

# EE1080/AI1110/EE2102 Probability: HW 7

25th April, 2025

1. Suppose that  $Y$  is a normal random variable with mean 0 and variance 1, and suppose also that the conditional distribution of  $X$ , given that  $Y = y$ , is normal with mean  $y$  and variance 1.
  - (a) Argue that the joint distribution of  $X, Y$  is the same as that of  $Y + Z, Y$  when  $Z$  is a standard normal random variable that is independent of  $Y$ .
  - (b) Use the result of part (a) to argue that  $X, Y$  has a bivariate normal distribution.
  - (c) Find  $E[X]$ ,  $Var(X)$ , and  $Cov(X, Y)$ .
  - (d) Find  $E[Y|X = x]$ .
  - (e) What is the conditional distribution of  $Y$  given that  $X = x$ ?
2. Let  $Y, N_1, N_2$  be zero mean, unit variance, independent random variables, and suppose we observe, for some constant  $\alpha > 0$

$$X_1 = Y + N_1 + \alpha N_2 \quad X_2 = Y + 3N_1 + \alpha N_2.$$

- (a) Find the LMMSE estimate of  $Y$  from  $X_1$  and  $X_2$
  - (b) What is the corresponding MSE ?
  - (c) At what value of  $\alpha$  does the MSE from part (b) become zero ?
3. Suppose  $X \sim N(\mu, K_X)$  be Gaussian random vector with

$$\mu = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad K_X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (a) Find the pdf of  $X_1$ .
- (b) Find the pdf of  $(X_2, X_3)$  given  $X_1$ .
- (c) Find the pdf of  $2X_1 + X_2 + X_3$ .
- (d) Find the pdf of  $Y = AX$  where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

4. Plot the points at which the joint pdf value is exactly 0.8 of the maximum possible value for the 2-Gaussian vector defined with following covariance matrices.

$$(a) K = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(b) K = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(c) K = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Can the following matrix be a covariance matrix ?  $K = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

6. Let  $Q$  be an orthonormal matrix. Show that the squared distance between any two vectors  $z$  and  $y$  is equal to the squared distance between  $Qz$  and  $Qy$ .

7. Let  $K = \begin{bmatrix} 0.75 & 0.25 \\ 0.25 & 0.75 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(a) Show that 1 and  $1/2$  are eigenvalues of  $K$  and find the normalized eigenvectors. Express  $K$  as  $QDQ^{-1}$ , where  $D$  is diagonal and  $[Q]$  is orthonormal.

(b) Let  $K' = \alpha K$  for  $\alpha \neq 0$  Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $K'$ . Do not use brute force

(c) Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $K^m$ , where  $K^m$  is the  $m$ th power of  $K$ .

8. Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be zero-mean jointly Gaussian with variances  $\sigma_X^2$  and  $\sigma_Y^2$  and normalized covariance  $\rho$ .

(a) Let  $V = Y^3$ . Find the conditional density  $f_{X|V}(x|v)$ . Hint: This requires no computation.

(b) Let  $U = Y^2$  and find the conditional density of  $f_{X|U}(x|u)$ . Hint: First understand why this is harder than (a).