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Alternative Launch Configurations

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2D and 3D Launch Configurations

Launch Configuration

- So far we have used one-dimensional launch configurations:
 - Threads in blocks indexed using `threadIdx.x`
 - Blocks in a grid indexed using `blockIdx.x`
- Many kernels map naturally onto 2D and 3D indexing:
 - e.g. Matrix-matrix operations;
 - e.g. Stencils

Full Launch Configuration

Kernel launch dimensions can be specified with `dim3` structs

```
kernel<<<dim3 grid_dim, dim3 block_dim>>>( ... );
```

- `dim3.x`, `dim3.y` and `dim3.z` specify the launch dimensions;
- Can be constructed with 1, 2 or 3 dimensions;
- Unspecified `dim3` dimensions are set to 1

Launch Configuration Examples

```
// 1D: 128x1x1 for 128 threads
dim3 a(128);
// 2D: 16x8x1 for 128 threads
dim3 b(16, 8);
// 3D: 16x8x4 for 512 threads
dim3 c(16, 8, 4);
```

The `threadIdx` , `blockDim` , `blockIdx` and `gridDim` can be treated like 3D points via the `.x` , `.y` and `.z` members

Matrix Addition Example

```
--global__  
void MatAdd(float *A, float *B, float *C, int n) {  
    int i = blockIdx.x * blockDim.x + threadIdx.x;  
    int j = blockIdx.y * blockDim.y + threadIdx.y;  
    if(i<n && j<n) {  
        auto pos = i + j*n;  
        C[pos] = A[pos] + B[pos];  
    }  
}  
int main() {  
    // ...  
    dim3 threadsPerBlock(16, 16);  
    dim3 numBlocks(n / threadsPerBlock.x, n / threadsPerBlock.y);  
    MatAdd<<<numBlocks, threadsPerBlock>>>(A, B, C);  
    // ...  
}
```

Exercise: Launch Configuration

- Write the 2D diffusion stencil in `diffusion/diffusion2d.cu`
- Set up 2D launch configuration in the main loop
- Draw a picture of the solution to validate it
 - a plotting script is provided for visualizing the results
 - use a small domain for visualization

```
# Build and run after writing code
srun diffusion2d 8 1000000

# Do the plotting
python plotting.py
```