## GATE: ST - 32.2023

## EE22BTECH11039 - Pandrangi Aditya Sriram\*

**Question:** Let  $\{X_n\}_{n\geq 1}$  be a sequence of independent and identically distributed random variables each having a mean 4 and variance 9. If  $Y_n = \frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^n X_i$  for  $n \geq 1$ , then  $\lim_{n \to \infty} E\left[\left(\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{n}}\right)^2\right]$  (in integer) equals \_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Solution:** For  $X_i$ , mean  $\mu = 4$  and variance  $\sigma^2 = 9$ . Since all  $X_i$  are i.i.d's, by Central Limit Theorem, as  $n \to \infty$ 

$$Y_n \sim \mathcal{N}\left(\mu, \frac{\sigma^2}{n}\right)$$
 (1)

$$\implies Y_n \sim \mathcal{N}\left(4, \frac{9}{n}\right)$$
 (2)

Taking a standard normal variable  $Z \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$ 

$$\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{\frac{9}{n}}} = Z \tag{3}$$

$$\implies \left(\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{n}}\right)^2 = \frac{9}{n}Z^2 \tag{4}$$

$$\implies E\left[\left(\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{n}}\right)^2\right] = \frac{9}{n}E\left(Z^2\right) \tag{5}$$

$$=\frac{9}{n}\tag{6}$$

Taking limits,

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} E\left[\left(\frac{Y_n - 4}{\sqrt{n}}\right)^2\right] = \lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{9}{n} = 0 \tag{7}$$