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Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices

SEO

PWA



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

METRICS

0-49

50-89

90-100



0.2 s

Total Blocking Time

First Contentful Paint

0 ms

Speed Index

0.2 s

Largest Contentful Paint

0.2 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0.005



Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

Expand view

0.22s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources. FCP [LCP]

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (5)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
0.1 (1st Party)	85.7 KiB	800 ms
/jquery.datetimepicker.css (127.0.0.1)	18.9 KiB	190 ms
/app.css (127.0.0.1)	0.7 KiB	110 ms
/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (127.0.0.1)	59.7 KiB	350 ms
/app.js (127.0.0.1)	6.4 KiB	150 ms
Cloudflare CDN Cdn	4.1 KiB	470 ms
0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	2.1 KiB	240 ms
0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	2.0 KiB	240 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	130.0 KiB	440 ms
base/jquery-ui.css (code.jquery.com)	8.4 KiB	240 ms
1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com)	121.7 KiB	200 ms
Google CDN Cdn	30.3 KiB	280 ms
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	30.3 KiB	280 ms

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

Does not use passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. Learn more about adopting passive event listeners.

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

Source Google CDN [Cdn] jquery.min.js:2

0.1 (1st Party)

jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js:1

▲ Does not have a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale No `<meta name="viewport"> `tag found

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond delay</u> to user input. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>. (TBT)

Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason

Pages with WebSocket cannot enter back/forward cache.

Pending browser support

/index.html (127.0.0.1)

Avoid chaining critical requests — 9 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 151.926 ms

Initial Navigation

/index.html (127.0.0.1)

...3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com) - 46.078 ms, 30.32 KiB

/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (127.0.0.1) - 5.802 ms, 59.75 KiB

/jquery.datetimepicker.css (127.0.0.1) - 8.048 ms, 18.88 KiB

...0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) - 48.173 ms, 2.00 KiB

...0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) - 49.147 ms, 2.12 KiB

...1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com) - 135.709 ms, 121.67 KiB

...base/jquery-ui.css (code.jquery.com) - 84.34 ms, 8.37 KiB

/app.js (127.0.0.1) - **7.493 ms, 6.38 KiB**

/app.css (127.0.0.1) - 5.745 ms, 0.67 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more about performance budgets.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	11.0	261.6 KiB
Script	5.0	220.1 KiB
Stylesheet	4.0	30.0 KiB
Image	1.0	7.0 KiB
Document	1.0	4.4 KiB
Media	0.0	0.0 KiB
Font	0.0	0.0 KiB
Other	0.0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	6.0	171.4 KiB

	Lorgost	Contentful	Daint	alamant		220	-
\cup	Lardest	Contentiui	Paini	element	_	ZZU	1115

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> <u>LCP</u>

Element	
	h2

Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	3%	10 ms
Load Delay	0%	0 ms
Load Time	0%	0 ms
Render Delay	97%	210 ms

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. Learn how to improve CLS (CLS)

Element		CLS Contribution
	form#create-employee	0.005
	button	0.000

O Avoid long main-thread tasks — 1 long task found

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

URL	Start Time	Duration
Google CDN Cdn		52 ms
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	211 ms	52 ms

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (31)	Hide
Properly size images	^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images.	
Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. <u>Learn how to defer offscreen images</u> .	
Minify CSS	^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. <u>Learn how to minify CSS</u> . <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>	
Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 46 KiB	^
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP LCP	

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
jQuery CDN Cdn	121.7 KiB	43.9 KiB
1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com)	121.7 KiB	43.9 KiB
0.1 (1st Party)	6.4 KiB	2.2 KiB
/app.js (127.0.0.1)	6.4 KiB	2.2 KiB

Reduce unused CSS — Potential savings of 18 KiB

Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
0.1 1st Party	18.9 KiB	18.2 KiB
/jquery.datetimepicker.css (127.0.0.1)	18.9 KiB	18.2 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript — Potential savings of 121 KiB

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. <u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. <u>LCP</u>

Show 3rd-party resources (1)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
jQuery CDN Cdn	121.7 KiB	98.7 KiB
1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com)	121.7 KiB	98.7 KiB
0.1 (1st Party)	59.7 KiB	22.3 KiB
/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (127.0.0.1)	59.7 KiB	22.3 KiB

Efficiently encode images

Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. <u>Learn more about modern image formats</u>.

Enable text compression — Potential savings of 62 KiB

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. <u>Learn more about text compression</u>. FCP (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
0.1 (1st Party)	88.1 KiB	62.0 KiB
/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (127.0.0.1)	59.4 KiB	40.6 KiB
/jquery.datetimepicker.css (127.0.0.1)	18.5 KiB	13.9 KiB
/app.js (127.0.0.1)	6.0 KiB	4.9 KiB
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	4.1 KiB	2.7 KiB

Preconnect to required origins

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. <u>Learn how to preconnect to required origins</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 0 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

URL	Time Spent
0.1 1st Party	0 ms
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	0 ms

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. FCP [LCP]

Preload key requests

Consider using <link rel=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. <u>Learn</u> how to preload key requests. FCP | LCP |

Use HTTP/2	^
HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2.	
Use video formats for animated content	^
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more about efficient video formats</u> <u>(LCP)</u>	
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	^
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity TBT	/-
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers	^
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule fedetection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Leat to use modern JavaScript TBT	
Preload Largest Contentful Paint image	^
If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u> . <u>LCP</u>	<u>ore</u>
Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 262 KiB	^
Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce pasizes</u> . <u>LCP</u>	<u>yload</u>
Show 3rd-party resour	ces (6)
URL	nsfer Size
jQuery CDN Cdn	KiB
1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com) 121.7	KiB
base/jquery-ui.css (code.jquery.com) 8.4	l KiB
images/ui-icons_777777_256x240.png (code.jquery.com) 7.0) KiB
0.1 1st Party 89.5	KiB
/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (127.0.0.1) 59.7	' KiB

18.9 KiB

/jquery.datetimepicker.css (127.0.0.1)

URL	Transfer Size
/app.js (127.0.0.1)	6.4 KiB
/index.html (127.0.0.1)	4.4 KiB
Google CDN Cdn	30.3 KiB
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	30.3 KiB
Cloudflare CDN Cdn	4.1 KiB
0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	2.1 KiB
0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	2.0 KiB

Uses efficient cache policy on static assets — 0 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies.

Avoids an excessive DOM size - 607 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		607
Maximum DOM Depth	div	9
Maximum Child Elements	div	101

User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

JavaScript execution time — 0.1 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time. TBT

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Google CDN Cdn	81 ms	66 ms	1 ms
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	81 ms	66 ms	1 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work [TBT]

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	85 ms
Other	45 ms
Style & Layout	27 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	9 ms
Rendering	9 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	8 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. <u>Learn more about font-display</u>. <u>FCP</u> <u>LCP</u>

Minimize third-party usage $\,$ — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. <u>Learn how to minimize third-party impact</u>. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
jQuery CDN Cdn	137 KiB	0 ms
1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com)	122 KiB	0 ms
base/jquery-ui.css (code.jquery.com)	8 KiB	0 ms
images/ui-icons_777777_256x240.png (code.jquery.com)	7 KiB	0 ms
Google CDN Cdn	30 KiB	0 ms
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	30 KiB	0 ms

	Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
	Cloudflare CDN Cdn	4 KiB	0 ms
0	Lazy load third-party resources with facades		^
	Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing ther defer third-parties with a facade. (TBT)	m with a facade until th	ney are required. <u>Learn how to</u>
0	Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded		^
	Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page I <u>earn more about optimal lazy loading</u> . <u>LCP</u>	ifecycle, which can de	lay the largest contentful paint.
	Avoids document.write()		^
	For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected vectors. Learn how to avoid document.write().	/ia document.write()	can delay page load by tens of
0	Avoid non-composited animations		^
A	Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS	. <u>Learn how to avoid r</u>	non-composited animations CLS
0	Image elements have explicit width and height		^
	Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout s	hifts and improve CLS	Learn how to set image



These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

ARIA

▲ ARIA input fields do not have accessible names

When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u>.

Failing Elements	
span#state-button.ui-selectmenu-button.ui-selectmenu-button-closed.ui-corner-all.ui-button.ui-widget	
span#department-button.ui-selectmenu-button.ui-selectmenu-button-closed.ui-corner all.ui-button.ui-widget	
These are opportunities to improve the usage of ARIA in your application which may enhance the experience for users of as	cictive
technology, like a screen reader.	SISTIVE
INTERNATIONALIZATION AND LOCALIZATION	
▲ <html> element does not have a [lang] attribute</html>	^
If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the use chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader migh announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.	
Failing Elements	
html	
These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.	
ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10)	Hide
O The page has a logical tab order	^
Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering</u> .	
Interactive controls are keyboard focusable	^
Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u> .	
Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state	^

E	elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.	
0	The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page	^
	f new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to new content</u> .	
0	User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
P	A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus tra	<u>ps</u> .
0	Custom controls have associated labels	^
	Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom</u> controls and <u>labels</u> .	
0	Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
(Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
0	Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
	DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM and visual</u> <u>ordering</u> .	
0	Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
(Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
0	HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
	_andmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technologeern more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	gy.
These review	e items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on <u>conducting an accessik</u> <u>w</u> .	<u>ility</u>
PASS	SED AUDITS (15)	Hide
	[aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
	Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Le	<u>arn</u>
	[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive

Learn how aria-hidden affects the document body. [role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. Learn more about roles and required attributes. [role] values are valid ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA roles. [aria-*] attributes have valid values Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. Learn more about valid values for ARIA attributes. [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about valid ARIA attributes. Buttons have an accessible name When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible. ARIA IDs are unique The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Learn how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs. Form elements have associated labels Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels. [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document <body>.

	The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.	
	Links have a discernible name	^
	Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn how to make links accessible</u> .	
	No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0	^
	A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about the tabindex attribute</u> .	
	Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order	^
	Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about heading order</u> .	
NOT	T APPLICABLE (31)	Hide
0	[accesskey] values are unique	^
	Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn mo	<u>ore</u>
0	button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
	When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .	<u>;</u>
0	ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
	When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
0	ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
	When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	ng
0	Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
	Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more abortoles and required children elements</u> .	<u>out</u>

Document has a <title> element

 [role]s are contained by their required parent element 	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility function Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	ons.
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusation for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	able
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .	ı it
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. <u>Learn more about bypass</u> .	<u>ass</u>
<dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script>, <template> or <div> elements.</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. <u>Learn hostructure definition lists correctly.</u></td><td><u>w to</u></td></tr><tr><td>O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can prop announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</td><td>erly</td></tr><tr><td>O [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. <u>Learn how to fix duplicate ids</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>No form fields have multiple labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use the first, the last, or all of the labels. Learn how to use form labels.</td><td>either</td></tr><tr><td><frame> Or <iframe> elements have a title</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u>.</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script></dd></dt></dl>	

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</html>	^
Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribu	<u>te</u> .
	^
If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text calculated the language attribute.	orrectly.
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an emattribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	ipty alt
O Input buttons have discernible text.	^
Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn more about input buttons.	e input
<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users underst purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	and the
 Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). </td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Lea about proper list structure.</td><td>arn more</td></tr><tr><td>List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced prop Learn more about proper list structure.</td><td>perly.</td></tr><tr><td>The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"></td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>may</td></tr><tr><td>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This r create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ss</td></tr><tr><td>create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag. [user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not lest</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></script>	

Tables use <caption> instead of cells with the [colspan] attribute to indicate a caption.</caption>	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that tables use the actual caption element inso of cells with the [colspan] attribute may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about captions.	tead
elements in a large have one or more table headers.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring that elements in a large table (3 or more cells in width and height) have an associated table header may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn about table headers</u> .	
Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.	refer
elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cell may improve the experience for screen reader users. <u>Learn more about table headers</u> .	S
O [lang] attributes have a valid value	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. <u>Lea how to use the lang attribute</u> .	<u>arn</u>
	^

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convey

meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. <u>Learn more about video captions</u>.



BROWSER COMPATIBILITY

Page lacks the HTML doctype, thus triggering quirks-mode Document must contain a doctype

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more about the doctype declaration</u>.

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a CSP to prevent XSS

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

GENERAL

Detected JavaScript libraries

Uses HTTPS

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.

Name	Version
jQuery	3.5.1
jQuery UI	1.12.1

PASSED AUDITS (12) Hide

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more about the geolocation permission</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. <u>Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications</u>.

Allows users to paste into input fields

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more about user-friendly input fields</u>.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio	^
Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. <u>Learn more about image aspect ratio</u> .	
Serves images with appropriate resolution	^
Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn hearth provide responsive images</u> .	<u>OW</u>
Properly defines charset	^
A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta/> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.	е
Avoids unload event listeners	^
The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. <u>Learn more about unload event listeners</u>	Э.
Avoids deprecated APIs	^
Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. <u>Learn more about deprecated APIs</u> .	
No browser errors logged to the console	^
Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other brows concerns. Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit	ser
No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools	^
Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network requestiallures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.	
Page has valid source maps	^
Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u> .	<u>l</u>
NOT APPLICABLE (1)	Hide
Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded	^
Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. <u>Learn more about preloading fonts</u>	



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

MOBILE FRIENDLY	
▲ Does not have a <meta name="viewport"/> tag with width or initial-scale No ` <meta name="viewport"/> `tag found	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond do to user input</u> . <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u> . <u>TBT</u>	<u>elay</u>
Make sure your pages are mobile friendly so users don't have to pinch or zoom in order to read the content pages. <u>Learn how make pages mobile-friendly</u> .	<u>/ to</u>
CONTENT BEST PRACTICES	
▲ Document does not have a meta description	^
Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more about the meta description</u> .	
Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.	
ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)	Hide
O Structured data is valid	^
Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u> .	
Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.	
PASSED AUDITS (7)	Hide
Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

Page has successful HTTP status code

Links have descriptive text	^
Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn how to make links more accessible</u> .	
Links are crawlable	^
Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements line to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable	ıks
Page isn't blocked from indexing	^
Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn monabout crawler directives</u> .	<u>ore</u>
Document has a valid hreflang	^
hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more about hreflang.</u>	
Document avoids plugins	^
Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more about avoiding plugins</u> .	
NOT APPLICABLE (5)	Hide
o robots.txt is valid	^
If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more about robots.txt</u> .	
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	alt
O Document has a valid rel=canonical	^
Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. <u>Learn more about canonical links</u> .	
O Document uses legible font sizes	^
Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more about legible font sizes.	e to

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more about HTTP status codes</u>.

O Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more about tap targets.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. <u>Learn what</u> <u>makes a good Progressive Web App</u>.

INSTALLABLE

▲ Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason

Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more about manifest installability requirements.

Failure reason

Page has no manifest < link > URL

PWA OPTIMIZED

▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. <u>Learn more about Service Workers</u>.

▲ Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. <u>Learn more about splash screens</u>.

Does not set a theme color for the address bar.

Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more about theming the address bar.

Content is sized correctly for the viewport

screens. Learn how to size content for the viewport. Does not have a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale No `<meta name="viewport"> tag found A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. Learn about maskable manifest icons. ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3) Hide Site works cross-browser To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser. Learn about cross-browser compatibility. Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network. This experience is key to a user's perception of performance. Learn more about page transitions. Each page has a URL Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via URL and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. Learn more about providing deep links.

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile

These checks are required by the baseline <u>PWA Checklist</u> but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

Captured at Sep 4, 2023, 2:08 PM GMT+2

Initial page load

Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse 10.3.0

Custom throttling

Single page load

Using Chromium 116.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 10.3.0 | File an issue