Please check the examination details belo	w before entering your candidate information
Candidate surname	Other names
Pearson Edexcel International GCSE	re Number Candidate Numbe
Tuesday 7 Janu	ary 2020
Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes)	Paper Reference 4MB1/01
Mathematics B Paper 1	
You must have: Ruler graduated in ce protractor, compasses, pen, HB pencil	

## **Instructions**

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.

## Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
  - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

## **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- Without sufficient working, correct answers may be awarded no marks.

Turn over ▶





## **Answer ALL TWENTY SEVEN questions.**

Write your answers in the spaces provided.

You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 Write 0.000315 in standard form.

(Total for Question 1 is 1 mark)

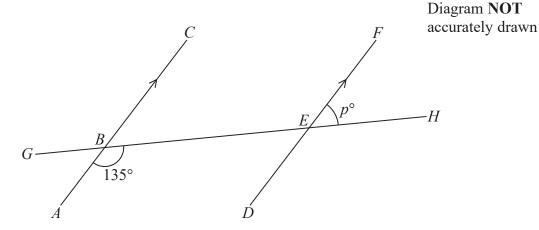
2 The bearing of village A from village B is  $124^{\circ}$ 

Find the bearing of village B from village A.

(Total for Question 2 is 2 marks)



3



ABC and DEF are parallel straight lines and GBEH is a straight line.

$$\angle ABE = 135^{\circ}$$
 and  $\angle FEH = p^{\circ}$ 

Find the value of p.

*p* = .....

(Total for Question 3 is 2 marks)

4 Without using a calculator and showing all your working, work out

$$1\frac{7}{8} \times 2\frac{3}{5}$$

Give your answer as a mixed number in its simplest form.

(Total for Question 4 is 2 marks)



 $\mathscr{E}$ = {even numbers between 1 and 29}

 $A = \{ prime numbers \}$ 

 $B = \{\text{factors of 24}\}\$ 

List the elements of the set

(a) B'

(1)

(b)  $A \cap B$ 

**(1)** 

(Total for Question 5 is 2 marks)

Here are the twelve most recent batting scores of a cricketer.

23 45

56

23

18

78

56

87

11

26

Find the median of these twelve scores.

(Total for Question 6 is 2 marks)



7 The *n*th term of a sequence is given by 2 - 5n

Write down the 3rd, 4th and 5th terms of the sequence.

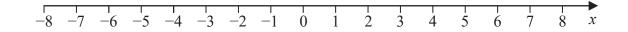
(Total for Question 7 is 2 marks)

**8** Express 42 minutes as a percentage of 5 hours.

9/

(Total for Question 8 is 3 marks)

9 Here is a number line.



(a) Show on the number line the inequality  $-3 \le x < 4$ 

(2)

(b) Write down the integer values of x for which  $-3 \le x < 4$ 

(1)

(Total for Question 9 is 3 marks)



10

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ 4 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 \\ 4 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Calculate

(a) 
$$\mathbf{A} + \mathbf{B}$$

(1)

(b) 2A - 4B

(2)

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

11 Express as a single fraction in its simplest form

$$\frac{5}{3-2x} - \frac{2}{2+5x}$$

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)



12 Given that, for all values of x,

$$4x^3 - 8x^2 - 12x + 11 = (2x + k)Q(x) + 11$$

where Q(x) is a quadratic expression in x,

find the positive value of k.

*k* = .....

(Total for Question 12 is 3 marks)

13 Simplify  $\frac{(3x^2y^3)^3}{9xy^2}$ 

(Total for Question 13 is 3 marks)

14 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$3x + 2y = 8$$

$$-4x + 9y = 22$$

Show clear algebraic working.

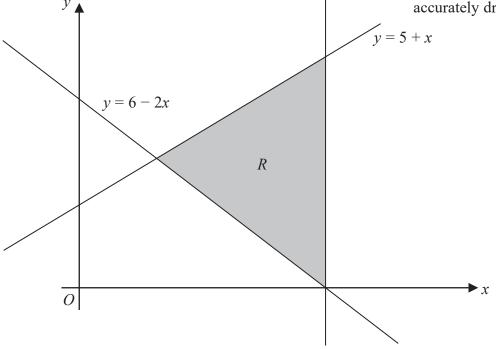
*x* = .....

v =

(Total for Question 14 is 4 marks)



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



The diagram shows the shaded region R, which is bounded by three straight lines, one of which is parallel to the y-axis.

One vertex of R lies on the x-axis.

Find three inequalities that define R.

(Total for Question 15 is 4 marks)

16 A model of a ship is made to a scale of 3:400

The surface area of the model is 7200 cm<sup>2</sup>

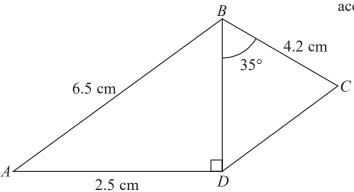
Calculate, in m<sup>2</sup>, the surface area of the ship.

m

(Total for Question 16 is 4 marks)



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



The diagram shows  $\triangle ABD$  and  $\triangle BCD$  such that

AB = 6.5 cm, AD = 2.5 cm, BC = 4.2 cm,  $\angle CBD = 35^{\circ}$  and  $\angle ADB = 90^{\circ}$ 

Calculate the area, in cm<sup>2</sup> to 3 significant figures, of the quadrilateral ABCD.

..... cm<sup>2</sup>

(Total for Question 17 is 4 marks)

$$\mathbf{p} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ 2x - 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad \mathbf{q} = \begin{pmatrix} -9 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

The vectors  $\boldsymbol{p}$  and  $\boldsymbol{q}$  are such that  $\left|\boldsymbol{p}\right|=\left|\boldsymbol{q}\right|$ 

Given that x < 0

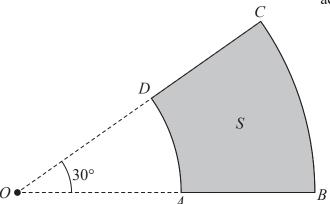
find the value of x.

*x* = .....

(Total for Question 18 is 4 marks)



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



BOC is a sector of a circle, centre O, with  $\angle BOC = 30^{\circ}$ The sector AOD of the circle, centre O, such that ODC and OAB are straight lines, is removed from the sector BOC to form the region S, shown shaded in the diagram.

Given that OA = AB and that the perimeter of S is 10 m,

calculate, giving your answer in terms of  $\pi$ , the length, in m, of AB.

.....

(Total for Question 19 is 4 marks)

**20** The temperature  $(T \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$  at midday in a city was recorded each day for 50 days.

The table shows information about these temperatures.

Temperature (T°C)	Number of days
5 < T ≤ 8	3
8 < <i>T</i> ≤ 11	12
$11 < T \leqslant 14$	12
$14 < T \leqslant 17$	16
$17 < T \leqslant 20$	6
$20 < T \leqslant 23$	1

(a) Write down the modal class.

(1)

(b) Calculate an estimate, to the nearest °C, of the mean temperature at midday in this city during these 50 days.

(4)

(Total for Question 20 is 5 marks)

21 The functions f and g are defined for all values of x by

$$f(x) = 3x - 5$$

$$g(x) = 2x^2 + 1$$

(a) Write down the range of g



(b) Solve the equation f(x) = gf(2)

$$x =$$
 (4)

(Total for Question 21 is 5 marks)

22

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{a - b}{c}}$$

a = 8.45 correct to 2 decimal places.

b = 1.93 correct to 2 decimal places.

c = 3.415 correct to 3 decimal places.

The upper bound of x and the lower bound of x are the same correct to n decimal places.

Calculate the value of x correct to n decimal places, for the largest integer n.

You must show all your working and give a reason for your final answer.

*x* = .....

(Total for Question 22 is 5 marks)



23 (a) Factorise completely 10a - 25ab

(2)

(b) Factorise  $x^2 - 3x - 10$ 

(2

(c) Factorise completely  $50x^2 - 72y^2$ 

(2)

(Total for Question 23 is 6 marks)

24 The equation of a curve C is  $y = \frac{(2x-3)(kx+5)}{x}$ , where k is a constant.

The point A on C is a stationary point.

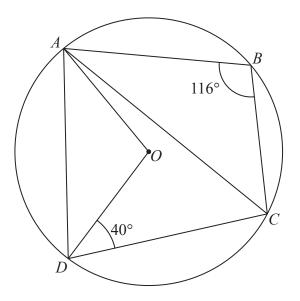
Given that the x coordinate of A is  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

find the value of k.

(Total for Question 24 is 6 marks)



Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn



In the diagram, A, B, C and D are points on a circle, centre O.

$$\angle ABC = 116^{\circ} \text{ and } \angle ODC = 40^{\circ}$$

(a) Calculate, giving your reasons, the size in degrees of  $\angle OAD$ .

$$\angle OAD =$$
 (4)

(b) Calculate, giving your reasons, the size in degrees of  $\angle ACD$ .

$$\angle ACD =$$
 (3)

(Total for Question 25 is 7 marks)

**26** 30 people travelled from London to Manchester for a conference. Of these people

15 travelled by train

9 travelled by plane

some travelled by both train and plane

12 did not travel by either train or plane

Three people are chosen at random from those who travelled by plane.

Find the probability that exactly two of these people also travelled by train.

(Total for Question 26 is 6 marks)



27

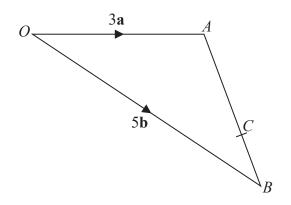


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

 $\times D$ 

The diagram shows  $\triangle OAB$  and a point D which is outside the triangle.

The point C lies on AB such that AC = 3CB

The point *D* is such that  $\overrightarrow{BD} = \frac{7}{4}\mathbf{a} + \frac{15}{4}\mathbf{b}$  where  $\overrightarrow{OA} = 3\mathbf{a}$  and  $\overrightarrow{OB} = 5\mathbf{b}$ 

Find the ratio *OC* : *CD* 

(Total for Question 27 is 5 marks)

**TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 100 MARKS** 



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