Chapter 9 Database Security

Objectives

- To learn to:
 - Create users
 - o Create roles to ease setup and maintenance of the security model
 - Use the GRANT and REVOKE statements to grant and revoke object privileges

Privileges

- Database security:
 - System security
 - Data security
- -System privileges: Gain access to the database
- Object privileges: Manipulate the content of the database objects
- -Schema: Collection of objects, such as tables, views, and sequences

System Privileges

- -More than 80 privileges are available.
- The DBA has high-level system privileges:
 - o Create new users
 - Remove users
 - Remove tables
 - Back up tables

Creating Users

The DBA creates users by using the CREATE USER statement.

```
CREATE USER user
IDENTIFIED BY password;

SQL> CREATE USER scott
2 IDENTIFIED BY tiger;
User created.
```

Changing a User's Password

Two methods in Oracle

1. Using ALTER USER

ALTER USER name IDENTIFIED BY password;

2. Using PASSWORD

PASSWORD

Changing password for NAME

Old password: *****
New password: *****

Retype new password: *****

User System Privileges

 Once a user is created, the DBA can grant specific system privileges to a user.

```
GRANT privilege [, privilege...]
TO user [, user...];
```

An application developer may have the following system privileges:

CREATE SESSION
CREATE TABLE
CREATE SEQUENCE
CREATE VIEW
CREATE PROCEDURE

Granting System Privileges

The DBA can grant a user specific system privileges.

```
SQL> GRANT create table, create sequence, create view
2 TO scott;
Grant succeeded.
```

Creating and Granting Privileges to a Role

```
SQL> CREATE ROLE manager;
Role created.

SQL> GRANT create table, create view
2     to manager;
Grant succeeded.

SQL> GRANT manager to JONES, SMITH;
Grant succeeded.
```

Object Privileges

Object

Privilege	Table	View	Sequence	Procedure
•ALTER	X		х	
•DELETE	Χ	X		
•EXECUTE				X
•INDEX	Χ			
•INSERT	X	X		
•REFERENC				
•SELECT	Χ	X	X	
•UPDATE	X			

Object Privileges

- Object privileges vary from object to object.
- An owner has all the privileges on the object.
- An owner can give specific privileges on that owner's object.

Granting Object Privileges

-Grant query privileges on the EMP table.

```
SQL> GRANT select
2  ON emp
3  TO smith, jones;
Grant succeeded.
```

Grant privileges to update specific columns to users and roles.

```
SQL> GRANT update (dname, loc)
2 ON dept
3 TO scott, manager;
Grant succeeded.
```

Using WITH GRANT OPTION and PUBLIC Keywords

Give a user authority to pass along the privileges.

```
SQL> GRANT select, insert
2 ON dept
3 TO scott
4 WITH GRANT OPTION;
Grant succeeded.
```

Allow all users on the system to query data from Tom's DEPT table.

SQL> GRANT select
2 ON tom.dept
3 TO PUBLIC;
Grant succeeded.

Confirming Privileges Granted

Data Dictionary Table Description

ROLE_SYS_PRIVS

ROLE_TAB_PRIVS

System privileges granted to roles
Table privileges granted to roles
USER_ROLE_PRIVS

Roles accessible by the user

USER TAB PRIVS MADE Object privileges granted on the user's objects

USER_COL_PRIVS_MADE Object privileges granted on the columns of the user's objects USER_COL_PRIVS_RECD Object privileges granted to the user on specific columns

How to Revoke Object Privileges

- You use the REVOKE statement to revoke privileges granted to other users.
- Privileges granted to others through the WITH GRANT OPTION will also be revoked.

```
REVOKE {privilege [, privilege...]|ALL}
ON         object
FROM {user[, user...]|role|PUBLIC}
[CASCADE CONSTRAINTS];
```

 As user Tom, revoke the SELECT and INSERT privileges given to user Scott on the DEPT table.

```
SQL> REVOKE select, insert
2 ON dept
3 FROM scott;
Revoke succeeded.
```

Summary

- CREATE USER to create a user account
- Assignment of system privileges
- User of a role
- Assignment of object privileges