

EE1101: Circuits and Network Analysis

Lecture 13: BJT and MOSFET Circuits

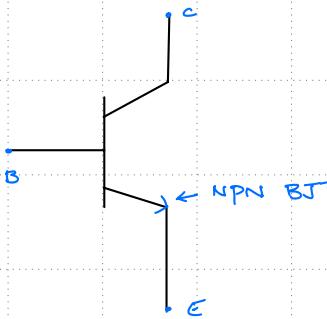
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Topics :

1. Bipolar Junction Transistor (BJT)
 2. Metal Oxide Semiconductor Field Effect Transistor (MOSFET)
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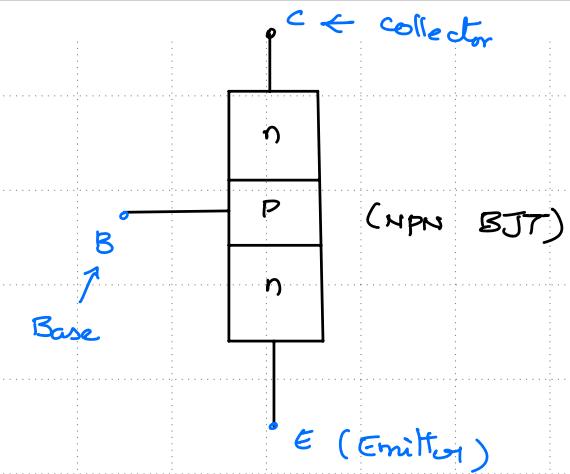
BJT from a Circuit Perspective

Circuit symbol:



Control Part: B-E

Main Ckt: C-E



Cut-off mode.

OFF State : $V_{BE} < 0.7 \text{ V}$ (typically) (range is $0.5 - 2 \text{ V}$)

ON State : $V_{CE} < V_{CE,\text{sat}}$ (typically 0.2 V) & $V_{BE} > 0.7 \text{ V}$ (typically)

(Saturation mode)

Amplifiers : $V_{BE} > 0.7 \text{ V}$ & $V_{CE} > V_{CE,\text{sat}}$ \Rightarrow

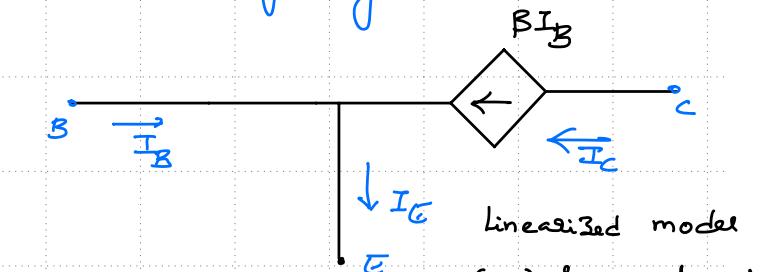
$$I_C = \beta I_B$$

Current gain

$$I_E = (1 + \beta) I_B$$

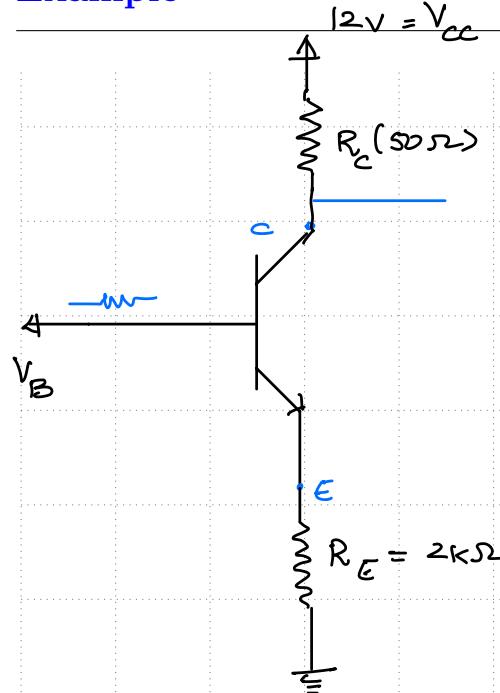
To operate as a switch : avoid Amplifier mode

Pick V_{BE} high enough
if max $|V_{BE}|$ is fixed, adjust the Ckt design.



Linearized model
(or) Small signal
Equivalent .

Example



$\beta = 99$: Compute V_B such that BJT operates in ON state

Bec the Sep is OFF - Amp - ON

use the Eq ckt to find V_B when

$$V_{ce} \approx 0.2V : V_{B,ON}$$

any V_B above $V_{B,ON}$ will the drive the ckt into ON state.

$$\textcircled{1} \quad V_C = V_{cc} - I_C R_C$$

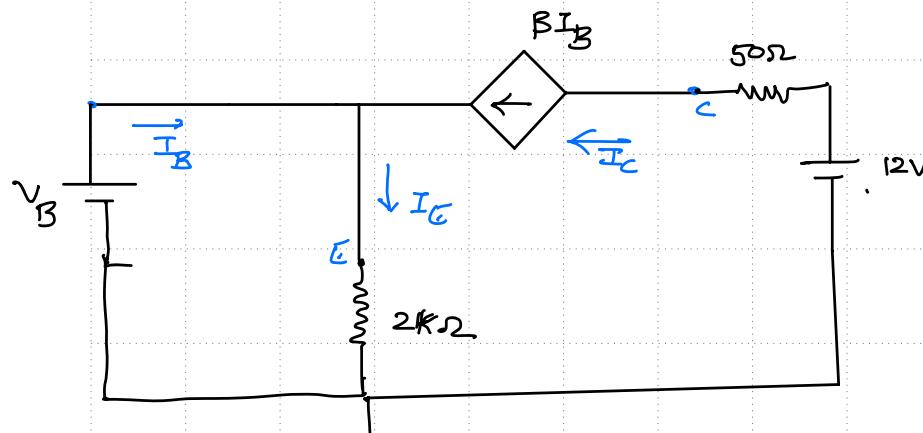
$$= V_{cc} - \beta I_B R_C$$

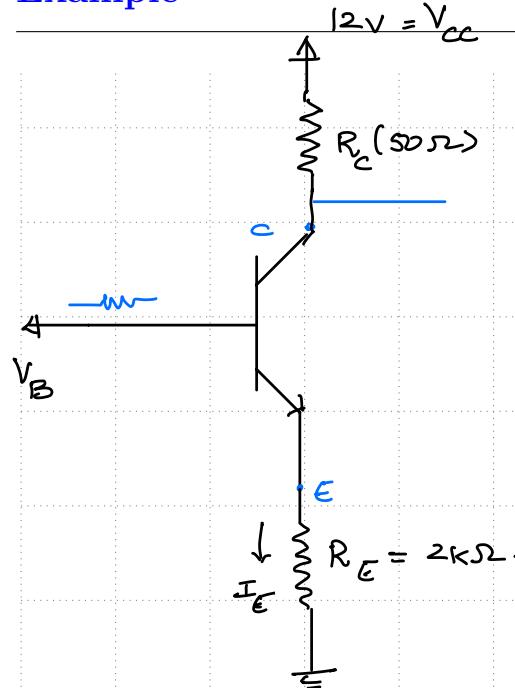
\textcircled{2} How to Compute $I_B \rightarrow ?$

$$\text{by KVL in loop 1: } \underbrace{I_B (1+\beta)}_{I_C} R_E = V_B$$

$$\Rightarrow I_B = \frac{V_B}{R_E (1+\beta)}$$

$$\text{for given values: } I_B = \frac{V_B}{2} \times 10^{-5}$$



Example

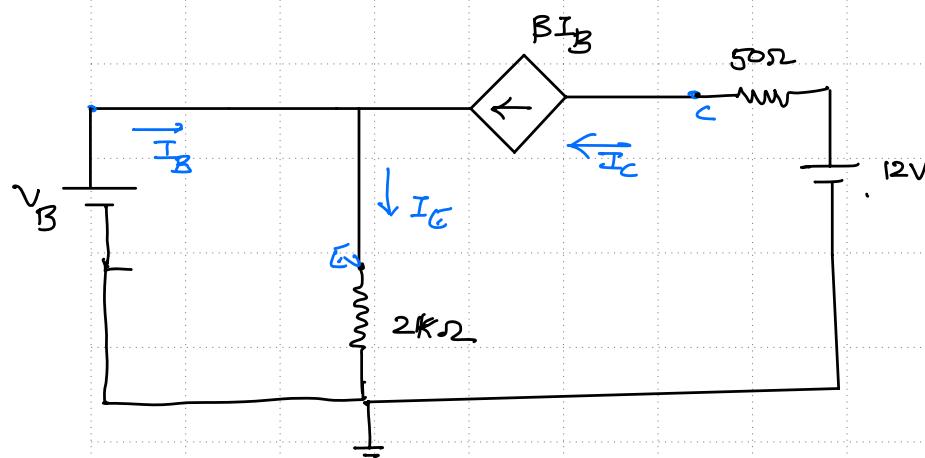
To drive the Ckt to on state:

$$V_{CE} < 0.2V$$

$$V_C - V_E$$

$$V_C - V_B < 0.2V$$

$$\left[\frac{V_{CC} - \beta V_B}{(1+\beta) R_E} R_C \right] - V_B = 0.2V \rightarrow \text{Solve for } V_B.$$



$$V_{B,ON} \approx 11.5$$

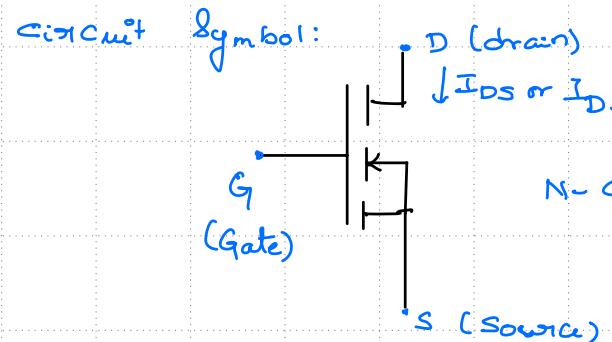
$$V_{B,ON} > 11.5V$$

if R_C is changed to $2k\Omega$

$$V_{B,ON} = 5.92V$$

$$V_B > 5.92V$$

MOSFET from a Circuit Perspective



Control Part: G - S

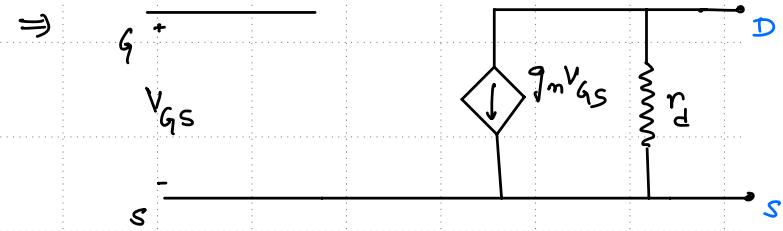
Main CKT: D - S

OFF State : $V_{GS} < V_t$

On State : $V_{GS} > V_t$ and $V_{DS} < V_{GS} - V_t$

Amplifier : $V_{GS} > V_t$ and $V_{DS} > V_{GS} - V_t$

typical range of V_t is 0.6V to 2.5V.



Small Signal Equivalent of a MOSFET.