docker-sdk-python Documentation

Release 3.7.0

Docker Inc.

Contents

1	Insta	llation	3
2	Getti	ng started	5
	2.1	Client	6
	2.2	Configs	9
	2.3	Containers	10
	2.4	Images	22
	2.5	Networks	28
	2.6	Nodes	31
	2.7	Plugins	32
	2.8	Secrets	34
	2.9	Services	35
	2.10	Swarm	38
	2.11	Volumes	41
	2.12	Low-level API	43
	2.13	Using TLS	89
	2.14	User guides and tutorials	89
	2.15	Change log	92
Ρv	thon N	Module Index	129

A Python library for the Docker Engine API. It lets you do anything the docker command does, but from within Python apps – run containers, manage containers, manage Swarms, etc.

For more information about the Engine API, see its documentation.

Contents 1

2 Contents

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Installation

The latest stable version is available on PyPI. Either add docker to your requirements.txt file or install with pip:

pip install docker

Getting started

To talk to a Docker daemon, you first need to instantiate a client. You can use from_env() to connect using the default socket or the configuration in your environment:

```
import docker
client = docker.from_env()
```

You can now run containers:

```
>>> client.containers.run("ubuntu", "echo hello world")
'hello world\n'
```

You can run containers in the background:

```
>>> client.containers.run("bfirsh/reticulate-splines", detach=True)
<Container '45e6d2de7c54'>
```

You can manage containers:

```
>>> client.containers.list()
[<Container '45e6d2de7c54'>, <Container 'db18e4f20eaa'>, ...]
>>> container = client.containers.get('45e6d2de7c54')
>>> container.attrs['Config']['Image']
"bfirsh/reticulate-splines"
>>> container.logs()
"Reticulating spline 1...\n"
>>> container.stop()
```

You can stream logs:

```
>>> for line in container.logs(stream=True):
... print line.strip()
Reticulating spline 2...
Reticulating spline 3...
...
```

You can manage images:

```
>>> client.images.pull('nginx')
<Image 'nginx'>
>>> client.images.list()
[<Image 'ubuntu'>, <Image 'nginx'>, ...]
```

That's just a taste of what you can do with the Docker SDK for Python. For more, take a look at the reference.

Client

Creating a client

To communicate with the Docker daemon, you first need to instantiate a client. The easiest way to do that is by calling the function from_env(). It can also be configured manually by instantiating a DockerClient class.

from env()

Return a client configured from environment variables.

The environment variables used are the same as those used by the Docker command-line client. They are:

DOCKER HOST

The URL to the Docker host.

DOCKER TLS VERIFY

Verify the host against a CA certificate.

DOCKER_CERT_PATH

A path to a directory containing TLS certificates to use when connecting to the Docker host.

Parameters

- **version** (*str*) The version of the API to use. Set to auto to automatically detect the server's version. Default: 1.30
- **timeout** (*int*) Default timeout for API calls, in seconds.
- ssl version (int) A valid SSL version.
- **assert_hostname** (bool) Verify the hostname of the server.
- **environment** (*dict*) The environment to read environment variables from. Default: the value of os.environ
- **credstore_env** (*dict*) Override environment variables when calling the credential store process.

Example

```
>>> import docker
>>> client = docker.from_env()
```

Client reference

class DockerClient

A client for communicating with a Docker server.

Example

```
>>> import docker
>>> client = docker.DockerClient(base_url='unix://var/run/docker.sock')
```

Parameters

- base_url (str) URL to the Docker server. For example, unix:///var/run/docker.sock or tcp://127.0.0.1:1234.
- **version** (*str*) The version of the API to use. Set to auto to automatically detect the server's version. Default: 1.30
- **timeout** (*int*) Default timeout for API calls, in seconds.
- tls (bool or *TLSConfig*) Enable TLS. Pass True to enable it with default options, or pass a *TLSConfig* object to use custom configuration.
- **user_agent** (str) Set a custom user agent for requests to the server.
- **credstore_env** (*dict*) Override environment variables when calling the credential store process.

configs

An object for managing configs on the server. See the *configs documentation* for full details.

containers

An object for managing containers on the server. See the *containers documentation* for full details.

images

An object for managing images on the server. See the *images documentation* for full details.

networks

An object for managing networks on the server. See the *networks documentation* for full details.

nodes

An object for managing nodes on the server. See the *nodes documentation* for full details.

plugins

An object for managing plugins on the server. See the *plugins documentation* for full details.

secrets

An object for managing secrets on the server. See the *secrets documentation* for full details.

services

An object for managing services on the server. See the *services documentation* for full details.

swarm

An object for managing a swarm on the server. See the *swarm documentation* for full details.

volumes

An object for managing volumes on the server. See the *volumes documentation* for full details.

close()

Closes all adapters and as such the session

df()

Get data usage information.

Returns A dictionary representing different resource categories and their respective data usage.

Return type (dict)

2.1. Client 7

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

events()

Get real-time events from the server. Similar to the docker events command.

Parameters

- since (UTC datetime or int) Get events from this point
- until (UTC datetime or int) Get events until this point
- filters (dict) Filter the events by event time, container or image
- **decode** (bool) If set to true, stream will be decoded into dicts on the fly. False by default.

Returns A docker.types.daemon.CancellableStream generator

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> for event in client.events(decode=True)
... print(event)
{u'from': u'image/with:tag',
 u'id': u'container-id',
 u'status': u'start',
 u'time': 1423339459}
...
```

or

```
>>> events = client.events()
>>> for event in events:
... print(event)
>>> # and cancel from another thread
>>> events.close()
```

info()

Display system-wide information. Identical to the docker info command.

Returns The info as a dict

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

login()

Authenticate with a registry. Similar to the docker login command.

Parameters

- username(str) The registry username
- password (str) The plaintext password
- **email** (str) The email for the registry account
- registry (str) URL to the registry. E.g. https://index.docker.io/v1/
- reauth (bool) Whether or not to refresh existing authentication on the Docker server.

```
• dockercfq_path (str) - Use a custom path for the Docker config file (default
                     $HOME/.docker/config.json if present, otherwise"$HOME/.dockercfg")
              Returns The response from the login request
              Return type (dict)
              Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
     ping()
          Checks the server is responsive. An exception will be raised if it isn't responding.
              Returns (bool) The response from the server.
              Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
     version()
          Returns version information from the server. Similar to the docker version command.
              Returns The server version information
              Return type (dict)
              Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
Configs
Manage configs on the server.
Methods available on client.configs:
class ConfigCollection
     create(**kwargs)
          Create a config
              Parameters
                   • name (string) - Name of the config
                   • data (bytes) - Config data to be stored
                   • labels (dict) - A mapping of labels to assign to the config
          Returns (dict): ID of the newly created config
     get (config_id)
          Get a config.
              Parameters config_id(str)-Config ID.
              Returns The config.
              Return type (Config)
              Raises
                   • docker.errors.NotFound - If the config does not exist.
                   • docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
     list(**kwargs)
          List configs. Similar to the docker config 1s command.
```

2.2. Configs 9

Parameters filters (dict) – Server-side list filtering options.

```
Returns The configs.

Return type (list of Config)

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.
```

Config objects

```
class Config
    A config.

id
    The ID of the object.

name

attrs
    The raw representation of this object from the server.

reload()
    Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.

remove()
    Remove this config.

Raises docker.errors.APIError - If config failed to remove.
```

Containers

Run and manage containers on the server.

```
Methods available on client.containers:
```

```
class ContainerCollection (client=None)
```

```
run (image, command=None, **kwargs)
```

Run a container. By default, it will wait for the container to finish and return its logs, similar to docker run.

If the detach argument is True, it will start the container and immediately return a *Container* object, similar to docker run -d.

Example

Run a container and get its output:

```
>>> import docker
>>> client = docker.from_env()
>>> client.containers.run('alpine', 'echo hello world')
b'hello world\n'
```

Run a container and detach:

Parameters

- **image** (str) The image to run.
- command (str or list) The command to run in the container.
- **auto_remove** (bool) enable auto-removal of the container on daemon side when the container's process exits.
- blkio_weight_device Block IO weight (relative device weight) in the form of: [{"Path": "device_path", "Weight": weight}].
- blkio_weight Block IO weight (relative weight), accepts a weight value between 10 and 1000.
- cap_add (list of str) Add kernel capabilities. For example, ["SYS_ADMIN", "MKNOD"].
- cap_drop (list of str) Drop kernel capabilities.
- cpu_count (int) Number of usable CPUs (Windows only).
- **cpu_percent** (*int*) Usable percentage of the available CPUs (Windows only).
- cpu_period (int) The length of a CPU period in microseconds.
- **cpu_quota** (*int*) Microseconds of CPU time that the container can get in a CPU period.
- cpu_shares (int) CPU shares (relative weight).
- cpuset_cpus (str) CPUs in which to allow execution (0-3, 0, 1).
- **cpuset_mems** (*str*) Memory nodes (MEMs) in which to allow execution (0-3, 0, 1). Only effective on NUMA systems.
- **detach** (bool) Run container in the background and return a Container object.
- **device_cgroup_rules** (list) A list of cgroup rules to apply to the container.
- **device_read_bps** Limit read rate (bytes per second) from a device in the form of: [["Path": "device_path", "Rate": rate]]
- **device_read_iops** Limit read rate (IO per second) from a device.
- **device_write_bps** Limit write rate (bytes per second) from a device.
- **device_write_iops** Limit write rate (IO per second) from a device.
- **devices** (*list*) Expose host devices to the container, as a list of strings in the form <path_on_host>:<path_in_container>:<cgroup_permissions>.

For example, /dev/sda:/dev/xvda:rwm allows the container to have read-write access to the host's /dev/sda via a node named /dev/xvda inside the container.

- **dns** (*list*) Set custom DNS servers.
- **dns_opt** (*list*) Additional options to be added to the container's resolv.conf file.
- dns_search (list) DNS search domains.

2.3. Containers

- domainname (str or list) Set custom DNS search domains.
- **entrypoint** (str or list) The entrypoint for the container.
- **environment** (dict or list) Environment variables to set inside the container, as a dictionary or a list of strings in the format ["SOMEVARIABLE=xxx"].
- extra_hosts (dict) Additional hostnames to resolve inside the container, as a mapping of hostname to IP address.
- group_add (list) List of additional group names and/or IDs that the container process will run as.
- healthcheck (dict) Specify a test to perform to check that the container is healthy.
- **hostname** (str) Optional hostname for the container.
- init (bool) Run an init inside the container that forwards signals and reaps processes
- init_path (str) Path to the docker-init binary
- ipc_mode (str) Set the IPC mode for the container.
- **isolation** (*str*) Isolation technology to use. Default: *None*.
- labels (dict or list) A dictionary of name-value labels (e.g. {"label1": "value1", "label2": "value2"}) or a list of names of labels to set with empty values (e.g. ["label1", "label2"])
- links (dict) Mapping of links using the {'container': 'alias'} format. The alias is optional. Containers declared in this dict will be linked to the new container using the provided alias. Default: None.
- log_config (LogConfig) Logging configuration.
- mac_address (str) MAC address to assign to the container.
- mem_limit (int or str) Memory limit. Accepts float values (which represent the memory limit of the created container in bytes) or a string with a units identification char (100000b, 1000k, 128m, 1g). If a string is specified without a units character, bytes are assumed as an intended unit.
- mem_swappiness (int) Tune a container's memory swappiness behavior. Accepts number between 0 and 100.
- memswap_limit (str or int) Maximum amount of memory + swap a container is allowed to consume.
- mounts (list) Specification for mounts to be added to the container. More powerful alternative to volumes. Each item in the list is expected to be a docker.types.Mount object.
- name (str) The name for this container.
- nano_cpus (int) CPU quota in units of 1e-9 CPUs.
- **network** (*str*) Name of the network this container will be connected to at creation time. You can connect to additional networks using Network.connect(). Incompatible with network mode.
- **network_disabled** (bool) Disable networking.
- network_mode (str) One of:
 - bridge Create a new network stack for the container on on the bridge network.

- none No networking for this container.
- container: <name | id> Reuse another container's network stack.
- host Use the host network stack.

Incompatible with network.

- oom kill disable (bool) Whether to disable OOM killer.
- **oom_score_adj** (*int*) An integer value containing the score given to the container in order to tune OOM killer preferences.
- pid_mode (str) If set to host, use the host PID namespace inside the container.
- pids_limit (int) Tune a container's pids limit. Set -1 for unlimited.
- platform (str) Platform in the format os [/arch[/variant]]. Only used if the method needs to pull the requested image.
- ports (dict) Ports to bind inside the container.

The keys of the dictionary are the ports to bind inside the container, either as an integer or a string in the form port/protocol, where the protocol is either top or udp.

The values of the dictionary are the corresponding ports to open on the host, which can be either:

- The port number, as an integer. For example, {'2222/tcp': 3333} will expose port 2222 inside the container as port 3333 on the host.
- None, to assign a random host port. For example, { '2222/tcp': None}.
- A tuple of (address, port) if you want to specify the host interface. For example, {'1111/tcp': ('127.0.0.1',1111)}.
- A list of integers, if you want to bind multiple host ports to a single container port. For example, {'1111/tcp': [1234, 4567]}.
- **privileged** (bool) Give extended privileges to this container.
- publish_all_ports (bool) Publish all ports to the host.
- **read_only** (bool) Mount the container's root filesystem as read only.
- remove (bool) Remove the container when it has finished running. Default: False.
- restart_policy (dict) Restart the container when it exits. Configured as a dictionary with keys:
 - Name One of on-failure, or always.
 - MaximumRetryCount Number of times to restart the container on failure.

```
For example: {"Name": "on-failure", "MaximumRetryCount": 5}
```

- runtime (str) Runtime to use with this container.
- **security_opt** (list) A list of string values to customize labels for MLS systems, such as SELinux.
- **shm_size** (str or int) Size of /dev/shm (e.g. 1G).
- **stdin_open** (bool) Keep STDIN open even if not attached.
- **stdout** (bool) Return logs from STDOUT when detach=False. Default: True.
- **stderr** (bool) Return logs from STDERR when detach=False. Default: False.

2.3. Containers

- **stop_signal** (str) The stop signal to use to stop the container (e.g. SIGINT).
- **storage_opt** (dict) Storage driver options per container as a key-value mapping.
- **stream** (bool) If true and detach is false, return a log generator instead of a string. Ignored if detach is true. Default: False.
- **sysctls** (*dict*) Kernel parameters to set in the container.
- **tmpfs** (dict) Temporary filesystems to mount, as a dictionary mapping a path inside the container to options for that path.

For example:

```
{
    '/mnt/vol2': '',
    '/mnt/vol1': 'size=3G,uid=1000'
}
```

- tty (bool) Allocate a pseudo-TTY.
- ulimits (list) Ulimits to set inside the container, as a list of docker.types.Ulimit instances.
- use_config_proxy (bool) If True, and if the docker client configuration file (~/.docker/config.json by default) contains a proxy configuration, the corresponding environment variables will be set in the container being built.
- user (str or int) Username or UID to run commands as inside the container.
- **userns_mode** (str) Sets the user namespace mode for the container when user namespace remapping option is enabled. Supported values are: host
- **volume_driver** (*str*) The name of a volume driver/plugin.
- **volumes** (dict or list) A dictionary to configure volumes mounted inside the container. The key is either the host path or a volume name, and the value is a dictionary with the keys:
 - bind The path to mount the volume inside the container
 - mode Either rw to mount the volume read/write, or ro to mount it read-only.

For example:

- **volumes_from** (*list*) List of container names or IDs to get volumes from.
- working_dir (str) Path to the working directory.

Returns

The container logs, either STDOUT, STDERR, or both, depending on the value of the stdout and stderr arguments.

STDOUT and STDERR may be read only if either json-file or journald logging driver used. Thus, if you are using none of these drivers, a None object is returned instead. See the Engine API documentation for full details.

If detach is True, a Container object is returned instead.

Raises

- docker.errors.ContainerError-If the container exits with a non-zero exit code and detach is False.
- docker.errors.ImageNotFound If the specified image does not exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

create (image, command=None, **kwargs)

Create a container without starting it. Similar to docker create.

Takes the same arguments as run (), except for stdout, stderr, and remove.

Returns A Container object.

Raises

- docker.errors.ImageNotFound If the specified image does not exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

get (id_or_name)

Get a container by name or ID.

Parameters container_id(str) - Container name or ID.

Returns A Container object.

Raises

- docker.errors.NotFound If the container does not exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

list(**kwargs)

List containers. Similar to the docker ps command.

Parameters

- all (bool) Show all containers. Only running containers are shown by default
- since (str) Show only containers created since Id or Name, include non-running ones
- **before** (str) Show only container created before Id or Name, include non-running ones
- limit (int) Show limit last created containers, include non-running ones
- **filters** (dict) Filters to be processed on the image list. Available filters:
 - exited (int): Only containers with specified exit code
 - status (str): One of restarting, running, paused, exited
 - label (str): format either "key" or "key=value"
 - id (str): The id of the container.
 - name (str): The name of the container.

 - *before* (str): Only containers created before a particular container. Give the container name or id.
 - since (str): Only containers created after a particular container. Give container name or id.

2.3. Containers

A comprehensive list can be found in the documentation for docker ps.

- **sparse** (bool) Do not inspect containers. Returns partial information, but guaranteed not to block. Use *Container.reload()* on resulting objects to retrieve all attributes. Default: False
- **ignore_removed** (bool) Ignore failures due to missing containers when attempting to inspect containers from the original list. Set to True if race conditions are likely. Has no effect if sparse=True. Default: False

Returns (list of Container)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

prune (filters=None)

Delete stopped containers

Parameters filters (dict) – Filters to process on the prune list.

Returns

A dict containing a list of deleted container IDs and the amount of disk space reclaimed in bytes.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Container objects

class Container

Local representation of a container object. Detailed configuration may be accessed through the <code>attrs</code> attribute. Note that local attributes are cached; users may call <code>reload()</code> to query the Docker daemon for the current properties, causing <code>attrs</code> to be refreshed.

attrs

id

The ID of the object.

image

The image of the container.

labels

The labels of a container as dictionary.

name

The name of the container.

short id

The ID of the object, truncated to 10 characters.

status

The status of the container. For example, running, or exited. The raw representation of this object from the server.

attach(**kwargs)

Attach to this container.

logs () is a wrapper around this method, which you can use instead if you want to fetch/stream container output without first retrieving the entire backlog.

Parameters

- **stdout** (bool) Include stdout.
- **stderr** (bool) Include stderr.
- **stream** (bool) Return container output progressively as an iterator of strings, rather than a single string.
- logs (bool) Include the container's previous output.

Returns

By default, the container's output as a single string.

If stream=True, an iterator of output strings.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

attach_socket(**kwargs)

Like attach(), but returns the underlying socket-like object for the HTTP request.

Parameters

- params (dict) Dictionary of request parameters (e.g. stdout, stderr, stream).
- ws (bool) Use websockets instead of raw HTTP.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

commit (repository=None, tag=None, **kwargs)

Commit a container to an image. Similar to the docker commit command.

Parameters

- repository (str) The repository to push the image to
- tag(str) The tag to push
- message (str) A commit message
- author (str) The name of the author
- changes (str) Dockerfile instructions to apply while committing
- **conf** (*dict*) The configuration for the container. See the Engine API documentation for full details.

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

diff()

Inspect changes on a container's filesystem.

Returns (str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

exec_run (cmd, stdout=True, stderr=True, stdin=False, tty=False, privileged=False, user='', detach=False, stream=False, socket=False, environment=None, workdir=None, demux=False)

Run a command inside this container. Similar to docker exec.

Parameters

- cmd (str or list) Command to be executed
- stdout (bool) Attach to stdout. Default: True
- stderr (bool) Attach to stderr. Default: True

2.3. Containers 17

- **stdin** (bool) Attach to stdin. Default: False
- tty (bool) Allocate a pseudo-TTY. Default: False
- privileged (bool) Run as privileged.
- **user** (str) User to execute command as. Default: root
- **detach** (bool) If true, detach from the exec command. Default: False
- **stream** (bool) Stream response data. Default: False
- socket (bool) Return the connection socket to allow custom read/write operations. Default: False
- environment (dict or list) A dictionary or a list of strings in the following format ["PASSWORD=xxx"] or {"PASSWORD": "xxx"}.
- workdir (str) Path to working directory for this exec session
- demux (bool) Return stdout and stderr separately

Returns

A tuple of (exit_code, output)

exit_code: (int): Exit code for the executed command or None if either stream```or ``socket is True.

output: (generator or bytes): If stream=True, a generator yielding response chunks. If socket=True, a socket object for the connection. A bytestring containing response data otherwise.

Return type (ExecResult)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

export (*chunk_size*=2097152)

Export the contents of the container's filesystem as a tar archive.

Parameters chunk_size (*int*) – The number of bytes returned by each iteration of the generator. If None, data will be streamed as it is received. Default: 2 MB

Returns The filesystem tar archive

Return type (str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

get_archive (path, chunk_size=2097152)

Retrieve a file or folder from the container in the form of a tar archive.

Parameters

- path (str) Path to the file or folder to retrieve
- **chunk_size** (*int*) The number of bytes returned by each iteration of the generator. If None, data will be streamed as it is received. Default: 2 MB

Returns First element is a raw tar data stream. Second element is a dict containing stat information on the specified path.

Return type (tuple)

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> f = open('./sh_bin.tar', 'wb')
>>> bits, stat = container.get_archive('/bin/sh')
>>> print(stat)
{'name': 'sh', 'size': 1075464, 'mode': 493,
   'mtime': '2018-10-01T15:37:48-07:00', 'linkTarget': ''}
>>> for chunk in bits:
...   f.write(chunk)
>>> f.close()
```

kill (*signal=None*)

Kill or send a signal to the container.

Parameters signal (str or int) - The signal to send. Defaults to SIGKILL

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

logs(**kwargs)

Get logs from this container. Similar to the docker logs command.

The stream parameter makes the logs function return a blocking generator you can iterate over to retrieve log output as it happens.

Parameters

- stdout (bool) Get STDOUT. Default True
- stderr (bool) Get STDERR. Default True
- **stream** (bool) Stream the response. Default False
- timestamps (bool) Show timestamps. Default False
- **tail** (str or int) Output specified number of lines at the end of logs. Either an integer of number of lines or the string all. Default all
- **since** (datetime or int) Show logs since a given datetime or integer epoch (in seconds)
- **follow** (bool) Follow log output. Default False
- until (datetime or int) Show logs that occurred before the given datetime or integer epoch (in seconds)

Returns Logs from the container.

Return type (generator or str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

pause()

Pauses all processes within this container.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

put_archive (path, data)

Insert a file or folder in this container using a tar archive as source.

Parameters

- path (str) Path inside the container where the file(s) will be extracted. Must exist.
- data (bytes) tar data to be extracted

2.3. Containers 19

Returns True if the call succeeds.

Return type (bool)

Raises APIError If an error occurs.

reload()

Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.

remove (**kwargs)

Remove this container. Similar to the docker rm command.

Parameters

- **v** (bool) Remove the volumes associated with the container
- link (bool) Remove the specified link and not the underlying container
- **force** (bool) Force the removal of a running container (uses SIGKILL)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

rename (name)

Rename this container. Similar to the docker rename command.

Parameters name (str) – New name for the container

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

resize(height, width)

Resize the tty session.

Parameters

- height (int) Height of tty session
- width (int) Width of tty session

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

restart (**kwargs)

Restart this container. Similar to the docker restart command.

Parameters timeout (*int*) – Number of seconds to try to stop for before killing the container. Once killed it will then be restarted. Default is 10 seconds.

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

start (**kwargs)

Start this container. Similar to the docker start command, but doesn't support attach options.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

stats (**kwargs)

Stream statistics for this container. Similar to the docker stats command.

Parameters

- **decode** (bool) If set to true, stream will be decoded into dicts on the fly. Only applicable if stream is True. False by default.
- stream (bool) If set to false, only the current stats will be returned instead of a stream. True by default.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

stop (**kwargs)

Stops a container. Similar to the docker stop command.

Parameters timeout (*int*) – Timeout in seconds to wait for the container to stop before sending a SIGKILL. Default: 10

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

top(**kwargs)

Display the running processes of the container.

Parameters ps_args (str) - An optional arguments passed to ps (e.g. aux)

Returns The output of the top

Return type (str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

unpause()

Unpause all processes within the container.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

update (**kwargs)

Update resource configuration of the containers.

Parameters

- blkio_weight (int) Block IO (relative weight), between 10 and 1000
- cpu_period (int) Limit CPU CFS (Completely Fair Scheduler) period
- cpu_quota (int) Limit CPU CFS (Completely Fair Scheduler) quota
- cpu_shares (int) CPU shares (relative weight)
- cpuset_cpus (str) CPUs in which to allow execution
- cpuset_mems (str) MEMs in which to allow execution
- mem_limit (int or str) Memory limit
- mem_reservation (int or str) Memory soft limit
- memswap_limit (int or str) Total memory (memory + swap), -1 to disable swap
- **kernel_memory** (int or str) Kernel memory limit
- restart_policy (dict) Restart policy dictionary

Returns Dictionary containing a Warnings key.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

wait (**kwargs)

Block until the container stops, then return its exit code. Similar to the docker wait command.

Parameters

- timeout (int) Request timeout
- **condition** (*str*) Wait until a container state reaches the given condition, either not-running (**default**), next-exit, or removed

Returns

The API's response as a Python dictionary, including the container's exit code under the StatusCode attribute.

2.3. Containers 21

Return type (dict)

Raises

- requests.exceptions.ReadTimeout If the timeout is exceeded.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

Images

Manage images on the server.

Methods available on client.images:

class ImageCollection

build(**kwargs)

Build an image and return it. Similar to the docker build command. Either path or fileobj must be set.

If you have a tar file for the Docker build context (including a Dockerfile) already, pass a readable file-like object to fileobj and also pass custom_context=True. If the stream is compressed also, set encoding to the correct value (e.g gzip).

If you want to get the raw output of the build, use the build() method in the low-level API.

Parameters

- path (str) Path to the directory containing the Dockerfile
- fileobj A file object to use as the Dockerfile. (Or a file-like object)
- tag(str) A tag to add to the final image
- quiet (bool) Whether to return the status
- nocache (bool) Don't use the cache when set to True
- rm (bool) Remove intermediate containers. The docker build command now defaults to --rm=true, but we have kept the old default of *False* to preserve backward compatibility
- timeout (int) HTTP timeout
- custom context (bool) Optional if using fileobj
- **encoding** (str) The encoding for a stream. Set to gzip for compressing
- pull (bool) Downloads any updates to the FROM image in Dockerfiles
- forcerm (bool) Always remove intermediate containers, even after unsuccessful builds
- **dockerfile** (str) path within the build context to the Dockerfile
- buildargs (dict) A dictionary of build arguments
- **container_limits** (dict) A dictionary of limits applied to each container created by the build process. Valid keys:
 - memory (int): set memory limit for build
 - memswap (int): Total memory (memory + swap), -1 to disable swap

- cpushares (int): CPU shares (relative weight)
- cpusetcpus (str): CPUs in which to allow execution, e.g., "0-3", "0, 1"
- **shmsize** (*int*) Size of */dev/shm* in bytes. The size must be greater than 0. If omitted the system uses 64MB
- labels (dict) A dictionary of labels to set on the image
- cache_from (list) A list of images used for build cache resolution
- target (str) Name of the build-stage to build in a multi-stage Dockerfile
- network_mode (str) networking mode for the run commands during build
- **squash** (bool) Squash the resulting images layers into a single layer.
- **extra_hosts** (*dict*) Extra hosts to add to /etc/hosts in building containers, as a mapping of hostname to IP address.
- platform (str) Platform in the format os [/arch[/variant]].
- **isolation** (str) Isolation technology used during build. Default: *None*.
- use_config_proxy (bool) If True, and if the docker client configuration file (~/.docker/config.json by default) contains a proxy configuration, the corresponding environment variables will be set in the container being built.

Returns

The first item is the *Image* object for the image that was build. The second item is a generator of the build logs as JSON-decoded objects.

Return type (tuple)

Raises

- docker.errors.BuildError If there is an error during the build.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns any other error.
- TypeError If neither path nor fileobj is specified.

get (name)

Gets an image.

Parameters name (str) – The name of the image.

Returns The image.

Return type (Image)

Raises

- docker.errors.ImageNotFound If the image does not exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

${\tt get_registry_data}\:(name)$

Gets the registry data for an image.

Parameters name (str) – The name of the image.

Returns The data object.

Return type (RegistryData)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

2.4. Images 23

list(**kwargs)

List images on the server.

Parameters

- name (str) Only show images belonging to the repository name
- all (bool) Show intermediate image layers. By default, these are filtered out.
- **filters** (*dict*) Filters to be processed on the image list. Available filters: dangling (bool) label (str): format either key or key=value

Returns The images.

Return type (list of Image)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

load(data)

Load an image that was previously saved using <code>save()</code> (or docker <code>save)</code>. Similar to docker <code>load</code>.

Parameters data (binary) – Image data to be loaded.

Returns The images.

Return type (list of Image)

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

prune (filters=None)

Delete unused images

Parameters filters (dict) – Filters to process on the prune list. Available filters: - dangling (bool): When set to true (or 1), prune only unused and untagged images.

Returns

A dict containing a list of deleted image IDs and the amount of disk space reclaimed in bytes.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

pull (repository, tag=None, **kwargs)

Pull an image of the given name and return it. Similar to the docker pull command. If no tag is specified, all tags from that repository will be pulled.

If you want to get the raw pull output, use the pull () method in the low-level API.

Parameters

- **repository** (str) The repository to pull
- tag(str) The tag to pull
- auth_config (dict) Override the credentials that login() has set for this request. auth_config should contain the username and password keys to be valid.
- platform (str) Platform in the format os [/arch[/variant]]

Returns

The image that has been pulled. If no tag was specified, the method will return a list of *Image* objects belonging to this repository.

```
Return type (Image or list)
```

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> # Pull the image tagged `latest` in the busybox repo
>>> image = client.images.pull('busybox:latest')
```

```
>>> # Pull all tags in the busybox repo
>>> images = client.images.pull('busybox')
```

push (repository, tag=None, **kwargs)

Push an image or a repository to the registry. Similar to the docker push command.

Parameters

- **repository** (str) The repository to push to
- tag (str) An optional tag to push
- **stream** (bool) Stream the output as a blocking generator
- auth_config (dict) Override the credentials that login() has set for this request. auth_config should contain the username and password keys to be valid.
- **decode** (bool) Decode the JSON data from the server into dicts. Only applies with stream=True

Returns The output from the server.

Return type (generator or str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> for line in cli.push('yourname/app', stream=True, decode=True):
... print(line)
{'status': 'Pushing repository yourname/app (1 tags)'}
{'status': 'Pushing', 'progressDetail': {}, 'id': '511136ea3c5a'}
{'status': 'Image already pushed, skipping', 'progressDetail':{},
    'id': '511136ea3c5a'}
...
```

remove (*args, **kwargs)

Remove an image. Similar to the docker rmi command.

Parameters

- image (str) The image to remove
- **force** (bool) Force removal of the image
- **noprune** (bool) Do not delete untagged parents

search (*args, **kwargs)

Search for images on Docker Hub. Similar to the docker search command.

2.4. Images 25

```
Parameters term (str) – A term to search for.
```

Returns The response of the search.

Return type (list of dicts)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Image objects

class Image

An image on the server.

attrs

The raw representation of this object from the server.

id

The ID of the object.

labels

The labels of an image as dictionary.

short_id

The ID of the image truncated to 10 characters, plus the sha256: prefix.

tags

The image's tags.

history()

Show the history of an image.

Returns The history of the image.

Return type (str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

reload()

Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.

```
save (chunk_size=2097152, named=False)
```

Get a tarball of an image. Similar to the docker save command.

Parameters

- **chunk_size** (*int*) The generator will return up to that much data per iteration, but may return less. If None, data will be streamed as it is received. Default: 2 MB
- named (str or bool) If False (default), the tarball will not retain repository and tag information for this image. If set to True, the first tag in the tags list will be used to identify the image. Alternatively, any element of the tags list can be used as an argument to use that specific tag as the saved identifier.

Returns A stream of raw archive data.

```
Return type (generator)
```

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> image = cli.get_image("busybox:latest")
>>> f = open('/tmp/busybox-latest.tar', 'wb')
>>> for chunk in image:
>>> f.write(chunk)
>>> f.close()
```

tag (repository, tag=None, **kwargs)

Tag this image into a repository. Similar to the docker tag command.

Parameters

- **repository** (str) The repository to set for the tag
- tag(str) The tag name
- **force** (bool) Force

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Returns True if successful

Return type (bool)

RegistryData objects

class RegistryData

Image metadata stored on the registry, including available platforms.

attrs

The raw representation of this object from the server.

id

The ID of the object.

short id

The ID of the image truncated to 10 characters, plus the sha256: prefix.

has_platform(platform)

Check whether the given platform identifier is available for this digest.

Parameters platform (str or dict) – A string using the os[/arch[/variant]] format, or a platform dictionary.

Returns True if the platform is recognized as available, False otherwise.

Return type (bool)

Raises docker.errors.InvalidArgument - If the platform argument is not a valid descriptor.

pull (platform=None)

Pull the image digest.

Parameters

- platform(str) The platform to pull the image for.
- Default None

Returns A reference to the pulled image.

2.4. Images 27

Return type (Image)

reload()

Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.

Networks

Create and manage networks on the server. For more information about networks, see the Engine documentation.

Methods available on client.networks:

class NetworkCollection

```
create (name, *args, **kwargs)
```

Create a network. Similar to the docker network create.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the network
- **driver** (str) Name of the driver used to create the network
- options (dict) Driver options as a key-value dictionary
- ipam (IPAMConfig) Optional custom IP scheme for the network.
- check_duplicate (bool) Request daemon to check for networks with same name. Default: None.
- internal (bool) Restrict external access to the network. Default False.
- labels (dict) Map of labels to set on the network. Default None.
- enable_ipv6 (bool) Enable IPv6 on the network. Default False.
- attachable (bool) If enabled, and the network is in the global scope, non-service containers on worker nodes will be able to connect to the network.
- **scope** (*str*) Specify the network's scope (local, global or swarm)
- ingress (bool) If set, create an ingress network which provides the routing-mesh in swarm mode.

Returns The network that was created.

```
Return type (Network)
```

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

A network using the bridge driver:

```
>>> client.networks.create("network1", driver="bridge")
```

You can also create more advanced networks with custom IPAM configurations. For example, setting the subnet to 192.168.52.0/24 and gateway address to 192.168.52.254.

```
>>> ipam_pool = docker.types.IPAMPool(
    subnet='192.168.52.0/24',
    gateway='192.168.52.254'
)
>>> ipam_config = docker.types.IPAMConfig(
    pool_configs=[ipam_pool]
)
>>> client.networks.create(
    "network1",
    driver="bridge",
    ipam=ipam_config
)
```

get (network_id, *args, **kwargs)

Get a network by its ID.

Parameters

- **network id** (str) The ID of the network.
- **verbose** (bool) Retrieve the service details across the cluster in swarm mode.
- **scope** (*str*) Filter the network by scope (swarm, global or local).

Returns (*Network*) The network.

Raises

- docker.errors.NotFound If the network does not exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

list (*args, **kwargs)

List networks. Similar to the docker networks 1s command.

Parameters

- names (list) List of names to filter by.
- ids (list) List of ids to filter by.
- **filters** (*dict*) Filters to be processed on the network list. Available filters: driver=[<driver-name>] Matches a network's driver. label=[<key>] or label=[<key>=<value>]. type=["custom"|"builtin"] Filters networks by type.
- **greedy** (bool) Fetch more details for each network individually. You might want this to get the containers attached to them.

Returns (list of *Network*) The networks on the server.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

prune (filters=None)

Delete unused networks

Parameters filters (dict) – Filters to process on the prune list.

Returns

A dict containing a list of deleted network names and the amount of disk space reclaimed in bytes.

Return type (dict)

2.5. Networks 29

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Network objects

class Network

A Docker network.

id

The ID of the object.

short_id

The ID of the object, truncated to 10 characters.

name

The name of the network.

containers

The containers that are connected to the network, as a list of Container objects.

attrs

The raw representation of this object from the server.

connect (container, *args, **kwargs)

Connect a container to this network.

Parameters

- **container** (*str*) Container to connect to this network, as either an ID, name, or *Container* object.
- aliases (list) A list of aliases for this endpoint. Names in that list can be used within the network to reach the container. Defaults to None.
- links (list) A list of links for this endpoint. Containers declared in this list will be linked to this container. Defaults to None.
- **ipv4_address** (*str*) The IP address of this container on the network, using the IPv4 protocol. Defaults to None.
- ipv6_address (str) The IP address of this container on the network, using the IPv6 protocol. Defaults to None.
- link local ips (list) A list of link-local (IPv4/IPv6) addresses.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

disconnect (container, *args, **kwargs)

Disconnect a container from this network.

Parameters

- **container** (*str*) Container to disconnect from this network, as either an ID, name, or *Container* object.
- force (bool) Force the container to disconnect from a network. Default: False

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

reload()

Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.

remove()

Remove this network.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Nodes

Get and list nodes in a swarm. Before you can use these methods, you first need to join or initialize a swarm.

Methods available on client.nodes:

```
class NodeCollection
```

```
get (id_or_name)
    Get a node.

Parameters node_id (string) - ID of the node to be inspected.

Returns A Node object.

Raises docker.errors.APIError - If the server returns an error.

list (**kwargs)
    List swarm nodes.

Parameters filters (dict) - Filters to process on the nodes list. Valid filters: id, name, membership and role. Default: None

Returns A list of Node objects.

Raises docker.errors.APIError - If the server returns an error.
```

Example

```
>>> client.nodes.list(filters={'role': 'manager'})
```

Node objects

class Node A node in a swarm. id The ID of the object. short_id The ID of the object, truncated to 10 characters. attrs

The raw representation of this object from the server.

version

The version number of the service. If this is not the same as the server, the update() function will not work and you will need to call reload() before calling it again.

reload()

Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.

update (node_spec)

Update the node's configuration.

2.6. Nodes 31

Parameters node_spec (dict) - Configuration settings to update. Any values not provided will be removed. Default: None

Returns *True* if the request went through.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

Plugins

Manage plugins on the server.

Methods available on client.plugins:

class PluginCollection

```
get (name)
Gets a plugin.
```

Parameters name (str) – The name of the plugin.

Returns The plugin.

Return type (Plugin)

Raises

- docker.errors.NotFound If the plugin does not
- exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

install (remote_name, local_name=None)

Pull and install a plugin.

Parameters

- **remote_name** (*string*) Remote reference for the plugin to install. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.
- **local_name** (*string*) Local name for the pulled plugin. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted. Optional.

Returns The installed plugin

```
Return type (Plugin)
```

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

list()

List plugins installed on the server.

```
Return type (list of Plugin)
                Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
Plugin objects
class Plugin
     A plugin on the server.
     id
           The ID of the object.
     short id
           The ID of the object, truncated to 10 characters.
     name
           The plugin's name.
     enabled
           Whether the plugin is enabled.
     settings
           A dictionary representing the plugin's configuration.
     attrs
           The raw representation of this object from the server.
     configure (options)
           Update the plugin's settings.
                Parameters options (dict) – A key-value mapping of options.
                Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
     disable()
           Disable the plugin.
                Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
     enable(timeout=0)
           Enable the plugin.
                Parameters timeout (int) – Timeout in seconds. Default: 0
                Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
     reload()
           Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.
     push()
           Push the plugin to a remote registry.
                Returns A dict iterator streaming the status of the upload.
                Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
     remove (force=False)
           Remove the plugin from the server.
                Parameters force (bool) – Remove even if the plugin is enabled. Default: False
                Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.
```

Returns The plugins.

2.7. Plugins 33

```
upgrade (remote=None)
```

Upgrade the plugin.

Parameters remote (*string*) – Remote reference to upgrade to. The :latest tag is optional and is the default if omitted. Default: this plugin's name.

Returns A generator streaming the decoded API logs

Secrets

Manage secrets on the server.

Methods available on client.secrets:

class SecretCollection

```
create(**kwargs)
```

Create a secret

Parameters

- name (string) Name of the secret
- data (bytes) Secret data to be stored
- labels (dict) A mapping of labels to assign to the secret
- **driver** (DriverConfig) A custom driver configuration. If unspecified, the default internal driver will be used

Returns (dict): ID of the newly created secret

```
get (secret_id)
```

Get a secret.

Parameters secret_id(str) - Secret ID.

Returns The secret.

Return type (Secret)

Raises

- docker.errors.NotFound If the secret does not exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

list(**kwargs)

List secrets. Similar to the docker secret 1s command.

Parameters filters (dict) – Server-side list filtering options.

Returns The secrets.

Return type (list of Secret)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Secret objects

```
class Secret
    A secret.

id
    The ID of the object.

name
attrs
    The raw representation of this object from the server.

reload()
    Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.

remove()
    Remove this secret.

Raises docker.errors.APIError - If secret failed to remove.
```

Services

Manage services on a swarm. For more information about services, see the Engine documentation.

Before you can use any of these methods, you first need to join or initialize a swarm.

Methods available on client.services:

class ServiceCollection

```
create (image, command=None, **kwargs)
```

Create a service. Similar to the docker service create command.

Parameters

- image (str) The image name to use for the containers.
- command (list of str or str) Command to run.
- args (list of str) Arguments to the command.
- constraints (list of str) Placement constraints.
- preferences (list of tuple) Placement preferences.
- platforms (list of tuple) A list of platform constraints expressed as (arch, os) tuples.
- **container_labels** (*dict*) Labels to apply to the container.
- endpoint_spec (EndpointSpec) Properties that can be configured to access and load balance a service. Default: None.
- **env** (*list of str*) Environment variables, in the form KEY=val.
- **hostname** (*string*) Hostname to set on the container.
- **isolation** (*string*) Isolation technology used by the service's containers. Only used for Windows containers.
- labels (dict) Labels to apply to the service.

2.9. Services 35

- log_driver (str) Log driver to use for containers.
- log_driver_options (dict) Log driver options.
- mode (ServiceMode) Scheduling mode for the service. Default:None
- mounts (list of str) Mounts for the containers, in the form source:target:options, where options is either ro or rw.
- name (str) Name to give to the service.
- **networks** (*list of str*) List of network names or IDs to attach the service to. Default: None.
- resources (Resources) Resource limits and reservations.
- restart_policy (RestartPolicy) Restart policy for containers.
- **secrets** (list of *docker.types.SecretReference*) List of secrets accessible to containers for this service.
- **stop_grace_period** (*int*) Amount of time to wait for containers to terminate before forcefully killing them.
- update_config (UpdateConfig) Specification for the update strategy of the service. Default: None
- rollback_config (RollbackConfig) Specification for the rollback strategy of the service. Default: None
- user (str) User to run commands as.
- workdir (str) Working directory for commands to run.
- tty (boolean) Whether a pseudo-TTY should be allocated.
- **groups** (list) A list of additional groups that the container process will run as.
- open_stdin (boolean) Open stdin
- read_only (boolean) Mount the container's root filesystem as read only.
- **stop_signal** (*string*) Set signal to stop the service's containers
- healthcheck (Healthcheck) Healthcheck configuration for this service.
- hosts (dict) A set of host to IP mappings to add to the container's hosts file.
- **dns_config** (DNSConfig) Specification for DNS related configurations in resolver configuration file.
- **configs** (list) List of ConfigReference that will be exposed to the service.
- **privileges** (Privileges) Security options for the service's containers.

Returns The created service.

Return type Service

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

get (service_id, insert_defaults=None)
Get a service.

Parameters

• **service id** (str) – The ID of the service.

• insert_defaults (boolean) - If true, default values will be merged into the output.

Returns The service.

Return type Service

Raises

- docker.errors.NotFound If the service does not exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.
- docker.errors.InvalidVersion If one of the arguments is not supported with the current API version.

list(**kwargs)

List services.

Parameters filters (*dict*) – Filters to process on the nodes list. Valid filters: id, name , label and mode. Default: None.

Returns The services.

Return type list of Service

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Service objects

class Service

A service.

id

The ID of the object.

short_id

The ID of the object, truncated to 10 characters.

name

The service's name.

version

The version number of the service. If this is not the same as the server, the update() function will not work and you will need to call reload() before calling it again.

attrs

The raw representation of this object from the server.

force_update()

Force update the service even if no changes require it.

Returns True if successful.

Return type bool

logs(**kwargs)

Get log stream for the service. Note: This method works only for services with the json-file or journald logging drivers.

Parameters

• **details** (bool) - Show extra details provided to logs. Default: False

2.9. Services 37

- follow (bool) Keep connection open to read logs as they are sent by the Engine.

 Default: False
- **stdout** (bool) Return logs from stdout. Default: False
- **stderr** (bool) Return logs from stderr. Default: False
- since (int) UNIX timestamp for the logs staring point. Default: 0
- timestamps (bool) Add timestamps to every log line.
- tail (string or int) Number of log lines to be returned, counting from the current end of the logs. Specify an integer or 'all' to output all log lines. Default: all

Returns Logs for the service.

Return type generator

reload()

Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.

remove()

Stop and remove the service.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

scale (replicas)

Scale service container.

Parameters replicas (int) – The number of containers that should be running.

Returns True if successful.

Return type bool

tasks (filters=None)

List the tasks in this service.

Parameters filters (*dict*) – A map of filters to process on the tasks list. Valid filters: id, name, node, label, and desired-state.

Returns List of task dictionaries.

Return type list

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

update(**kwargs)

Update a service's configuration. Similar to the docker service update command.

Takes the same parameters as create().

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Swarm

Manage Docker Engine's swarm mode.

To use any swarm methods, you first need to make the Engine part of a swarm. This can be done by either initializing a new swarm with init(), or joining an existing swarm with join().

These methods are available on client.swarm:

class Swarm

get_unlock_key()

Get the unlock key for this Swarm manager.

Returns A dict containing an UnlockKey member

init()

Initialize a new swarm on this Engine.

Parameters

• advertise_addr (str) - Externally reachable address advertised to other nodes. This can either be an address/port combination in the form 192.168.1.1:4567, or an interface followed by a port number, like eth0:4567. If the port number is omitted, the port number from the listen address is used.

If not specified, it will be automatically detected when possible.

- **listen_addr** (*str*) Listen address used for inter-manager communication, as well as determining the networking interface used for the VXLAN Tunnel Endpoint (VTEP). This can either be an address/port combination in the form 192.168.1.1:4567, or an interface followed by a port number, like eth0:4567. If the port number is omitted, the default swarm listening port is used. Default: 0.0.0.0:2377
- force_new_cluster (bool) Force creating a new Swarm, even if already part
 of one. Default: False
- task_history_retention_limit (int) Maximum number of tasks history stored.
- **snapshot_interval** (*int*) Number of logs entries between snapshot.
- **keep_old_snapshots** (*int*) Number of snapshots to keep beyond the current snapshot.
- log_entries_for_slow_followers (int) Number of log entries to keep around to sync up slow followers after a snapshot is created.
- heartbeat_tick (int) Amount of ticks (in seconds) between each heartbeat.
- **election_tick** (*int*) Amount of ticks (in seconds) needed without a leader to trigger a new election.
- dispatcher_heartbeat_period (int) The delay for an agent to send a heartbeat to the dispatcher.
- **node_cert_expiry** (int) Automatic expiry for nodes certificates.
- **external_ca** (*dict*) Configuration for forwarding signing requests to an external certificate authority. Use docker.types.SwarmExternalCA.
- name (string) Swarm's name
- labels (dict) User-defined key/value metadata.
- **signing_ca_cert** (*str*) The desired signing CA certificate for all swarm node TLS leaf certificates, in PEM format.
- **signing_ca_key** (*str*) The desired signing CA key for all swarm node TLS leaf certificates, in PEM format.

2.10. Swarm 39

- **ca_force_rotate** (*int*) An integer whose purpose is to force swarm to generate a new signing CA certificate and key, if none have been specified.
- **autolock_managers** (boolean) If set, generate a key and use it to lock data stored on the managers.
- log_driver (DriverConfig) The default log driver to use for tasks created in the orchestrator.

Returns True if the request went through.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> client.swarm.init(
   advertise_addr='eth0', listen_addr='0.0.0.0:5000',
   force_new_cluster=False, snapshot_interval=5000,
   log_entries_for_slow_followers=1200
)
```

join()

Make this Engine join a swarm that has already been created.

Parameters

- **remote_addrs** (list) Addresses of one or more manager nodes already participating in the Swarm to join.
- join_token (string) Secret token for joining this Swarm.
- **listen_addr** (*string*) Listen address used for inter-manager communication if the node gets promoted to manager, as well as determining the networking interface used for the VXLAN Tunnel Endpoint (VTEP). Default: None
- advertise_addr (string) Externally reachable address advertised to other nodes. This can either be an address/port combination in the form 192.168.1.1:4567, or an interface followed by a port number, like eth0:4567. If the port number is omitted, the port number from the listen address is used. If AdvertiseAddr is not specified, it will be automatically detected when possible. Default: None

Returns True if the request went through.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

leave()

Leave a swarm.

Parameters force (bool) – Leave the swarm even if this node is a manager. Default: False

Returns True if the request went through.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

unlock()

Unlock a locked swarm.

Parameters key (string) - The unlock key as provided by get_unlock_key()

Raises

- docker.errors.InvalidArgument If the key argument is in an incompatible format
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

Returns True if the request was successful.

Example

```
>>> key = client.get_unlock_key()
>>> client.unlock_node(key)
```

update()

Update the swarm's configuration.

It takes the same arguments as init(), except advertise_addr, listen_addr, and force_new_cluster. In addition, it takes these arguments:

Parameters

- rotate_worker_token (bool) Rotate the worker join token. Default:
- rotate_manager_token (bool) Rotate the manager join token. Default: False.

Raises docker.errors.APIError - If the server returns an error.

reload()

Inspect the swarm on the server and store the response in attrs.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

version

The version number of the swarm. If this is not the same as the server, the update() function will not work and you will need to call reload() before calling it again.

attrs

The raw representation of this object from the server.

Volumes

Manage volumes on the server.

Methods available on client.volumes:

class VolumeCollection

```
create (name=None, **kwargs)
```

Create a volume.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the volume. If not specified, the engine generates a name.
- **driver** (str) Name of the driver used to create the volume
- **driver_opts** (dict) Driver options as a key-value dictionary
- labels (dict) Labels to set on the volume

2.11. Volumes 41

```
Returns The volume created.
```

```
Return type (Volume)
```

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

get (volume_id)

Get a volume.

Parameters volume_id (str) – Volume name.

Returns The volume.

Return type (Volume)

Raises

- docker.errors.NotFound If the volume does not exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

list(**kwargs)

List volumes. Similar to the docker volume 1s command.

Parameters filters (dict) – Server-side list filtering options.

Returns The volumes.

Return type (list of Volume)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

prune (filters=None)

Delete unused volumes

Parameters filters (dict) – Filters to process on the prune list.

Returns

A dict containing a list of deleted volume names and the amount of disk space reclaimed in bytes.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Volume objects

class Volume

A volume.

id

The ID of the object.

short id

The ID of the object, truncated to 10 characters.

name

The name of the volume.

attrs

The raw representation of this object from the server.

reload()

Load this object from the server again and update attrs with the new data.

```
remove (force=False)
```

Remove this volume.

Parameters force (bool) – Force removal of volumes that were already removed out of band by the volume driver plugin.

Raises docker.errors.APIError - If volume failed to remove.

Low-level API

The main object-orientated API is built on top of APIClient. Each method on APIClient maps one-to-one with a REST API endpoint, and returns the response that the API responds with.

It's possible to use APIClient directly. Some basic things (e.g. running a container) consist of several API calls and are complex to do with the low-level API, but it's useful if you need extra flexibility and power.

Example

```
>>> import docker
>>> client = docker.APIClient(base_url='unix://var/run/docker.sock')
>>> client.version()
{u'ApiVersion': u'1.33',
    u'Arch': u'amd64',
    u'BuildTime': u'2017-11-19T18:46:37.000000000+00:00',
    u'GitCommit': u'f4ffd2511c',
    u'GoVersion': u'go1.9.2',
    u'KernelVersion': u'4.14.3-1-ARCH',
    u'MinAPIVersion': u'1.12',
    u'Os': u'linux',
    u'Version': u'17.10.0-ce'}
```

Parameters

- base_url (str) URL to the Docker server. For example, unix:///var/run/docker.sock or tcp://127.0.0.1:1234.
- **version** (*str*) The version of the API to use. Set to auto to automatically detect the server's version. Default: 1.30
- **timeout** (*int*) Default timeout for API calls, in seconds.
- **tls** (bool or *TLSConfig*) Enable TLS. Pass True to enable it with default options, or pass a *TLSConfig* object to use custom configuration.
- $user_agent(str)$ Set a custom user agent for requests to the server.

• **credstore_env** (dict) – Override environment variables when calling the credential store process.

Configs

```
class ConfigApiMixin
```

```
configs (filters=None)
List configs
```

Parameters

- filters (dict) A map of filters to process on the configs
- Available filters (list.) names

Returns (list): A list of configs

create_config(name, data, labels=None)

Create a config

Parameters

- name (string) Name of the config
- data (bytes) Config data to be stored
- labels (dict) A mapping of labels to assign to the config

Returns (dict): ID of the newly created config

```
inspect\_config(id)
```

Retrieve config metadata

Parameters id (string) – Full ID of the config to inspect

Returns (dict): A dictionary of metadata

Raises docker.errors.NotFound - if no config with that ID exists

 $remove_config(id)$

Remove a config

Parameters id (string) – Full ID of the config to remove

Returns (boolean): True if successful

Raises docker.errors.NotFound-if no config with that ID exists

Containers

class ContainerApiMixin

```
attach (container, stdout=True, stderr=True, stream=False, logs=False, demux=False) Attach to a container.
```

The .logs() function is a wrapper around this method, which you can use instead if you want to fetch/stream container output without first retrieving the entire backlog.

Parameters

• **container** (*str*) – The container to attach to.

- **stdout** (bool) Include stdout.
- **stderr** (bool) Include stderr.
- **stream** (bool) Return container output progressively as an iterator of strings, rather than a single string.
- **logs** (bool) Include the container's previous output.
- **demux** (bool) Keep stdout and stderr separate.

Returns

By default, the container's output as a single string (two if demux=True: one for stdout and one for stderr).

If stream=True, an iterator of output strings. If demux=True, two iterators are returned: one for stdout and one for stderr.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

attach_socket (container, params=None, ws=False)

Like attach, but returns the underlying socket-like object for the HTTP request.

Parameters

- **container** (*str*) The container to attach to.
- params (dict) Dictionary of request parameters (e.g. stdout, stderr, stream). For detachKeys, ~/.docker/config.json is used by default.
- ws (bool) Use websockets instead of raw HTTP.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Commit a container to an image. Similar to the docker commit command.

Parameters

- container(str) The image hash of the container
- **repository** (str) The repository to push the image to
- tag (str) The tag to push
- message (str) A commit message
- **author** (*str*) The name of the author
- changes (str) Dockerfile instructions to apply while committing
- conf (dict) The configuration for the container. See the Engine API documentation for full details.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{containers} & (quiet=False, all=False, trunc=False, latest=False, since=None, before=None, limit=-1, \\ & size=False, filters=None) \end{tabular}$

List containers. Similar to the docker ps command.

Parameters

- quiet (bool) Only display numeric Ids
- all (bool) Show all containers. Only running containers are shown by default
- trunc (bool) Truncate output

- **latest** (bool) Show only the latest created container, include non-running ones.
- since (str) Show only containers created since Id or Name, include non-running ones
- **before** (str) Show only container created before Id or Name, include non-running ones
- limit (int) Show *limit* last created containers, include non-running ones
- size (bool) Display sizes
- **filters** (*dict*) Filters to be processed on the image list. Available filters:
 - exited (int): Only containers with specified exit code
 - status (str): One of restarting, running, paused, exited
 - label (str): format either "key" or "key=value"
 - id (str): The id of the container.
 - name (str): The name of the container.

 - before (str): Only containers created before a particular container. Give the container name or id.
 - since (str): Only containers created after a particular container. Give container name or id.

A comprehensive list can be found in the documentation for docker ps.

Returns A list of dicts, one per container

Raises docker.errors.APIError - If the server returns an error.

Creates a container. Parameters are similar to those for the docker run command except it doesn't support the attach options (-a).

The arguments that are passed directly to this function are host-independent configuration options. Host-specific configuration is passed with the *host_config* argument. You'll normally want to use this method in combination with the <code>create_host_config</code>() method to generate host_config.

Port bindings

Port binding is done in two parts: first, provide a list of ports to open inside the container with the ports parameter, then declare bindings with the host_config parameter. For example:

You can limit the host address on which the port will be exposed like such:

```
cli.create_host_config(port_bindings={1111: ('127.0.0.1', 4567)})
```

Or without host port assignment:

```
cli.create_host_config(port_bindings={1111: ('127.0.0.1',)})
```

If you wish to use UDP instead of TCP (default), you need to declare ports as such in both the config and host config:

```
container_id = cli.create_container(
   'busybox', 'ls', ports=[(1111, 'udp'), 2222],
   host_config=cli.create_host_config(port_bindings={
        '1111/udp': 4567, 2222: None
    })
)
```

To bind multiple host ports to a single container port, use the following syntax:

```
cli.create_host_config(port_bindings={
    1111: [1234, 4567]
})
```

You can also bind multiple IPs to a single container port:

Using volumes

Volume declaration is done in two parts. Provide a list of paths to use as mountpoints inside the container with the volumes parameter, and declare mappings from paths on the host in the host_config section.

You can alternatively specify binds as a list. This code is equivalent to the example above:

```
container_id = cli.create_container(
   'busybox', 'ls', volumes=['/mnt/vol1', '/mnt/vol2'],
   host_config=cli.create_host_config(binds=[
```

```
'/home/user1/:/mnt/vol2',
    '/var/www:/mnt/vol1:ro',
])
)
```

Networking

You can specify networks to connect the container to by using the networking_config parameter. At the time of creation, you can only connect a container to a single networking, but you can create more connections by using connect_container_to_network().

For example:

```
networking_config = docker_client.create_networking_config({
    'network1': docker_client.create_endpoint_config(
        ipv4_address='172.28.0.124',
        aliases=['foo', 'bar'],
        links=['container2']
    )
})
ctnr = docker_client.create_container(
    img, command, networking_config=networking_config
)
```

Parameters

- image(str) The image to run
- command (str or list) The command to be run in the container
- hostname (str) Optional hostname for the container
- user (str or int) Username or UID
- detach (bool) Detached mode: run container in the background and return container ID
- stdin_open (bool) Keep STDIN open even if not attached
- tty (bool) Allocate a pseudo-TTY
- ports (list of ints) A list of port numbers
- environment (dict or list) A dictionary or a list of strings in the following format ["PASSWORD=xxx"] or {"PASSWORD": "xxx"}.
- **volumes** (str or list) List of paths inside the container to use as volumes.
- network_disabled (bool) Disable networking
- name (str) A name for the container
- entrypoint (str or list) An entrypoint
- working_dir (str) Path to the working directory
- domainname (str) The domain name to use for the container
- host_config(dict) A dictionary created with create_host_config().
- mac_address (str) The Mac Address to assign the container

- labels (dict or list) A dictionary of name-value labels (e.g. {"label1": "value1", "label2": "value2"}) or a list of names of labels to set with empty values (e.g. ["label1", "label2"])
- **stop_signal** (*str*) The stop signal to use to stop the container (e.g. SIGINT).
- **stop_timeout** (*int*) Timeout to stop the container, in seconds. Default: 10
- networking_config (dict) A networking configuration generated by create_networking_config().
- runtime (str) Runtime to use with this container.
- healthcheck (dict) Specify a test to perform to check that the container is healthy.
- use_config_proxy (bool) If True, and if the docker client configuration file (~/.docker/config.json by default) contains a proxy configuration, the corresponding environment variables will be set in the container being created.

Returns A dictionary with an image 'Id' key and a 'Warnings' key.

Raises

- docker.errors.ImageNotFound If the specified image does not exist.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

Parameters

- aliases (list) A list of aliases for this endpoint. Names in that list can be used within the network to reach the container. Defaults to None.
- links (dict) Mapping of links for this endpoint using the {'container': 'alias'} format. The alias is optional. Containers declared in this dict will be linked to this container using the provided alias. Defaults to None.
- **ipv4_address** (*str*) The IP address of this container on the network, using the IPv4 protocol. Defaults to None.
- ipv6_address (str) The IP address of this container on the network, using the IPv6 protocol. Defaults to None.
- link_local_ips (list) A list of link-local (IPv4/IPv6) addresses.

Returns (dict) An endpoint config.

Example

```
>>> endpoint_config = client.create_endpoint_config(
    aliases=['web', 'app'],
    links={'app_db': 'db', 'another': None},
    ipv4_address='132.65.0.123'
)
```

create_host_config(*args, **kwargs)

Create a dictionary for the host_config argument to create_container().

Parameters

- auto_remove (bool) enable auto-removal of the container on daemon side when the container's process exits.
- binds (dict) Volumes to bind. See create_container() for more information.
- blkio_weight_device Block IO weight (relative device weight) in the form of: [{"Path": "device_path", "Weight": weight}].
- blkio_weight Block IO weight (relative weight), accepts a weight value between 10 and 1000.
- cap_add (list of str) Add kernel capabilities. For example, ["SYS_ADMIN", "MKNOD"].
- cap_drop (list of str) Drop kernel capabilities.
- **cpu_period** (*int*) The length of a CPU period in microseconds.
- **cpu_quota** (*int*) Microseconds of CPU time that the container can get in a CPU period.
- cpu_shares (int) CPU shares (relative weight).
- cpuset_cpus (str) CPUs in which to allow execution (0-3, 0, 1).
- **cpuset_mems** (*str*) Memory nodes (MEMs) in which to allow execution (0-3, 0, 1). Only effective on NUMA systems.
- **device_cgroup_rules** (list) A list of cgroup rules to apply to the container.
- **device_read_bps** Limit read rate (bytes per second) from a device in the form of: [{"Path": "device_path", "Rate": rate}]
- device_read_iops Limit read rate (IO per second) from a device.
- **device_write_bps** Limit write rate (bytes per second) from a device.
- **device_write_iops** Limit write rate (IO per second) from a device.
- devices (list) Expose host devices to the of strings the container, list form as a in <path_on_host>:<path_in_container>:<cgroup_permissions>.

For example, /dev/sda:/dev/xvda:rwm allows the container to have read-write access to the host's /dev/sda via a node named /dev/xvda inside the container.

- **dns** (list) Set custom DNS servers.
- **dns_opt** (list) Additional options to be added to the container's resolv.conf file
- dns_search (list) DNS search domains.
- extra_hosts (dict) Additional hostnames to resolve inside the container, as a mapping of hostname to IP address.
- **group_add** (list) List of additional group names and/or IDs that the container process will run as.

- init (bool) Run an init inside the container that forwards signals and reaps processes
- init_path (str) Path to the docker-init binary
- ipc_mode (str) Set the IPC mode for the container.
- **isolation** (*str*) Isolation technology to use. Default: None.
- links (dict) Mapping of links using the { 'container': 'alias'} format. The alias is optional. Containers declared in this dict will be linked to the new container using the provided alias. Default: None.
- log_config (LogConfig) Logging configuration
- lxc_conf (dict) LXC config.
- mem_limit (float or str) Memory limit. Accepts float values (which represent the memory limit of the created container in bytes) or a string with a units identification char (100000b, 1000k, 128m, 1g). If a string is specified without a units character, bytes are assumed as an
- mem_swappiness (int) Tune a container's memory swappiness behavior. Accepts number between 0 and 100.
- memswap_limit (str or int) Maximum amount of memory + swap a container is allowed to consume.
- mounts (list) Specification for mounts to be added to the container. More powerful alternative to binds. Each item in the list is expected to be a docker.types.Mount object.
- network_mode (str) One of:
 - bridge Create a new network stack for the container on on the bridge network.
 - none No networking for this container.
 - container: <name | id> Reuse another container's network stack.
 - host Use the host network stack.
- oom_kill_disable (bool) Whether to disable OOM killer.
- **oom_score_adj** (*int*) An integer value containing the score given to the container in order to tune OOM killer preferences.
- $pid_mode(str)$ If set to host, use the host PID namespace inside the container.
- pids limit (int) Tune a container's pids limit. Set -1 for unlimited.
- port_bindings (dict) See create_container() for more information.
- **privileged** (bool) Give extended privileges to this container.
- **publish_all_ports** (bool) Publish all ports to the host.
- read_only (bool) Mount the container's root filesystem as read only.
- restart_policy (dict) Restart the container when it exits. Configured as a dictionary with keys:
 - Name One of on-failure, or always.
 - MaximumRetryCount Number of times to restart the container on failure.

- security_opt (list) A list of string values to customize labels for MLS systems, such as SELinux.
- shm_size (str or int) Size of /dev/shm (e.g. 1G).
- **storage_opt** (*dict*) Storage driver options per container as a key-value mapping.
- **sysctls** (*dict*) Kernel parameters to set in the container.
- **tmpfs** (dict) Temporary filesystems to mount, as a dictionary mapping a path inside the container to options for that path.

For example:

```
{
    '/mnt/vol2': '',
    '/mnt/vol1': 'size=3G,uid=1000'
}
```

- ulimits (list) Ulimits to set inside the container, as a list of docker.types.Ulimit instances.
- **userns_mode** (*str*) Sets the user namespace mode for the container when user namespace remapping option is enabled. Supported values are: host
- uts_mode (str) Sets the UTS namespace mode for the container. Supported values are: host
- volumes_from (list) List of container names or IDs to get volumes from.
- runtime (str) Runtime to use with this container.

Returns (dict) A dictionary which can be passed to the host_config argument to create_container().

Example

```
>>> cli.create_host_config(privileged=True, cap_drop=['MKNOD'], volumes_from=['nostalgic_newton'])
{'CapDrop': ['MKNOD'], 'LxcConf': None, 'Privileged': True, 'VolumesFrom': ['nostalgic_newton'], 'PublishAllPorts': False}
```

create_networking_config(*args, **kwargs)

Create a networking config dictionary to be used as the networking_config parameter in create_container().

Parameters endpoints_config (dict) - A dictionary mapping network names to endpoint configurations generated by create_endpoint_config().

Returns (dict) A networking config.

Example

```
>>> docker_client.create_network('network1')
>>> networking_config = docker_client.create_networking_config({
    'network1': docker_client.create_endpoint_config()
})
```

```
>>> container = docker_client.create_container(
   img, command, networking_config=networking_config
)
```

diff(container)

Inspect changes on a container's filesystem.

Parameters container (str) – The container to diff

Returns (str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

export (container, chunk_size=2097152)

Export the contents of a filesystem as a tar archive.

Parameters

- container (str) The container to export
- **chunk_size** (*int*) The number of bytes returned by each iteration of the generator. If None, data will be streamed as it is received. Default: 2 MB

Returns The archived filesystem data stream

Return type (generator)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

get_archive (container, path, chunk_size=2097152)

Retrieve a file or folder from a container in the form of a tar archive.

Parameters

- container (str) The container where the file is located
- path (str) Path to the file or folder to retrieve
- **chunk_size** (*int*) The number of bytes returned by each iteration of the generator. If None, data will be streamed as it is received. Default: 2 MB

Returns First element is a raw tar data stream. Second element is a dict containing stat information on the specified path.

Return type (tuple)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> c = docker.APIClient()
>>> f = open('./sh_bin.tar', 'wb')
>>> bits, stat = c.get_archive(container, '/bin/sh')
>>> print(stat)
{'name': 'sh', 'size': 1075464, 'mode': 493,
    'mtime': '2018-10-01T15:37:48-07:00', 'linkTarget': ''}
>>> for chunk in bits:
...    f.write(chunk)
>>> f.close()
```

inspect_container (container)

Identical to the *docker inspect* command, but only for containers.

Parameters container (str) – The container to inspect

Returns Similar to the output of *docker inspect*, but as a single dict

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

kill (container, signal=None)

Kill a container or send a signal to a container.

Parameters

- container (str) The container to kill
- **signal** (str or int) The signal to send. Defaults to SIGKILL

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Get logs from a container. Similar to the docker logs command.

The stream parameter makes the logs function return a blocking generator you can iterate over to retrieve log output as it happens.

Parameters

- container (str) The container to get logs from
- stdout (bool) Get STDOUT. Default True
- stderr (bool) Get STDERR. Default True
- **stream** (bool) Stream the response. Default False
- timestamps (bool) Show timestamps. Default False
- tail (str or int) Output specified number of lines at the end of logs. Either an integer of number of lines or the string all. Default all
- **since** (datetime or int) Show logs since a given datetime or integer epoch (in seconds)
- follow (bool) Follow log output. Default False
- until (datetime or int) Show logs that occurred before the given datetime or integer epoch (in seconds)

Returns (generator or str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

pause (container)

Pauses all processes within a container.

Parameters container (str) – The container to pause

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

port (container, private_port)

Lookup the public-facing port that is NAT-ed to private_port. Identical to the docker port command.

Parameters

- **container** (str) The container to look up
- private_port (int) The private port to inspect

Returns The mapping for the host ports

Return type (list of dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
$ docker run -d -p 80:80 ubuntu:14.04 /bin/sleep 30 7174d6347063a83f412fad6124c99cffd25ffe1a0807eb4b7f9cec76ac8cb43b
```

```
>>> cli.port('7174d6347063', 80)
[{'HostIp': '0.0.0.0', 'HostPort': '80'}]
```

prune_containers (filters=None)

Delete stopped containers

Parameters filters (dict) – Filters to process on the prune list.

Returns

A dict containing a list of deleted container IDs and the amount of disk space reclaimed in bytes.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

put_archive (container, path, data)

Insert a file or folder in an existing container using a tar archive as source.

Parameters

- **container** (*str*) The container where the file(s) will be extracted
- path (str) Path inside the container where the file(s) will be extracted. Must exist.
- data (bytes) tar data to be extracted

Returns True if the call succeeds.

Return type (bool)

Raises docker.errors.APIError - If the server returns an error.

remove_container (container, v=False, link=False, force=False)

Remove a container. Similar to the docker rm command.

Parameters

- **container** (*str*) The container to remove
- **v** (bool) Remove the volumes associated with the container
- link (bool) Remove the specified link and not the underlying container
- **force** (bool) Force the removal of a running container (uses SIGKILL)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

rename (container, name)

Rename a container. Similar to the docker rename command.

Parameters

- **container** (str) ID of the container to rename
- name (str) New name for the container

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

resize (container, height, width)

Resize the tty session.

Parameters

- container (str or dict) The container to resize
- height (int) Height of tty session
- width (int) Width of tty session

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

restart (container, timeout=10)

Restart a container. Similar to the docker restart command.

Parameters

- container (str or dict) The container to restart. If a dict, the Id key is used.
- **timeout** (*int*) Number of seconds to try to stop for before killing the container. Once killed it will then be restarted. Default is 10 seconds.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

```
start (container, *args, **kwargs)
```

Start a container. Similar to the docker start command, but doesn't support attach options.

Deprecation warning: Passing configuration options in start is no longer supported. Users are expected to provide host config options in the host_config parameter of create_container().

Parameters container (str) – The container to start

Raises

- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.
- docker.errors.DeprecatedMethod-If any argument besides container are provided.

Example

```
>>> container = cli.create_container(
... image='busybox:latest',
... command='/bin/sleep 30')
>>> cli.start(container=container.get('Id'))
```

stats (container, decode=None, stream=True)

Stream statistics for a specific container. Similar to the docker stats command.

Parameters

- **container** (str) The container to stream statistics from
- **decode** (bool) If set to true, stream will be decoded into dicts on the fly. Only applicable if stream is True. False by default.

stream (bool) – If set to false, only the current stats will be returned instead of a stream. True by default.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

stop (container, timeout=None)

Stops a container. Similar to the docker stop command.

Parameters

- container (str) The container to stop
- **timeout** (*int*) Timeout in seconds to wait for the container to stop before sending a SIGKILL. If None, then the StopTimeout value of the container will be used. Default: None

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

top (container, ps_args=None)

Display the running processes of a container.

Parameters

- container (str) The container to inspect
- **ps_args** (str) An optional arguments passed to ps (e.g. aux)

Returns The output of the top

Return type (str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

unpause (container)

Unpause all processes within a container.

Parameters container (str) – The container to unpause

Update resource configs of one or more containers.

Parameters

- container (str) The container to inspect
- blkio_weight (int) Block IO (relative weight), between 10 and 1000
- cpu_period (int) Limit CPU CFS (Completely Fair Scheduler) period
- cpu_quota (int) Limit CPU CFS (Completely Fair Scheduler) quota
- cpu_shares (int) CPU shares (relative weight)
- **cpuset_cpus** (str) CPUs in which to allow execution
- cpuset_mems (str) MEMs in which to allow execution
- mem_limit (int or str) Memory limit
- mem_reservation (int or str) Memory soft limit
- memswap_limit (int or str) Total memory (memory + swap), -1 to disable swap
- kernel_memory (int or str) Kernel memory limit

• restart_policy (dict) - Restart policy dictionary

Returns Dictionary containing a Warnings key.

```
Return type (dict)
```

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

wait (container, timeout=None, condition=None)

Block until a container stops, then return its exit code. Similar to the docker wait command.

Parameters

- container (str or dict) The container to wait on. If a dict, the Id key is used.
- timeout (int) Request timeout
- **condition** (*str*) Wait until a container state reaches the given condition, either not-running (default), next-exit, or removed

Returns

The API's response as a Python dictionary, including the container's exit code under the StatusCode attribute.

Return type (dict)

Raises

- requests.exceptions.ReadTimeout If the timeout is exceeded.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

Images

class ImageApiMixin

```
get_image (image, chunk_size=2097152)
```

Get a tarball of an image. Similar to the docker save command.

Parameters

- image (str) Image name to get
- **chunk_size** (*int*) The number of bytes returned by each iteration of the generator. If None, data will be streamed as it is received. Default: 2 MB

Returns A stream of raw archive data.

```
Return type (generator)
```

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> image = cli.get_image("busybox:latest")
>>> f = open('/tmp/busybox-latest.tar', 'wb')
>>> for chunk in image:
>>> f.write(chunk)
>>> f.close()
```

history(image)

Show the history of an image.

Parameters image (str) – The image to show history for

Returns The history of the image

Return type (str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

images (name=None, quiet=False, all=False, filters=None)

List images. Similar to the docker images command.

Parameters

- name (str) Only show images belonging to the repository name
- quiet (bool) Only return numeric IDs as a list.
- all (bool) Show intermediate image layers. By default, these are filtered out.
- **filters** (*dict*) Filters to be processed on the image list. Available filters: dangling (bool) label (str): format either key or key=value

Returns A list if quiet=True, otherwise a dict.

Return type (dict or list)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Import an image. Similar to the docker import command.

If src is a string or unicode string, it will first be treated as a path to a tarball on the local system. If there is an error reading from that file, src will be treated as a URL instead to fetch the image from. You can also pass an open file handle as src, in which case the data will be read from that file.

If src is unset but image is set, the image parameter will be taken as the name of an existing image to import from.

Parameters

- src (str or file) Path to tarfile, URL, or file-like object
- **repository** (str) The repository to create
- tag(str) The tag to apply
- **image** (str) Use another image like the FROM Dockerfile parameter

import_image_from_data (data, repository=None, tag=None, changes=None)

Like import_image(), but allows importing in-memory bytes data.

Parameters

- data (bytes collection) Bytes collection containing valid tar data
- repository (str) The repository to create
- tag(str) The tag to apply

import_image_from_file (filename, repository=None, tag=None, changes=None)
Like import_image(), but only supports importing from a tar file on disk.

Parameters

• **filename** (str) – Full path to a tar file.

- repository (str) The repository to create
- tag(str) The tag to apply

Raises IOError - File does not exist.

import_image_from_image (image, repository=None, tag=None, changes=None)

Like *import_image()*, but only supports importing from another image, like the FROM Dockerfile parameter.

Parameters

- image (str) Image name to import from
- **repository** (*str*) The repository to create
- tag(str) The tag to apply

import_image_from_stream (stream, repository=None, tag=None, changes=None)

import_image_from_url (url, repository=None, tag=None, changes=None)

Like import_image(), but only supports importing from a URL.

Parameters

- **url** (*str*) A URL pointing to a tar file.
- **repository** (*str*) The repository to create
- tag(str) The tag to apply

inspect_distribution(image)

Get image digest and platform information by contacting the registry.

Parameters image (str) – The image name to inspect

Returns A dict containing distribution data

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

inspect_image (image)

Get detailed information about an image. Similar to the docker inspect command, but only for images.

Parameters image (str) - The image to inspect

Returns Similar to the output of docker inspect, but as a

Return type (dict)

single dict

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

load_image (data, quiet=None)

Load an image that was previously saved using <code>get_image()</code> (or docker save). Similar to docker load.

Parameters

- data (binary) Image data to be loaded.
- quiet (boolean) Suppress progress details in response.

Returns

Progress output as JSON objects. Only available for API version >= 1.23

```
Return type (generator)
```

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

prune_images (filters=None)

Delete unused images

Parameters filters (dict) – Filters to process on the prune list. Available filters: - dangling (bool): When set to true (or 1), prune only unused and untagged images.

Returns

A dict containing a list of deleted image IDs and the amount of disk space reclaimed in bytes.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

pull (repository, tag=None, stream=False, auth_config=None, decode=False, platform=None)
Pulls an image. Similar to the docker pull command.

Parameters

- **repository** (str) The repository to pull
- tag(str) The tag to pull
- **stream** (bool) Stream the output as a generator. Make sure to consume the generator, otherwise pull might get cancelled.
- auth_config (dict) Override the credentials that login() has set for this request. auth_config should contain the username and password keys to be valid.
- **decode** (bool) Decode the JSON data from the server into dicts. Only applies with stream=True
- platform (str) Platform in the format os [/arch[/variant]]

Returns The output

Return type (generator or str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
print (json.dumps(line, indent=4))

{
    "status": "Pulling image (latest) from busybox",
    "progressDetail": {},
    "id": "e72ac664f4f0"

}

{
    "status": "Pulling image (latest) from busybox, endpoint: ...",
    "progressDetail": {},
    "id": "e72ac664f4f0"
}
```

push (repository, tag=None, stream=False, auth_config=None, decode=False)

Push an image or a repository to the registry. Similar to the docker push command.

Parameters

- repository (str) The repository to push to
- tag (str) An optional tag to push
- **stream** (bool) Stream the output as a blocking generator
- auth_config (dict) Override the credentials that login() has set for this request. auth_config should contain the username and password keys to be valid.
- **decode** (bool) Decode the JSON data from the server into dicts. Only applies with stream=True

Returns The output from the server.

Return type (generator or str)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> for line in cli.push('yourname/app', stream=True, decode=True):
... print(line)
{'status': 'Pushing repository yourname/app (1 tags)'}
{'status': 'Pushing', 'progressDetail': {}, 'id': '511136ea3c5a'}
{'status': 'Image already pushed, skipping', 'progressDetail':{},
    'id': '511136ea3c5a'}
...
```

remove_image (image, force=False, noprune=False)

Remove an image. Similar to the docker rmi command.

Parameters

- image (str) The image to remove
- **force** (bool) Force removal of the image
- **noprune** (bool) Do not delete untagged parents

$\mathtt{search}\,(term)$

Search for images on Docker Hub. Similar to the docker search command.

Parameters term (str) – A term to search for.

Returns The response of the search.

Return type (list of dicts)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

tag (image, repository, tag=None, force=False)

Tag an image into a repository. Similar to the docker tag command.

Parameters

- image (str) The image to tag
- **repository** (str) The repository to set for the tag
- tag(str) The tag name
- **force** (bool) Force

```
Returns True if successful
```

Return type (bool)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> client.tag('ubuntu', 'localhost:5000/ubuntu', 'latest', force=True)
```

Building images

class BuildApiMixin

Similar to the docker build command. Either path or fileobj needs to be set. path can be a local path (to a directory containing a Dockerfile) or a remote URL. fileobj must be a readable file-like object to a Dockerfile.

If you have a tar file for the Docker build context (including a Dockerfile) already, pass a readable file-like object to fileobj and also pass custom_context=True. If the stream is compressed also, set encoding to the correct value (e.g gzip).

Example

```
>>> from io import BytesIO
>>> from docker import APIClient
>>> dockerfile = '''
... # Shared Volume
... FROM busybox:buildroot-2014.02
... VOLUME /data
... CMD ["/bin/sh"]
>>> f = BytesIO(dockerfile.encode('utf-8'))
>>> cli = APIClient(base_url='tcp://127.0.0.1:2375')
>>> response = [line for line in cli.build(
        fileobj=f, rm=True, tag='yourname/volume'
. . .
...)]
>>> response
['{"stream":" ---\u003e a9eb17255234\n"}',
 '{"stream":"Step 1 : VOLUME /data\n"}',
 '{"stream":" ---\u003e Running in abdc1e6896c6\n"}',
 '{"stream":" ---\u003e 713bca62012e\n"}',
 '{"stream": "Removing intermediate container abdc1e6896c6\n"}',
 '{"stream":"Step 2 : CMD [\"/bin/sh\"]\n"}',
 '{"stream":" ---\u003e Running in dba30f2a1a7e\n"}',
 '{"stream":" ---\u003e 032b8b2855fc\n"}',
```

```
'{"stream":"Removing intermediate container dba30f2a1a7e\n"}',
'{"stream":"Successfully built 032b8b2855fc\n"}']
```

Parameters

- path (str) Path to the directory containing the Dockerfile
- **fileobj** A file object to use as the Dockerfile. (Or a file-like object)
- tag (str) A tag to add to the final image
- quiet (bool) Whether to return the status
- nocache (bool) Don't use the cache when set to True
- rm (bool) Remove intermediate containers. The docker build command now defaults to --rm=true, but we have kept the old default of *False* to preserve backward compatibility
- timeout (int) HTTP timeout
- **custom_context** (bool) Optional if using fileobj
- **encoding** (str) The encoding for a stream. Set to gzip for compressing
- pull (bool) Downloads any updates to the FROM image in Dockerfiles
- **forcerm** (bool) Always remove intermediate containers, even after unsuccessful builds
- **dockerfile** (*str*) path within the build context to the Dockerfile
- buildargs (dict) A dictionary of build arguments
- **container_limits** (*dict*) A dictionary of limits applied to each container created by the build process. Valid keys:
 - memory (int): set memory limit for build
 - memswap (int): Total memory (memory + swap), -1 to disable swap
 - cpushares (int): CPU shares (relative weight)
 - cpusetcpus (str): CPUs in which to allow execution, e.g., "0-3", "0,1"
- **decode** (bool) If set to True, the returned stream will be decoded into dicts on the fly. Default False
- **shmsize** (*int*) Size of */dev/shm* in bytes. The size must be greater than 0. If omitted the system uses 64MB
- labels (dict) A dictionary of labels to set on the image
- cache_from (list) A list of images used for build cache resolution
- target (str) Name of the build-stage to build in a multi-stage Dockerfile
- **network_mode** (str) networking mode for the run commands during build
- **squash** (bool) Squash the resulting images layers into a single layer.
- **extra_hosts** (dict) Extra hosts to add to /etc/hosts in building containers, as a mapping of hostname to IP address.
- platform (str) Platform in the format os [/arch[/variant]]
- **isolation** (*str*) Isolation technology used during build. Default: *None*.

• use_config_proxy (bool) - If True, and if the docker client configuration file (~/.docker/config.json by default) contains a proxy configuration, the corresponding environment variables will be set in the container being built.

Returns A generator for the build output.

Raises

- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.
- TypeError If neither path nor fileobj is specified.

prune_builds()

Delete the builder cache

Returns

A dictionary containing information about the operation's result. The SpaceReclaimed key indicates the amount of bytes of disk space reclaimed.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Networks

class NetworkApiMixin

Parameters

- container (str) container-id/name to be connected to the network
- net_id (str) network id
- aliases (list) A list of aliases for this endpoint. Names in that list can be used within the network to reach the container. Defaults to None.
- links (list) A list of links for this endpoint. Containers declared in this list will be linked to this container. Defaults to None.
- **ipv4_address** (*str*) The IP address of this container on the network, using the IPv4 protocol. Defaults to None.
- **ipv6_address** (*str*) The IP address of this container on the network, using the IPv6 protocol. Defaults to None.
- link_local_ips (list) A list of link-local (IPv4/IPv6) addresses.

Create a network. Similar to the docker network create.

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the network
- **driver** (str) Name of the driver used to create the network

- **options** (*dict*) Driver options as a key-value dictionary
- ipam (IPAMConfig) Optional custom IP scheme for the network.
- **check_duplicate** (bool) Request daemon to check for networks with same name. Default: None.
- internal (bool) Restrict external access to the network. Default False.
- labels (dict) Map of labels to set on the network. Default None.
- enable_ipv6 (bool) Enable IPv6 on the network. Default False.
- **attachable** (bool) If enabled, and the network is in the global scope, non-service containers on worker nodes will be able to connect to the network.
- **scope** (*str*) **Specify the network's scope** (local, global or swarm)
- **ingress** (bool) If set, create an ingress network which provides the routing-mesh in swarm mode.

Returns The created network reference object

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

Example

A network using the bridge driver:

```
>>> client.create_network("network1", driver="bridge")
```

You can also create more advanced networks with custom IPAM configurations. For example, setting the subnet to 192.168.52.0/24 and gateway address to 192.168.52.254.

disconnect_container_from_network (container, net_id, force=False)

Disconnect a container from a network.

Parameters

- **container** (str) container ID or name to be disconnected from the network
- net_id (str) network ID
- force (bool) Force the container to disconnect from a network. Default: False

inspect network (net id, verbose=None, scope=None)

Get detailed information about a network.

Parameters

• net id(str) - ID of network

- **verbose** (bool) Show the service details across the cluster in swarm mode.
- **scope** (*str*) Filter the network by scope (swarm, global or local).

networks (names=None, ids=None, filters=None)

List networks. Similar to the docker networks 1s command.

Parameters

- names (list) List of names to filter by
- ids (list) List of ids to filter by
- **filters** (dict) Filters to be processed on the network list. Available filters: driver=[<driver-name>] Matches a network's driver. label=[<key>] or label=[<key>=<value>]. type=["custom"|"builtin"] Filters networks by type.

Returns List of network objects.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

prune_networks (filters=None)

Delete unused networks

Parameters filters (dict) – Filters to process on the prune list.

Returns

A dict containing a list of deleted network names and the amount of disk space reclaimed in bytes.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

remove network(net id)

Remove a network. Similar to the docker network rm command.

Parameters net_id (str) - The network's id

Volumes

class VolumeApiMixin

create_volume (name=None, driver=None, driver_opts=None, labels=None)

Create and register a named volume

Parameters

- name (str) Name of the volume
- **driver** (str) Name of the driver used to create the volume
- **driver_opts** (dict) Driver options as a key-value dictionary
- labels (dict) Labels to set on the volume

Returns The created volume reference object

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

inspect_volume (name)

Retrieve volume info by name.

Parameters name (str) – volume name

Returns Volume information dictionary

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> cli.inspect_volume('foobar')
{u'Driver': u'local',
 u'Mountpoint': u'/var/lib/docker/volumes/foobar/_data',
 u'Name': u'foobar'}
```

prune_volumes (filters=None)

Delete unused volumes

Parameters filters (dict) – Filters to process on the prune list.

Returns

A dict containing a list of deleted volume names and the amount of disk space reclaimed in bytes.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

remove_volume (name, force=False)

Remove a volume. Similar to the docker volume rm command.

Parameters

- name (str) The volume's name
- **force** (bool) Force removal of volumes that were already removed out of band by the volume driver plugin.

Raises docker.errors.APIError - If volume failed to remove.

volumes (filters=None)

List volumes currently registered by the docker daemon. Similar to the docker volume 1s command.

Parameters filters (dict) – Server-side list filtering options.

Returns Dictionary with list of volume objects as value of the Volumes key.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> cli.volumes()
{u'Volumes': [{u'Driver': u'local',
    u'Mountpoint': u'/var/lib/docker/volumes/foobar/_data',
    u'Name': u'foobar'},
{u'Driver': u'local',
    u'Mountpoint': u'/var/lib/docker/volumes/baz/_data',
    u'Name': u'baz'}]}
```

Executing commands in containers

class ExecApiMixin

exec_create (container, cmd, stdout=True, stderr=True, stdin=False, tty=False, privileged=False, user='', environment=None, workdir=None, detach_keys=None)

Sets up an exec instance in a running container.

Parameters

- container (str) Target container where exec instance will be created
- cmd (str or list) Command to be executed
- stdout (bool) Attach to stdout. Default: True
- **stderr** (bool) Attach to stderr. Default: True
- **stdin** (bool) Attach to stdin. Default: False
- tty (bool) Allocate a pseudo-TTY. Default: False
- **privileged** (bool) Run as privileged.
- user (str) User to execute command as. Default: root
- environment (dict or list) A dictionary or a list of strings in the following format ["PASSWORD=xxx"] or {"PASSWORD": "xxx"}.
- workdir (str) Path to working directory for this exec session
- **detach_keys** (str) Override the key sequence for detaching a container. Format is a single character [a-Z] or ctrl-<value> where <value> is one of: a-z, @, ^, [, , or _. ~/.docker/config.json is used by default.

Returns A dictionary with an exec Id key.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

exec_inspect (exec_id)

Return low-level information about an exec command.

Parameters $exec_id(str)$ – ID of the exec instance

Returns Dictionary of values returned by the endpoint.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

exec_resize (exec_id, height=None, width=None)

Resize the tty session used by the specified exec command.

Parameters

- **exec_id** (str) ID of the exec instance
- height (int) Height of tty session
- width (int) Width of tty session

exec_start (*exec_id*, *detach=False*, *tty=False*, *stream=False*, *socket=False*, *demux=False*) Start a previously set up exec instance.

Parameters

- **exec** id (str) ID of the exec instance
- **detach** (bool) If true, detach from the exec command. Default: False
- tty (bool) Allocate a pseudo-TTY. Default: False
- **stream** (bool) Stream response data. Default: False
- socket (bool) Return the connection socket to allow custom read/write operations.
- **demux** (bool) Return stdout and stderr separately

Returns If stream=True, a generator yielding response chunks. If socket=True, a socket object for the connection. A string containing response data otherwise. If demux=True, stdout and stderr are separated.

Return type (generator or str or tuple)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Swarms

class SwarmApiMixin

create_swarm_spec(*args, **kwargs)

Create a docker.types.SwarmSpec instance that can be used as the swarm_spec argument in init_swarm().

Parameters

- task_history_retention_limit(int) Maximum number of tasks history stored.
- **snapshot_interval** (*int*) Number of logs entries between snapshot.
- **keep_old_snapshots** (*int*) Number of snapshots to keep beyond the current snapshot.
- log_entries_for_slow_followers (int) Number of log entries to keep around to sync up slow followers after a snapshot is created.
- heartbeat_tick (int) Amount of ticks (in seconds) between each heartbeat.

- **election_tick** (*int*) Amount of ticks (in seconds) needed without a leader to trigger a new election.
- **dispatcher_heartbeat_period** (*int*) The delay for an agent to send a heartbeat to the dispatcher.
- node_cert_expiry (int) Automatic expiry for nodes certificates.
- **external_cas** (list) Configuration for forwarding signing requests to an external certificate authority. Use a list of docker.types.SwarmExternalCA.
- name (string) Swarm's name
- labels (dict) User-defined key/value metadata.
- **signing_ca_cert** (*str*) The desired signing CA certificate for all swarm node TLS leaf certificates, in PEM format.
- **signing_ca_key** (*str*) The desired signing CA key for all swarm node TLS leaf certificates, in PEM format.
- **ca_force_rotate** (*int*) An integer whose purpose is to force swarm to generate a new signing CA certificate and key, if none have been specified.
- **autolock_managers** (boolean) If set, generate a key and use it to lock data stored on the managers.
- log_driver (DriverConfig) The default log driver to use for tasks created in the orchestrator.

Returns docker.types.SwarmSpec

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> spec = client.create_swarm_spec(
    snapshot_interval=5000, log_entries_for_slow_followers=1200
)
>>> client.init_swarm(
    advertise_addr='eth0', listen_addr='0.0.0.0:5000',
    force_new_cluster=False, swarm_spec=spec
)
```

get_unlock_key()

Get the unlock key for this Swarm manager.

Returns A dict containing an UnlockKey member

Initialize a new Swarm using the current connected engine as the first node.

Parameters

• advertise_addr (string) — Externally reachable address advertised to other nodes. This can either be an address/port combination in the form 192.168.1.1:4567, or an interface followed by a port number, like eth0:4567. If the port number is omitted, the port number from the listen address is used. If advertise_addr is not specified, it will be automatically detected when possible. Default: None

- **listen_addr** (*string*) Listen address used for inter-manager communication, as well as determining the networking interface used for the VXLAN Tunnel Endpoint (VTEP). This can either be an address/port combination in the form 192.168.1.1:4567, or an interface followed by a port number, like eth0:4567. If the port number is omitted, the default swarm listening port is used. Default: '0.0.0.0:2377'
- **force_new_cluster** (bool) Force creating a new Swarm, even if already part of one. Default: False
- swarm_spec (dict) Configuration settings of the new Swarm. Use APIClient.create_swarm_spec to generate a valid configuration. Default: None

Returns True if successful.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

inspect_node (node_id)

Retrieve low-level information about a swarm node

Parameters node_id (string) – ID of the node to be inspected.

Returns A dictionary containing data about this node.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

inspect_swarm()

Retrieve low-level information about the current swarm.

Returns A dictionary containing data about the swarm.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

join_swarm (remote_addrs, join_token, listen_addr='0.0.0.0:2377', advertise_addr=None) Make this Engine join a swarm that has already been created.

Parameters

- **remote_addrs** (list) Addresses of one or more manager nodes already participating in the Swarm to join.
- join_token (string) Secret token for joining this Swarm.
- **listen_addr** (*string*) Listen address used for inter-manager communication if the node gets promoted to manager, as well as determining the networking interface used for the VXLAN Tunnel Endpoint (VTEP). Default: None
- advertise_addr (string) Externally reachable address advertised to other nodes. This can either be an address/port combination in the form 192.168.1.1:4567, or an interface followed by a port number, like eth0:4567. If the port number is omitted, the port number from the listen address is used. If AdvertiseAddr is not specified, it will be automatically detected when possible. Default: None

Returns True if the request went through.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

leave_swarm (force=False)

Leave a swarm.

Parameters force (bool) – Leave the swarm even if this node is a manager. Default: False

Returns True if the request went through.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

nodes (filters=None)

List swarm nodes.

Parameters filters (*dict*) – Filters to process on the nodes list. Valid filters: id, name, membership and role. Default: None

Returns A list of dictionaries containing data about each swarm node.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

remove_node (node_id, force=False)

Remove a node from the swarm.

Parameters

- node_id (string) ID of the node to be removed.
- **force** (bool) Force remove an active node. Default: *False*

Raises

- docker.errors.NotFound If the node referenced doesn't exist in the swarm.
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

Returns *True* if the request was successful.

unlock swarm(key)

Unlock a locked swarm.

Parameters key (string) - The unlock key as provided by get_unlock_key()

Raises

- docker.errors.InvalidArgument If the key argument is in an incompatible format
- docker.errors.APIError If the server returns an error.

Returns *True* if the request was successful.

Example

```
>>> key = client.get_unlock_key()
>>> client.unlock_node(key)
```

${\tt update_node}~(node_id, version, node_spec=None)$

Update the node's configuration

Parameters

- **node_id** (*string*) ID of the node to be updated.
- **version** (*int*) The version number of the node object being updated. This is required to avoid conflicting writes.
- node_spec (dict) Configuration settings to update. Any values not provided will be removed. Default: None

Returns *True* if the request went through.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

update_swarm(version, swarm_spec=None, rotate_worker_token=False, rotate_manager_token=False)

Update the Swarm's configuration

Parameters

- **version** (*int*) The version number of the swarm object being updated. This is required to avoid conflicting writes.
- **swarm_spec** (dict) Configuration settings to update. Use create_swarm_spec() to generate a valid configuration. Default: None.
- rotate_worker_token (bool) Rotate the worker join token. Default: False.
- rotate_manager_token (bool) Rotate the manager join token. Default: False.

Returns True if the request went through.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Services

class ServiceApiMixin

Create a service.

Parameters

- task_template (TaskTemplate) Specification of the task to start as part of the new service.
- • name (string) - User-defined name for the service. Optional.
- labels (dict) A map of labels to associate with the service. Optional.
- mode (ServiceMode) Scheduling mode for the service (replicated or global). Defaults to replicated.
- update_config (UpdateConfig) Specification for the update strategy of the service. Default: None

- rollback_config (RollbackConfig) Specification for the rollback strategy
 of the service. Default: None
- **networks** (list) List of network names or IDs to attach the service to. Default: None.
- endpoint_spec (EndpointSpec) Properties that can be configured to access and load balance a service. Default: None.

Returns A dictionary containing an ID key for the newly created service.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

inspect_service (service, insert_defaults=None)

Return information about a service.

Parameters

- **service** (*str*) Service name or ID.
- insert_defaults (boolean) If true, default values will be merged into the service inspect output.

Returns

A dictionary of the server-side representation of the service, including all relevant properties.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

inspect_task(task)

Retrieve information about a task.

Parameters task (str) - Task ID

Returns Information about the task.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

remove_service (service)

Stop and remove a service.

Parameters service (str) – Service name or ID

Returns True if successful.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

service_logs (service, details=False, follow=False, stdout=False, stderr=False, since=0, timestamps=False, tail='all', is_tty=None)

Get log stream for a service. Note: This endpoint works only for services with the json-file or journald logging drivers.

Parameters

- service(str) ID or name of the service
- **details** (bool) Show extra details provided to logs. Default: False
- **follow** (bool) Keep connection open to read logs as they are sent by the Engine. Default: False
- **stdout** (bool) Return logs from stdout. Default: False

- **stderr** (bool) Return logs from stderr. Default: False
- **since** (*int*) UNIX timestamp for the logs staring point. Default: 0
- **timestamps** (bool) Add timestamps to every log line.
- tail (string or int) Number of log lines to be returned, counting from the current end of the logs. Specify an integer or 'all' to output all log lines. Default: all
- **is_tty** (bool) Whether the service's ContainerSpec enables the TTY option. If omitted, the method will query the Engine for the information, causing an additional roundtrip.

Returns (generator): Logs for the service.

services (filters=None)

List services.

Parameters filters (*dict*) – Filters to process on the nodes list. Valid filters: id, name , label and mode. Default: None.

Returns A list of dictionaries containing data about each service.

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

tasks (filters=None)

Retrieve a list of tasks.

Parameters filters (*dict*) – A map of filters to process on the tasks list. Valid filters: id, name, service, node, label and desired-state.

Returns List of task dictionaries.

Return type (list)

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

Parameters

- **service** (*string*) A service identifier (either its name or service ID).
- **version** (*int*) The version number of the service object being updated. This is required to avoid conflicting writes.
- task_template (TaskTemplate) Specification of the updated task to start as part of the service.
- name (string) New name for the service. Optional.
- **labels** (dict) A map of labels to associate with the service. Optional.
- mode (ServiceMode) Scheduling mode for the service (replicated or global). Defaults to replicated.
- update_config (UpdateConfig) Specification for the update strategy of the service. Default: None.
- rollback_config(RollbackConfig) Specification for the rollback strategy of the service. Default: None

- **networks** (list) List of network names or IDs to attach the service to. Default:
- endpoint_spec (EndpointSpec) Properties that can be configured to access and load balance a service. Default: None.
- **fetch_current_spec** (boolean) Use the undefined settings from the current specification of the service. Default: False

Returns True if successful.

Raises docker.errors.APIError-If the server returns an error.

Plugins

class PluginApiMixin

```
configure_plugin (name, options)
```

Configure a plugin.

Parameters

- name (string) The name of the plugin. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.
- options (dict) A key-value mapping of options

Returns True if successful

create_plugin (name, plugin_data_dir, gzip=False)

Create a new plugin.

Parameters

- name (string) The name of the plugin. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.
- plugin_data_dir (string) Path to the plugin data directory. Plugin data directory must contain the config.json manifest file and the rootfs directory.
- gzip (bool) Compress the context using gzip. Default: False

Returns True if successful

disable_plugin(name)

Disable an installed plugin.

Parameters name (*string*) – The name of the plugin. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.

Returns True if successful

enable_plugin (name, timeout=0)

Enable an installed plugin.

Parameters

- name (string) The name of the plugin. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.
- timeout (int) Operation timeout (in seconds). Default: 0

Returns True if successful

inspect_plugin (name)

Retrieve plugin metadata.

Parameters name (*string*) – The name of the plugin. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.

Returns A dict containing plugin info

plugin_privileges (name)

Retrieve list of privileges to be granted to a plugin.

Parameters name (*string*) – Name of the remote plugin to examine. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.

Returns A list of dictionaries representing the plugin's permissions

plugins()

Retrieve a list of installed plugins.

Returns A list of dicts, one per plugin

pull_plugin (remote, privileges, name=None)

Pull and install a plugin. After the plugin is installed, it can be enabled using <code>enable_plugin()</code>.

Parameters

- **remote** (*string*) Remote reference for the plugin to install. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.
- **privileges** (list) A list of privileges the user consents to grant to the plugin. Can be retrieved using *plugin_privileges* ().
- name (string) Local name for the pulled plugin. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.

Returns An iterable object streaming the decoded API logs

push_plugin (name)

Push a plugin to the registry.

Parameters name (string) – Name of the plugin to upload. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.

Returns True if successful

remove_plugin (name, force=False)

Remove an installed plugin.

Parameters

- name (string) Name of the plugin to remove. The :latest tag is optional, and is the default if omitted.
- **force** (bool) Disable the plugin before removing. This may result in issues if the plugin is in use by a container.

Returns True if successful

upgrade_plugin (name, remote, privileges)

Upgrade an installed plugin.

Parameters

• name (string) - Name of the plugin to upgrade. The :latest tag is optional and is the default if omitted.

- remote (string) Remote reference to upgrade to. The :latest tag is optional and is the default if omitted.
- **privileges** (list) A list of privileges the user consents to grant to the plugin. Can be retrieved using plugin_privileges().

Returns An iterable object streaming the decoded API logs

Secrets

class SecretApiMixin

```
create_secret (name, data, labels=None, driver=None)
Create a secret
```

Parameters

- name (string) Name of the secret
- data (bytes) Secret data to be stored
- labels (dict) A mapping of labels to assign to the secret
- driver (DriverConfig) A custom driver configuration. If unspecified, the default internal driver will be used

Returns (dict): ID of the newly created secret

```
inspect_secret (id)
```

Retrieve secret metadata

 $\textbf{Parameters id} \, (\textit{string}) - Full \, ID \, of \, the \, secret \, to \, remove$

Returns (dict): A dictionary of metadata

Raises docker.errors.NotFound - if no secret with that ID exists

remove_secret(id)

Remove a secret

Parameters id (string) – Full ID of the secret to remove

Returns (boolean): True if successful

Raises docker.errors.NotFound - if no secret with that ID exists

secrets (filters=None)

List secrets

Parameters

- **filters** (*dict*) A map of filters to process on the secrets
- Available filters (list.) names

Returns (list): A list of secrets

The Docker daemon

class DaemonApiMixin

df()

Get data usage information.

Returns A dictionary representing different resource categories and their respective data usage.

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

events (since=None, until=None, filters=None, decode=None)

Get real-time events from the server. Similar to the docker events command.

Parameters

- since (UTC datetime or int) Get events from this point
- until (UTC datetime or int) Get events until this point
- **filters** (dict) Filter the events by event time, container or image
- decode (bool) If set to true, stream will be decoded into dicts on the fly. False by default.

Returns A docker.types.daemon.CancellableStream generator

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Example

```
>>> for event in client.events(decode=True)
... print(event)
{u'from': u'image/with:tag',
 u'id': u'container-id',
 u'status': u'start',
 u'time': 1423339459}
...
```

or

```
>>> events = client.events()
>>> for event in events:
... print(event)
>>> # and cancel from another thread
>>> events.close()
```

info()

Display system-wide information. Identical to the ${\tt docker}\ {\tt info}\ {\tt command}.$

Returns The info as a dict

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

login (username, password=None, email=None, registry=None, reauth=False, dockercfg_path=None)

Authenticate with a registry. Similar to the docker login command.

Parameters

• **username** (*str*) – The registry username

- password (str) The plaintext password
- **email** (str) The email for the registry account
- registry (str) URL to the registry. E.g. https://index.docker.io/v1/
- reauth (bool) Whether or not to refresh existing authentication on the Docker server.
- **dockercfg_path** (*str*) Use a custom path for the Docker config file (default \$HOME/.docker/config.json if present, otherwise "\$HOME/.dockercfg")

Returns The response from the login request

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

ping()

Checks the server is responsive. An exception will be raised if it isn't responding.

Returns (bool) The response from the server.

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

version (api_version=True)

Returns version information from the server. Similar to the docker version command.

Returns The server version information

Return type (dict)

Raises docker.errors.APIError – If the server returns an error.

Configuration types

class ConfigReference (config_id, config_name, filename=None, uid=None, gid=None, mode=292)

Config reference to be used as part of a *ContainerSpec*. Describes how a config is made accessible inside the service's containers.

Parameters

- config id (string) Config's ID
- **config_name** (*string*) Config's name as defined at its creation.
- **filename** (*string*) Name of the file containing the config. Defaults to the config's name if not specified.
- uid (string) UID of the config file's owner. Default: 0
- **gid** (string) GID of the config file's group. Default: 0
- mode (int) File access mode inside the container. Default: 0o444

Describes the behavior of containers that are part of a task, and is used when declaring a TaskTemplate.

Parameters

- **image** (string) The image name to use for the container.
- command (string or list) The command to be run in the image.
- args (list) Arguments to the command.
- **hostname** (*string*) The hostname to set on the container.
- **env** (dict) Environment variables.
- workdir (string) The working directory for commands to run in.
- **user** (*string*) The user inside the container.
- labels (dict) A map of labels to associate with the service.
- mounts (list) A list of specifications for mounts to be added to containers created as part of the service. See the *Mount* class for details.
- **stop_grace_period** (*int*) Amount of time to wait for the container to terminate before forcefully killing it.
- **secrets** (list) List of SecretReference to be made available inside the containers.
- tty (boolean) Whether a pseudo-TTY should be allocated.
- groups (list) A list of additional groups that the container process will run as.
- open_stdin (boolean) Open stdin
- read_only (boolean) Mount the container's root filesystem as read only.
- **stop_signal** (*string*) Set signal to stop the service's containers
- healthcheck (Healthcheck) Healthcheck configuration for this service.
- hosts (dict) A set of host to IP mappings to add to the container's hosts file.
- dns_config (DNSConfig) Specification for DNS related configurations in resolver configuration file.
- configs (list) List of ConfigReference that will be exposed to the service.
- privileges (Privileges) Security options for the service's containers.
- **isolation** (*string*) Isolation technology used by the service's containers. Only used for Windows containers.

class DNSConfig (nameservers=None, search=None, options=None)

Specification for DNS related configurations in resolver configuration file (resolv.conf). Part of a ContainerSpec definition.

Parameters

- nameservers (list) The IP addresses of the name servers.
- search (list) A search list for host-name lookup.
- options (list) A list of internal resolver variables to be modified (e.g., debug, ndots:3, etc.).

class DriverConfig (name, options=None)

Indicates which driver to use, as well as its configuration. Can be used as log_driver in a ContainerSpec, for the driver_config in a volume Mount, or as the driver object in create_secret().

Parameters

- name (string) Name of the driver to use.
- options (dict) Driver-specific options. Default: None.

class EndpointSpec (mode=None, ports=None)

Describes properties to access and load-balance a service.

Parameters

- mode (string) The mode of resolution to use for internal load balancing between tasks ('vip' or 'dnsrr'). Defaults to 'vip' if not provided.
- ports (dict) Exposed ports that this service is accessible on from the outside, in the form of { published_port: target_port } or { published_port: <port_config_tuple> }. Port config tuple format is (target_port [,protocol [,publish_mode]]). Ports can only be provided if the vip resolution mode is used.

class Healthcheck (**kwargs)

Defines a healthcheck configuration for a container or service.

Parameters

- **test** (list or str) Test to perform to determine container health. Possible values:
 - Empty list: Inherit healthcheck from parent image
 - ["NONE"]: Disable healthcheck
 - ["CMD", args...]: exec arguments directly.
 - ["CMD-SHELL", command]: RUn command in the system's default shell.

If a string is provided, it will be used as a CMD-SHELL command.

- interval (int) The time to wait between checks in nanoseconds. It should be 0 or at least 1000000 (1 ms).
- **timeout** (*int*) The time to wait before considering the check to have hung. It should be 0 or at least 1000000 (1 ms).
- **retries** (*integer*) The number of consecutive failures needed to consider a container as unhealthy.
- **start_period** (*integer*) Start period for the container to initialize before starting health-retries countdown in nanoseconds. It should be 0 or at least 1000000 (1 ms).

class IPAMConfig (driver='default', pool_configs=None, options=None)

Create an IPAM (IP Address Management) config dictionary to be used with <code>create_network()</code>.

Parameters

- **driver** (*str*) The IPAM driver to use. Defaults to default.
- pool_configs (list) A list of pool configurations (IPAMPool). Defaults to empty list.
- options (dict) Driver options as a key-value dictionary. Defaults to *None*.

Example

```
>>> ipam_config = docker.types.IPAMConfig(driver='default')
>>> network = client.create_network('network1', ipam=ipam_config)
```

class IPAMPool (subnet=None, iprange=None, gateway=None, aux_addresses=None)

Create an IPAM pool config dictionary to be added to the pool_configs parameter of IPAMConfig.

Parameters

- **subnet** (*str*) Custom subnet for this IPAM pool using the CIDR notation. Defaults to None.
- **iprange** (*str*) Custom IP range for endpoints in this IPAM pool using the CIDR notation. Defaults to None.
- **gateway** (*str*) Custom IP address for the pool's gateway.
- **aux_addresses** (*dict*) A dictionary of key -> ip_address relationships specifying auxiliary addresses that need to be allocated by the IPAM driver.

Example

```
>>> ipam_pool = docker.types.IPAMPool(
    subnet='124.42.0.0/16',
    iprange='124.42.0.0/24',
    gateway='124.42.0.254',
    aux_addresses={
        'reserved1': '124.42.1.1'
    }
)
>>> ipam_config = docker.types.IPAMConfig(
        pool_configs=[ipam_pool])
```

class LogConfig (**kwargs)

Configure logging for a container, when provided as an argument to <code>create_host_config()</code>. You may refer to the official logging driver documentation for more information.

Parameters

- **type** (*str*) Indicate which log driver to use. A set of valid drivers is provided as part of the LogConfig.types enum. Other values may be accepted depending on the engine version and available logging plugins.
- **config** (*dict*) A driver-dependent configuration dictionary. Please refer to the driver's documentation for a list of valid config keys.

Example

Parameters

- target (string) Container path.
- **source** (*string*) Mount source (e.g. a volume name or a host path).
- type (string) The mount type (bind / volume / tmpfs / npipe). Default: volume.
- **read_only** (bool) Whether the mount should be read-only.
- consistency (string) The consistency requirement for the mount. One of
- consistent, cached, delegated. (default',)-
- **propagation** (*string*) A propagation mode with the value [r]private, [r]shared, or [r]slave. Only valid for the bind type.
- no_copy (bool) False if the volume should be populated with the data from the target. Default: False. Only valid for the volume type.
- labels (dict) User-defined name and labels for the volume. Only valid for the volume type.
- **driver_config** (DriverConfig) Volume driver configuration. Only valid for the volume type.
- tmpfs size (int or string) The size for the tmpfs mount in bytes.
- tmpfs_mode (int) The permission mode for the tmpfs mount.

class Placement (constraints=None, preferences=None, platforms=None)

Placement constraints to be used as part of a TaskTemplate

Parameters

- constraints (list of str) A list of constraints
- **preferences** (list of tuple) Preferences provide a way to make the scheduler aware of factors such as topology. They are provided in order from highest to lowest precedence and are expressed as (strategy, descriptor) tuples. See PlacementPreference for details.
- platforms (list of tuple) A list of platforms expressed as (arch, os) tuples

class PlacementPreference (strategy, descriptor)

Placement preference to be used as an element in the list of preferences for Placement objects.

Parameters

- **strategy** (*string*) The placement strategy to implement. Currently, the only supported strategy is spread.
- **descriptor** (*string*) A label descriptor. For the spread strategy, the scheduler will try to spread tasks evenly over groups of nodes identified by this label.

Parameters

- **credentialspec_file** (*str*) Load credential spec from this file. The file is read by the daemon, and must be present in the CredentialSpecs subdirectory in the docker data directory, which defaults to C:\ProgramData\Docker\ on Windows. Can not be combined with credentialspec_registry.
- credentialspec_registry (str) Load credential spec from this value in the Windows registry. The specified registry value must be located in: HKLM\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion \Virtualization\Containers\CredentialSpecs. Can not be combined with credentialspec file.
- selinux disable (boolean) Disable SELinux
- **selinux_user** (string) **SEL**inux user label
- selinux_role (string) SELinux role label
- **selinux_type** (*string*) **SELinux** type label
- selinux_level (string) SELinux level label

Configures resource allocation for containers when made part of a ContainerSpec.

Parameters

- cpu limit (int) CPU limit in units of 10⁹ CPU shares.
- mem_limit (int) Memory limit in Bytes.
- cpu_reservation (int) CPU reservation in units of 10^9 CPU shares.
- mem_reservation (int) Memory reservation in Bytes.
- **generic_resources** (dict or list) Node level generic resources, for example a GPU, using the following format: { resource_name: resource_value }. Alternatively, a list of of resource specifications as defined by the Engine API.

class RestartPolicy (condition='none', delay=0, max_attempts=0, window=0)

Used when creating a ContainerSpec, dictates whether a container should restart after stopping or failing.

Parameters

- condition (*string*) Condition for restart (none, on-failure, or any). Default: *none*.
- **delay** (*int*) Delay between restart attempts. Default: 0
- max_attempts (int) Maximum attempts to restart a given container before giving up. Default value is 0, which is ignored.
- window (int) Time window used to evaluate the restart policy. Default value is 0, which is unbounded.

class RollbackConfig (parallelism=0, delay=None, failure_action='continue', monitor=None, max_failure_ratio=None, order=None)

Used to specify the way containe rollbacks should be performed by a service

Parameters

- parallelism (int) Maximum number of tasks to be rolled back in one iteration (0 means unlimited parallelism). Default: 0
- **delay** (*int*) Amount of time between rollbacks, in nanoseconds.

- **failure_action** (string) Action to take if a rolled back task fails to run, or stops running during the rollback. Acceptable values are continue, pause or rollback. Default: continue
- monitor (int) Amount of time to monitor each rolled back task for failures, in nanoseconds.
- max_failure_ratio (float) The fraction of tasks that may fail during a rollback before the failure action is invoked, specified as a floating point number between 0 and 1. Default: 0
- **order** (*string*) Specifies the order of operations when rolling out a rolled back task. Either start_first or stop_first are accepted.

class SecretReference (secret_id, secret_name, filename=None, uid=None, gid=None, mode=292)

Secret reference to be used as part of a ContainerSpec. Describes how a secret is made accessible inside the service's containers.

Parameters

- secret id(string) Secret's ID
- **secret_name** (*string*) Secret's name as defined at its creation.
- filename (string) Name of the file containing the secret. Defaults to the secret's name if not specified.
- uid (string) UID of the secret file's owner. Default: 0
- gid (string) GID of the secret file's group. Default: 0
- mode (int) File access mode inside the container. Default: 0o444

class ServiceMode (mode, replicas=None)

Indicate whether a service should be deployed as a replicated or global service, and associated parameters

Parameters

- mode (string) Can be either replicated or global
- **replicas** (*int*) Number of replicas. For replicated services only.

class SwarmExternalCA (url, protocol=None, options=None, ca_cert=None)

Configuration for forwarding signing requests to an external certificate authority.

Parameters

- url (string) URL where certificate signing requests should be sent.
- **protocol** (*string*) Protocol for communication with the external CA.
- **options** (dict) An object with key/value pairs that are interpreted as protocol-specific options for the external CA driver.
- **ca_cert** (*string*) The root CA certificate (in PEM format) this external CA uses to issue TLS certificates (assumed to be to the current swarm root CA certificate if not provided).

class SwarmSpec (*args, **kwargs)

Describe a Swarm's configuration and options. Use <code>create_swarm_spec()</code> to instantiate.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} {\bf class\ TaskTemplate}\ (container_spec, & resources=None, & restart_policy=None, & placement=None, \\ & log_driver=None, networks=None, force_update=None) \end{tabular}$

Describe the task specification to be used when creating or updating a service.

Parameters

- container_spec (ContainerSpec) Container settings for containers started as part of this task.
- log_driver (DriverConfig) Log configuration for containers created as part of the service.
- **resources** (Resources) Resource requirements which apply to each individual container created as part of the service.
- **restart_policy** (RestartPolicy) Specification for the restart policy which applies to containers created as part of this service.
- placement (Placement) Placement instructions for the scheduler. If a list is passed instead, it is assumed to be a list of constraints as part of a *Placement* object.
- **networks** (list) List of network names or IDs to attach the containers to.
- **force_update** (*int*) A counter that triggers an update even if no relevant parameters have been changed.

class Ulimit (**kwargs)

Create a ulimit declaration to be used with create host config().

Parameters

- name (str) Which ulimit will this apply to. A list of valid names can be found here.
- **soft** (*int*) The soft limit for this ulimit. Optional.
- hard (int) The hard limit for this ulimit. Optional.

Example

Used to specify the way container updates should be performed by a service.

Parameters

- parallelism (int) Maximum number of tasks to be updated in one iteration (0 means unlimited parallelism). Default: 0.
- **delay** (*int*) Amount of time between updates, in nanoseconds.
- **failure_action** (*string*) Action to take if an updated task fails to run, or stops running during the update. Acceptable values are continue, pause, as well as rollback since API v1.28. Default: continue
- monitor (int) Amount of time to monitor each updated task for failures, in nanoseconds.
- max_failure_ratio (float) The fraction of tasks that may fail during an update before the failure action is invoked, specified as a floating point number between 0 and 1. Default: 0

• **order** (*string*) – Specifies the order of operations when rolling out an updated task. Either start first or stop first are accepted.

Using TLS

Both the main DockerClient and low-level APIClient can connect to the Docker daemon with TLS.

This is all configured automatically for you if you're using from_env(), but if you need some extra control it is possible to configure it manually by using a TLSConfig object.

Examples

For example, to check the server against a specific CA certificate:

```
tls_config = docker.tls.TLSConfig(ca_cert='/path/to/ca.pem')
client = docker.DockerClient(base_url='<https_url>', tls=tls_config)
```

This is the equivalent of docker --tlsverify --tlscacert /path/to/ca.pem

To authenticate with client certs:

```
tls_config = docker.tls.TLSConfig(
  client_cert=('/path/to/client-cert.pem', '/path/to/client-key.pem')
)
client = docker.DockerClient(base_url='<https_url>', tls=tls_config)
```

This is the equivalent of docker --tls --tlscert /path/to/client-cert.pem --tlskey /path/to/client-key.pem

Reference

class TLSConfig

TLS configuration.

Parameters

- client_cert (tuple of str) Path to client cert, path to client key.
- **ca_cert** (*str*) Path to CA cert file.
- **verify** (bool or str) This can be False or a path to a CA cert file.
- ssl version (int) A valid SSL version.
- **assert_hostname** (bool) Verify the hostname of the server.

User guides and tutorials

Handling multiplexed streams

Note: The following instruction assume you're interested in getting output from an exec command. These instruction are similarly applicable to the output of attach.

2.13. Using TLS 89

First create a container that runs in the background:

```
>>> client = docker.from_env()
>>> container = client.containers.run(
... 'bfirsh/reticulate-splines', detach=True)
```

Prepare the command we are going to use. It prints "hello stdout" in stdout, followed by "hello stderr" in stderr:

```
>>> cmd = '/bin/sh -c "echo hello stdout; echo hello stderr >&2"'
We'll run this command with all four the combinations of ``stream``
and ``demux``.
With ``stream=False`` and ``demux=False``, the output is a string
that contains both the `stdout` and the `stderr` output:
>>> res = container.exec_run(cmd, stream=False, demux=False)
>>> res.output
b'hello stderr\nhello stdout\n'
```

With stream=True, and demux=False, the output is a generator that yields strings containing the output of both stdout and stderr:

```
>>> res = container.exec_run(cmd, stream=True, demux=False)
>>> next(res.output)
b'hello stdout\n'
>>> next(res.output)
b'hello stderr\n'
>>> next(res.output)
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
StopIteration
```

With stream=True and demux=True, the generator now separates the streams, and yield tuples (stdout, stderr):

```
>>> res = container.exec_run(cmd, stream=True, demux=True)
>>> next(res.output)
(b'hello stdout\n', None)
>>> next(res.output)
(None, b'hello stderr\n')
>>> next(res.output)
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
StopIteration
```

Finally, with stream=False and demux=True, the whole output is returned, but the streams are still separated:

```
>>> res = container.exec_run(cmd, stream=True, demux=True)
>>> next(res.output)
(b'hello stdout\n', None)
>>> next(res.output)
(None, b'hello stderr\n')
>>> next(res.output)
Traceback (most recent call last):
   File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
StopIteration
```

Swarm services

Warning: This is a stale document and may contain outdated information. Refer to the API docs for updated classes and method signatures.

Starting with Engine version 1.12 (API 1.24), it is possible to manage services using the Docker Engine API. Note that the engine needs to be part of a Swarm cluster before you can use the service-related methods.

Creating a service

The APIClient.create_service method lets you create a new service inside the cluster. The method takes several arguments, task_template being mandatory. This dictionary of values is most easily produced by instantiating a TaskTemplate object.

```
container_spec = docker.types.ContainerSpec(
    image='busybox', command=['echo', 'hello']
)
task_tmpl = docker.types.TaskTemplate(container_spec)
service_id = client.create_service(task_tmpl, name=name)
```

Listing services

List all existing services using the APIClient.services method.

```
client.services(filters={'name': 'mysql'})
```

Retrieving service configuration

To retrieve detailed information and configuration for a specific service, you may use the APIClient.inspect_service method using the service's ID or name.

```
client.inspect_service(service='my_service_name')
```

Updating service configuration

The APIClient.update_service method lets you update a service's configuration. The mandatory version argument (used to prevent concurrent writes) can be retrieved using APIClient.inspect_service.

```
container_spec = docker.types.ContainerSpec(
    image='busybox', command=['echo', 'hello world']
)
task_tmpl = docker.types.TaskTemplate(container_spec)

svc_version = client.inspect_service(svc_id)['Version']['Index']

client.update_service(
    svc_id, svc_version, name='new_name', task_template=task_tmpl
)
```

Removing a service

A service may be removed simply using the APIClient.remove_service method. Either the service name or service ID can be used as argument.

client.remove_service('my_service_name')

Change log

3.7.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for multiplexed streams (for attach and exec_start). Learn more at https://docker-py.readthedocs.io/en/stable/user_guides/multiplex.html
- Added the use_config_proxy parameter to the following methods: APIClient.build, APIClient.create_container, DockerClient.images.build and DockerClient.containers.run (False by default). This parameter will become True by default in the 4.0.0 release.
- Placement preferences for Swarm services are better validated on the client and documentation has been updated accordingly

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where credential stores weren't queried for relevant registry credentials with certain variations of the config.json file.
- DockerClient.swarm.init now returns a boolean value as advertised.

3.6.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for connecting to the Docker Engine over SSH. Additional dependencies for this feature can be installed with pip install "docker[ssh]"
- Added support for the named parameter in Image.save, which may be used to ensure the resulting tarball retains the image's name on save.

Bugfixes

• Fixed a bug where builds on Windows with a context path using the \\?\ prefix would fail with some relative Dockerfile paths.

• Fixed an issue where pulls made with the DockerClient would fail when setting the stream parameter to True.

Miscellaneous

• The minimum requirement for the requests dependency has been bumped to 2.20.0

3.5.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Miscellaneous

- Bumped version of pyOpenSSL in requirements.txt and setup.py to prevent installation of a vulnerable version
- · Docs fixes

3.5.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Deprecation warning

• Support for Python 3.3 will be dropped in the 4.0.0 release

Features

- Updated dependencies to ensure support for Python 3.7 environments
- Added support for the uts mode parameter in HostConfig
- The UpdateConfig constructor now allows rollback as a valid value for failure_action
- Added support for rollback_config in APIClient.create_service, APIClient.update_service, DockerClient.services.create and Service.update.

Bugfixes

- Credential helpers are now properly leveraged by the build method
- Fixed a bug that caused placement preferences to be ignored when provided to DockerClient.services.create
- Fixed a bug that caused a user value of 0 to be ignored in APIClient.create_container and DockerClient.containers.create

3.4.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

2.15. Change log 93

- Fixed a bug that caused auth values in config files written using one of the legacy formats to be ignored
- Fixed issues with handling of double-wildcard ** patterns in .dockerignore files

3.4.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

• The APIClient and DockerClient constructors now accept a credstore_env parameter. When set, values in this dictionary are added to the environment when executing the credential store process.

Bugfixes

- DockerClient.networks.prune now properly returns the operation's result
- Fixed a bug that caused custom Dockerfile paths in a subfolder of the build context to be invalidated, preventing these builds from working
- The plugin_privileges method can now be called for plugins requiring authentication to access
- Fixed a bug that caused attempts to read a data stream over an unsecured TCP socket to crash on Windows clients
- Fixed a bug where using the read_only parameter when creating a service using the DockerClient was being ignored
- Fixed an issue where Service.scale would not properly update the service's mode, causing the operation to fail silently

3.3.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for prune_builds in APIClient and DockerClient.images
- Added support for ignore_removed parameter in DockerClient.containers.list

Bugfixes

- Fixed an issue that caused builds to fail when an in-context Dockerfile would be specified using its absolute path
- Installation with pip 10.0.0 and above no longer fails
- Connection timeout for stop and restart now gets properly adjusted to allow for the operation to finish in the specified time
- Improved docker credential store support on Windows

3.2.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug with builds not properly identifying Dockerfile paths relative to the build context
- Fixed an issue where builds would raise a ValueError when attempting to build with a Dockerfile on a
 different Windows drive.

3.2.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Generators returned by attach(), logs() and events() now have a cancel() method to let consumers stop the iteration client-side.
- build() methods can now handle Dockerfiles supplied outside of the build context.
- Added sparse argument to DockerClient.containers.list()
- Added isolation parameter to build () methods.
- Added close() method to DockerClient
- Added APIClient.inspect_distribution() method and DockerClient.images.get_registry_data()
 - The latter returns an instance of the new RegistryData class

3.1.4

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

• Fixed a bug where build contexts containing directory symlinks would produce invalid tar archives

3.1.3

Bugfixes

· Regenerated invalid wheel package

3.1.2

List of PRs / issues for this release

2.15. Change log 95

• Fixed a bug that led to a Dockerfile not being included in the build context in some situations when the Dockerfile's path was prefixed with . /

3.1.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug that caused costly DNS lookups on Mac OSX when connecting to the engine through UNIX socket
- Fixed a bug that caused .dockerignore comments to be read as exclusion patterns

3.1.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for device_cgroup_rules in host config
- Added support for generic_resources when creating a Resources object.
- Added support for a configurable chunk_size parameter in export, get_archive and get_image (Image.save)
- Added a force_update method to the Service class.
- In Service.update, when the force_update parameter is set to True, the current force_update counter is incremented by one in the update request.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where authentication through login() was being ignored if the SDK was configured to use a credential store.
- · Fixed a bug where download methods would use an absurdly small chunk size, leading to slow data retrieval
- Fixed a bug where using DockerClient.images.pull to pull an image by digest would lead to an exception being raised.
- .dockerignore rules should now be respected as defined by the spec, including respect for last-line precedence and proper handling of absolute paths
- The pass credential store is now properly supported.

3.0.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

- Fixed a bug where APIClient.login didn't populate the _auth_configs dictionary properly, causing subsequent pull and push operations to fail
- Fixed a bug where some build context files were incorrectly recognized as being inaccessible.
- Fixed a bug where files with a negative mtime value would cause errors when included in a build context

3.0.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Breaking changes

- Support for API version < 1.21 has been removed.
- The following methods have been removed:
 - APIClient.copy has been removed. Users should use APIClient.get_archive instead.
 - APIClient.insert has been removed. Users may use APIClient.put_archive combined with APIClient.commit to replicate the method's behavior.
 - utils.ping_registry and utils.ping have been removed.
- The following parameters have been removed:
 - stream in APIClient.build
 - cpu_shares, cpuset, dns, mem_limit, memswap_limit, volume_driver, volumes_from in APIClient.create_container. These are all replaced by their equivalent in create_host_config
 - insecure_registry in APIClient.login, APIClient.pull, APIClient.push, DockerClient.images.push and DockerClient.images.pull
 - viz in APIClient.images
- The following parameters have been renamed:
 - endpoint_config in APIClient.create_service and APIClient.update_service is now endpoint_spec
 - name in DockerClient.images.pull is now repository
- The return value for the following methods has changed:
 - APIClient.wait and Container.wait now return a dict representing the API's response instead of returning the status code directly.
 - DockerClient.images.load now returns a list of Image objects that have for the images that were loaded, instead of a log stream.
 - Container.exec_run now returns a tuple of (exit_code, output) instead of just the output.
 - DockerClient.images.build now returns a tuple of (image, build_logs) instead of just the image object.
 - APIClient.export, APIClient.get_archive and APIClient.get_image now return generators streaming the raw binary data from the server's response.

2.15. Change log 97

- When no tag is provided, DockerClient.images.pull now returns a list of Images associated to the pulled repository instead of just the latest image.

Features

- The Docker Python SDK is now officially supported on Python 3.6
- Added scale method to the Service model; this method is a shorthand that calls update_service with the required number of replicas
- Added support for the platform parameter in APIClient.build, DockerClient.images.build, APIClient.pull and DockerClient.images.pull
- Added support for the until parameter in APIClient.logs and Container.logs
- Added support for the workdir argument in APIClient.exec_create and Container.exec_run
- Added support for the condition argument in APIClient.wait and Container.wait
- Users can now specify a publish mode for ports in EndpointSpec using the {published_port: (target_port,protocol,publish_mode)} syntax.
- Added support for the isolation parameter in ContainerSpec, DockerClient.services.create and Service.update
- APIClient.attach_socket, APIClient.exec_create now allow specifying a detach_keys combination. If unspecified, the value from the config.json file will be used
- TLS connections now default to using the TLSv1.2 protocol when available

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where whitespace-only lines in .dockerignore would break builds on Windows
- Fixed a bug where broken symlinks inside a build context would cause the build to fail
- Fixed a bug where specifying volumes with Windows drives would cause incorrect parsing in DockerClient.containers.run
- Fixed a bug where the networks data provided to create_service and update_service would be sent incorrectly to the Engine with API < 1.25
- Pulling all tags from a repository with no latest tag using the DockerClient will no longer raise a NotFound exception

2.7.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added unlock_swarm and get_unlock_key methods to the APIClient.
 - Added unlock and get_unlock_key to DockerClient.swarm.
- Added a greedy parameter to DockerClient.networks.list, yielding additional details about the listed networks.

- Added cpu_rt_runtime and cpu_rt_period as parameters to APIClient.create_host_config and DockerClient.containers.run.
- Added the order argument to UpdateConfig.
- Added fetch_current_spec to APIClient.update_service and Service.update that will retrieve the current configuration of the service and merge it with the provided parameters to determine the new configuration.

- Fixed a bug where the build method tried to include inaccessible files in the context, leading to obscure errors during the build phase (inaccessible files inside the context now raise an IOError instead).
- Fixed a bug where the build method would try to read from FIFOs present inside the build context, causing it to hang.
- APIClient.stop will no longer override the stop_timeout value present in the container's configuration.
- Fixed a bug preventing removal of networks with names containing a space.
- Fixed a bug where DockerClient.containers.run would crash if the auto_remove parameter was set to True.
- Changed the default value of listen_addr in join_swarm to match the one in init_swarm.
- Fixed a bug where handling HTTP errors with no body would cause an unexpected exception to be thrown while generating an APIError object.

2.6.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

• Fixed a bug on Python 3 installations preventing the use of the attach and exec_run methods.

2.6.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for mounts in APIClient.create_host_config and DockerClient.containers.run
- Added support for consistency, tmpfs_size and tmpfs_mode when creating mount objects.
- Mount objects now support the tmpfs and npipe types.
- Added support for extra_hosts in the build methods.
- Added support for the configs API:
 - In APIClient: create_config, inspect_config, remove_config, configs

2.15. Change log 99

- In DockerClient: configs.create, configs.get, configs.list and the Config model.
- Added configs parameter to ContainerSpec. Each item in the configs list must be a docker.types.ConfigReference instance.
- Added support for the following parameters when creating a ContainerSpec object: groups, open_stdin, read_only, stop_signal, helathcheck, hosts, ns_config, configs, privileges.
- Added the following configuration classes to docker.types: ConfigReference, DNSConfig, Privileges, SwarmExternalCA.
- Added support for driver in APIClient.create_secret and DockerClient.secrets.create.
- Added support for scope in APIClient.inspect_network and APIClient.create_network, and their DockerClient equivalent.
- Added support for the following parameters to create_swarm_spec: external_cas, labels, signing_ca_cert, signing_ca_key, ca_force_rotate, autolock_managers, log_driver. These additions also apply to DockerClient.swarm.init.
- Added support for insert_defaults in APIClient.inspect_service and DockerClient.services.get.

- Fixed a bug where reading a 0-length frame in log streams would incorrectly interrupt streaming.
- Fixed a bug where the id member on Swarm objects wasn't being populated.
- Fixed a bug that would cause some data at the beginning of an upgraded connection stream (attach, exec_run) to disappear.

2.5.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where patterns ending with ** in .dockerignore would raise an exception
- Fixed a bug where using attach with the stream argument set to False would raise an exception

2.5.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for the squash parameter in APIClient.build and DockerClient.images.build.
- When using API version 1.23 or above, load_image will now return a generator of progress as JSON dicts.
- remove_image now returns the content of the API's response.

- Fixed an issue where the auto_remove parameter in DockerClient.containers.run was not taken into account.
- Fixed a bug where .dockerignore patterns starting with a slash were ignored.
- Fixed an issue with the handling of ** patterns in .dockerignore
- Fixed a bug where building FROM a private Docker Hub image when not using a cred store would fail.
- Fixed a bug where calling create_service or update_service with task_template as a dict would raise an exception.
- Fixed the handling of TTY-enabled containers in attach and exec_run.
- DockerClient.containers.run will no longer attempt to stream logs if the log driver doesn't support the operation.

Miscellaneous

• Added extra requirements for better TLS support on some platforms. These can be installed or required through the docker[tls] notation.

2.4.2

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

• Fixed a bug where the split_port utility would raise an exception when passed a non-string argument.

2.4.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for the target and network_mode parameters in APIClient.build and DockerClient.images.build.
- Added support for the runtime parameter in APIClient.create_container and DockerClient.containers.run.
- Added support for the ingress parameter in APIClient.create_network and DockerClient.networks.create.
- Added support for placement configuration in docker.types.TaskTemplate.
- Added support for tty configuration in docker.types.ContainerSpec.
- Added support for start_period configuration in docker.types.Healthcheck.
- The credHelpers section in Docker's configuration file is now recognized.
- Port specifications including IPv6 endpoints are now supported.

2.15. Change log 101

- Fixed a bug where instantiating a DockerClient using docker.from_env wouldn't correctly set the default timeout value.
- Fixed a bug where DockerClient.secrets was not accessible as a property.
- Fixed a bug where DockerClient.build would sometimes return the wrong image.
- Fixed a bug where values for HostConfig.nano_cpus exceeding 2^32 would raise a type error.
- Image.tag now properly returns True when the operation is successful.
- APIClient.logs and Container.logs now raise an exception if the since argument uses an unsupported type instead of ignoring the value.
- Fixed a bug where some methods would raise a NullResource exception when the resource ID was provided using a keyword argument.

Miscellaneous

• APIClient instances can now be pickled.

2.3.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for the following HostConfig parameters: volume_driver, cpu_count, cpu_percent, nano_cpus, cpuset_mems.
- Added support for verbose parameter in APIClient.inspect_network and DockerClient.networks.get.
- Added support for the environment parameter in APIClient.exec_create and Container.exec_run
- Added reload_config method to APIClient, that lets the user reload the config. json data from disk.
- Added labels property to the Image and Container classes.
- Added image property to the Container class.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where setting replicas to zero in ServiceMode would not register as a valid entry.
- Fixed a bug where DockerClient.images.build would report a failure after a successful build if a tag was set.
- Fixed an issue where DockerClient.images.pull would fail to return the corresponding image object if a tag was set.
- Fixed a bug where a list of mounts provided to APIClient.create_service would sometimes be parsed incorrectly.

- Fixed a bug where calling Network.containers would crash when no containers were associated with the network.
- Fixed an issue where Network.connect and Network.disconnect would not accept some of the documented parameters.
- Fixed a bug where the cpuset_cpus parameter would not be properly set in APIClient.create host config.

Miscellaneous

• The invalid networks argument in DockerClient.containers.run has been replaced with a (working) singular network argument.

2.2.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where the status_code attribute of APIError exceptions would not reflect the expected value.
- Fixed an issue where the events method would time out unexpectedly if no data was sent by the engine for a given amount of time.

2.2.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Default API version has been bumped to 1.26 (Engine 1.13.1+)
- Upgrade plugin:
 - Added the upgrade_plugin method to the APIClient class
 - $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{-}}$ Added the upgrade method to the Plugin class
- Service logs:
 - Added the service_logs method to the APIClient class
 - Added the logs method to the Service class
- Added the df method to APIClient and DockerClient
- Added support for init and init_path parameters in HostConfig and DockerClient.containers.run
- Added support for hostname parameter in ContainerSpec and DockerClient.service.create
- Added support for port range to single port in port mappings (e.g. 8000-8010:80)

2.15. Change log 103

- Fixed a bug where a missing container port in a port mapping would raise an unexpected TypeError
- Fixed a bug where the events method in APIClient and DockerClient would not respect custom headers set in config. json

2.1.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added the following pruning methods:
 - In APIClient: prune containers, prune images, prune networks, prune volumes
 - In DockerClient: containers.prune, images.prune, networks.prune, volumes.prune
- Added support for the plugins API:
 - In APIClient: configure_plugin, create_plugin, disable_plugin, enable_plugin, inspect_plugin, pull_plugin, plugins, plugin_privileges, push_plugin, remove_plugin
 - In DockerClient: plugins.create, plugins.get, plugins.install, plugins.list, and the Plugin model.
- Added support for the secrets API:
 - In APIClient: create_secret, inspect_secret, remove_secret, secrets
 - In DockerClient: secret.create, secret.get, secret.list and the Secret model.
 - Added secrets parameter to ContainerSpec. Each item in the secrets list must be a docker.types.SecretReference instance.
- Added support for cache_from in APIClient.build and DockerClient.images.build.
- Added support for auto_remove and storage_opt in APIClient.create_host_config and DockerClient.containers.run
- Added support for stop_timeout in APIClient.create_container and DockerClient.containers.run
- Added support for the force parameter in APIClient.remove_volume and Volume.remove
- Added support for max_failure_ratio and monitor in UpdateConfig
- Added support for force_update in TaskTemplate
- Made name parameter optional in APIClient.create_volume and DockerClient.volumes.create

Bugfixes

• Fixed a bug where building from a directory containing socket-type files would raise an unexpected AttributeError.

- Fixed an issue that was preventing the DockerClient.swarm.init method to take into account arguments passed to it.
- Image.tag now correctly returns a boolean value upon completion.
- Fixed several issues related to passing volumes in DockerClient.containers.run
- Fixed an issue where DockerClient.image.build wouldn't return an Image object even when the build was successful

2.0.2

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

- Installation of the package now fails if the docker-py package is installed in order to prevent obscure naming conflicts when both packages co-exist.
- Added missing filters parameter to APIClient.networks.
- Resource objects generated by the DockerClient are now hashable.
- Fixed a bug where retrieving untagged images using DockerClient would raise a TypeError exception.
- mode parameter in create_service is now properly converted to a valid data type for the Engine API. Use ServiceMode for advanced configurations.
- Fixed a bug where the decoded APIClient.events stream would sometimes raise an exception when a container is stopped or restarted.

2.0.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where forward slashes in some .dockerignore patterns weren't being parsed correctly on Windows
- Fixed a bug where Mount.parse_mount_string would never set the read_only parameter on the resulting Mount.
- Fixed a bug where Mount.parse_mount_string would incorrectly mark host binds as being of volume type.

2.0.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Breaking changes

- Dropped support for Python 2.6
- · docker.Client has been renamed to docker.APIClient
- docker.from_env now creates a DockerClient instance instead of an APIClient instance.
- Removed HostConfig parameters from APIClient.start
- The minimum supported API version is now 1.21 (Engine version 1.9.0+)
- The name of the pip package is now docker (was: docker-py). New versions of this library will only be published as docker from now on.
- docker.ssladapter is now docker.transport.ssladapter
- The package structure has been flattened in certain cases, which may affect import for docker.auth and docker.utils.ports
- docker.utils.types has been moved to docker.types
- create_host_config, create_ipam_pool and create_ipam_config have been removed from docker.utils. They have been replaced by the following classes in docker.types: HostConfig, IPAMPool and IPAMCOnfig.

Features

- Added a high-level, user-focused API as docker.DockerClient. See the README and documentation for more information.
- Implemented update_node method in APIClient.
- Implemented remove_node method in APIClient.
- Added support for restart_policy in update_container.
- Added support for labels and shmsize in build.
- Added support for attachable in create_network
- Added support for healthcheck in create_container.
- Added support for isolation in HostConfig.
- Expanded support for pid_mode in HostConfig (now supports arbitrary values for API version >= 1.24).
- Added support for options in IPAMConfig
- Added a HealthCheck class to docker.types to be used in create_container.
- Added an EndpointSpec class to docker.types to be used in create_service and update_service.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where auth information would not be properly passed to the engine during a build if the client used a credentials store.
- Fixed an issue with some exclusion patterns in build.
- Fixed an issue where context files were bundled with the wrong permissions when calling build on Windows.
- Fixed an issue where auth info would not be retrieved from its default location on Windows.

- Fixed an issue where lists of networks in create_service and update_service wouldn't be properly converted for the engine.
- Fixed an issue where endpoint_config in create_service and update_service would be ignored.
- endpoint_config in create_service and update_service has been deprecated in favor of endpoint_spec
- Fixed a bug where constraints in a TaskTemplate object wouldn't be properly converted for the engine.
- Fixed an issue where providing a dictionary for env in ContainerSpec would provoke an APIError when sent to the engine.
- Fixed a bug where providing an env_file containing empty lines in create_containerwould raise an exception.
- Fixed a bug where detach was being ignored by exec_start.

Documentation

• Documentation for classes and methods is now included alongside the code as docstrings.

1.10.6

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

 Fixed an issue where setting a NpipeSocket instance to blocking mode would put it in non-blocking mode and vice-versa.

1.10.5

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

• Fixed an issue where concurrent attempts to access to a named pipe by the client would sometimes cause recoverable exceptions to be raised.

1.10.4

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

- $\bullet \ \ Fixed \ an \ issue \ where \ \texttt{RestartPolicy.condition_types.ON_FAILURE} \ would \ yield \ an \ invalid \ value.$
- Fixed an issue where the SSL connection adapter would receive an invalid argument.
- Fixed an issue that caused the Client to fail to reach API endpoints when the provided base_url had a trailing slash.

- Fixed a bug where some environment values in create_container containing unicode characters would raise an encoding error.
- Fixed a number of issues tied with named pipe transport on Windows.
- Fixed a bug where inclusion patterns in .dockerignore would cause some excluded files to appear in the build context on Windows.

- Adjusted version requirements for the requests library.
- It is now possible to run the docker-py test suite on Windows.

1.10.3

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

• Fixed an issue where identity tokens in configuration files weren't handled by the library.

Miscellaneous

• Increased the default number of connection pools from 10 to 25. This number can now be configured using the num_pools parameter in the Client constructor.

1.10.2

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

 Updated the docker-pycreds dependency as it was causing issues for some users with dependency resolution in applications using docker-py.

1.10.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

• The docker.utils.types module was removed in favor of docker.types, but some applications imported it explicitly. It has been re-added with an import warning advising to use the new module path.

1.10.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added swarm mode and service management methods. See the documentation for details.
- Added support for IPv6 Docker host addresses in the Client constructor.
- Added (read-only) support for the Docker credentials store.
- Added support for custom auth_config in Client.push.
- Added support for labels in Client.create_volume.
- Added support for labels and enable_ipv6 in Client.create_network.
- Added support for force param in Client.disconnect_container_from_network.
- Added support for pids_limit, sysctls, userns_mode, cpuset_cpus, cpu_shares, mem_reservation and kernel_memory parameters in Client.create_host_config.
- Added support for link_local_ips in create_endpoint_config.
- Added support for a changes parameter in Client.import_image.
- Added support for a version parameter in Client.from_env.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where Client.build would crash if the config. json file contained a HttpHeaders entry.
- Fixed a bug where passing decode=True in some streaming methods would crash when the daemon's response had an unexpected format.
- Fixed a bug where environment values with unicode characters weren't handled properly in create_container.
- Fixed a bug where using the npipe protocol would sometimes break with ValueError: buffer size must be strictly positive.

Miscellaneous

- Fixed an issue where URL-quoting in docker-py was inconsistent with the quoting done by the Docker CLI client.
- The client now sends TCP upgrade headers to hint potential proxies about connection hijacking.
- The client now defaults to using the npipe protocol on Windows.

1.9.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added experimental support for Windows named pipes (npipe:// protocol).
- Added support for Block IO constraints in Client.create_host_config. This includes parameters blkio_weight, blkio_weight_device, device_read_bps, device_write_bps, device_read_iops and device_write_iops.

- Added support for the internal param in Client.create_network.
- Added support for ipv4_address and ipv6_address in utils function create_endpoint_config.
- Added support for custom user agent setting in the Client constructor. By default, docker-py now also declares itself in the User-Agent header.

Bugfixes

- Fixed an issue where the HTTP timeout on streaming responses would sometimes be set incorrectly.
- Fixed an issue where explicit relative paths in .dockerignore files were not being recognized.

1.8.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where calling login() against the default registry would fail with the 1.10.x engine
- Fixed a bug where values in environment files would be parsed incorrectly if they contained an equal sign.
- Switched to a better supported backport of the match_hostname function, fixing dependency issues in some environments.

1.8.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added Client.update_container method (Update resource configs of a container)
- Added support for gzipped context in Client.build
- Added ability to specify IP address when connecting a container to a network
- Added tmpfs support to Client.create_host_config
- Added support for the changes param in Client.commit
- Added support for the follow param in Client.logs
- Added support for the check_duplicate param in Client.create_network
- Added support for the decode param in Client.push and Client.pull
- Added docker.from_env shortcut function. Instantiates a client with kwargs_from_env
- kwargs_from_env now supports an optional environment parameter. If present, values will be fetched from this dictionary instead of os.environ

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where TLS verification would fail when using IP addresses in the certificate's subjectAltName fields
- Fixed an issue where the default TLS version in TLSConfig would break in some environments. docker-py now uses TLSv1 by default This setting can be overridden using the ssl_version param in kwargs_from_env or the TLSConfig constructor
- Fixed a bug where top hosts would fail to connect to TLS-enabled endpoints
- · Fixed a bug where loading a valid docker configuration file would fail
- Fixed a bug where some environment variables specified through create_container would be improperly formatted
- Fixed a bug where using the unix socket connection would raise an error in some edge-case situations

Miscellaneous

• Default API version is now 1.22 (introduced in Docker 1.10.0)

1.7.2

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

• Fixed a bug where TLS verification was improperly executed when providing a custom CA certificate.

1.7.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

• Added support for shm_size in Client.create_host_config

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where Dockerfile would sometimes be excluded from the build context.
- Fixed a bug where a docker config file containing unknown keys would raise an exception.
- Fixed an issue with SSL connections behaving improperly when pyOpenSSL was installed in the same environment.
- Several TLS configuration improvements

1.7.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for cusom IPAM configuration in Client.create_network
- Added input support to Client.exec_create
- Added support for stop_signal in Client.create_host_config
- Added support for custom HTTP headers in Docker config file.
- Added support for unspecified transfer protocol in base_url when TLS is enabled.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where the filters parameter in Client.volumes would not be applied properly.
- Fixed a bug where memory limits would parse to incorrect values.
- Fixed a bug where the devices parameter in Client.create_host_config would sometimes be misinterpreted.
- Fixed a bug where instantiating a Client object would sometimes crash if base_url was unspecified.
- Fixed a bug where an error message related to TLS configuration would link to a non-existent (outdated) docs page.

Miscellaneous

- Processing of .dockerignore has been made significantly faster.
- Dropped explicit support for Python 3.2

1.6.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for the since param in Client.logs (introduced in API version 1.19)
- Added support for the DOCKER_CONFIG environment variable when looking up auth config
- Added support for the stream param in Client.stats (when set to False, allows user to retrieve a single snapshot instead of a constant data stream)
- Added support for the mem_swappiness, oom_kill_disable params in Client.create_host_config
- Added support for build arguments in Client.build through the buildargs param.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where streaming data over HTTPS would sometimes behave incorrectly with Python 3.x
- Fixed a bug where commands containing unicode characters would be incorrectly handled by Client.create container.

- Fixed a bug where auth config credentials containing unicode characters would cause failures when pushing / pulling images.
- Setting tail=0 in Client.logs no longer shows past logs.
- Fixed a bug where Client.pull and Client.push couldn't handle image names containing a dot.

- Default API version is now 1.21 (introduced in Docker 1.9.0)
- Several test improvements and cleanup that should make the suite easier to expand and maintain moving forward.

1.5.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Features

- Added support for the networking API introduced in Docker 1.9.0 (Client.networks, Client.create_network, Client.inspect_network, Client.connect_container_to_network, Client.disconnect_container_from_network).
- Added support for the volumes API introduced in Docker 1.9.0 (Client.volumes, Client.create_volume, Client.inspect_volume, Client.remove_volume).
- Added support for the group_add parameter in create_host_config.
- Added support for the CPU CFS (cpu_quota and cpu_period) parameteres in create_host_config.
- Added support for the archive API endpoint (Client.get_archive, Client.put_archive).
- Added support for ps_args parameter in Client.top.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where specifying volume binds with unicode characters would fail.
- Fixed a bug where providing an explicit protocol in Client.port would fail to yield the expected result.
- Fixed a bug where the priority protocol returned by Client.port would be UDP instead of the expected TCP.

Miscellaneous

- Broke up Client code into several files to facilitate maintenance and contribution.
- Added contributing guidelines to the repository.

1.4.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Deprecation warning

• docker.utils.create_host_config is deprecated in favor of Client.create_host_config.

Features

- Added utils.parse_env_file to support env-files. See docs for usage.
- Added support for arbitrary log drivers
- Added support for URL paths in the docker host URL (base_url)
- Drastically improved support for .dockerignore syntax

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where exec_inspect would allow invocation when the API version was too low.
- Fixed a bug where docker.utils.ports.split_port would break if an open range was provided.
- Fixed a bug where invalid image IDs / container IDs could be provided to bypass or reroute request URLs
- Default base_url now adapts depending on the OS (better Windows support)
- Fixed a bug where using an integer as the user param in Client.create_container would result in a failure.

Miscellaneous

- · Docs fixes
- Integration tests are now run as part of our continuous integration.
- Updated dependency on six library

1.3.1

List of PRs / issues for this release

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where empty chunks in streams was misinterpreted as EOF.
- datetime arguments passed to Client.events parameters since and until are now always considered to be UTC.
- Fixed a bug with Docker 1.7.x where the wrong auth headers were being passed in Client.build, failing builds that depended on private images.
- Client.exec_create can now retrieve the Id key from a dictionary for its container param.

- 404 API status now raises docker.errors.NotFound. This exception inherits APIError which was used previously.
- · Docs fixes
- · Test fixes

1.3.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Deprecation warning

• As announced in the 1.2.0 release, Client.execute has been removed in favor of Client.exec_create and Client.exec_start.

Features

- extra_hosts parameter in host config can now also be provided as a list.
- Added support for memory_limit and memswap_limit in host config to comply with recent deprecations.
- Added support for volume_driver in Client.create_container
- Added support for advanced modes in volume binds (using the mode key)
- Added support for decode in Client.build (decodes JSON stream on the fly)
- docker-py will now look for login configuration under the new config path, and fall back to the old ~/.dockercfg path if not present.

Bugfixes

- Configuration file lookup now also work on platforms that don't define a \$HOME environment variable.
- Fixed an issue where pinging a v2 private registry wasn't working properly, preventing users from pushing and pulling.
- pull parameter in Client.build now defaults to False. Fixes a bug where the default options would try to force a pull of non-remote images.
- Fixed a bug where getting logs from tty-enabled containers wasn't working properly with more recent versions of Docker
- Client.push and Client.pull will now raise exceptions if the HTTP status indicates an error.
- Fixed a bug with adapter lookup when using the Unix socket adapter (this affected some weird edge cases, see issue #647 for details)
- Fixed a bug where providing timeout=None to Client.stop would result in an exception despite the usecase being valid.
- Added git@ to the list of valid prefixes for remote build paths.

Dependencies

• The websocket-client dependency has been updated to a more recent version. This new version also supports Python 3.x, making attach_socket available on those versions as well.

Documentation

· Various fixes

1.2.3

List of PRs / issues for this release

Deprecation warning

• Passing host config in the Client.start method is now deprecated. Please use the host_config in Client.create_container instead.

Features

- Added support for privileged param in Client.exec_create (only available in API >= 1.19)
- Volume binds can now also be specified as a list of strings.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where the read_only param in host_config wasn't handled properly.
- Fixed a bug in Client.execute (this method is still deprecated).
- The cpuset param in Client.create_container is also passed as the CpusetCpus param (Cpuset deprecated in recent versions of the API)
- Fixed an issue with integration tests being run inside a container (make integration-test)
- Fixed a bug where an empty string would be considered a valid container ID or image ID.
- Fixed a bug in Client.insert

Documentation

· Various fixes

1.2.2

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where parameters passed to Client.exec_resize would be ignored (#576)
- Fixed a bug where auth config wouldn't be resolved properly in Client.pull (#577)

1.2.1

Bugfixes

• Fixed a bug where the check_resource decorator would break with some argument-passing methods. (#573)

1.2.0

List of PRs / issues for this release

Deprecation warning

• Client.execute is being deprecated in favor of the more dev-friendly Client.exec_start and Client.exec create. It will be removed in 1.3.0

Features

- Added exec_create, exec_start, exec_inspect and exec_resize to client, accurately mirroring
 the Exec API
- Added auth_config param to Client.pull (allows to use one-off credentials for this pull request)
- Added support for ipc_mode in host config.
- Added support for the log_config param in host config.
- Added support for the ulimit param in host config.
- Added support for container resource limits in Client.build.
- When a resource identifier (image or container ID) is passed to a Client method, we now check for None values to avoid crashing (now raises docker.errors.NullResource)
- Added tools to parse port ranges inside the new docker.utils.ports package.
- Added a version_info attribute to the docker package.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug in Client.port where absence of a certain key in the container's JSON would raise an error (now just returns None)
- Fixed a bug with the trunc parameter in Client.containers having no effect (moved functionality to the client)
- Several improvements have been made to the Client.import_image method.
- Fixed pushing / pulling to v2 registries
- Fixed a bug where passing a container dictionary to Client.commit would fail

- Default API version has been bumped to 1.18 (Docker Engine 1.6.0)
- · Several testing coverage improvements
- · Docs fixes and improvements

1.1.0

Features

- Added dockerfile param support to Client.build (mirrors docker build -f behavior)
- Added the ability to specify 'auto' as version in Client.__init___, allowing the constructor to autodetect the daemon's API version.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where decoding a result stream using the decode parameter would break when using Python 3.x
- Fixed a bug where some files in .dockerignore weren't being handled properly
- Fixed resolve_authconfig issues by bringing it closer to Docker Engine's behavior. This should fix all issues encountered with private registry auth
- Fixed an issue where passwords containing a colon weren't being handled properly.
- Bumped requests version requirement, which should fix most of the SSL issues encountered recently.

Miscellaneous

- Several integration test improvements.
- Fixed some unclosed resources in unit tests.
- · Several docs improvements.

1.0.0

Features

- Added new Client.rename method (docker rename)
- Added now Client.stats method (docker stats)
- Added read_only param support to utils.create_host_config and Client.start (docker run --read-only)
- Added pid_mode param support to utils.create_host_config and Client.start (docker run --pid='host')
- Added since, until and filters params to Client.events.
- Added decode parameter to Client.stats and Client.events to decode JSON objects on the fly (False by default).

Bugfixes

• Fixed a bug that caused Client.build to crash when the provided source was a remote source.

Miscellaneous

- Default API version has been bumped to 1.17 (Docker Engine 1.5.0)
- Client.timeout is now a public attribute, and users are encouraged to use it when request timeouts need to be changed at runtime.
- Added Client.api_version as a read-only property.
- The memswap_limit argument in Client.create_container now accepts string type values similar to mem_limit ('6g', '120000k', etc.)
- Improved documentation

0.7.2

Features

• Added support for mac_address in Client.create_container

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where streaming responses (pull, push, logs, etc.) were unreliable (#300)
- Fixed a bug where resolve_authconfig wouldn't properly resolve configuration for private repositories (#468)
- Fixed a bug where some errors wouldn't be properly constructed in client.py, leading to unhelpful exceptions bubbling up (#466)
- Fixed a bug where Client.build would try to close context when externally provided (custom_context == True) (#458)
- Fixed an issue in create_host_config where empty sequences wouldn't be interpreted properly (#462)

Miscellaneous

• Added resolve_authconfig tests.

0.7.1

Bugfixes

- setup.py now indicates a maximum version of requests to work around the boot2docker / assert_hostname bug.
- · Removed invalid exception when using the Registry Hub's FQDN when pulling.
- Fixed an issue where early HTTP errors weren't handled properly in streaming responses.
- Fixed a bug where sockets would close unexpectedly using Python 3.x
- · Various fixes for integration tests.

Small doc fixes

0.7.0

Breaking changes

• Passing dns or volumes_from in Client.start with API version < 1.10 will now raise an exception (previously only triggered a warning)

Features

- Added support for host_config in Client.create_container
- Added utility method docker.utils.create_host_config to help build a proper HostConfig dictionary.
- Added support for the pull parameter in Client.build
- Added support for the forcerm parameter in Client.build
- Added support for extra_hosts in Client.start
- Added support for a custom timeout in Client.wait
- Added support for custom .dockercfg loading in Client.login (dockercfg_path argument)

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where some output wouldn't be streamed properly in streaming chunked responses
- Fixed a bug where the devices param didn't recognize the proper delimiter
- Client.login now properly expands the registry URL if provided.
- Fixed a bug where unicode characters in passed for environment in create_container would break.

Miscellaneous

- Several unit tests and integration tests improvements.
- Client constructor now enforces passing the version parameter as a string.
- Build context files are now ordered by filename when creating the archive (for consistency with docker mainline behavior)

0.6.0

· This version introduces breaking changes!

Breaking changes

- The default SSL protocol is now the highest TLS v1.x (was SSL v2.3 before) (Poodle fix)
- The history command now returns a dict instead of a raw JSON string.

Features

- Added the execute command.
- Added pause and unpause commands.
- Added support fo the cpuset param in create_container
- Added support for host devices (devices param in start)
- Added support for the tail param in logs.
- Added support for the filters param in images and containers
- The kwargs_from_env method is now available in the docker.utils module. This should make it easier for boot2docker user to connect to their daemon.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where empty directories weren't correctly included when providing a context to Client.build.
- Fixed a bug where UNIX socket connections weren't properly cleaned up, causing ResourceWarnings to appear in some cases.
- Fixed a bug where docker-py would crash if the docker daemon was stopped while reading a streaming response
- Fixed a bug with streaming responses in Python 3
- remove_image now supports a dict containing an Id key as its id parameter (similar to other methods requiring a resource ID)

Documentation

• Added new MkDocs documentation. Currently hosted on ReadTheDocs

Miscellaneous

- · Added tests to sdist
- · Added a Makefile for running tests in Docker
- Updated Dockerfile

0.5.3

• Fixed attaching when connecting to the daemon over a UNIX socket.

0.5.2

• Fixed a bug where sockets were closed immediately when attaching over TLS.

0.5.1

- Added a assert_hostname option to TLSConfig which can be used to disable verification of hostnames.
- Fixed SSL not working due to an incorrect version comparison
- · Fixed streams not working on Windows

0.5.0

- · This version introduces breaking changes!
- Added insecure_registry parameter in Client.push and Client.pull. It defaults to False and code pushing to non-HTTPS private registries might break as a result.
- · Added support for adding and dropping capabilities
- · Added support for restart policy
- Added support for string values in Client.create_container's mem_limit
- Added support for . dockerignore file in Client . build

Bugfixes

• Fixed timeout behavior in Client.stop

Miscellaneous

- Client.create_container provides better validation of the volumes parameter
- Improved integration tests

0.4.0

- This version introduces breaking changes!
- The base_url parameter in the Client constructor should now allow most of the DOCKER_HOST environment values (except for the fd:// protocol)
 - As a result, URLs that don't specify a port are now invalid (similar to the official client's behavior)
- Added TLS support (see documentation)

Bugfixes

• Fixed an issue with Client.build streamed logs in Python 3

Miscellaneous

- · Added unit tests coverage
- Various integration tests fixes

0.3.2

- Default API version is now 1.12 (support for docker 1.0)
- Added new methods Client.get_image and Client.load_image (docker save and docker load)
- Added new method Client.ping
- Added new method Client.resize
- Client.build can now be provided with a custom context using the custom_context parameter.
- Added support for memswap_limit parameter in create_container
- Added support for force parameter in remove_container
- Added support for force and noprune parameters in remove_image
- Added support for timestamps parameter in logs
- Added support for dns_search parameter in start
- Added support for network_mode parameter in start
- Added support for size parameter in containers
- Added support for volumes_from and dns parameters in start. As of API version >= 1.10, these parameters no longer belong to create_container
- Client .logs now uses the logs endpoint when API version is sufficient

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug in pull where the repo:tag notation wasn't interpreted properly
- Fixed a bug in streaming methods with python 3 (unicode, bytes/str related)
- Fixed a bug in Client.start where legacy notation for volumes wasn't supported anymore.

Miscellaneous

- The client now raises DockerExceptions when appropriate. You can import DockerException (and its subclasses) from the docker.errors module to catch them if needed.
- docker.APIError has been moved to the new docker.errors module as well.
- Client.insert is deprecated in API version > 1.11
- Improved integration tests should now run much faster.
- There is now a single source of truth for the docker-py version number.

0.3.1

- Default API version is now 1.9
- Streaming responses no longer yield blank lines.
- Client.create_container now supports the domainname parameter.
- volumes_from parameter in Client.create_container now supports iterables.

• Auth credentials are provided to the docker daemon when using Client.build (new feature in API version 1.9)

Bugfixes

- Various fixes for response streams (logs, pull, etc.).
- Fixed a bug with Client.push when using API version < 1.5
- Fixed a bug with API version checks.

Miscellaneous

- mock has been removed from the runtime requirements.
- Added installation instructions in the README.

0.3.0

- · This version introduces breaking changes!
- Support for API version 1.7 through 1.9 (Docker 0.8.0+)
- Default API version is now 1.8
- The client has been updated to support Requests 2.x. requests == 2.2.1 is now the recommended version.
- Links can now be specified as tuples in Client.start (see docs for more information)
- Added support for various options in Client.create_container (network_disabled, cpu_shares, working_dir and entrypoint)
- Client.attach has been reworked to work similarly to Client.logs minus the historical data.
- Logs can now be streamed using the stream parameter.
- Added support for tcp:// URLs as client base_url.
- Various auth improvements.
- Added support for custom Client.build timeout.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where determining the protocol of a private registry would sometimes yield the wrong result.
- Fixed a bug where Client.copy wouldn't accept a dict as argument.
- Fixed several streaming bugs.
- Removed unused parameter in Client.import_image.
- The client's base url now tolerates trailing slashes.

Miscellaneous

- Updated integration tests
- · Small doc fixes

0.2.3

- Support for API version 1.6
- · Added support for links
- Added support for global request timeout
- Added signal parameter in Client.kill
- Added support for publish_all_ports in Client.start
- Client.pull, Client.push and Client.build can be streamed now
- Added support for websockets in Client.attach
- Fixed ports for Docker 0.6.5+
- Added Client.events method (access to the /events endpoint)
- Changed the way the ports and volumes are provided in Client.start and Client.create_container to make them simpler and more intuitive.

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where private registries on HTTPS weren't handled properly
- Fixed a bug where auth would break with Python 3

Miscellaneous

- Test improvements
- Slight doc improvements

0.2.2

- Added support for the rm parameter in Client.build
- Added support for tarball imports in Client.import_image through data parameter.
- The command parameter in Client.create_container is now optional (for containers that include a default run command)

Bugfixes

- Fixed Python 3 support
- Fixed a bug where anonymous push/pull would break when no authconfig is present
- Fixed a bug where the quiet parameter wouldn't be taken into account in Client.containers
- Fixed a bug where Client.push would break when pushing to private registries.
- Removed unused registry parameter in Client.pull.
- Removed obsolete custom error message in Client.create_container.

• docker-py is now unit-tested, and Travis-CI has been enabled on the source repository.

0.2.1

• Improvements to the tox.ini file

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug where the package would fail with an ImportError if requests was installed using apt-get
- Fixed a bug where Client.build would fail if given a path parameter.
- Fixed several bugs in Client.login. It should now work with API versions 1.4, 1.5.
- Please note that Client.login currently doesn't write auth to the .dockercfg file, thus auth is not persistent when using this method.

0.2.0

- · This version introduces breaking changes!
- Client.kill, Client.remove_container, Client.remove_image, Client.restart, Client.start, Client.stop and Client.wait don't support varargs anymore.
- Added commands Client.top and Client.copy
- Added lxc_conf parameter to Client.start
- Added support for authentication in Client.pull (API version >=1.5)
- Added support for privileged containers.
- Error management overhaul. The new version should be more consistent and
- All methods that expected a container ID as argument now also support a dict containing an Id key.
- Added license header to python files.
- Several README.md updates.

Bugfixes

- Fixed several bugs with auth config parsing.
- Fixed a bug in Client.push where it would raise an exception if the auth config wasn't loaded.
- Fixed a bug in Client.pull where private registry images wouldn't be parsed properly if it contained port information.

0.1.5

- Client.build now uses tempfiles to store build context instead of storing it in memory
- Added nocache option to Client.build
- Client.remove_container now raises an exception when trying to remove a running container

• Client.create_container now accepts dicts for the environment parameter

Bugfixes

- Fixed a bug in Client.create_container on Python 2.6 where unicode commands would fail to be parsed
- Fixed a bug in Client.build where the tag parameter would not be taken into account

0.1.4

• Added support for API connection through UNIX socket (default for docker 0.5.2+)

0.1.3

The client now tries to load the auth config from ~/.dockercfg. This is necessary to use the push command
if API version is >1.0

0.1.2

• Added a quiet parameter to Client.build (mirrors the q parameter in the API)

0.1.1

- Fixed a bug where the build command would list tar contents before sending the request
- Fixed a bug in Client.port

0.1.0

- This version introduces breaking changes!
- Switched to server side build system
- Removed the BuilderClient
- · Added support for contextual builds
- · Added support for remote URL builds
- Added python 3 support
- · Added bind mounts support
- · Added API version support
- Fixed a bug where Client.port would fail if provided with a port of type number
- $\bullet \ \ Fixed \ a \ bug \ where \ \texttt{Client._post_json} \ \ wouldn't \ set \ the \ Content-Type \ header \ to \ \texttt{application/json}$

0.0.6

- Added support for custom loggers in Client.build
- Added Client.attach command
- Added support for ADD command in builder
- Fixed a bug in Client.logs
- · Improved unit tests

0.0.5

- Added tag support for the builder
- Use shlex to parse plain string commands when creating a container
- Fixed several bugs in the builder
- Fixed the quiet option in Client.images
- Unit tests

0.0.4

• Improved error reporting

0.0.3

- Fixed a bug in Client.tag
- Fixed a bug where generated images would be removed after a successful build

0.0.2

• Implemented first version of the builder client

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```
docker.api,43
docker.api.build, 63
docker.api.config, 44
docker.api.container,44
docker.api.daemon, 79
docker.api.exec_api,69
docker.api.image, 58
docker.api.plugin,77
docker.api.secret, 79
docker.api.service, 74
docker.api.swarm, 70
docker.api.volume, 67
docker.client,6
docker.models.configs, 9
docker.models.containers, 10
docker.models.images, 22
docker.models.networks, 28
docker.models.nodes, 31
docker.models.plugins, 32
docker.models.secrets, 34
docker.models.services, 35
docker.models.swarm, 38
docker.models.volumes, 41
docker.tls,89
docker.types,81
```

130 Python Module Index

A	ContainerCollection (class in docker.models.containers),
APIClient (class in docker.api.client), 43	10
attach() (Container method), 16	containers (DockerClient attribute), 7
attach() (ContainerApiMixin method), 44	containers (Network attribute), 30
attach_socket() (Container method), 17	containers() (ContainerApiMixin method), 45
attach_socket() (ContainerApiMixin method), 45	ContainerSpec (class in docker.types), 81
attrs (Config attribute), 10	create() (ConfigCollection method), 9
attrs (Container attribute), 16	create() (ContainerCollection method), 15
attrs (Image attribute), 26	create() (NetworkCollection method), 28
attrs (Network attribute), 30	create() (SecretCollection method), 34
attrs (Node attribute), 31	create() (ServiceCollection method), 35
attrs (Plugin attribute), 33	create() (VolumeCollection method), 41
attrs (RegistryData attribute), 27	create_config() (ConfigApiMixin method), 44
attrs (Secret attribute), 35	create_container() (ContainerApiMixin method), 46
attrs (Service attribute), 37	create_container_config() (ContainerApiMixin method),
attrs (Swarm attribute), 41	12
attrs (Volume attribute), 43	create_container_from_config() (ContainerApiMixin method), 49
В	create_endpoint_config() (ContainerApiMixin method),
build() (BuildApiMixin method), 63	49
build() (ImageCollection method), 22	create_host_config() (ContainerApiMixin method), 49
BuildApiMixin (class in docker.api.build), 63	create_network() (NetworkApiMixin method), 65
C	create_networking_config() (ContainerApiMixin method), 52
	create_plugin() (PluginApiMixin method), 77
close() (DockerClient method), 7	create_secret() (SecretApiMixin method), 79
commit() (Container method), 17	create_service() (ServiceApiMixin method), 74
commit() (ContainerApiMixin method), 45	create_swarm_spec() (SwarmApiMixin method), 70
Config (class in docker.models.configs), 10	create_volume() (VolumeApiMixin method), 67
ConfigApiMixin (class in docker.api.config), 44	_
ConfigCollection (class in docker.models.configs), 9	D
ConfigReference (class in docker.types), 81	DaemonApiMixin (class in docker.api.daemon), 79
configs (DockerClient attribute), 7	df() (DaemonApiMixin method), 79
configs() (ConfigApiMixin method), 44	df() (DockerClient method), 7
configure() (Plugin method), 33	diff() (Container method), 17
configure_plugin() (PluginApiMixin method), 77	diff() (Container Api Mixin method), 53
connect() (Network method), 30	disable() (Plugin method), 33
connect_container_to_network() (NetworkApiMixin	disable_plugin() (PluginApiMixin method), 77
method), 65	disconnect() (Network method), 30
Container (class in docker.models.containers), 16	disconnect_container_from_network() (NetworkApiM-
ContainerApiMixin (class in docker.api.container), 44	ixin method), 66

DNSConfig (class in docker.types), 82	G
docker.api (module), 43	get() (ConfigCollection method), 9
docker.api.build (module), 63	get() (ContainerCollection method), 15
docker.api.config (module), 44	get() (ImageCollection method), 23
docker.api.container (module), 44	get() (NetworkCollection method), 29
docker.api.daemon (module), 79	get() (NodeCollection method), 31
docker.api.exec_api (module), 69	get() (PluginCollection method), 32
docker.api.image (module), 58	get() (SecretCollection method), 34
docker.api.plugin (module), 77	get() (ServiceCollection method), 36
docker.api.secret (module), 79	get() (VolumeCollection method), 42
docker.api.service (module), 74	get_archive() (Container method), 18
docker.api.swarm (module), 70	get_archive() (ContainerApiMixin method), 53
docker.api.volume (module), 67	get_image() (ImageApiMixin method), 58
docker.client (module), 6	get_registry_data() (ImageCollection method), 23
docker.models.configs (module), 9	get_unlock_key() (Swarm method), 39
docker.models.containers (module), 10	get_unlock_key() (SwarmApiMixin method), 71
docker.models.images (module), 22	
docker.models.networks (module), 28	Н
docker.models.nodes (module), 31	has_platform() (RegistryData method), 27
docker.models.plugins (module), 32	Healthcheck (class in docker.types), 83
docker.models.secrets (module), 34	history() (Image method), 26
docker.models.services (module), 35	history() (ImageApiMixin method), 58
docker.models.swarm (module), 38	
docker.models.volumes (module), 41	
docker.tls (module), 89 docker.types (module), 81	id (Config attribute), 10
DockerClient (class in docker.client), 6	id (Container attribute), 16
DriverConfig (class in docker.types), 82	id (Image attribute), 26
Differential (class in docker.types), 62	id (Network attribute), 30
E	id (Node attribute), 31
enable() (Plugin method), 33	id (Plugin attribute), 33
enable_plugin() (PluginApiMixin method), 77	id (RegistryData attribute), 27
enabled (Plugin attribute), 33	id (Secret attribute), 35
EndpointSpec (class in docker.types), 83	id (Service attribute), 37
environment variable	id (Volume attribute), 42
DOCKER_CERT_PATH, 6	Image (class in docker.models.images), 26
DOCKER_HOST, 6	image (Container attribute), 16
DOCKER_TLS_VERIFY, 6	ImageApiMixin (class in docker.api.image), 58
events() (DaemonApiMixin method), 80	ImageCollection (class in docker.models.images), 22
events() (DockerClient method), 8	images (DockerClient attribute), 7
exec_create() (ExecApiMixin method), 69	images() (ImageApiMixin method), 59
exec_inspect() (ExecApiMixin method), 69	import_image() (ImageApiMixin method), 59
exec_resize() (ExecApiMixin method), 70	import_image_from_data() (ImageApiMixin method), 50
exec_run() (Container method), 17	import_image_from_file() (ImageApiMixin method), 59 import_image_from_image() (ImageApiMixin method)
exec_start() (ExecApiMixin method), 70	60 (mageAphviixiii method)
ExecApiMixin (class in docker.api.exec_api), 69	import_image_from_stream() (ImageApiMixin method)
export() (Container method), 18	60
export() (ContainerApiMixin method), 53	import_image_from_url() (ImageApiMixin method), 60
F	info() (DaemonApiMixin method), 80
Γ	info() (DockerClient method), 8
force_update() (Service method), 37	init() (Swarm method), 39
from_env() (in module docker.client), 6	init_swarm() (SwarmApiMixin method), 71
	inspect_config() (ConfigApiMixin method), 44

inspect_container() (ContainerApiMixin method), 53 inspect_distribution() (ImageApiMixin method), 60 inspect_image() (ImageApiMixin method), 60 inspect_network() (NetworkApiMixin method), 66 inspect_node() (SwarmApiMixin method), 72 inspect_plugin() (PluginApiMixin method), 77 inspect_secret() (SecretApiMixin method), 79 inspect_service() (ServiceApiMixin method), 75 inspect_swarm() (SwarmApiMixin method), 75 inspect_task() (ServiceApiMixin method), 75 inspect_task() (VolumeApiMixin method), 68 install() (PluginCollection method), 32 IPAMConfig (class in docker.types), 83	name (Plugin attribute), 33 name (Secret attribute), 35 name (Service attribute), 37 name (Volume attribute), 42 Network (class in docker.models.networks), 30 NetworkApiMixin (class in docker.api.network), 65 NetworkCollection (class in docker.models.networks), 28 networks (DockerClient attribute), 7 networks() (NetworkApiMixin method), 67 Node (class in docker.models.nodes), 31 NodeCollection (class in docker.models.nodes), 31 nodes (DockerClient attribute), 7 nodes() (SwarmApiMixin method), 73
IPAMPool (class in docker.types), 83	Р
join() (Swarm method), 40 join_swarm() (SwarmApiMixin method), 72 K kill() (Container method), 19 kill() (ContainerApiMixin method), 54 L labels (Container attribute), 16 labels (Image attribute), 26 leave() (Swarm method), 40 leave_swarm() (SwarmApiMixin method), 72 list() (ConfigCollection method), 9 list() (ContainerCollection method), 23 list() (ImageCollection method), 23 list() (NodeCollection method), 31 list() (PluginCollection method), 32 list() (SecretCollection method), 32 list() (SecretCollection method), 34 list() (ServiceCollection method), 37 list() (VolumeCollection method), 42 load() (ImageCollection method), 24 load_image() (ImageApiMixin method), 60 LogConfig (class in docker.types), 84 login() (DaemonApiMixin method), 80	pause() (Container method), 19 pause() (ContainerApiMixin method), 54 ping() (DaemonApiMixin method), 81 ping() (DockerClient method), 9 Placement (class in docker.types), 85 PlacementPreference (class in docker.types), 85 Plugin (class in docker.models.plugins), 33 plugin_privileges() (PluginApiMixin method), 78 PluginApiMixin (class in docker.api.plugin), 77 PluginCollection (class in docker.models.plugins), 32 plugins (DockerClient attribute), 7 plugins() (PluginApiMixin method), 78 port() (ContainerApiMixin method), 54 Privileges (class in docker.types), 85 prune() (ContainerCollection method), 16 prune() (ImageCollection method), 24 prune() (NetworkCollection method), 29 prune() (VolumeCollection method), 42 prune_builds() (BuildApiMixin method), 65 prune_containers() (ContainerApiMixin method), 55 prune_images() (ImageApiMixin method), 61 prune_volumes() (VolumeApiMixin method), 67 prune_volumes() (VolumeApiMixin method), 68 pull() (ImageCollection method), 24 pull() (RegistryData method), 27 pull_plugin() (PluginApiMixin method), 78
login() (DockerClient method), 8 logs() (Container method), 19 logs() (ContainerApiMixin method), 54	push() (ImageApiMixin method), 61 push() (ImageCollection method), 25 push() (Plugin method), 33
logs() (Service method), 37	push_plugin() (PluginApiMixin method), 78 put_archive() (Container method), 19
Mount (class in docker.types), 84	put_archive() (Container ApiMixin method), 55
N	R
name (Config attribute), 10 name (Container attribute), 16 name (Network attribute), 30	RegistryData (class in docker.models.images), 27 reload() (Config method), 10 reload() (Container method), 20 reload() (Image method), 26

reload() (Network method), 30	settings (Plugin attribute), 33
reload() (Node method), 31	short_id (Container attribute), 16
reload() (Plugin method), 33	short_id (Image attribute), 26
reload() (RegistryData method), 28	short_id (Network attribute), 30
reload() (Secret method), 35	short_id (Node attribute), 31
reload() (Service method), 38	short_id (Plugin attribute), 33
reload() (Swarm method), 41	short_id (RegistryData attribute), 27
reload() (Volume method), 43	short_id (Service attribute), 37
remove() (Config method), 10	short_id (Volume attribute), 42
remove() (Container method), 20	start() (Container method), 20
remove() (ImageCollection method), 25	start() (ContainerApiMixin method), 56
remove() (Network method), 30	stats() (Container method), 20
remove() (Plugin method), 33	stats() (ContainerApiMixin method), 56
remove() (Secret method), 35	status (Container attribute), 16
remove() (Service method), 38	stop() (Container method), 20
remove() (Volume method), 43	stop() (ContainerApiMixin method), 57
remove_config() (ConfigApiMixin method), 44	Swarm (class in docker.models.swarm), 38
remove_container() (ContainerApiMixin method), 55	swarm (DockerClient attribute), 7
remove_image() (ImageApiMixin method), 62	SwarmApiMixin (class in docker.api.swarm), 70
remove_network() (NetworkApiMixin method), 67	SwarmExternalCA (class in docker.types), 87
remove_node() (SwarmApiMixin method), 73	SwarmSpec (class in docker.types), 87
remove_plugin() (PluginApiMixin method), 78	T
remove_secret() (SecretApiMixin method), 79	Т
remove_service() (ServiceApiMixin method), 75	tag() (Image method), 27
remove_volume() (VolumeApiMixin method), 68	tag() (ImageApiMixin method), 62
rename() (Container method), 20	tags (Image attribute), 26
rename() (ContainerApiMixin method), 55	tasks() (Service method), 38
resize() (Container method), 20	tasks() (ServiceApiMixin method), 76
resize() (ContainerApiMixin method), 56	TaskTemplate (class in docker.types), 87
Resources (class in docker.types), 86	TLSConfig (class in docker.tls), 89
restart() (Container method), 20	top() (Container method), 21
restart() (ContainerApiMixin method), 56	top() (ContainerApiMixin method), 57
RestartPolicy (class in docker.types), 86	11
RollbackConfig (class in docker.types), 86	U
run() (ContainerCollection method), 10	Ulimit (class in docker.types), 88
S	unlock() (Swarm method), 40
	unlock_swarm() (SwarmApiMixin method), 73
save() (Image method), 26	unpause() (Container method), 21
scale() (Service method), 38	unpause() (ContainerApiMixin method), 57
search() (ImageApiMixin method), 62	update() (Container method), 21
search() (ImageCollection method), 25	update() (Node method), 31
Secret (class in docker.models.secrets), 35	update() (Service method), 38
SecretApiMixin (class in docker.api.secret), 79	update() (Swarm method), 41
SecretCollection (class in docker.models.secrets), 34	update_container() (ContainerApiMixin method), 57
SecretReference (class in docker.types), 87	update_node() (SwarmApiMixin method), 73
secrets (DockerClient attribute), 7	update_service() (ServiceApiMixin method), 76
secrets() (SecretApiMixin method), 79	update_swarm() (SwarmApiMixin method), 74
Service (class in docker.models.services), 37	UpdateConfig (class in docker.types), 88
service_logs() (ServiceApiMixin method), 75	upgrade() (Plugin method), 33
ServiceApiMixin (class in docker.api.service), 74	upgrade_plugin() (PluginApiMixin method), 78
ServiceCollection (class in docker.models.services), 35	V
ServiceMode (class in docker.types), 87	•
services (DockerClient attribute), 7	version (Node attribute), 31
services() (ServiceApiMixin method), 76	version (Service attribute), 37

version (Swarm attribute), 41
version() (DaemonApiMixin method), 81
version() (DockerClient method), 9
Volume (class in docker.models.volumes), 42
VolumeApiMixin (class in docker.api.volume), 67
VolumeCollection (class in docker.models.volumes), 41
volumes (DockerClient attribute), 7
volumes() (VolumeApiMixin method), 68

W

wait() (Container method), 21 wait() (ContainerApiMixin method), 58