C0 Controls and Basic Latin

Range: 0000-007F

This file contains an excerpt from the character code tables and list of character names for *The Unicode Standard, Version 12.0*

This file may be changed at any time without notice to reflect errata or other updates to the Unicode Standard. See http://www.unicode.org/errata/ for an up-to-date list of errata.

See http://www.unicode.org/charts/ for access to a complete list of the latest character code charts.

See http://www.unicode.org/charts/PDF/Unicode-12.0/ for charts showing only the characters added in Unicode 12.0.

See http://www.unicode.org/Public/12.0.0/charts/ for a complete archived file of character code charts for Unicode 12.0.

Disclaimer

These charts are provided as the online reference to the character contents of the Unicode Standard, Version 12.0 but do not provide all the information needed to fully support individual scripts using the Unicode Standard. For a complete understanding of the use of the characters contained in this file, please consult the appropriate sections of The Unicode Standard, Version 12.0, online at http://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode12.0.0/, as well as Unicode Standard Annexes #9, #11, #14, #15, #24, #29, #31, #34, #38, #41, #42, #44, #45, and #50, the other Unicode Technical Reports and Standards, and the Unicode Character Database, which are available online.

See http://www.unicode.org/ucd/ and http://www.unicode.org/reports/

A thorough understanding of the information contained in these additional sources is required for a successful implementation.

Fonts

The shapes of the reference glyphs used in these code charts are not prescriptive. Considerable variation is to be expected in actual fonts. The particular fonts used in these charts were provided to the Unicode Consortium by a number of different font designers, who own the rights to the fonts.

See http://www.unicode.org/charts/fonts.html for a list.

Terms of Use

You may freely use these code charts for personal or internal business uses only. You may not incorporate them either wholly or in part into any product or publication, or otherwise distribute them without express written permission from the Unicode Consortium. However, you may provide links to these charts.

The fonts and font data used in production of these code charts may NOT be extracted, or used in any other way in any product or publication, without permission or license granted by the typeface owner(s).

The Unicode Consortium is not liable for errors or omissions in this file or the standard itself. Information on characters added to the Unicode Standard since the publication of the most recent version of the Unicode Standard, as well as on characters currently being considered for addition to the Unicode Standard can be found on the Unicode web site.

See http://www.unicode.org/pending/pending.html and http://www.unicode.org/alloc/Pipeline.html.

Copyright © 1991-2019 Unicode, Inc. All rights reserved.

	000	001	002	003	004	005	006	007
0	NUL 0000	DLE	SP	0030	<u>@</u>	P 0050	0060	p
1	(SOH)	DC1	0021	1	A 0041	Q 0051	a 0061	q
2	[STX]	DC2	0022	2	B	R	b	1 ° 0072
3	[ETX]	DC3	# 0023	3	C	S 0053	C	S
4	(EOT)	DC4	\$ 0024	4	D 0044	T	d 0064	t
5	ENQ 0005	NAK 0015	%	5	E 0045	U 0055	e	u
6	0006	SYN 0016	& 0026	6	F 0046	V 0056	f	V
7	BEL 0007	(ETB)	0027	7	G 0047	W 0057	g	W
8	BS 0008	(CAN)	0028	8	H 0048	X 0058	h	X 0078
9	(HT)	E M) 0029	9	I 0049	Y 0059	i	y
Α	000A	SUB 001A	*	• • 003A	J 004A	Z 005A	j	Z
В	(VT)	001B	+	• • • 003B	K	005B	k	{ 007B
С	FF 000C	FS 001C	9 002C	O03C	L 004C	005C	1 006C	007C
D	CR 000D	(GS)	 002D	 003D	M 004D] 005D	m 006D	}
Ε	SO 000E	001E	• 002E	> 003E	N 004E	∧ 005E	n 006E	~
F	SI 000F	US 001F	/ 002F	? 003F	O 004F	005F	O 006F	DEL 007F

C0 controls			001B	ESC	<control></control>
Alias names are those for ISO/IEC 6429:1992. Commonly used alternative aliases are also shown.			001C	FS	= ESCAPE <control></control>
0000	NUL	<control></control>		1	= INFORMATION SEPARATOR FOUR
0001	[223	= NULL	001D	GS	= file separator (FS) <control></control>
0001	зон	<control> = START OF HEADING</control>			= INFORMATION SEPARATOR THREE
0002	STX	<control> = START OF TEXT</control>	001E	RS	= group separator (GS) <control></control>
0003	ETX	<control></control>			= INFORMATION SEPARATOR TWO = record separator (RS)
0004	ЕОТ	= END OF TEXT <control></control>	001F	us	<control></control>
		= END OF TRANSMISSION			= INFORMATION SEPARATOR ONE = unit separator (US)
0005	ENQ	<control> = ENQUIRY</control>	ASCII	pun	ctuation and symbols
0006	ACK	<control></control>		Based on ISO/IEC 646.	
0007	BEL	= ACKNOWLEDGE <control></control>	0020	SP	SPACE • compatitions considered a control code
0001		= BELL			• sometimes considered a control code • other space characters: 2000 [89] —200A [8]
8000	BS	<control> = BACKSPACE</control>			→ 00A0 🔛 no-break space
0009	нт	<control></control>			→ 200B SP zero width space → 2060 wy word joiner
		= CHARACTER TABULATION			→ 3000 B ideographic space
000A	LF	= horizontal tabulation (HT), tab <control></control>			→ FEFF see zero width no-break space
000/1	1	= LINE FEED (LF)	0021	!	EXCLAMATION MARK = factorial
000B	[77]	= new line (NL), end of line (EOL) <control></control>			= bang
0000	VT	= LINE TABULATION			→ 00A1; inverted exclamation mark → 01C3! latin letter retroflex click
0000	r1	= vertical tabulation (VT)			→ 203C!! double exclamation mark
000C	FF	<control> = FORM FEED (FF)</control>			→ 203D ? interrobang
000D	CR	<control></control>	0022	"	→ 2762 ? heavy exclamation mark ornament QUOTATION MARK
000E	so	= CARRIAGE RETURN (CR) <control></control>			• neutral (vertical), used as opening or closing
		= SHIFT OUT • known as LOCKING-SHIFT ONE in 8-bit			quotation markpreferred characters in English for paired
		environments			quotation marks are 201C** & 201D** • 05F4 ** is preferred for gershayim when writing
000F	SI	<control> = SHIFT IN</control>			Hebrew
		• known as LOCKING-SHIFT ZERO in 8-bit			→ 02BA ″ modifier letter double prime → 030B ຶ combining double acute accent
0010	DLE	environments <control></control>			→ 030E " combining double vertical line above
		= DATA LINK ESCAPE			→ 05F4 " hebrew punctuation gershayim
0011	DC1	<control> = DEVICE CONTROL ONE</control>			→ 2033 " double prime → 3003 " ditto mark
0012	DC2	<control></control>	0023	#	NUMBER SIGN
0042	127271	= DEVICE CONTROL TWO			= pound sign, hash, crosshatch, octothorpe → 2114 % I b bar symbol
0013	DC3	<pre><control> = DEVICE CONTROL THREE</control></pre>			→ 2317 # viewdata square
0014	DC4	<control> = DEVICE CONTROL FOUR</control>	0024	\$	→ 266F ♯ music sharp sign DOLLAR SIGN
0015	NAK	<control></control>	0024	Ψ	= milréis, escudo
0010	[2227]	= NEGATIVE ACKNOWLEDGE			• used for many peso currencies in Latin America and elsewhere
0016	SYN	<control> = SYNCHRONOUS IDLE</control>			• glyph may have one or two vertical bars
0017	ЕТВ	<control></control>			• other currency symbol characters start at 20A0 €
0018	CAN	= END OF TRANSMISSION BLOCK <control></control>			→ 00A4 ¤ currency sign
0040	[22]	= CANCEL			→ 2081 ₱ peso sign → 1F4B2 \$ heavy dollar sign
0019	EM	<control> = END OF MEDIUM</control>			. 11 102 - Heavy dollar sign
001A	SUB	<control> = SUBSTITUTE</control>			
		→ FFFD � replacement character			

0025	%	PERCENT SIGN → 066A : arabic percent sign → 2030 ‰ per mille sign → 2031 ‱ per ten thousand sign	002F	/	SOLIDUS = slash, virgule → 01C0 l latin letter dental click → 0338 \$\notineq\$ combining long solidus overlay
0026	&	→ 2052 % commercial minus sign AMPERSAND			→ 2044/ fraction slash → 2215 / division slash
		→ 204A 7 tironian sign et			→ 2E4A f dotted solidus
		→ 214B % turned ampersand	ASCII	digi	its
0027	,	→ 1F674 & heavy ampersand ornament APOSTROPHE	0030	0	DIGIT ZERO
0021		= apostrophe-quote (1.0)	0004	1	~ 0030 FE00 0 short diagonal stroke form
		= APL quote	0031 0032	1 2	DIGIT ONE DIGIT TWO
		• neutral (vertical) glyph with mixed usage	0032	3	DIGIT THREE
		2019 ' is preferred for apostrophepreferred characters in English for paired	0034	4	DIGIT FOUR
		quotation marks are 2018 ' & 2019 '	0035	5	DIGIT FIVE
		• 05F3 ' is preferred for geresh when writing	0036	6	DIGIT SIX
		Hebrew	0037	7 8	DIGIT SEVEN
		→ 02B9′ modifier letter prime → 02BC' modifier letter apostrophe	0038 0039	9	DIGIT EIGHT DIGIT NINE
		→ 02C8' modifier letter apostrophie → 02C8' modifier letter vertical line		-	
		→ 0301 6 combining acute accent	003A	pun :	octuation and symbols COLON
		→ 05F3 ' hebrew punctuation geresh	003A	•	also used to denote division or scale; for that
		→ 2032′ prime			mathematical use 2236: is preferred
0028	(→ A78C' latin small letter saltillo LEFT PARENTHESIS			→ 0589: armenian full stop
0020	(= opening parenthesis (1.0)			→ 05C3: hebrew punctuation sof pasuq
0029)	RIGHT PARENTHESIS			→ 2236: ratio → A789: modifier letter colon
		= closing parenthesis (1.0)	003B	:	SEMICOLON
0024	*	see discussion on semantics of paired bracketing characters		,	• this, and not 037E;, is the preferred character for 'Greek question mark'
002A	•	ASTERISK = star (on phone keypads)			→ 037E;greek question mark
		→ 066D * arabic five pointed star			→ 061B ' arabic semicolon
		→ 204E * low asterisk	003C	<	→ 204F; reversed semicolon LESS-THAN SIGN
		→ 2217 * asterisk operator	0030		→ 2039 < single left-pointing angle quotation
		→ 26B9 * sextile → 2731 * heavy asterisk			mark
002B	+	PLUS SIGN			→ 2329 〈 left-pointing angle bracket
		→ 2795 + heavy plus sign			→ 27E8 〈 mathematical left angle bracket → 3008 〈 left angle bracket
002C	,	COMMA	003D	=	EQUALS SIGN
		= decimal separator → 060C · arabic comma			• other related characters: 2241 ≈ -2263 ≡
		\rightarrow 201A, single low-9 quotation mark			→ 2260 ≠ not equal to
		→ 2E41 , reversed comma			\rightarrow 2261 \equiv identical to
		→ 2E4C? medieval comma			 → A78A = modifier letter short equals sign → 10190 = roman sextans sign
002D		→ 3001 、 ideographic comma HYPHEN-MINUS	003E	>	GREATER-THAN SIGN
002D	-	 hyphen or minus sign used for either hyphen or minus sign 			→ 203A > single right-pointing angle quotation mark
		→ 2010 - hyphen			→ 232A〉 right-pointing angle bracket
		→ 2011 non-breaking hyphen			→ 27E9 〉 mathematical right angle bracket → 3009 〉 right angle bracket
		→ 2012 — figure dash	003F	?	QUESTION MARK
		→ 2013 – en dash	0001	•	→ 00BF; inverted question mark
		→ 2043 • hyphen bullet → 2212 – minus sign			→ 037E; greek question mark
		→ 10191 — roman uncia sign			→ 061F ⁵ arabic question mark
002E		FULL STOP			→ 203D ? interrobang→ 2048 ?! question exclamation mark
		= period, dot, decimal point			→ 2046 !! question exclamation mark → 2049 !? exclamation question mark
		may be rendered as a raised decimal point in old style numbers	0040	@	COMMERCIAL AT
		→ 06D4 - arabic full stop	11	. w.c	= at sign
		 → 2E3C . stenographic full stop → 3002 。 ideographic full stop 			e Latin alphabet
		. 5552 to racographic rail stop	0041	A	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER A

0042	В	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER B	005C	\	REVERSE SOLIDUS
		\rightarrow 212C \mathscr{B} script capital b			= backslash
0043	C	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER C			→ 20E5 🌣 combining reverse solidus overlay
		\rightarrow 2102 $\mathbb C$ double-struck capital c	0055	-	→ 2216 \ set minus
0044	_	→ 212D © black-letter capital c	005D]	RIGHT SQUARE BRACKET
0044	D	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER D	005E	٨	= closing square bracket (1.0) CIRCUMFLEX ACCENT
0045	E	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER E	003L		• this is a spacing character
		→ 2107 € euler constant			\rightarrow 02C4 $^{\wedge}$ modifier letter up arrowhead
0046	F	→ 2130 % script capital e LATIN CAPITAL LETTER F			→ 02C6 ^ modifier letter circumflex accent
00+0	1	\rightarrow 2131 \mathscr{F} script capital f			→ 0302 ^ˆ combining circumflex accent
		\rightarrow 2132 \pm turned capital f			→ 2038 _A caret
0047	G	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER G			→ 2303 ^ up arrowhead
0048	Η	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER H	005F	_	LOW LINE
		$ ightarrow$ 210B ${\mathscr H}$ script capital h			= spacing underscore (1.0)
		$ ightarrow$ 210C $\mathfrak H$ black-letter capital h			• this is a spacing character
		\rightarrow 210D H double-struck capital h			→ 02CD _ modifier letter low macron
0049	Ι	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER I			→ 0331 ○ combining macron below → 0332 ○ combining low line
		• Turkish and Azerbaijani use 0131 1 for			\rightarrow 2017 = double low line
		lowercase → 0130 İ latin capital letter i with dot above	0060	`	GRAVE ACCENT
		\rightarrow 0406 I cyrillic capital letter byelorussian-			• this is a spacing character
		ukrainian i			→ 02CB` modifier letter grave accent
		$ ightarrow$ 04C0 ${f I}$ cyrillic letter palochka			→ 0300 combining grave accent
		\rightarrow 2110 \mathscr{I} script capital i			→ 2035 ' reversed prime
		$ ightarrow$ 2111 ${f \Im}$ black-letter capital i	Lowe	ercas	e Latin alphabet
	_	\rightarrow 2160 I roman numeral one	0061		LATIN SMALL LETTER A
004A		LATIN CAPITAL LETTER J	0062	_	LATIN SMALL LETTER B
004B	K	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER K	0063	c	LATIN SMALL LETTER C
0040	т	→ 212A K kelvin sign	0064	d	LATIN SMALL LETTER D
004C	L	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER L	0065	e	LATIN SMALL LETTER E
004D	м	→ 2112 ℒ script capital l LATIN CAPITAL LETTER M			ightarrow 212E $ m e$ estimated symbol
004D	171	\rightarrow 2133 \mathcal{M} script capital m			\rightarrow 212F e script small e
004E	N	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER N	0066	f	LATIN SMALL LETTER F
00.12	- 1	→ 2115 N double-struck capital n	0067	g	LATIN SMALL LETTER G
004F	O	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER O			\rightarrow 0261 g latin small letter script g
0050	P	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER P	0068	h	→ 210A <i>g</i> script small g LATIN SMALL LETTER H
		\rightarrow 2119 \mathbb{P} double-struck capital p	0000	11	$ ightharpoonup$ 04BB \mathbf{h} cyrillic small letter shha
0051	Q	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Q			\rightarrow 04BB in Cyrillic Striain letter Stria \rightarrow 210E h planck constant
	_	→ 211A Q double-struck capital q	0069	i	LATIN SMALL LETTER I
0052	R	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER R		-	\bullet Turkish and Azerbaijani use 0130 $\dot{\mathbf{I}}$ for
		→ 211B \Re script capital r			uppercase
		→ 211C ℜ black-letter capital r → 211D ℝ double-struck capital r			→ 0131 1 latin small letter dotless i
0053	S	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER S			→ 1D6A4 <i>ı</i> mathematical italic small dotless i
0054		LATIN CAPITAL LETTER T	006A	j	LATIN SMALL LETTER J
0055	Ū	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER U			→ 0237 j latin small letter dotless j
0056	V		006B	k	→ 1D6A5 j mathematical italic small dotless j LATIN SMALL LETTER K
		\rightarrow 2164 V roman numeral five	006C	1	
0057	W	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER W	0000	1	\rightarrow 2113 ℓ script small I
0058	X	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER X			\rightarrow 1D4C1 ℓ mathematical script small I
0059	Y	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Y	006D	m	LATIN SMALL LETTER M
005A	Z	LATIN CAPITAL LETTER Z	006E	n	LATIN SMALL LETTER N
		→ 2124 Z double-struck capital z			\rightarrow 207F $^{\rm n}$ superscript latin small letter n
		$ ightarrow$ 2128 ${f 3}$ black-letter capital z	006F	O	LATIN SMALL LETTER O
ASCII punctuation and symbols					\rightarrow 2134 σ script small o
005B	[LEFT SQUARE BRACKET	0070	p	LATIN SMALL LETTER P
		= opening square bracket (1.0)	0071	q	LATIN SMALL LETTER Q
		• other bracket characters: 27E6 [—27EB) ,	0072	r	LATIN SMALL LETTER R
		2983 { -2998) ,3008 〈 -301B]	0073 0074	S	LATIN SMALL LETTER S
			0074	t	LATIN SMALL LETTER T

```
0075 u LATIN SMALL LETTER U
0076
      v LATIN SMALL LETTER V
0077 w LATIN SMALL LETTER W
0078 x LATIN SMALL LETTER X
0079 y LATIN SMALL LETTER Y
007A z LATIN SMALL LETTER Z
           \rightarrow 01B6 \mathbf{z} latin small letter z with stroke
ASCII punctuation and symbols
007B { LEFT CURLY BRACKET
           = opening curly bracket (1.0)
           = left brace
007C | VERTICAL LINE
           = vertical bar
           • used in pairs to indicate absolute value
           → 01C0 l latin letter dental click
           → 05C01 hebrew punctuation paseq
           → 2223 | divides
           → 2758 light vertical bar
007D } RIGHT CURLY BRACKET
           = closing curly bracket (1.0)
           = right brace
007E ~ TILDE
           • this is a spacing character

ightarrow 02DC \tilde{\ } small tilde
           \rightarrow 0303 \tilde{\circ} combining tilde
           → 2053 ~ swung dash

ightarrow 223C \sim tilde operator
```

ightarrow FF5E \sim fullwidth tilde

Control character

007F DEL <control> = DELETE