# Introduction to Bro Network Security Monitor

1

2018 Pass the SALT Workshop



#### Overview

Introduction to Bro

**Bro Architecture** 

**Bro Events and Logs** 

**Bro Signatures** 

**Bro Scripting** 

Bro and ELK





## Introductory Workshop!



- This is an introductory workshop
- You probably won't hear/see new things if you have:
  - Already used Bro;
  - Followed SANS SEC 503;
- If you are stuck, please do not suffer in silence!



#### Workshop VM

- Bro\_2.5.3\_ELK\_6.2.1\_ubuntu-16.04.3-desktop-amd64
- VMware Workstation or Player
  - You can try VirtualBox too, but you are on your own with that... sorry!
- 4 GB RAM
- 30 GB disk space
- Workshop VM (Ubuntu) user/pass: USEr / Workshop1234%



#### **About Eva**

- Managing partner and CEO at Alzette Information Security
- Web application penetration testing, source code review, security monitoring
- BSides Luxembourg organizer <a href="https://bsideslux.lu">https://bsideslux.lu</a>
- Twitter: <u>@EvaSzilagyiSec</u>
- E-mail: <a href="mailto:eva.szilagyi@alzetteinfosec.com">eva.szilagyi@alzetteinfosec.com</a>
- Blog: <a href="http://jumpespjump.blogspot.com">http://jumpespjump.blogspot.com</a>







#### **About David**

- Managing partner and CTO at Alzette Information Security
- Network penetration testing, security architectures, security monitoring, incident response
- Instructor at SANS Institute FOR572
- BSides Luxembourg organizer <a href="https://bsideslux.lu">https://bsideslux.lu</a>
- Twitter: <u>@DavidSzili</u>
- E-mail: <a href="mailto:david.szili@alzetteinfosec.com">david.szili@alzetteinfosec.com</a>
- Blog: <a href="http://jumpespjump.blogspot.com">http://jumpespjump.blogspot.com</a>









#### Introduction to Bro

2018 Pass the SALT Workshop

7



#### **About Bro**

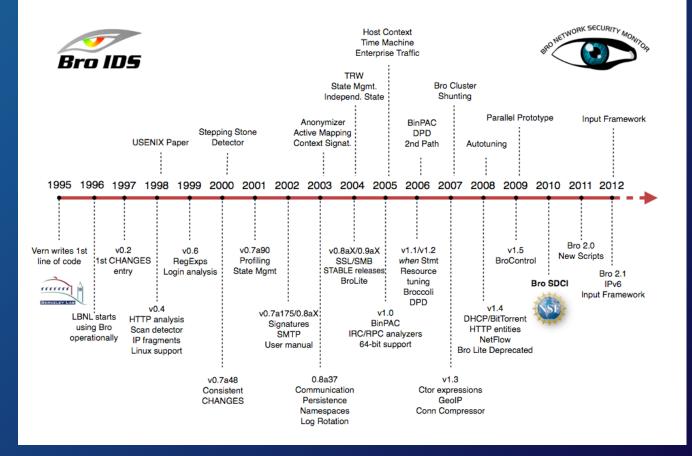
- What is Bro?
- Passive, open-source network traffic analyzer
- Event/data-driven NIDS
- Platform for traffic analysis: fully customizable and extensible
- Runs on commodity hardware (can be up to 10GbE or event 100GbE links)

- Why Bro?
- Network Intrusion Detection Systems (NIDS)
  - Alert data only
- Network Security Monitoring (NSM)
  - NSM datatypes
    - Alert data
    - Flow (or Session) data
    - Transaction data
    - Packet data
    - Statistical data
    - Correlated data



#### Bro's History

- 1995 Vern Paxson: initial version
- 1996 Berkeley Lab deployment
- 2003 National Science Foundation (NSF) began supporting Bro R&D
- 2010 National Center for Supercomputing Applications (NCSA) joined the team as a core partner





## Bro Architecture

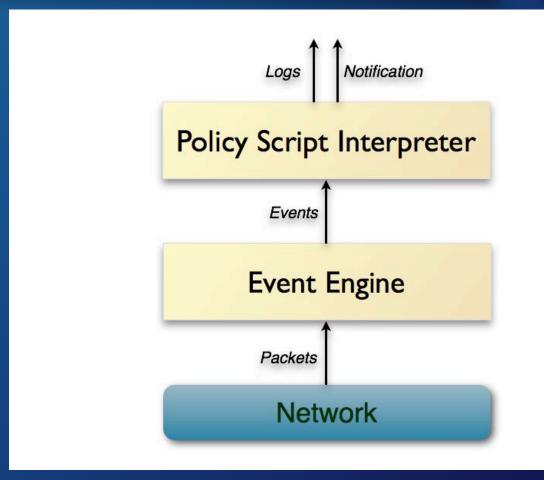
10

2018 Pass the SALT Workshop



#### Bro's internal architecture

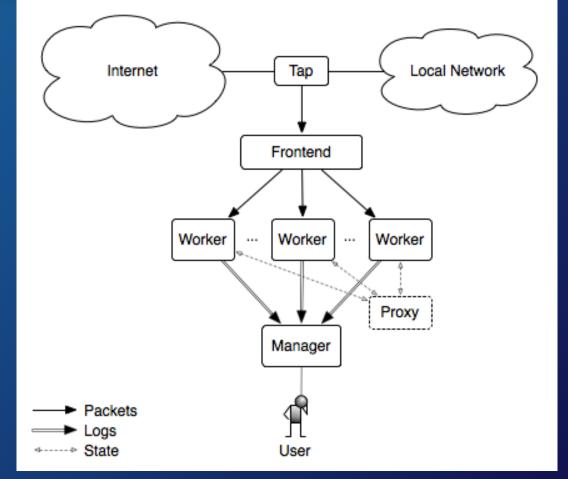
- Event Engine: protocol analyzer, generates network events
- Policy Script Interpreter: perform action/write output





#### Bro cluster Architecture

- Network Frontend:
  - hardware flow balancers
  - on-host flow balancing (PF\_RING)
- Manager: central log collector
- Worker: sniffing, stream reassembly, protocol analysis
- Proxy: synchronizing Bro state
- Logger (optional): receives log messages from nodes
- Standalone or cluster mode





# **Directory Hierarchy**

Directory	Content
\$(PREFIX)/bro/bin/	Executables: bro,broctl,bro-cut,capstats
\$(PREFIX)/bro/etc/	Configuration: node.cfg, networks.cfg, broctl.cfg, broccoli,conf
\$(PREFIX)/bro/logs/	Logs: current, <date></date>
\$(PREFIX)/bro/spool/	Logs, error logs: tmp
\$(PREFIX)/bro/share/bro/	/base: initialization - init-bare.bro, init-default.bro /broxigen: documentation /broctl: scripts for broctl /site: extensions and local.bro /policy: tuning, protocol policies
\$(PREFIX)/bro/lib/bro/	Plugins: AMQP Writer, Kafka Writer, etc.
\$(PREFIX)/bro/lib/broctl/	Broctl and broctl plugins



## Bro Events and Logs

14

2018 Pass the SALT Workshop



#### **Bro Events**

- Bro's event engine (or core):
  - Reduces the incoming packet stream into a series of higher-level events
  - Places events into an ordered "event queue"
- Events can be:
  - State change (new\_connection, signature\_match)
  - Protocol specific (http\_response, dns\_request)
  - Data availability (http\_entity\_data)
  - Etc.



# Bro Logs (a few examples)

Log File	Description
conn.log	TCP/UDP/ICMP connections
dhcp.log	DHCP leases
dns.log	DNS activity
ftp.log	FTP activity
http.log	HTTP requests and replies
kerberos.log	Kerberos
rdp.log	RDP
smb_cmd.log	SMB commands
ssl.log	SSL/TLS handshake info

Log File	Description
files.log	File analysis results
pe.log	Portable Executable (PE)
x509.log	X.509 certificate info
intel.log	Intelligence data matches
notice.log	Bro notices
signatures.log	Signature matches
known_certs.log	SSL certificates
known_hosts.log	Hosts seen (TCP handshakes)
software.log	Software seen on the network
weird.log	Unexpected network activity



## Using bro-cut

- bro-cut utility can be used in place of other tools to build terminal commands
- Parsing the header in each file
- User can refer to specific columns

```
bro-cut id. orig_h id. orig_p id. resp_h id. resp_p
$ cat conn.log
192. 168. 1. 102
                        68
                                    192. 168. 1. 1
                        137
192, 168, 1, 103
                                    192. 168. 1. 255
                                                             137
                        137
192. 168. 1. 102
                                    192. 168. 1. 255
                                                             137
                        138
                                                             138
                                    192. 168. 1. 255
192. 168. 1. 103
192, 168, 1, 102
                        138
                                    192, 168, 1, 255
                                                             138
                                                             137
192. 168. 1. 104
                                    192. 168. 1. 255
                        138
                                    192, 168, 1, 255
                                                             138
192, 168, 1, 104
                        68
                                                             67
192. 168. 1. 103
                                    192. 168. 1. 1
                        138
                                                             138
192, 168, 1, 102
                                    192. 168. 1. 255
192, 168, 1, 104
                                    192, 168, 1, 1
                                                             67
                        1170
                                    192. 168. 1. 1
                                                             53
192. 168. 1. 102
                        1174
                                                             53
192, 168, 1, 104
                                    192. 168. 1. 1
                        5353
                                                             5353
192. 168. 1. 1
                                    224. 0. 0. 251
fe80:: 219: e3ff: fee7: 5d23
                                    5353
                                                 ff02::fb
                                                             5353
192. 168. 1. 103
                        137
                                    192, 168, 1, 255
                                                             137
```



## Using Timestamps

• bro-cut accepts the flag -d to convert the epoch time values in the log files to a human-readable format.

 Converting the timestamp from a log file to UTC can be accomplished with the -u option.

 The default format can be altered by using the -D and -U flags, using the standard strftime syntax.



## Using UIDs

Unique identifier (UID): correlating a session across multiple log files

Generally included in any log file entry associated with that connection

```
$ cat http.log | bro-cut uid id.resp_h method status_code host | grep CSj NSg2Pj autayFDCk CSj NSg2Pj autayFDCk 199.7.51.190 GET 200 SVRSecure-crl.verisign.com
```



# Bro Logs Hands-On

20

2018 Pass the SALT Workshop



# **Bro Signatures**

21

2018 Pass the SALT Workshop



## Signature Framework

- Independent signature language
- Low-level, regexp-based pattern matching
- Signatures are <u>not</u> Bro's preferred detection tool

```
signature example-sig {
  ip-proto == tcp
  dst-port == 80
  tcp-state established, originator
  http-request-header /. *redditmedia\.com/
  http-request-header /. *\/ads\//
  event "Found hostname!"
}
```

```
event signature_match(state: signature_state, msg: string, data: string)
```



## Signature Language

• Signature has the format:

```
signature <id> { <attributes> }
```

- Two types of attributes:
  - Conditions: define when the signature matches
  - Actions: declare what to do in the case of a match



## Signature Conditions

- Header: header fields such as IP, port, protocol
- Content: regular expression raw payload (payload statement) or an analyzer-specific label (http-request, http-request-header, ftp, etc. statements)
- Dependency: define dependencies between signatures (requiressignature, requires-reverse-signature)
- Context: passes the match decision on to other components of Bro (eval, payload-size, same-ip, tcp-state)



## Signature Actions

- Event <string>:
  - Raises a signature\_match event
  - The given string is passed in as msg
- Enable <string>:
  - Enables the protocol analyzer <string> for the matching connection ("http", "ftp", etc.).
  - This is used by Bro's dynamic protocol detection to activate analyzers on the fly.



## Bro Signatures Hands-On

26

2018 Pass the SALT Workshop



# Bro Scripting

27

2018 Pass the SALT Workshop



## Bro Scripting Overview

- Event-driven
- Domain-specific
- Turing-complete scripting language
- Based on ML (LISP-like)
- Basically, all Bro output is generated by Bro scripts



# Types (1)

Name	Description
bool	boolean (T = true, F = false)
count, int, double	count = unsigned int
time, interval	temporal types (e.g. 3.5mins)
string	string
pattern	regular expression (flex lexical analyzer, e.g. /foo bar/)
port, addr, subnet	network types (e.g. 80/tcp, 192.168.0.1, 10.0.0.0/8)



# Types (2)

Name	Description
enum	enumeration (user-defined type)
table, set, vector, record	Container types (table = hash, record = structure)
function, event, hook	Executable types
file	File type (only for writing)
opaque	Opaque type (for some built-in functions)
any	Any type (for functions or containers)



# Operators (1)

#### Relational operators

Name	Syntax
Equality	a == b
Inequality	a != b
Less than	a < b
Less than or equal	a <= b
Greater than	a > b
Greater than or equal	a >= b

#### Logical operators

Name	Syntax
Logical AND	a && b
Logical OR	a    b
Logical NOT	!a



# Operators (2)

#### Arithmetic operators

Name	Syntax
Addition	a + b
Subtraction	a - b
Multiplication	a * b
Division	a/b
Modulo	a % b

Name	Syntax
Unary plus	+a
Unary minus	-a
Pre-increment	++a
Pre-decrement	a
Absolute value	a



# Operators (3)

#### Assignment operators

Name	Syntax
Assignment	a = b
Addition assignment	a += b
Subtraction assignment	a -= b

#### Record field operators

Name	Syntax
Field access	a\$b
Field value existence test	a?\$b



# Operators (4)

#### Other operators

Name	Syntax
Membership test	a in b
Non-membership test	a !in b
Table or vector element access	a[b]
Substring extraction	a[b:c]

Name	Syntax
Create a deep copy	copy(a)
Module namespace access	a::b
Conditional	a?b:c



## Attributes (at least the most important ones)

Name	Description
&redef	Redefine a global constant or extend a type.
&priority	Specify priority for event handler or hook.
&log	Mark a record field as to be written to a log.
&optional	Allow a record field value to be missing.
&default	Specify a default value.



## Declarations

Name	Description
module	Change the current module
export	Export identifiers from the current module
local	Declare a local variable
global	Declare a global variable
const	Declare a constant
type	Declare a user-defined type
redef	Redefine a global value /extend user-defined type
function/event/hook	Declare a function, event handler, or hook



### Statements

Name	Description
add, delete	Add/delete elements
print	Print to stdout/file
if, else if, else	Evaluate boolean expression
switch, case, break, fallthrough	Evaluate expression and execute
when	Asynchronous execution

Name	Description
for, while, next, break	Loop over each element
event, schedule	Invoke or schedule an event handler
return	Return from function, hook, or event handler



# Namespaces and Directives

#### Namespaces

Name	Scope
Local	Local block
Global	All Modules
Module global	Global in the module

#### • Directives

- Evaluated before script execution
- Like pre-processor macros in C/C++

#### Examples

Name	Scope
@load	Load Bro script
@load-plugin	Load Bro plugin
@load-sigs	Load Bro signature
@DIR	Directory pathname
@FILENAME	Script filename



# Frameworks

Framework	Description
File Analysis Framework	Generalized presentation of file-related information.
GeoLocation Framework	Requires libGeoIP with GeoLite city database installed.
Input Framework	Allows users to import data into Bro.
Intelligence Framework	Consume data and make it available for matching.
Logging Framework	Fine-grained control of what and how is logged.
NetControl Framework	Flexible, unified interface for active response.
Notice Framework	Detect potentially interesting situations and take action.
Signature Framework	Signature language for low-level pattern matching.
Summary Statistics Framework	Measuring aspects of network traffic.
Broker-Enabled Communication Framework	Exchange information with other Bro processes.



# And a bunch of other things...

- Hooks
- Analyzers
- Bro script debugging
- Bro frameworks in depth
- Broccoli: The Bro Client Communications Library
- Bro Plugins
- Go check the documentation: https://www.bro.org/documentation/index.html



# Bro Scripting Hands-On

41



# Bro and ELK

42



## Bro and Syslog-ng Configuration

- Bro node configuration:
  - /opt/bro/etc/node.cfg

```
[bro]
type=standal one
host=local host
interface=ens34
```

- Bro output configuration:
  - /opt/bro/share/bro/site/local.bro

```
#@load tuning/defaults
@load tuning/json-logs
```

- Syslog-ng configuration:
  - /etc/syslog-ng/syslog-ng.conf

```
source s_bro_conn { file("/opt/bro/logs/current/conn.log"
flags(no-parse) program_override("bro_conn")); };
source s_bro_http { file("/opt/bro/logs/current/http.log"
flags(no-parse) program_override("bro_http")); };
...

destination d_bro { network("127.0.0.1" port(5514)); };

log {
    source(s_bro_conn);
    source(s_bro_http);
    ...
    log { destination(d_bro); };
};
```



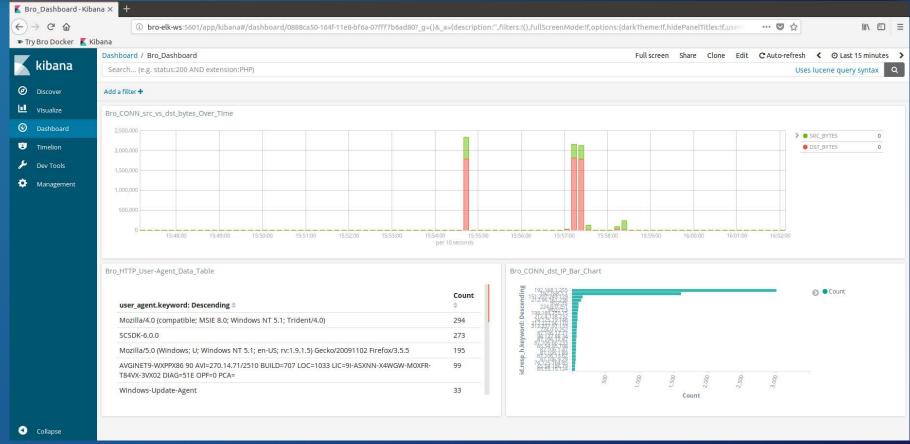
## Logstash pipeline configuration

- Create file:
  - /etc/logstash/conf.d/bro.conf
- Restart Logstash:
  - sudo systemctl restart logstash.service

```
input {
  syslog {
    port => "5514"
filter {
  json {
    source => "message"
  mutate {
    remove_field => ["message"]
output {
  elasticsearch {
    hosts => ["local host: 9200"]
```



### Kibana Visualizations and Dashboard





### Bro and ELK Hands-On

46



# Questions and Answers

47



#### References

- Bro Documentation
  - https://www.bro.org/documentation/index.html
- Install Bro
  - https://www.bro.org/sphinx/install/install.html
- Bro on DockerHub
  - https://hub.docker.com/u/broplatform/
- Try Bro Online
  - http://try.bro.org

