# Nova Al Coordinator: Detailed Evaluation System Flow with Function Descriptions & Code Snippets

# **1. User Input** → **Task Processing** → **Answer Generation**

- 1. User submits a question to the Nova Al Coordinator
  - Input processed in (main.py) (entry point)

### 2. Task creation and processing

- (Nova.create\_task\_list\_from\_prompt\_async()) in (nova.py)
  - Analyzes user prompt to identify intents and creates appropriate tasks
  - Converts high-level user requests into structured Task objects
  - Handles multi-intent detection and task categorization
  - Key code:

```
python
multiple_intents = await self.identify_multiple_intents_async(prompt)
for intent_info in multiple_intents:
    intent_text = intent_info["intent"]
    category = await open_ai_categorisation_async(intent_text, csv_path)
    task = await self.create_task_for_category(intent_text, category)
    tasks.append(task)
```

## 3. Task handling and answer generation

- (Nova.handle\_task\_async()) in (nova.py)
  - Main orchestration function that processes tasks and delegates to appropriate agents
  - Manages the full lifecycle of a task from assignment to result delivery
  - Contains the evaluation and fallback logic for answer improvement
  - Key code:

```
python

# Use the specific agent implementation based on agent name
if task.agent == "Emil":
    result = await agents["Emil"].handle_task_async(task)
elif task.agent == "Lola":
    result = await agents["Lola"].handle_task_async(task)
elif task.agent == "Ivan":
    result = await agents["Ivan"].handle_task_async(task)
else:
    result = await agents["Nova"].handle_task_async(task)
```

- For general knowledge: (answer\_general\_question()) in (general\_knowledge.py)
  - Generates answers to general knowledge questions using LLM
  - Maintains conversation context for coherent multi-turn interactions
  - Tracks entities mentioned in questions and answers
  - Key code:

```
# Create LLM prompt with enhanced context
if len(conversation.get("answers", [])) > 0:
    context_prompt = """
    You are continuing a conversation. I will provide the conversation history and a ANY pronouns (it, its, they, etc.) or phrases like "this country" MUST refer to """
```

- For math: (do\_maths()) in (utils/do\_maths.py)
  - Handles mathematical calculations with deterministic results
  - Bypasses evaluation since math answers can be verified programmatically
  - Returns formatted calculation results
  - Key code:

```
python

# Solve the math expression

result = eval(cleaned_expression)

return f"The result of {cleaned_expression} is {result}"
```

# 2. Evaluation System Initialization and Answer Quality Check

- 4. Evaluation system initialization
  - (initialize\_evaluation\_system()) in (evaluation.py)
    - Sets up the evaluation configuration with default or custom parameters
    - Registers evaluation settings in the knowledge base for persistence
    - Configures critical parameters like quality threshold and model selection
    - Key code:

```
# Default configuration

default_config = {
    "evaluation_enabled": True,
    "quality_threshold": 0.7,
    "use_internet_search": True,
    "evaluation_model": "gpt-4.1-nano",
    "fallback_evaluation_model": "gpt-3.5-turbo",
    "max_retries": 2,
    "debug_output": True
}

# Merge with provided config
active_config = default_config.copy()
if config:
```

- Called during startup in (main.py)
- Sets up configuration parameters

### 5. Answer evaluation triggered

Inside (Nova.handle\_task\_async()) in (nova.py)

active\_config.update(config)

- Checks whether the task requires evaluation (primarily for general questions)
- Extracts original question and generated answer for quality assessment
- Calls the evaluation function to assess answer quality
- Key code:

Specifically for general questions

### 6. Evaluation prompt construction and LLM call

- Inside (evaluate\_answer\_quality()) in (evaluation.py)
  - Constructs a prompt for the LLM to evaluate answer quality
  - Sends the evaluation request to the LLM API
  - Handles response parsing and validation

### • Key code:

```
python
# Simplify the evaluation prompt for better reliability
evaluation prompt = f"""
Evaluate the quality of this answer to the given question.
Question: "{question}"
Answer: "{answer}"
Rate from 0.0 to 1.0 where 1.0 is perfect.
List 1-3 strengths and 1-3 weaknesses.
Make 1-2 improvement suggestions.
RETURN ONLY VALID JSON with this structure:
{{
    "score": 0.X,
    "strengths": ["strength1", "strength2"],
    "weaknesses": ["weakness1", "weakness2"],
    "improvement_suggestions": ["suggestion1"],
    "passed": true/false
}}
n = n
```

- Calls (run\_open\_ai\_ns\_async()) in (utils/open\_ai\_utils.py
  - Asynchronous wrapper for OpenAI API calls
  - Handles authentication, request formatting, and response processing
  - Manages timeouts and retry logic for API communication
  - Key code:

Uses model specified in config (typically "gpt-4.1-nano")

# 3. LLM Response Handling and Retry Logic

### 7. JSON parsing and validation

- Still in (evaluate\_answer\_quality()) in (evaluation.py)
  - Attempts to parse the LLM response as valid JSON
  - Implements retry logic to handle transient failures
  - Validates that required fields are present in the response
  - Key code:

```
python
# Try to parse JSON response
try:
    eval_result = json.loads(eval_result_json)

# Validate required fields
    if "score" not in eval_result:
        raise ValueError("Missing 'score' field")

# Set passed field correctly
    eval_result["passed"] = eval_result.get("score", 0.0) >= threshold

# Success - exit retry loop
    break
```

Tries to parse LLM response as JSON

Uses retry logic

#### 8. Regex extraction fallback

- If JSON parsing fails, calls (extract\_evaluation\_data()) in (evaluation.py)
  - Uses regex patterns to extract structured data from unstructured text
  - Attempts to recover key fields like score, strengths, and weaknesses
  - Provides a fallback mechanism when JSON parsing fails
  - Key code:

```
python
# Try to extract score with multiple patterns
score patterns = [
    r'"score":\s*(0\.\d+|1\.0|1|0)',
    r'score.*?(\d+\.?\d*)\s*\/\s*1',
    r'(\d+\.?\d*)\s*\/\s*1',
    r'rated\s+(\d+\.?\d*)',
    r'score\s+of\s+(\d+\.?\d*)'
]
for pattern in score_patterns:
    score_match = re.search(pattern, text, re.IGNORECASE)
    if score_match:
        try:
            eval_data["score"] = float(score_match.group(1))
            eval_data["passed"] = eval_data["score"] >= threshold
            break
        except:
            continue
```

Uses regex patterns to extract key elements

### 9. Fallback model attempt

- Still in (evaluate\_answer\_quality()) in (evaluation.py)
  - Attempts to use a different LLM model if the primary model fails
  - Provides redundancy to increase overall system reliability
  - May use a simpler model with different parameters for better JSON parsing
  - Key code:

• If primary model failed

#### 10. **Default evaluation fallback**

- Last resort in (evaluate\_answer\_quality()) in (evaluation.py)
  - Provides a guaranteed minimum evaluation response when all else fails
  - Includes error information to help with debugging
  - Ensures the system can continue operating despite failures
  - Key code:

```
# If all attempts failed, use a more informative fallback
if eval_result is None:
    eval_result = {
        "score": 0.5,
        "strengths": ["Answer contained some information"],
        "weaknesses": [f"Evaluation failed: {last_error[:50]}..."],
        "improvement_suggestions": ["Provide more specific information"],
        "passed": False,
        "error": last_error
}
```

If all attempts failed

# 4. Evaluation Results Storage and Decision Making

#### 11. Store evaluation results in knowledge base

- End of (evaluate\_answer\_quality()) in (evaluation.py)
  - Persists evaluation results in the knowledge base for later reference
  - Maintains evaluation history for session tracking

• Enables analysis of evaluation patterns over time

### • Key code:

```
# Store evaluation in KB
await kb.set_item_async("last_evaluation_result", eval_result)
await kb.set_item_async("last_evaluation_time", datetime.datetime.now().isoformat())

# Append to evaluation history
eval_history = await kb.get_item_async("evaluation_history") or []
eval_history.append({
    "question": question,
    "answer": answer,
    "evaluation": eval_result,
    "timestamp": datetime.datetime.now().isoformat()
})
await kb.set_item_async("evaluation_history", eval_history)
```

### 12. Update conversation context

- Still in (evaluate\_answer\_quality()) in (evaluation.py)
  - Updates the current conversation with evaluation metadata
  - Maintains continuity across multiple interactions
  - Provides context for follow-up questions and answers
  - Key code:

```
python

# Add to conversation summary
conversation = kb.get_item("current_conversation") or {}
if "evaluations" not in conversation:
    conversation["evaluations"] = []

conversation["evaluations"].append({
        "question": question,
        "score": eval_result.get("score", 0.0),
        "passed": eval_result.get("passed", False),
        "strengths": eval_result.get("strengths", []),
        "weaknesses": eval_result.get("weaknesses", [])
})
kb.set_item("current_conversation", conversation)
```

### 13. Threshold check and fallback decision

Back in (Nova.handle\_task\_async()) in (nova.py)

- Checks if the evaluation score passes the quality threshold
- Decides whether to use the original answer or seek improvement
- Triggers fallback strategy selection if improvement is needed
- Key code:

```
# Check if evaluation passed threshold
if not evaluation["passed"]:
    print(f"Answer quality below threshold ({evaluation['score']}). Attempting falls

# Determine the best fallback strategy
    available_alternatives = ["internet_search", "more_detailed_llm", "database_lookstrategy = await determine_fallback_strategy(self.kb, question, evaluation, available_strategy)
```

# 5. Fallback Strategy Selection and Execution

### 14. Determine fallback strategy

- (determine\_fallback\_strategy()) in (evaluation.py)
  - Uses LLM to intelligently select the best fallback strategy
  - Analyzes question type and evaluation feedback
  - Returns a recommended strategy with justification
  - Key code:

```
# Create strategy selection prompt
strategy_prompt = f"""
Determine the best fallback strategy for improving the following answer to a questic
The answer has been evaluated and needs improvement.
Question: "{question}"
Evaluation:
- Score: {evaluation.get('score', 'N/A')}
- Strengths: {', '.join(evaluation.get('strengths', ['None']))}
- Weaknesses: {', '.join(evaluation.get('weaknesses', ['None']))}
Available strategies:
{', '.join(available_alternatives)}
Return your recommendation in JSON format:
{{
    "recommended_strategy": "strategy_name",
    "reason": "brief explanation for this choice"
}}
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```

- Uses LLM to determine best strategy
- Calls (run\_open\_ai\_ns\_async()) in (utils/open\_ai\_utils.py)
- Returns strategy recommendation

#### 15. Execute fallback strategy

- Back in (Nova.handle\_task\_async()) in (nova.py)
  - Implements the selected fallback strategy
  - Routes to different improvement paths based on strategy
  - Calls specialized functions for each strategy type
  - Key code:

```
# Execute the recommended fallback strategy
if strategy["recommended_strategy"] == "internet_search":
    print("Using internet search fallback...")
    from utils.internet_search import internet_search
    search_results = await internet_search(self.kb, question)

# Generate improved answer using search results
improved_result = await generate_improved_answer(
        self.kb, question, result, evaluation, search_results
)
```

- Different code paths based on strategy
- (internet\_search()) in (utils/internet\_search.py)
  - Simulates an internet search with LLM-generated results
  - Formats search results with titles, snippets, and sources
  - Returns structured search data for answer improvement
  - Key code:

```
python
# In a production environment, this would call a real search API
# For now, simulate with an LLM
search_prompt = f"""
Simulate internet search results for the query: "{query}"
Provide results in the following JSON format:
{{
    "search_results": [
        {{
            "title": "Result Title 1",
            "url": "https://example.com/page1",
            "snippet": "Brief excerpt from the page showing relevant content...",
            "source": "example.com"
        }},
        // Additional results...
    1,
    "featured_snippet": "A direct answer to the query if available"
}}
0.00
```

### 16. Generate improved answer

- generate\_improved\_answer() in (evaluation.py)
  - Creates a better answer based on evaluation feedback

- Incorporates search results or other additional information
- Uses LLM to synthesize an improved response

### • Key code:

```
python
# Create improvement prompt
improvement prompt = f"""
Improve the following answer to a question based on evaluation feedback
and additional information (if provided).
Question: "{question}"
Original Answer: "{original_answer}"
Evaluation:
- Score: {evaluation.get('score', 'N/A')}
- Strengths: {', '.join(evaluation.get('strengths', ['None']))}
- Weaknesses: {', '.join(evaluation.get('weaknesses', ['None']))}
- Improvement Suggestions: {', '.join(evaluation.get('improvement_suggestions', ['No
# Add search results if available
if search_results and search_results.get("search_results"):
    improvement_prompt += "\n\nAdditional Information from Search:\n"
    # Add featured snippet if available
    if search_results.get("featured_snippet"):
        improvement_prompt += f"Featured Answer: {search_results['featured_snippet']
```

- Creates an improvement prompt
- Adds search results if available
- Calls (run\_open\_ai\_ns\_async()) in (utils/open\_ai\_utils.py)
- Returns improved answer

# 6. Final Answer Processing and Delivery

#### 17. **Store improved answer**

- Back in (Nova.handle\_task\_async()) in (nova.py)
  - Updates the task result with the improved answer
  - Records that a fallback strategy was used
  - Maintains metadata about which strategy was applied
  - Key code:

```
# Update the result

task.result = improved_result

result = improved_result

# Note that we used a fallback
await kb.set_item_async("used_fallback", True)
await kb.set_item_async("fallback_method", strategy["recommended_strategy"])
```

### 18. Add improved answer to conversation

python

- Still in (Nova.handle\_task\_async()) in (nova.py)
  - Updates conversation history with the improved answer
  - Maintains record of original and improved answers
  - Preserves evaluation score for comparison
  - Key code:

```
# Store the improved answer in conversation
if "improved_answers" not in conversation:
    conversation["improved_answers"] = []

conversation["improved_answers"].append({
        "question": question,
        "original_answer": result,
        "improved_answer": task.result,
        "original_score": evaluation.get("score", 0.0)
})
kb.set_item("current_conversation", conversation)
```

#### 19. Final result returned to user

- End of (Nova.handle\_task\_async()) in (nova.py)
  - Returns either original or improved answer to the caller
  - Completes the task handling process
  - Delivers the best available answer to the user
  - Key code:

- Either returns original answer (if passed evaluation) or improved answer (if fallback was used)
- Result is then processed in (process\_prompt\_tasks()) in (main.py)
  - Formats results for display to the user
  - Combines results from multiple tasks if needed
  - Generates the final response seen by the user
  - Key code:

```
# Combine results
if not results:
    return "No results found for any tasks."
elif len(results) == 1:
    return results[0]
else:
    combined = "\n\n" + "-"*40 + "\n\n".join([str(result) for result in results]) +
    return combined
```

• Displayed to user in the conversation summary

# **Visual Function Call Map**

```
main.py
  # Entry point and overall orchestration
    # Key code: interactive_async_main()
Nova.create_task_list_from_prompt_async() [nova.py]
  # Converts user prompt to structured tasks
    # Key code: multiple intents = await self.identify multiple intents async(prompt)
Nova.handle task async() [nova.py]
  # Main task processing and orchestration
    # Key code: result = await agents["Nova"].handle_task_async(task)
  → answer_general_question() [general_knowledge.py] or other task handler
       # Generates initial answer using LLM
         # Key code: result = run_open_ai_ns(context_prompt, "You must maintain
conversation context...")
       run_open_ai_ns() [utils/open_ai_utils.py] - Generates initial answer
         # Key code: response = client.chat.completions.create(model=model, messages=[...])
evaluate_answer_quality() [evaluation.py]
  # Assesses answer quality using LLM
    # Key code: evaluation_prompt = f"Evaluate the quality of this answer to the given
question..."
  ├─> run_open_ai_ns_async() [utils/open_ai_utils.py] - Primary LLM evaluation
      # Makes asynchronous call to OpenAI API
      # Key code: response = await client.chat.completions.create(model=model, messages=
[\ldots]
  → extract evaluation data() [evaluation.py] - If JSON parsing fails
       # Uses regex to extract structured data from text
       # Key code: score_match = re.search(pattern, text, re.IGNORECASE)
  ├─> run_open_ai_ns_async() [utils/open_ai_utils.py] - Fallback model if needed
      # Uses alternative model for evaluation
      # Key code: eval_result_json = await run_open_ai_ns_async(..., model=fallback_model)
If evaluation["passed"] == False:
  # Answer quality below threshold
    # Key code: if not evaluation["passed"]: print(f"Answer quality below threshold...")
determine_fallback_strategy() [evaluation.py]
  # Selects best strategy to improve answer
```

```
# Key code: strategy_prompt = f"Determine the best fallback strategy..."
  ├─ run open ai ns async() [utils/open ai utils.py] - Strategy recommendation
       # Uses LLM to recommend improvement strategy
       # Key code: strategy json = await run open ai ns async(strategy prompt,
strategy_context)
Switch based on recommended strategy:
    # Routes to appropriate improvement method
    # Key code: if strategy["recommended_strategy"] == "internet_search": ...
  → internet_search() [utils/internet_search.py] - If search strategy
         # Simulates internet search for more information
         # Key code: search_response = await run_open_ai_ns_async(search_prompt,
search context)
       generate_improved_answer() [evaluation.py] - With search results
         # Creates better answer using search results
         # Key code: improvement_prompt += "\n\nAdditional Information from Search:\n"
  ─> generate_improved_answer() [evaluation.py] - If other strategies
         # Creates better answer using evaluation feedback
         # Key code: improvement_prompt = f"Improve the following answer..."
       run_open_ai_ns_async() [utils/open_ai_utils.py] - Generate better answer
         # Uses LLM to create improved response
         # Key code: improved_answer = await run_open_ai_ns_async(improvement_prompt,
improvement_context)
Final answer returned to user via process prompt tasks() [main.py]
  # Formats and delivers final answer to user
  # Key code: combined = \sqrt{n'} + "-"*40 + "\n', join([str(result) for result in results])
```

# **Evaluation System Improvements Summary**

#### 1. Retry Mechanism

- Added multiple attempts before falling back to default
- Configurable (max\_retries) parameter
- Wait periods between retries
- Key code:

```
retry_count = 0
while retry_count < max_retries:
    try:
        # LLM call and JSON parsing
        # Success - break from retry loop
    except Exception as e:
        retry_count += 1
        if retry_count < max_retries:
            await asyncio.sleep(1) # Wait before retry</pre>
```

#### 2. Fallback Model

- Alternative LLM when primary model fails
- Configurable (fallback\_evaluation\_model) parameter
- Different temperature setting for variety
- Key code:

### 3. Simplified Evaluation Prompt

- Shorter, clearer instructions
- Focused on essential requirements
- Better JSON format guidance
- Key code:

```
python
evaluation_prompt = f"""
Evaluate the quality of this answer to the given question.
Question: "{question}"
Answer: "{answer}"
Rate from 0.0 to 1.0 where 1.0 is perfect.
List 1-3 strengths and 1-3 weaknesses.
Make 1-2 improvement suggestions.
RETURN ONLY VALID JSON with this structure:
{{
    "score": 0.X,
    "strengths": ["strength1", "strength2"],
    "weaknesses": ["weakness1", "weakness2"],
    "improvement_suggestions": ["suggestion1"],
    "passed": true/false
}}
```

### 4. Enhanced JSON Parsing

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- More robust extraction function
- Multiple regex patterns for different response formats
- Validation of extracted data
- Key code:

```
python

# Try to extract score with multiple patterns
score_patterns = [
    r'"score":\s*(0\.\d+|1\.0|1|0)',
    r'score.*?(\d+\.?\d*)\s*\/\s*1',
    r'(\d+\.?\d*)\s*\/\s*1',
    r'rated\s+(\d+\.?\d*)',
    r'score\s+of\s+(\d+\.?\d*)'
]
```

### 5. Better Error Reporting

- More informative fallback results
- Detailed error messages in logs
- Preservation of original error for debugging
- Key code:

```
if eval_result is None:
    eval_result = {
        "score": 0.5,
        "strengths": ["Answer contained some information"],
        "weaknesses": [f"Evaluation failed: {last_error[:50]}..."],
        "improvement_suggestions": ["Provide more specific information"],
        "passed": False,
        "error": last_error
}
```