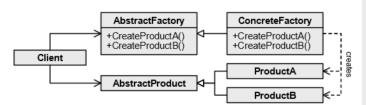
# **Design Patterns Cheat Sheet**

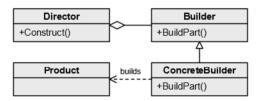
# Creational Patterns Abstract Factory

Provides an interface for creating families of related or dependent objects without specifying their concrete classes



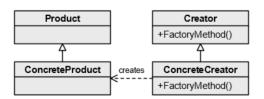
### Builder

Separates the construction of a complex object from its representation so that the same construction process can create different representations.



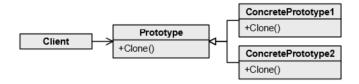
### Factory Method

Defines an interface for creating an object but let subclasses decide which class to instantiate



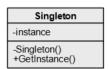
# Prototype

Specifies the kinds of objects to create using a prototypical instance and create new objects by copying this prototype



## Singleton

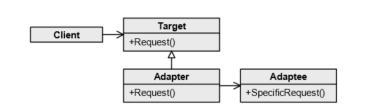
Ensure a class only has one instance and provide a global point of access to it



# Structural Patterns

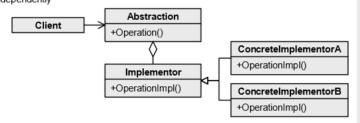
# Adapter

Converts the interface of a class into another interface clients expect



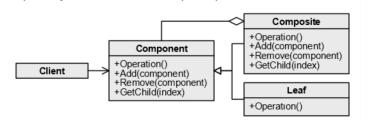
# Structural Patterns (cont'd) Bridge

Decouples an abstraction from its implementation so that the two can vary independently



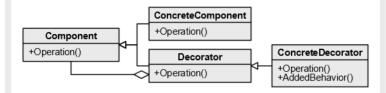
### Composite

Composes objects into tree structures to represent part-whole hierarchies



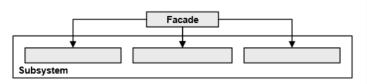
### Decorator

Attaches additional responsibilities to an object dynamically



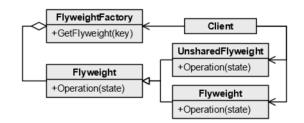
### Facade

Provides a unified interface to a set of interfaces in a subsystem



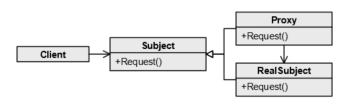
### **Flyweight**

Uses sharing to support large numbers of fine-grained objects efficiently



# Proxy

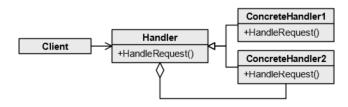
Provides a surrogate or placeholder for another object to control access to it



# **Design Patterns Cheat Sheet**

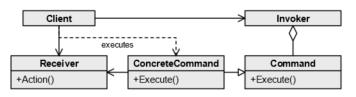
## Behavioral Patterns Chain of Responsibility

Avoids coupling the sender of a request to its receiver by giving more than one object a chance to handle the request



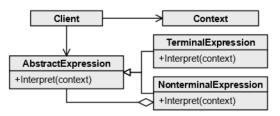
### Command

Encapsulates a request as an object, thereby letting you parameterize clients with different requests, queue or log requests, and support undoable operations



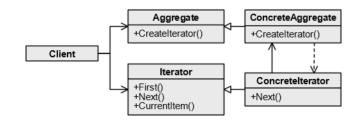
### Interpreter

Given a language, defines a representation for its grammar along with an interpreter that uses the representation to interpret sentences in the language



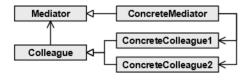
### Iterator

Given a language, defines a representation for its grammar along with an interpreter that uses the representation to interpret sentences in the language



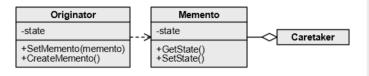
### Mediator

Defines an object that encapsulates how a set of objects interact



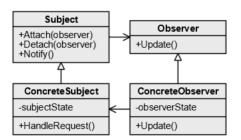
### Memento

Without violating encapsulation, capture and externalize an object's internal state so that the object can be restored to this state later



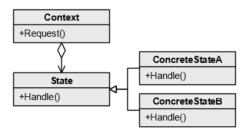
# Behavioral Patterns (cont'd) Observer

Defines a one-to-many dependency between objects so that when one object changes state all its dependents are notified and updated automatically



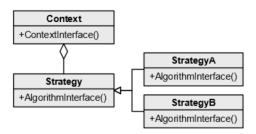
#### State

Allows an object to alter its behavior when its internal state changes



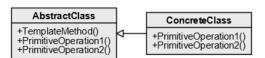
#### Strategy

Defines a family of algorithms, encapsulate each one, and make them interchangeable



### **TemplateMethod**

Defines the skeleton of an algorithm in an operation, deferring some steps to subclasses



# TemplateMethod

Represents an operation to be performed on the elements of an object structure

