.

AirportTaxiOutTimeMapper

It generates a key as airport Code and it generates airport Taxi Out time as value.it will generate --> **key - A; value 2**

--> key - A; value 4 --> key - B; value 8

--> key - B; value 6

AirportTaxiTimeAvgReducer

It calculates average Taxi Out time for all the airports. So, it will produce average Taxi Out time for all airports.

Example : **A 3 B 7**

Airport Taxi Out time Max

It finds the top 3 average Taxi Out time.

FindingTop3Mapper

It generates a key as the average Taxi Out time of the airport. and It generates value as an average airport code.

Means it reveres key and value to perform sorting based on Taxi Out time. So, A 3 will be converted to --> **key - 3**; **value - A**

It sorts key-pairs in decreasing order.

FindingTop3Combiner

Each combiner produces the first 3 key-pairs by decreasing order of avg. taxi time from all sorted key-pairs to make sure that reducers will have less records to process.

FindingTop3Reducer

It produces the first 3 key-pairs by decreasing order of average taxi time, which is our output.

Example: **B** 7

(here B is airport code and 7 is its average Taxi Out time)

A 3

(here A is airport code and 3 is its average Taxi Out time)

 \mathbf{C} 2

(here C is airport code and 2 is its average Taxi Out time)

Airport Taxi Out time Min

It finds the lowest 3 average TaxiOut time.

FindingTop3Mapper

It generates key as average TaxiOut time of airport and generates value as average airport code.

Means it reveres key and value to perform sorting based on TaxiOut time. So, A 3 will be converted to --> **key - 3; value - A**

Sorting - It sorts key-pairs in ascending order.

FindingTop3Combiner

Each combiner produces the first 3 key-pairs by ascending order of average taxi time from all sorted key-pairs to make sure that reducers will have less records to process.

FindingTop3Reducer

It produces the first 3 key-pairs by ascending order of avg. taxi time , which is our output.

Example: C 2

(here C is airport code and 2 is its average Taxi Out time)

A 3

(here A is airport code and 3 is its average Taxi Out time)

B 7

(here B is airport code and 7 is its average Taxi Out time)

Find most common reason for cancellation of flight:

Mapper Phase:

- 1. Read input files line by line.
- 2. Since it is a comma separated file(csv) we split it based on comma and store all the fields in an array.
- 3. Fetch the values for fields corresponding to the CancellationCode column.
- 4. Generate key as Flight Cancelled Code to count the occurrence of it and generate 1 as value for each of them.

Example:key:A;value:1 key:B;value:1

5. Write to context.

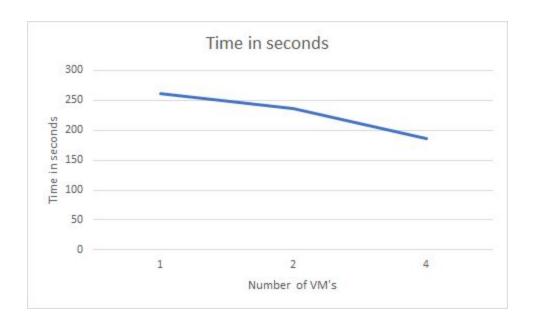
Reducer Phase:

- 1. Read context.
- 2. Iterate over the context values and Calculate sum of all the values.
- 3. It calculates occurrence of all Flight Cancelled Code, also finds which is maximum.
- 4. So it produces max Flight Cancelled code and its count.

Example: A 54

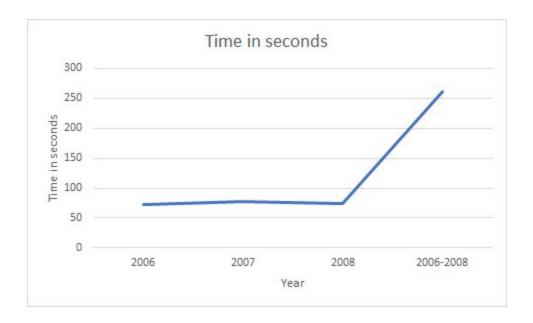
5. Write the output to context.

5.c)
A performance measurement plot that compares the workflow execution time in response to an increasing number of VMs used for processing the entire data set (3 years) and an in-depth discussion on the observed performance comparison results.



- Here we are doing an experiment on performance of workflow having MapReduce jobs by varying the number of resources used.
- We are keeping data constant for all the runs i.e. flight data for 3 years (2006 2008). We are starting by using Hadoop on 1,2 and 4 Virtual Machines.
- The total execution time taken is 262 seconds.
- Now we increase 1 VM and then 2 VM's.
- We notice that as we increase the number of VMs there is a significant drop-in time taken for execution.

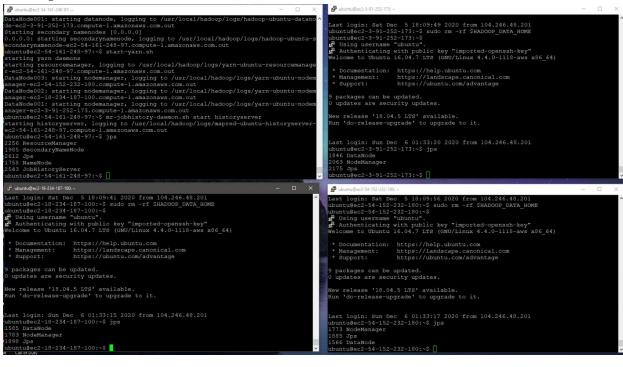
5.d)
A performance measurement plot that compares the workflow execution time in response to an increasing data size (from 1 year to 3 years) and an in-depth discussion on the observed performance comparison results.



- In this experiment, we want to find out performance with respect to varying input data. We are using 1 Virtual machine throughout this experiment.
- First, we execute workflow on only one data file (2006.csv).
- We see that execution completes in 73 seconds. Now, we run for 2007.csv and 2008.csv. And 3 years of data together record the execution time of 262 seconds.
- We observe that the execution time gradually increases as the input data increases.

Some of the PrintScreens:

Hadoop Multi Clusters



NameNode

```
20/12/06 00:36:27 INFO mapred.Task: Task 'attempt_local819654000_0008_m_000020_0' done.
20/12/06 00:36:27 INFO mapred.LocalJobRunner: Finishing task: attempt_local819654000_0008_m_000020_0
 20/12/06 00:36:27 INFO mapred.LocalJobRunner: Map task executor complete.
 20/12/06 00:36:27 INFO mapred.Task: Using ResourceCalculatorPlugin : null
20/12/06 00:36:27 INFO mapred.LocalJobRunner:
20/12/06 00:36:27 INFO mapred.Merger: Merging 21 sorted segments
20/12/06 00:36:27 INFO mapred.Merger: Merging 3 intermediate segments out of a total of 21
20/12/06 00:36:27 INFO mapred.Merger: Merging 10 intermediate segments out of a total of 19
20/12/06 00:36:28 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 100% reduce 0%
 20/12/06 00:36:29 INFO mapred.Merger: Down to the last merge-pass, with 10 segments left of total size: 129860765 bytes 20/12/06 00:36:29 INFO mapred.LocalJobRunner:
 a-9E
   AA-e
  a-AQ
    -AS
    -B6
     -co
   a-DL
     -EV
     -FL
   -HA
     -MQ
     -NW
     -OH
    -00
 a-US
 20/12/06 00:36:33 INFO mapred.LocalJobRunner: reduce > reduce
 a–YV
 20/12/06 00:36:34 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 100% reduce 87%
 b-AQ
      -AS
     -B6
     -co
    -DL
     -EV
    -F9
     -FL
 b–HA
     -MQ
 b-HA
b-MQ
b-NW
b-OH
  b-00
b-UA
     -US
  b-WN
u-rv 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.Task: Task:attempt_local819654000_0008_r_0000000_0 is done. And is in the process of commiting 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.LocalJobRunner: reduce > reduce 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.Task: Task attempt_local819654000_0008_r_00000000_0 is allowed to commit now 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO output.FileOutputCommitter: Saved output of task 'attempt_local819654000_0008_r_0000000_0' to output_AirlinesBeingOnSchedule
20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO output.FileOutputCommitter: Saved output of task 'attempt_local819 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.local3obRunner: reduce > reduce 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.Task: Task 'attempt_local819/3654000_0008_r_0000000_0' done. 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: map 100% reduce 100% 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Counters: 17 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Map-Reduce Framework 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Spilled Records=30889995 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Map output materialized bytes=129860871 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Reduce input records=8657383 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: SPIIT_RAW_BYTES=2205 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Map output bytes=112545979 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Map output bytes=112545979 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Reduce input groups=40 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Reduce input groups=40 20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient: Combine output records=0
20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient:
20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient:
20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient:
20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred.JobClient:
                                                                                                                       Combine output records=0
Reduce output records=8
Map output records=8657383
Combine input records=0
20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred JobClient:
                                                                                                                 Total committed heap usage (bytes)=47551873024 File Input Format Counters
                                                                                                                 Bytes Read=689495264
FileSystemCounters
FILE_BYTES_WRITTEN=38138685135
FILE_BYTES_READ=90407821764
20/12/06 00:36:35 INFO mapred JobClient:
                                                                                                                 File Output Format Counters
Bytes Written=228
```

DataNode #1

Datanode #2

DataNode #3

```
2020-12-07 00:54:57,419 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.NodeManager: STARTUP_MSG:
STARTUP_MSG: Starting NodeManager

STARTUP_MSG: host = ec2-184-73-84-219.compute-1.amazonaws.com/127.0.1.1

STARTUP_MSG: args = []

STARTUP_MSG: version = 2.9.2

STARTUP_MSG: version = 2.9.2

STARTUP_MSG: classpath = /usr/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop:/usr/local/hadoop/etc/hadoop/common/lib/common

io-2.4.jar:/usr/local/hadoop/share/hadoop/mapreduce/lib/guice-3.0.jar:/usr/local/hadoop/share/hadoop/mapreduce/lib/log4j-1.2.17.jar:/usr/local/hadoop/share/hadoop

STARTUP_MSG: bulld = https://git-wip-us.apache.org/repos/asf/hadoop.git -r 826afbeae31ca687bc2f847ldc841b66ed2c6704; compiled by 'ajisaka' on 2018-11-13112:42Z

STARTUP_MSG: java = 1.8.0_275
  STARTUP MSG: Starting NodeMana
 2020-12-07 00:54:57,432 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.NodeManager: registered UNIX signal handlers for [TERM, HUP, INT]
2020-12-07 00:54:58,371 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.NodeManager: Node Manager health check script is not available or doesn't have execute perm
2020-12-07 00:54:58,523 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.containermanager.applicatic
2020-12-07 00:54:58,530 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.containermanager.applicatic
2020-12-07 00:54:58,531 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.containermanager.AuxService
2020-12-07 00:54:58,533 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.containermanager.AuxService
2020-12-07 00:54:58,533 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.containermanager.applicatic
2020-12-07 00:54:58,533 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.containermanager.applicatic
2020-12-07 00:54:58,533 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.containermanager.scheduler,
2020-12-07 00:54:58,577 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.Containermanager.scheduler,
2020-12-07 00:54:58,577 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.ContainerManagerEventType for cl
2020-12-07 00:54:58,677 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.ContainerManagerEventType for cl
2020-12-07 00:54:58,633 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.event.AsyncDispatcher: Registering class org.apache.ha
  2020-12-07 00:54:58,833 INFO org.apache.hadoop.metrics2.impl.MetricsSystemImpl: NodeManager metrics system started
2020-12-07 00:54:58,864 INFO org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.DirectoryCollection: Disk Validator: yarn.nodemanager.disk-validator is loaded.
```

Oozie:

```
0.950 s,
1.529 s]
077 s]
0.077 s]
0.153 s]
0.012 s]
                                                                8.263 s]
2.486 s]
                                                              2.486 s]
1.860 s]
0.534 s]
33.010 s]
3.190 s]
3.032 s]
3.619 s]
1.458 s]
2.607 s]
    INFO]
                                                              5.701 s]
INFO] Apache Oozie Tools ... SUCCESS
INFO] Apache Oozie MiniOozie ... SUCCESS
                                                               2.356 s]
0.946 s]
    INFO1
                                                               3.116 sl
TNFO1
    BUILD SUCCESS
     Total time: 02:23 min
Finished at: 2020-12-06T20:04:09+00:00
```

ozie distro created, DATE[2020.12.06-20:01:45GMT] VC-REV[unavailable], available at [/home/ubuntu/oozie-4.3.1/distro/target