

GATE: ST - 32.2023

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Question: Let $\{X_n\}_{n \geq 1}$ be a sequence of independent and identically distributed random variables each having a mean 4 and variance 9. If $Y_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ for $n \geq 1$, then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} E \left[\left(\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{n}} \right)^2 \right]$ (in integer) equals _____.

Solution: For all X_i which as i.i.d's, mean $\mu = 4$ and variance $\sigma^2 = 9$,

$$Y_n = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \quad (1)$$

$$\Rightarrow E[Y_n] = E \left[\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \right] \quad (2)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n E[X_i] \quad (3)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mu \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{n\mu}{n} \quad (5)$$

$$= \mu \quad (6)$$

As they are independent and identically distributed:

$$\Rightarrow \text{Var}(Y_n) = E[Y_n^2] - E^2[Y_n] \quad (7)$$

$$= E \left[\frac{1}{n^2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 + 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=i+1}^n X_i X_j \right) \right] - \mu^2 \quad (8)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n E[X_i^2] + 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=i+1}^n E[X_i] E[X_j] \right) - \mu^2 \quad (9)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n (\sigma^2 + \mu^2) + 2 \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=i+1}^n \mu^2 \right) - \mu^2 \quad (10)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} \left(n(\sigma^2 + \mu^2) + 2 \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \mu^2 \right) - \mu^2 \quad (11)$$

$$= \frac{1}{n^2} (n\sigma^2 + n\mu^2 + n^2\mu^2 - n\mu^2) - \mu^2 \quad (12)$$

$$= \frac{\sigma^2}{n} \quad (13)$$

Here, $E[Y_n] = 4$ and $Var[Y_n] = \frac{9}{n}$. As n is large, we can approximate it as a normal distribution, $Y_n \sim \mathcal{N}\left(4, \frac{9}{n}\right)$. Taking a standard normal variable $Z \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$

$$\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{\frac{9}{n}}} = Z \quad (14)$$

$$\Rightarrow \left(\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{n}}\right)^2 = \frac{9}{n}Z^2 \quad (15)$$

$$\Rightarrow E\left[\left(\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{n}}\right)^2\right] = \frac{9}{n}E(Z^2) \quad (16)$$

$$= \frac{9}{n} \quad (17)$$

Taking limits,

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} E\left[\left(\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{n}}\right)^2\right] = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{9}{n} = 0 \quad (18)$$