

# Unfolding the Atmospheric Muon Flux with IceCube: Investigating Stopping Muons and High-Energy Prompt Contributions

Pascal Gutjahr

ICRC 2025 Plot Approval  
May 30, 2025

WG reviewer: Dennis Soldin  
Coll. reviewer: Anatoli Fedynitch  
Technical reviewer: Karolin Hymon  
Wiki: [prompt wiki](#)  
Last update: [Uppsala May 14](#)

Plot approval: [wiki](#)

**Muons**

## Abstract

Atmospheric muons produced in cosmic-ray air showers are classified as conventional muons from pion and kaon decays and prompt muons from heavy hadron decays. Conventional muons dominate at lower energies, and the prompt component becomes more significant at PeV energies and above. Precisely measuring the atmospheric muon flux from a few GeV to several PeV is valuable for advancing our understanding of cosmic-ray interactions and testing hadronic interaction models. Low-energy muons that stop within the IceCube in-ice array provide valuable information about the energy spectrum of muons from a few 100 GeV up to 10 TeV.

Machine learning techniques are employed to enhance event reconstruction and selection to provide insights into the conventional and prompt components. This contribution presents the unfolding of the energy spectrum of stopping muons in IceCube as well as the unfolding of high-energy muons to probe the prompt component.

**Presenter:** Pascal Gutjahr

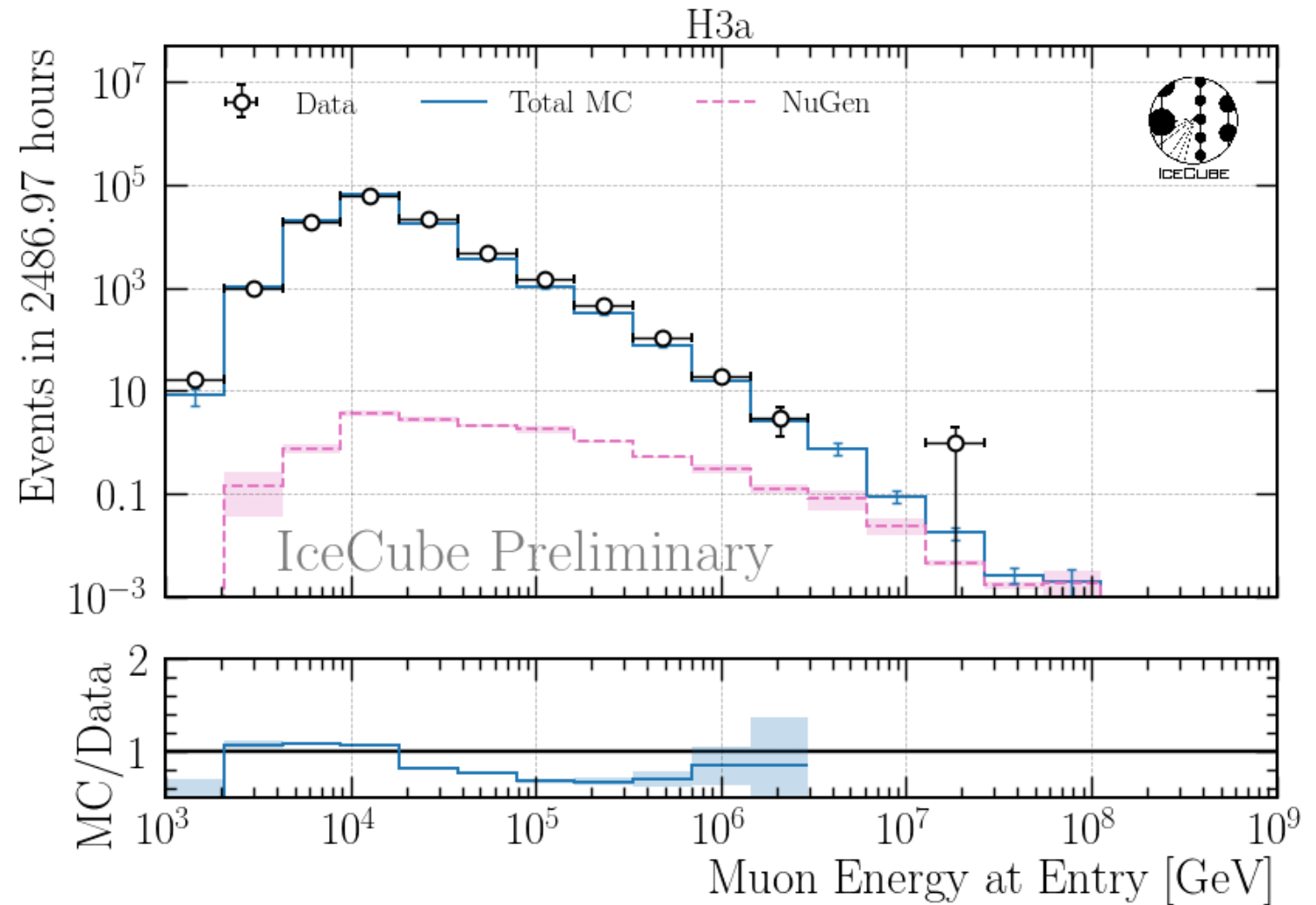
**Authors:** Lucas Witthaus and Pascal Gutjahr

# Outline

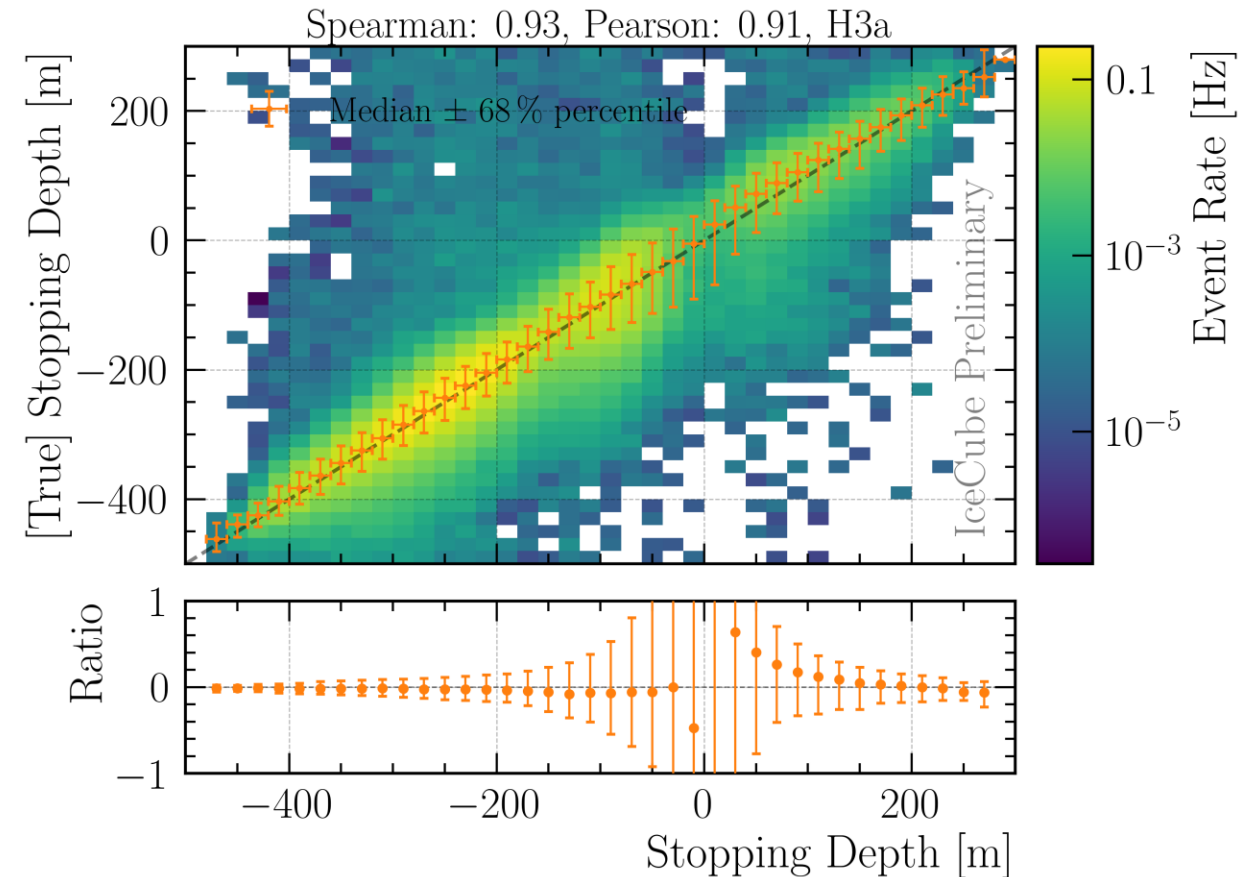
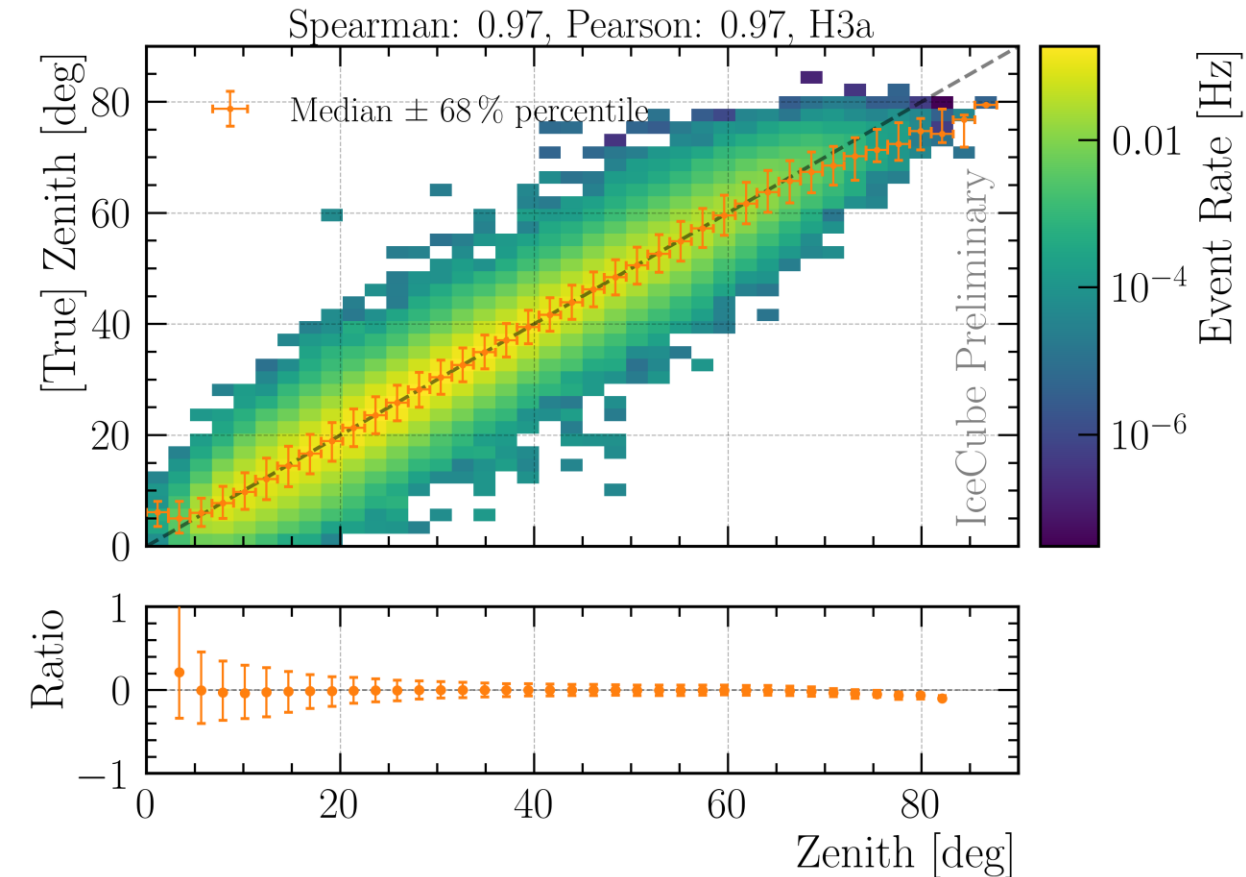
1. Introduction / Motivation
  1. Hadronic Interaction Models / Muon Puzzle
  2. Prompt / Conventional
2. Event Selection
  1. Stopping Muons
  2. High Energy Muons
  3. Event Reconstruction (DNN based)
3. Unfolding
  1. Method + Regularization
  2. Acceptance Correction
  3. Systematics
4. Results
  1. Proxy Variable Correlations (Depth + Energy + Zenith)
  2. Data-MC (Depth + Energy + Zenith)
  3. Unfolded Propagation Length (MC + Burnsample)
  4. Unfolded Muon Flux at Surface (MC + Burnsample) – Stopping and High Energy
  5. Robustness Tests (vary spectral index)
5. Conclusion & Outlook

# Data-MC: High Energy Muons

- proxy variable for unfolding



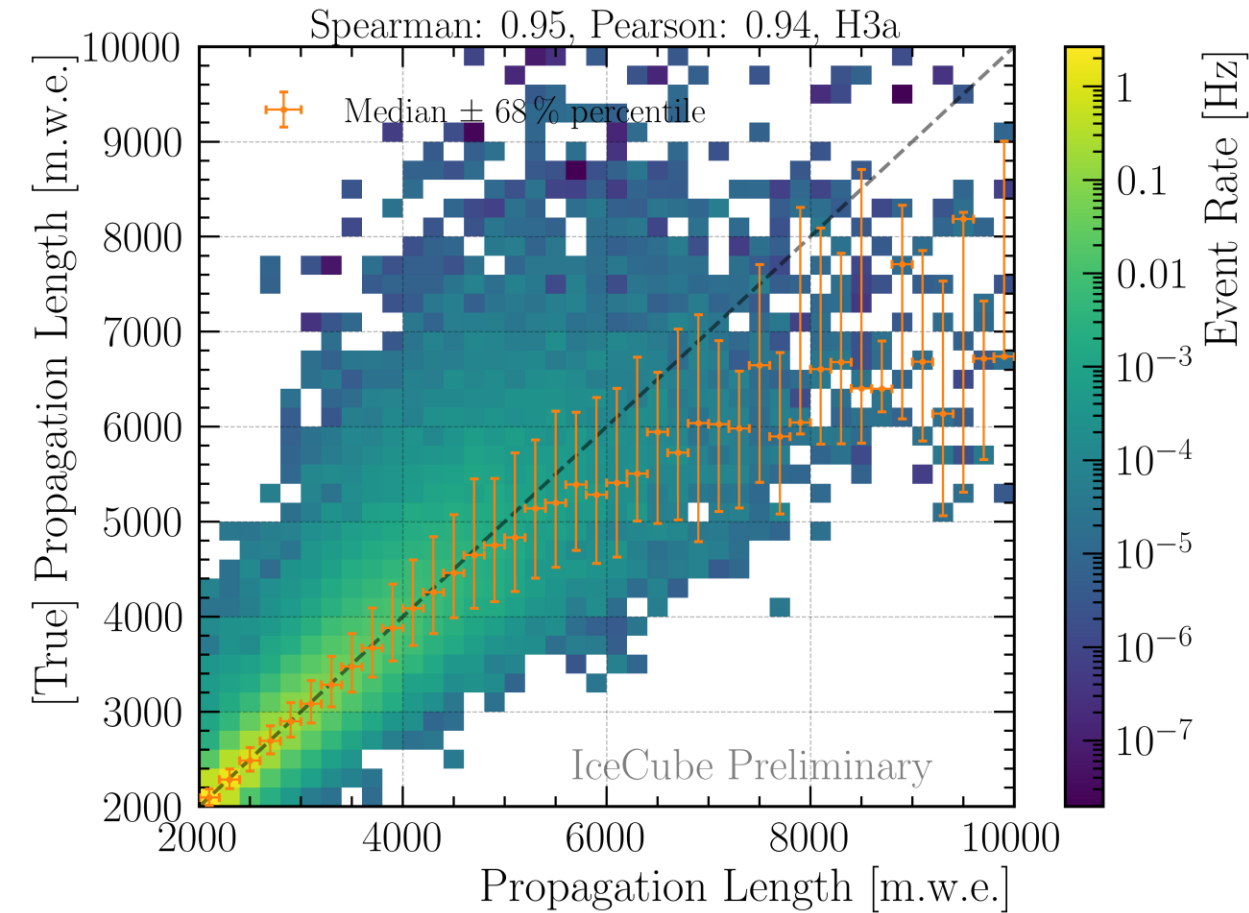
# Reconstructions: Stopping Muons



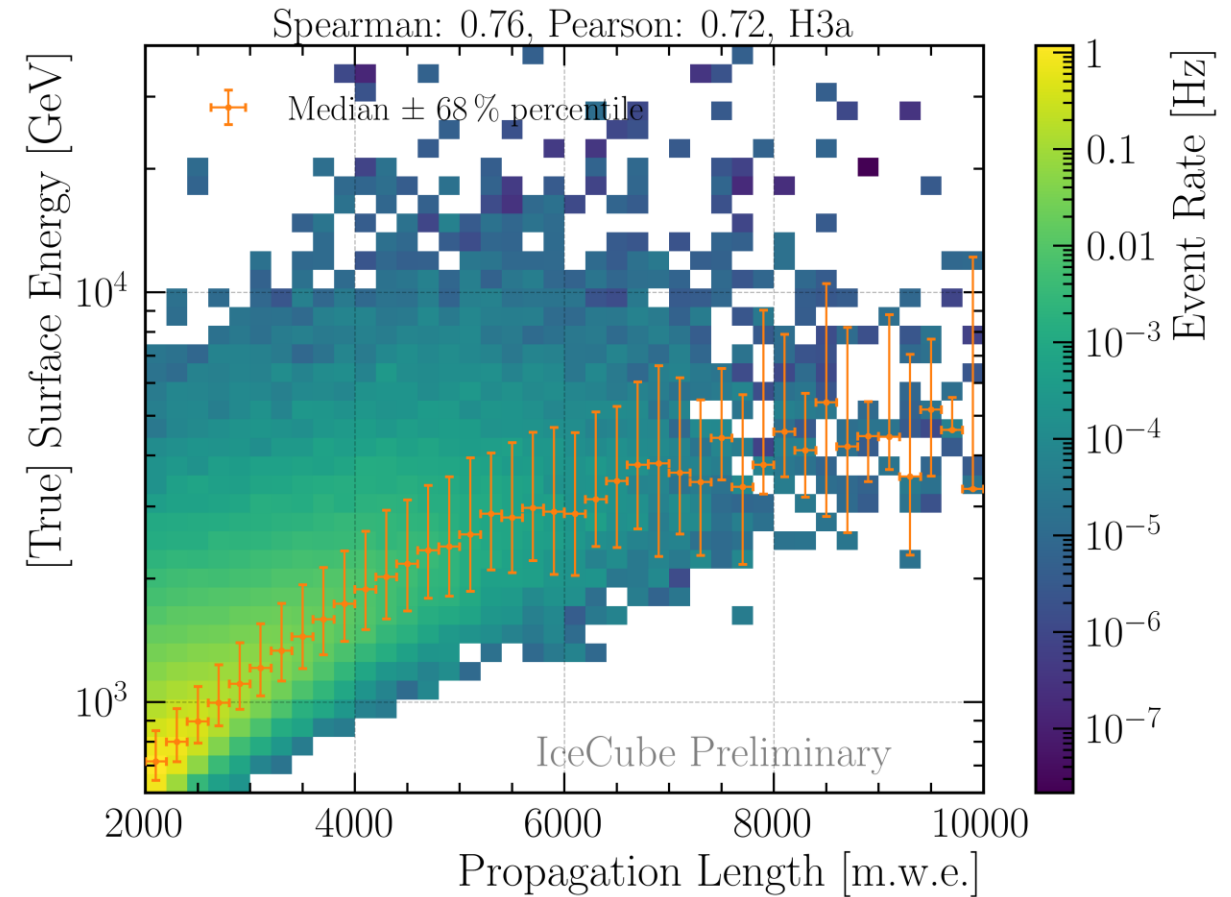
- DNN reconstruction of zenith angle and stopping depth
- Used to calculate the propagation length  $\rightarrow$  proxy variable in unfolding

# Proxy Variable: Stopping Muons

Propagation length



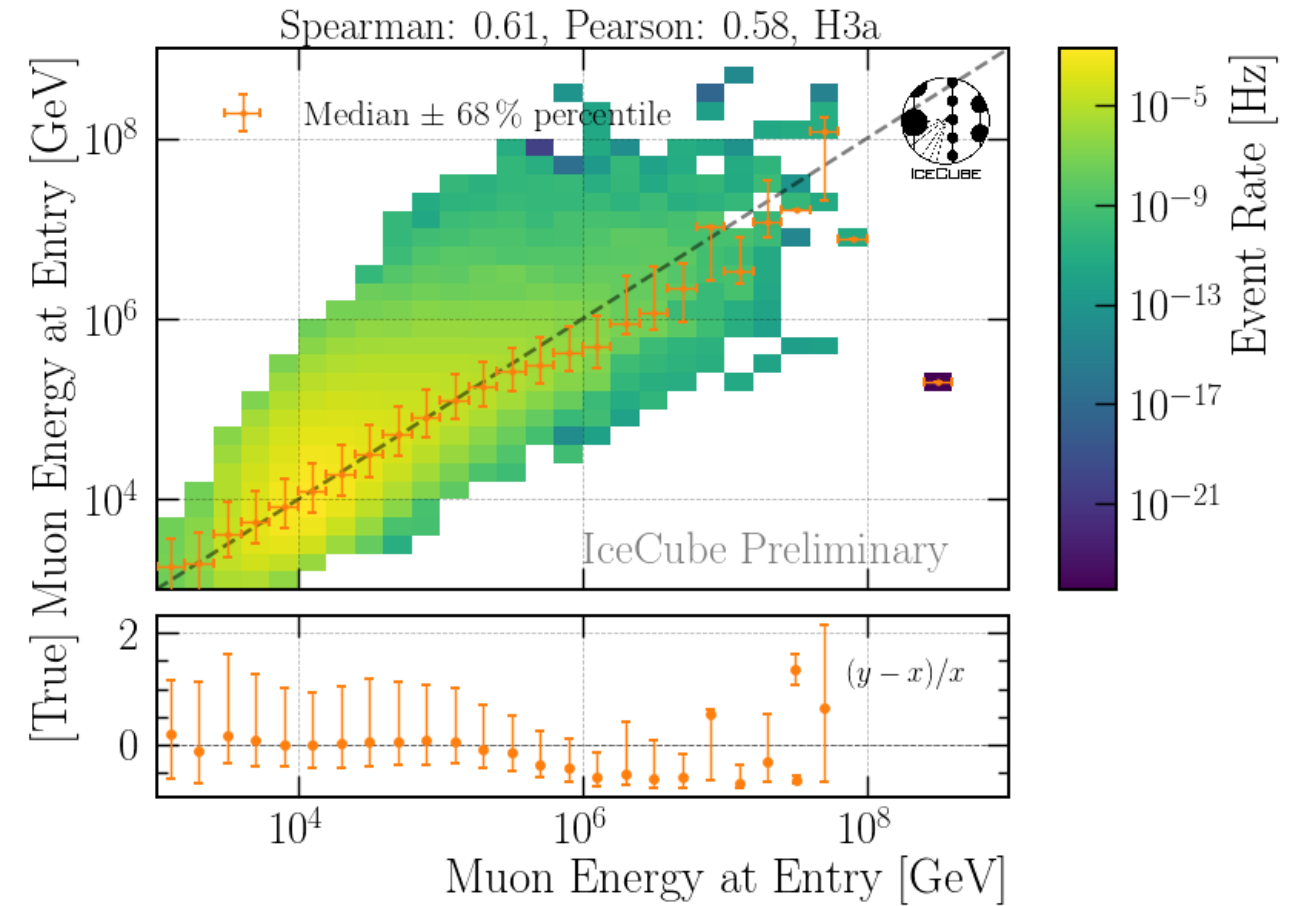
Muon energy at surface



- Correlation between proxy and target variable in unfolding

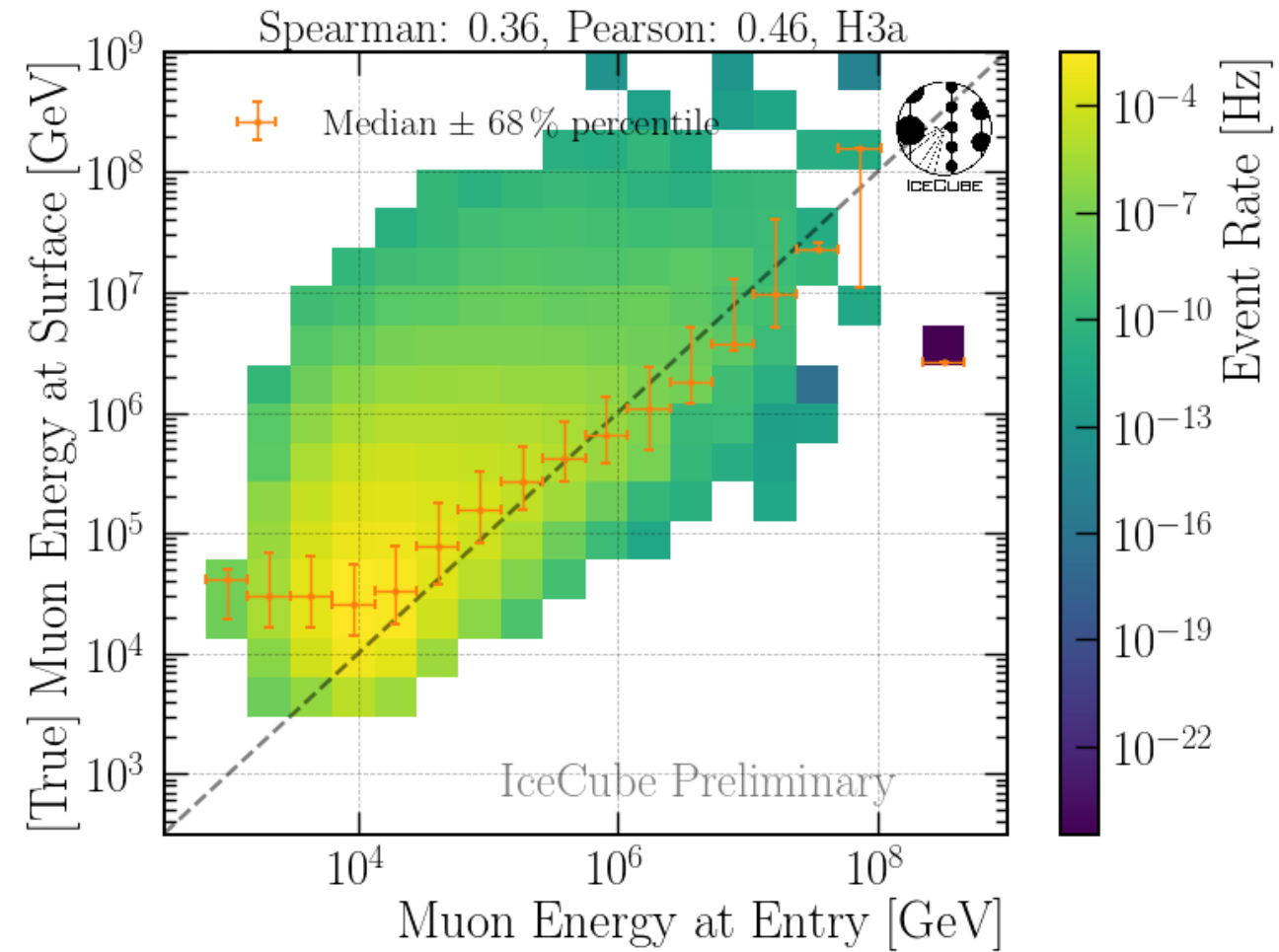
# Reconstruction: High Energy Muons

- DNN reconstruction of leading muon energy at detector entry
- proxy variable in unfolding



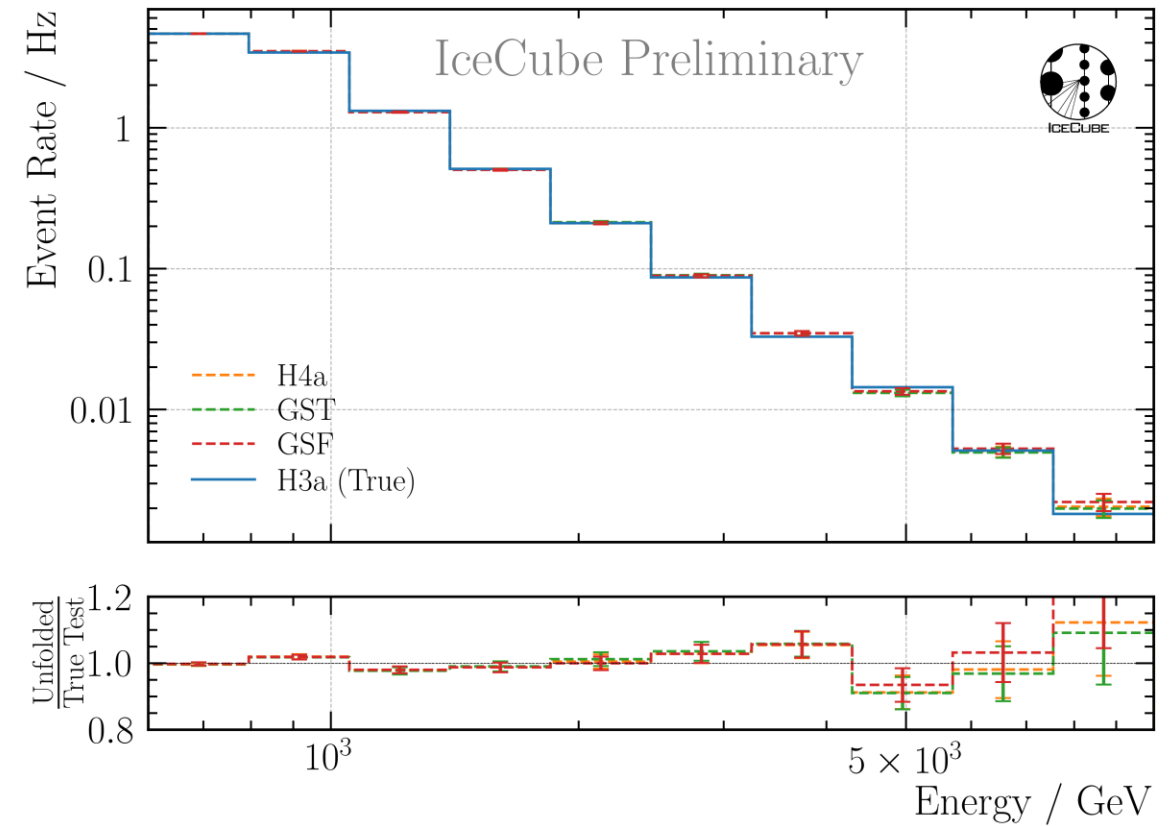
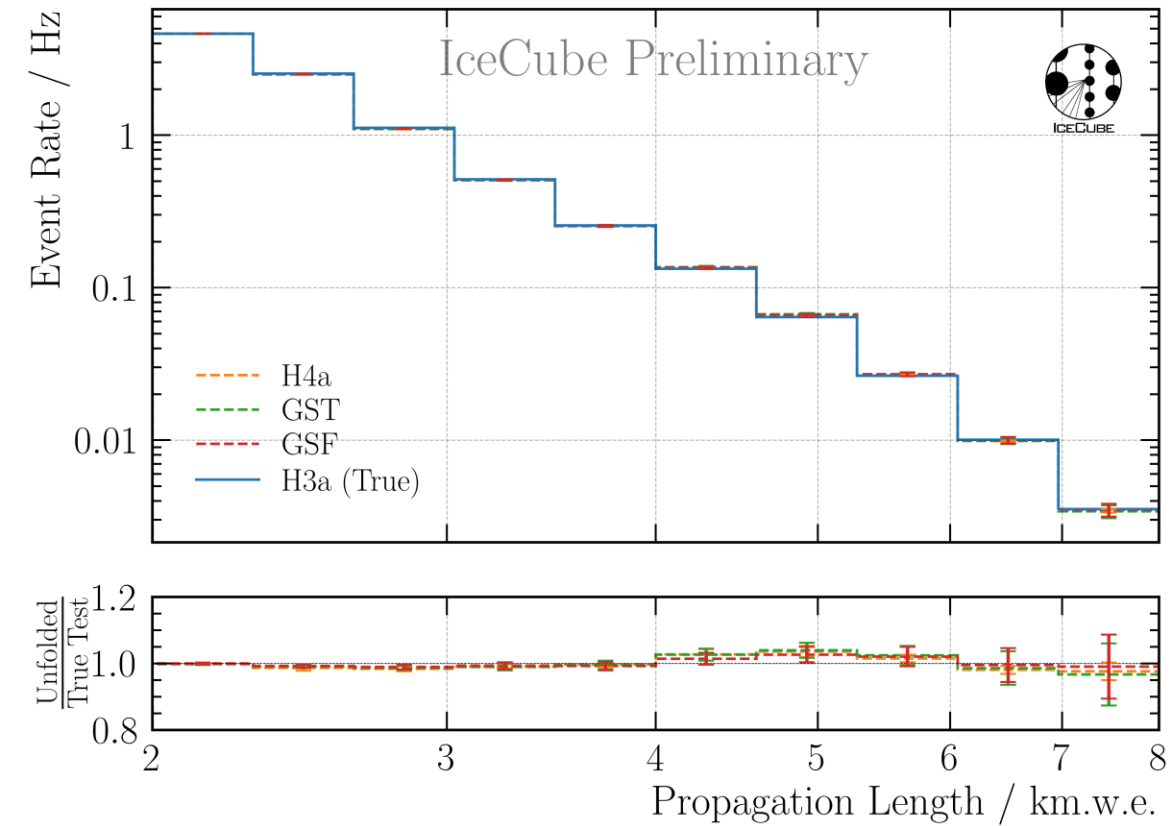
## Proxy Variable: High Energy Muons

- Correlation between proxy and target variable in unfolding

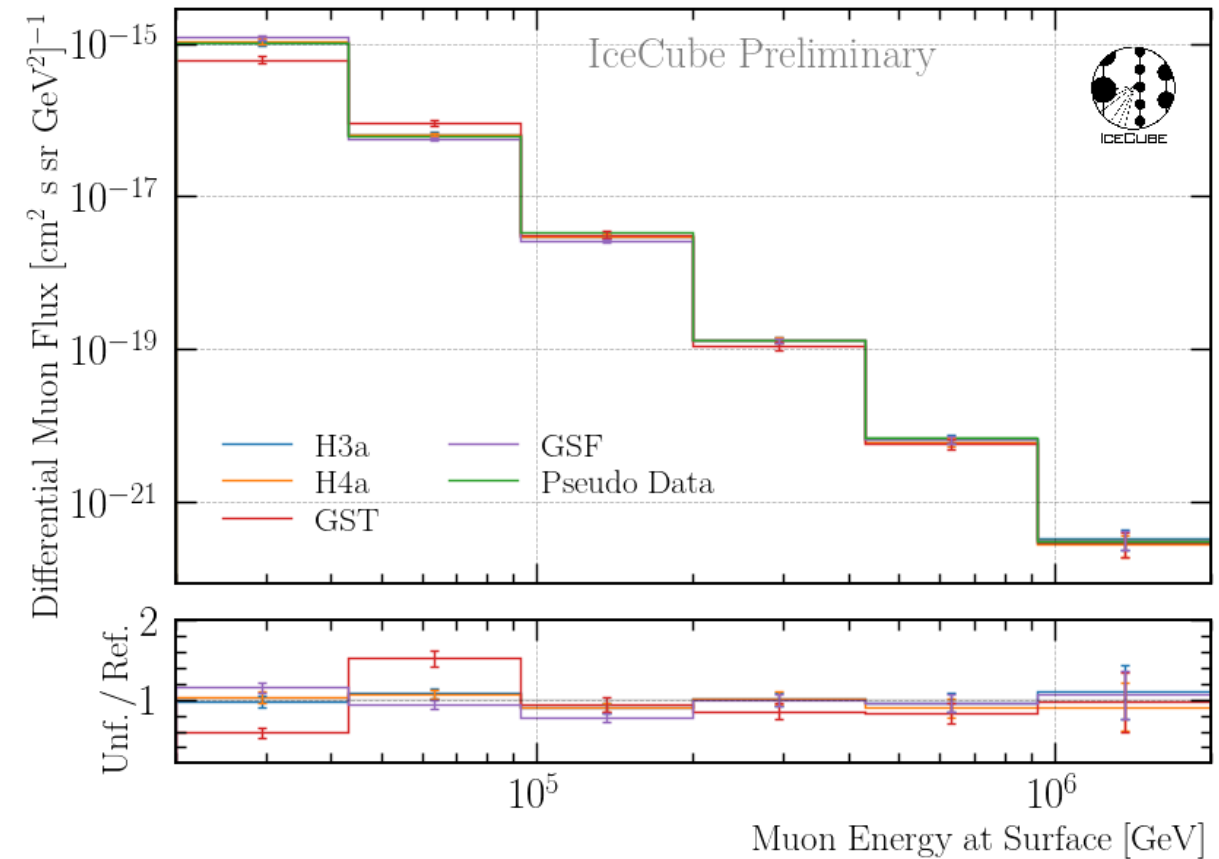
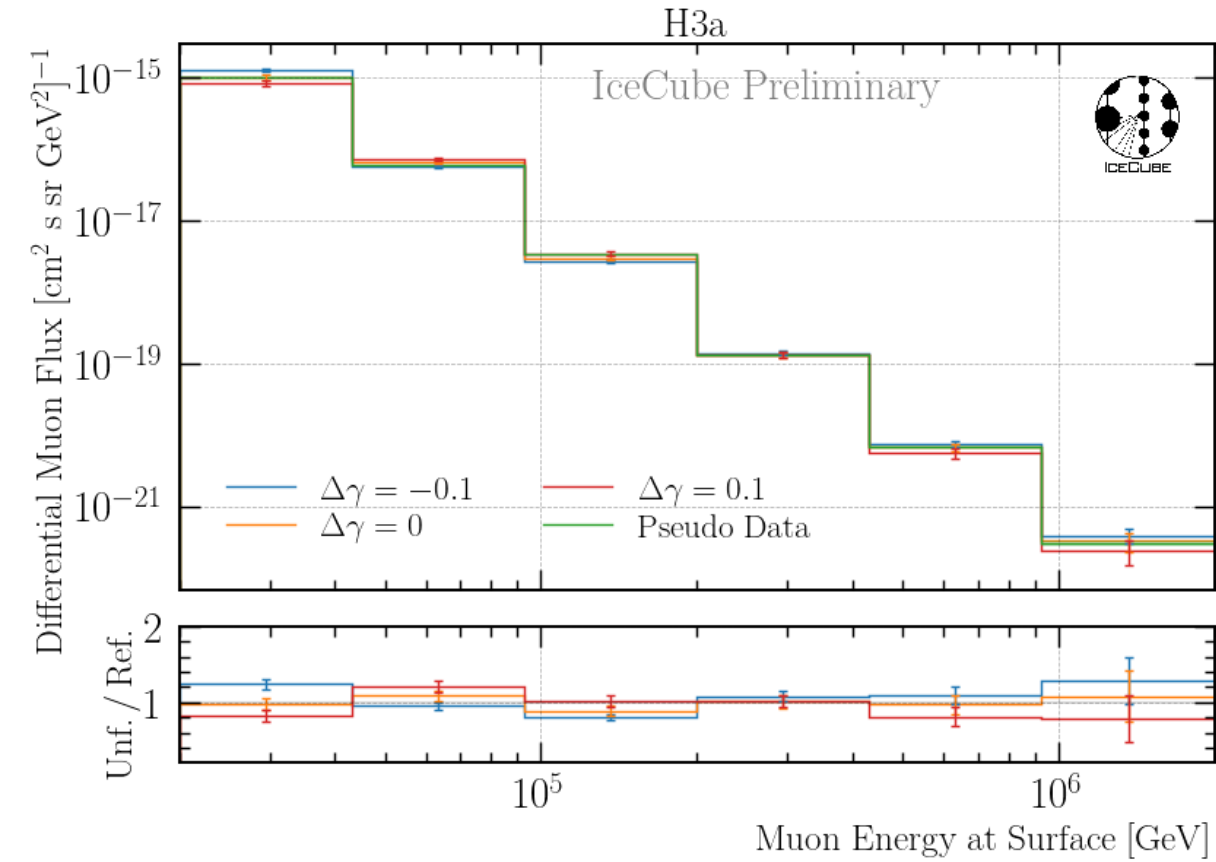




# Robustness Stopping Muons

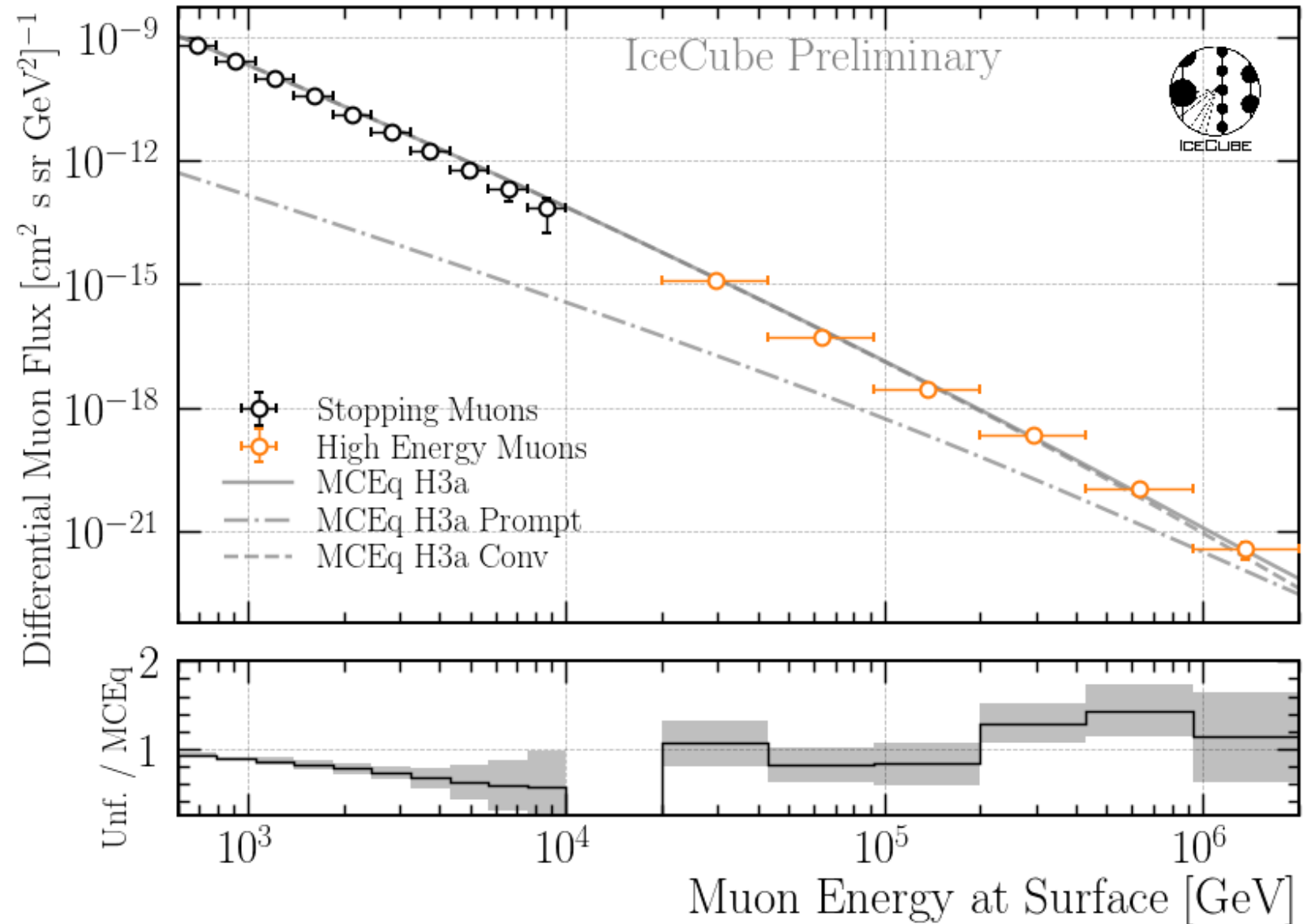


# Robustness High Energy Muons – Starting at 20 TeV



# Unfolding Muon Flux

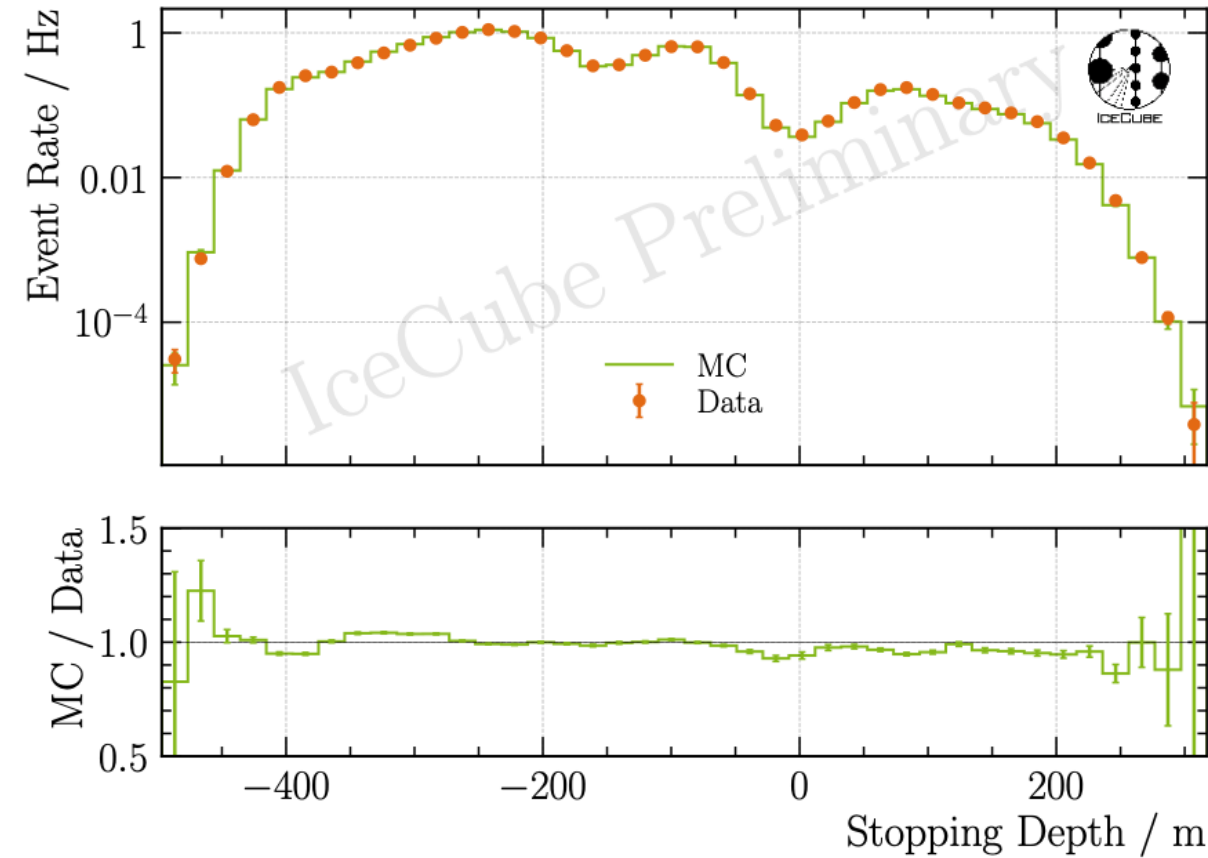
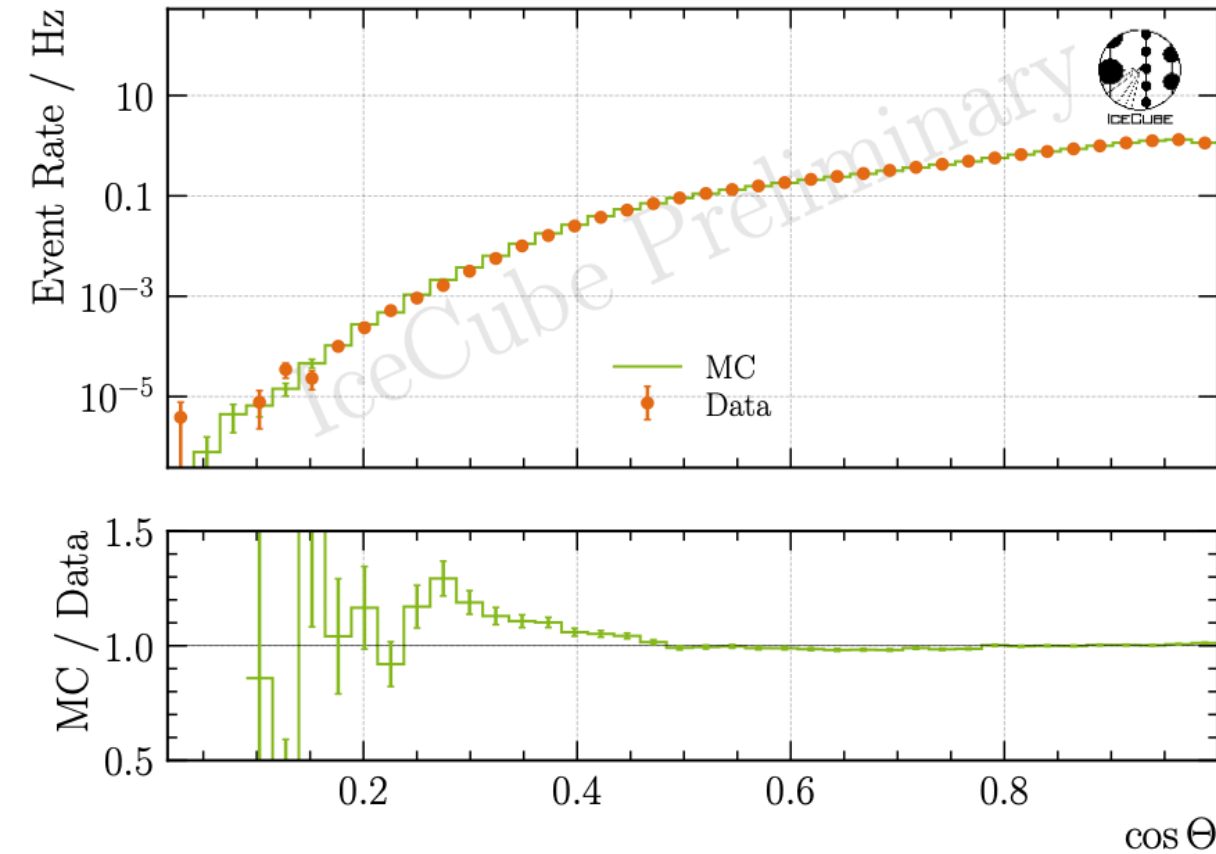
- Both stopping muons and high energy muons show burnsample unfolding



# Thank you for your comments

# Data-MC: Stopping Muons

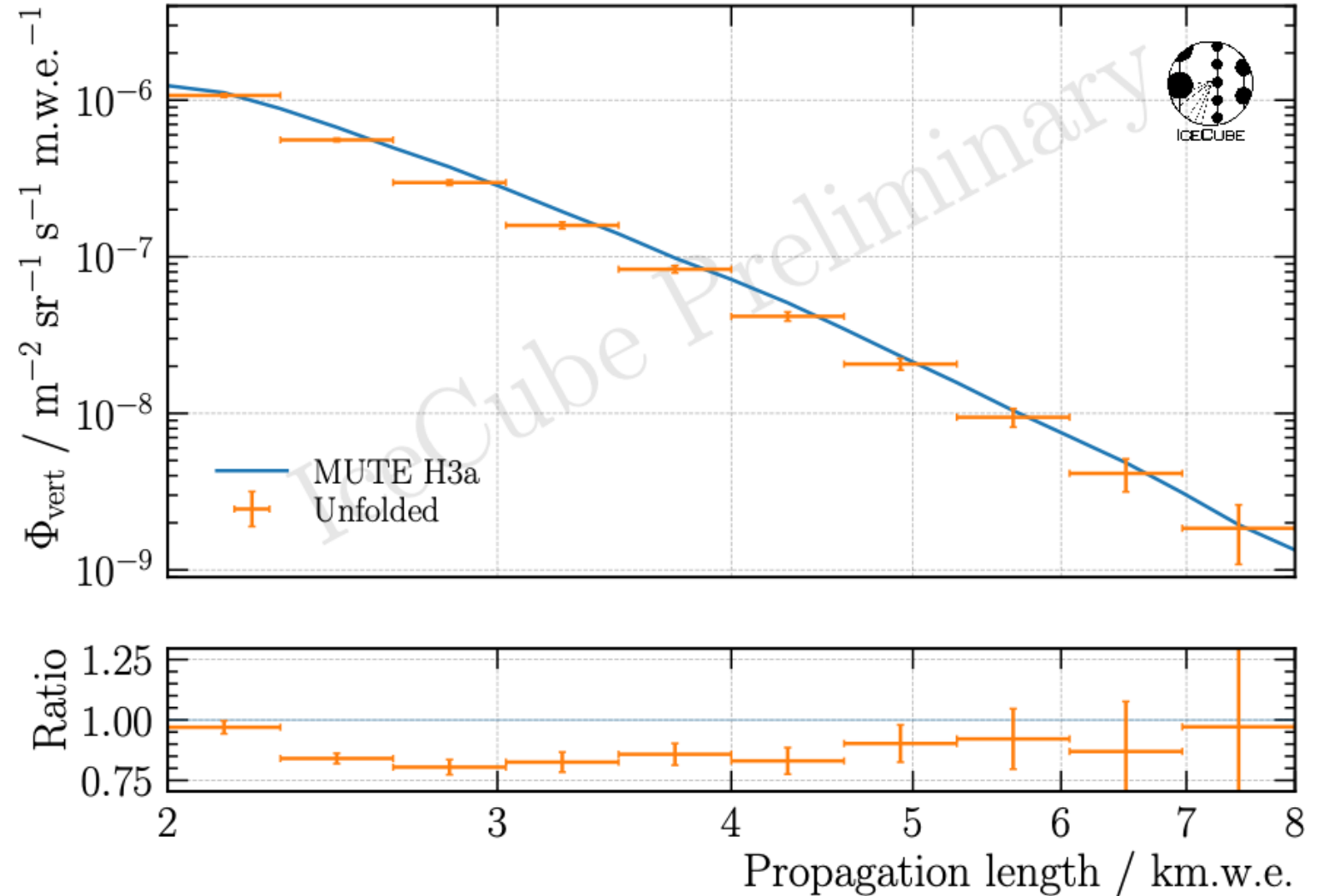
Style will be updated to the one on the next slide by Monday



- build proxy variable for unfolding: propagation length

# Unfolding Propagation Length

- Unfolding on burnsample



# Backup