Join now:https://t.me/igcse_files Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information Candidate surname **Pearson Edexcel** Centre Number Candidate Number International Advanced Level Wednesday 21 October 2020 Paper Reference WMA12/01 Morning (Time: 1 hour 30 minutes) **Mathematics International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level** Pure Mathematics P2 **Total Marks** You must have: Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Lifac), calculator

> Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation, differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams/sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided there may be more space than you need.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - -use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.

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1. (a) Find the first 4 terms, in ascending powers of x, of the binomial expansion of

$$\left(2-\frac{x}{4}\right)^{10}$$

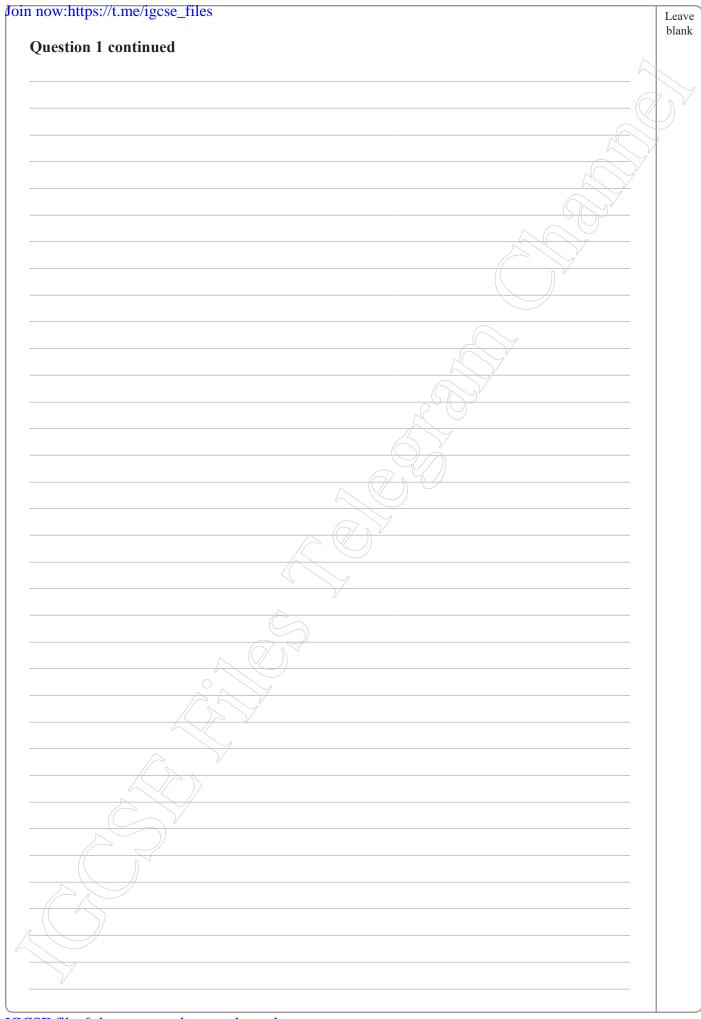
giving each term in its simplest form.

(b) Hence find the constant term in the series expansion of

$$\left(3 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 \left(2 - \frac{x}{4}\right)^{10}$$

(3)

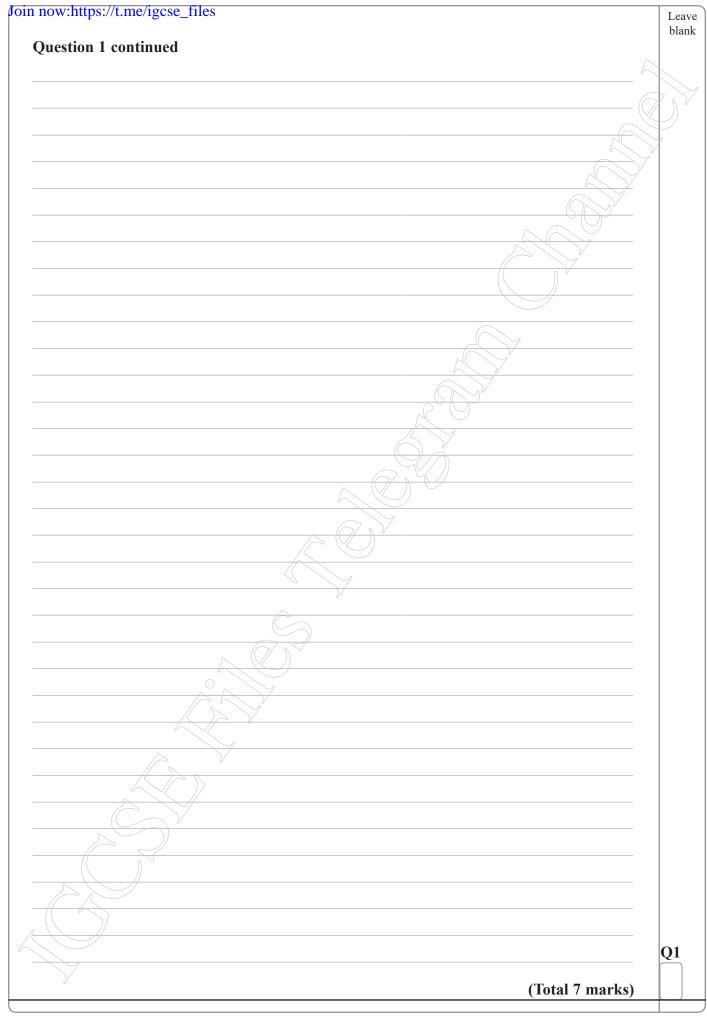






Question 1 continued	bl
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2.

$$y = \frac{2^x}{\sqrt{(5x^2 + 3)}}$$

(a) Complete the table below, giving the values of y to 3 decimal places.

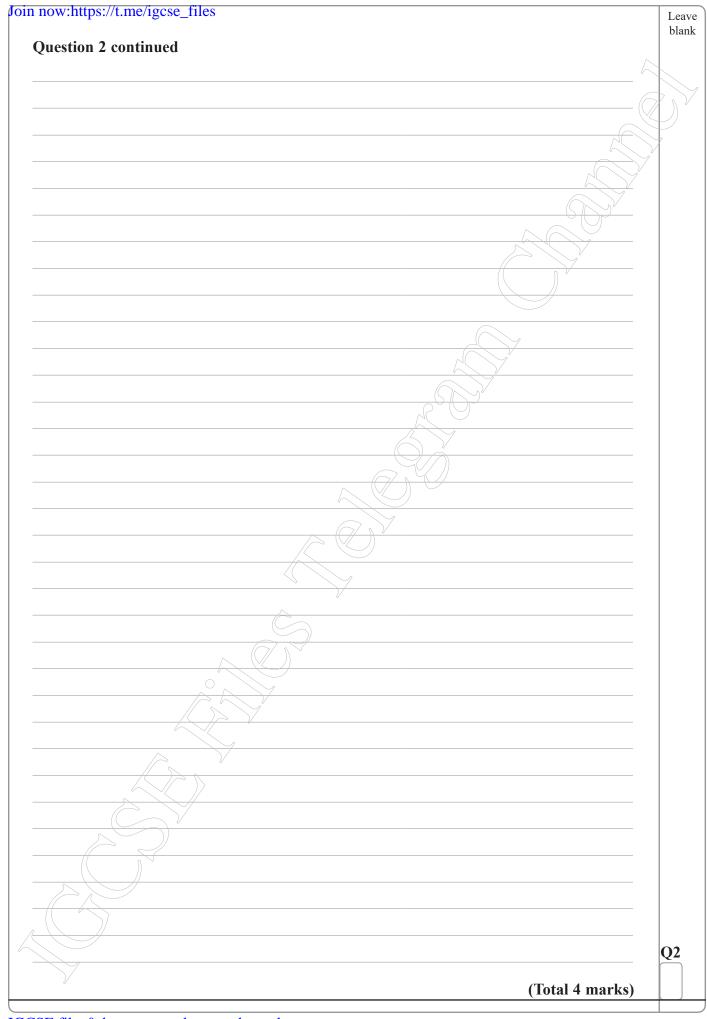
х	-0.25	0	0.25	0.5	0.75	
у	0.462		0.653		0.698	

(1)

(b) Use the trapezium rule, with all the values of y from the completed table, to find an approximate value for

$$\int_{-0.25}^{0.75} \frac{2^x}{\sqrt{(5x^2+3)}} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

(3)





 $f(x) = ax^3 - x^2 + bx + 4$

where a and b are constants.

When f(x) is divided by (x + 4), the remainder is -108

(a) Use the remainder theorem to show that

$$16a + b = 24$$

Given also that (2x - 1) is a factor of f(x),

- (b) find the value of a and the value of b.
- (c) Find f'(x).



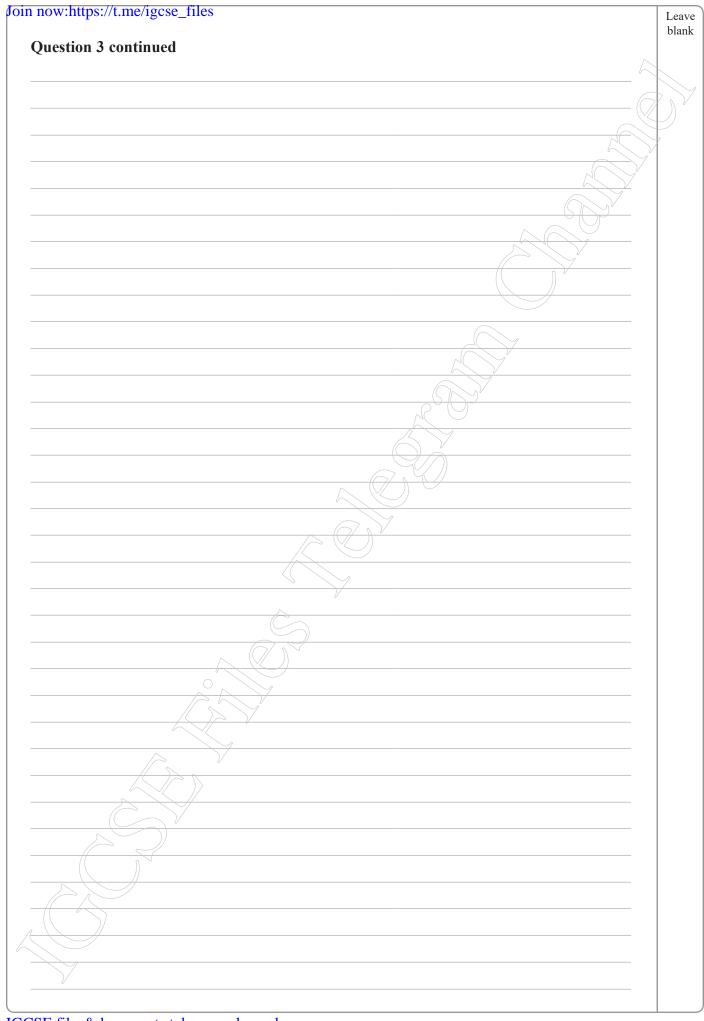
(3)

(2)

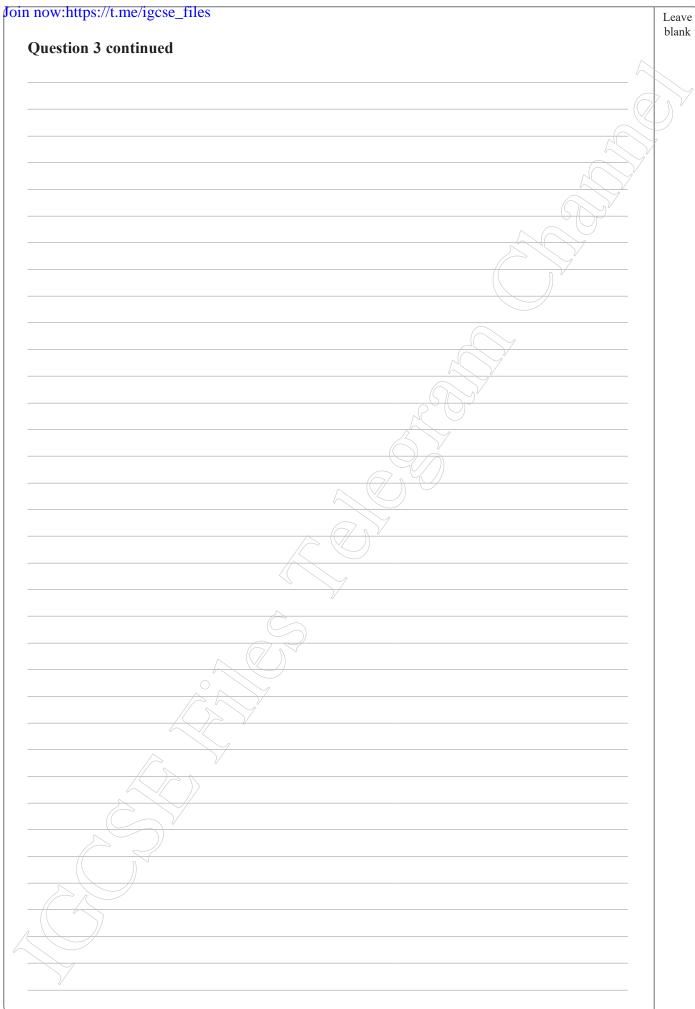
(d) Hence find the exact coordinates of the stationary points of the curve with equation y = f(x).

(4)

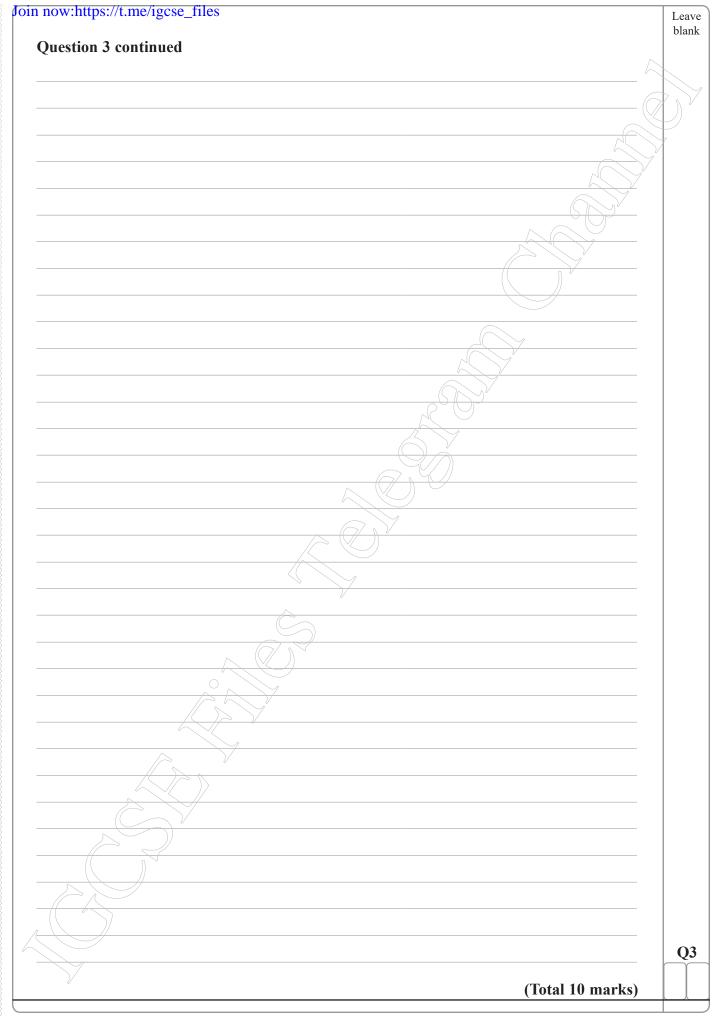








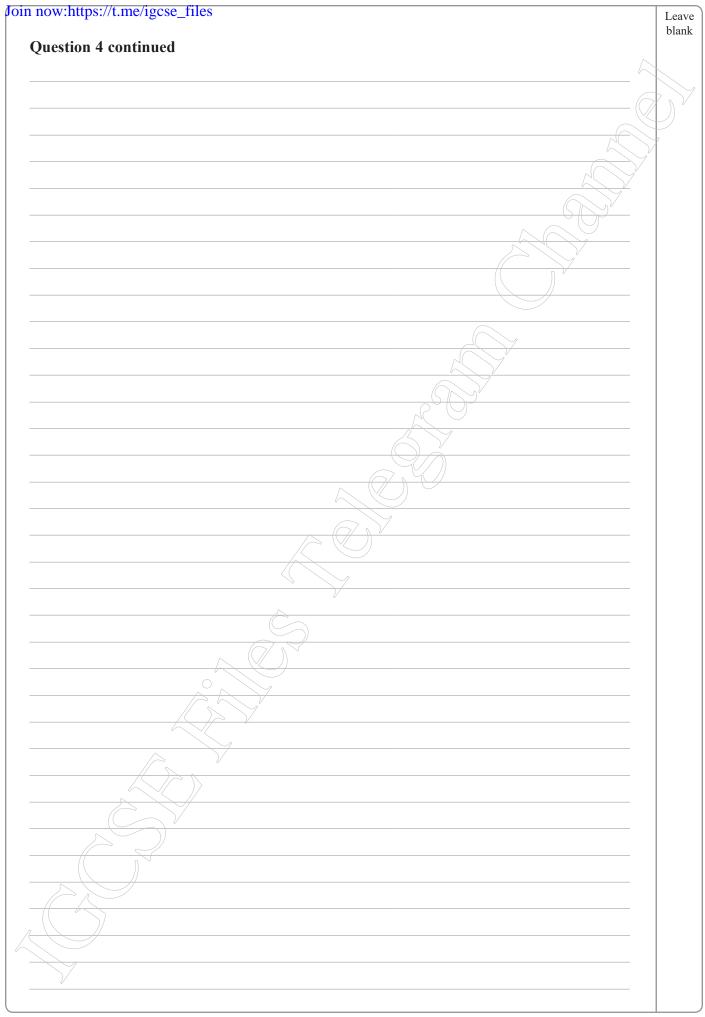




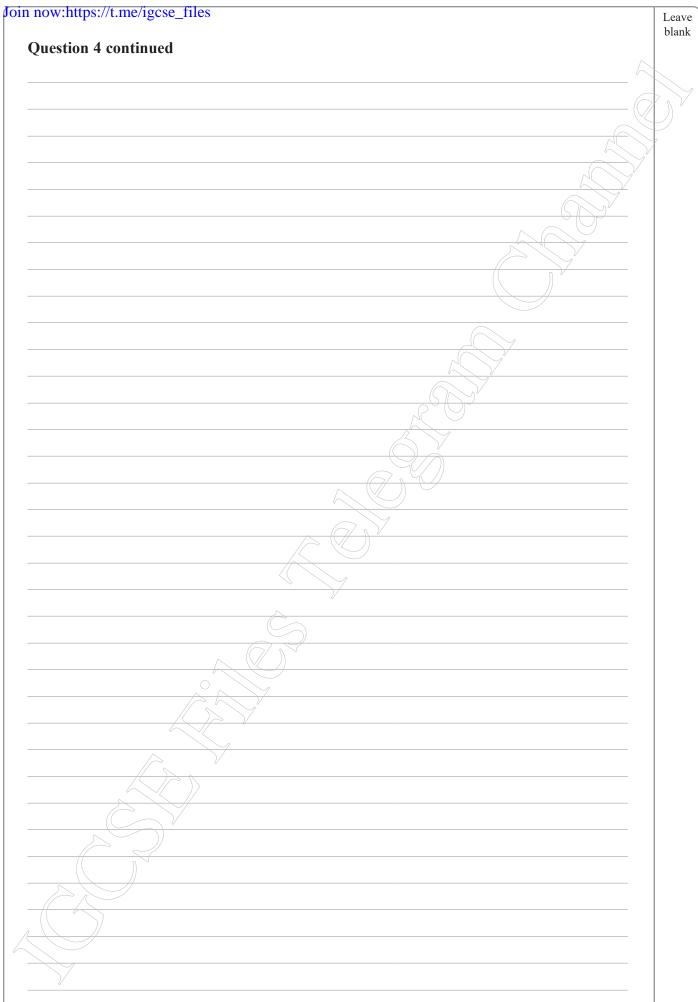


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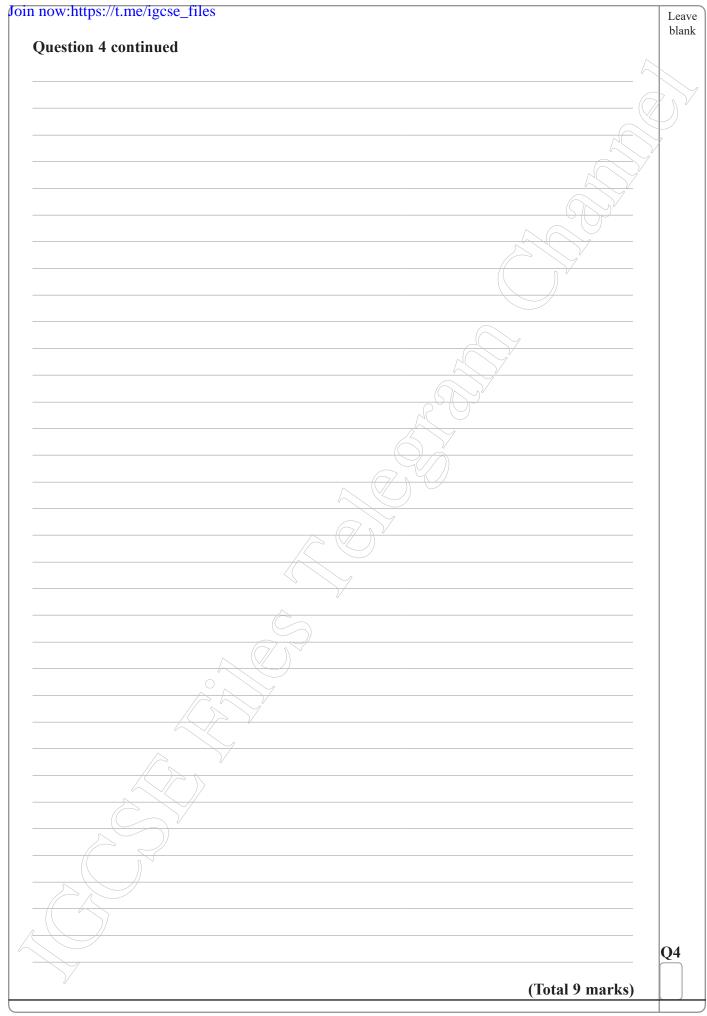
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4.	The points P and Q have coordinates $(-11, 6)$ and $(-3, 12)$ respectively.
	Given that PQ is a diameter of the circle C ,
	(a) (i) find the coordinates of the centre of C,
	(ii) find the radius of C.
	(4) ^V
	(b) Hence find an equation of C. (2)
	(c) Find an equation of the tangent to C at the point Q giving your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$ where a , b and c are integers to be found. (3)
	<u> </u>













5. Ben is saving for the deposit for a house over a period of 60 months.

Ben saves £100 in the first month and in each subsequent month, he saves £5 more than the previous month, so that he saves £105 in the second month, £110 in the third month, and so on, forming an arithmetic sequence.

(a) Find the amount Ben saves in the 40th month.

(2)

(b) Find the total amount Ben saves over the 60-month period.

(3)

Lina is also saving for a deposit for a house.

Lina saves £600 in the first month and in each subsequent month, she saves £10 less than the previous month, so that she saves £590 in the second month, £580 in the third month, and so on, forming an arithmetic sequence.

Given that, after n months, Lina will have saved exactly £18 200 for her deposit,

(c) form an equation in n and show that it can be written as

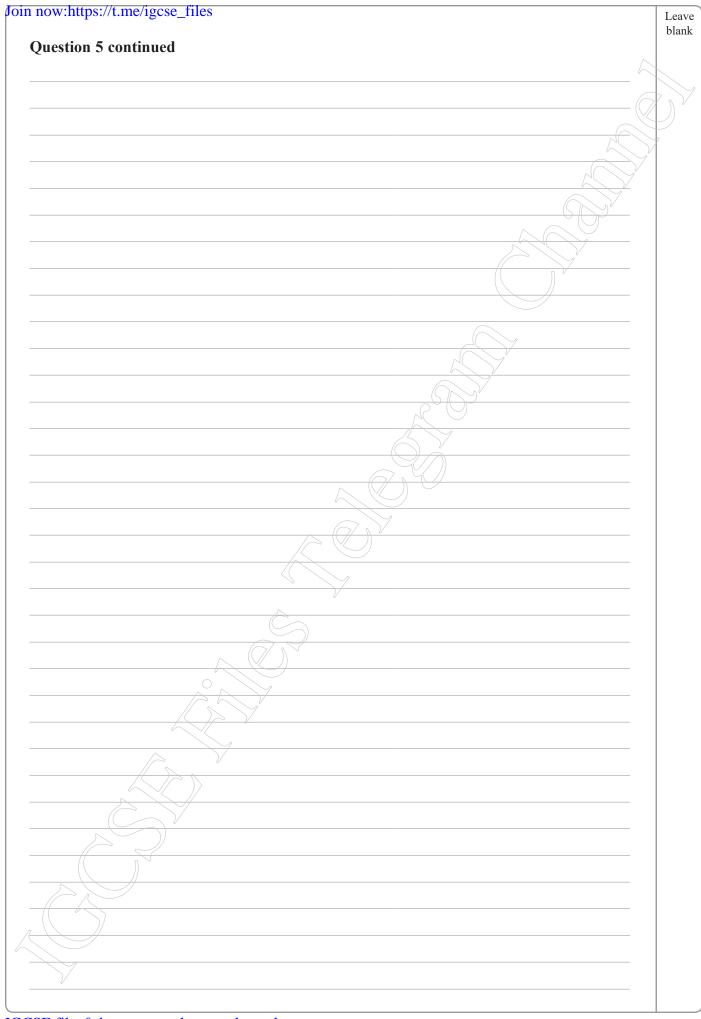
$$n^2 - 121n + 3640 = 0 \tag{3}$$

(d) Solve the equation in part (c).

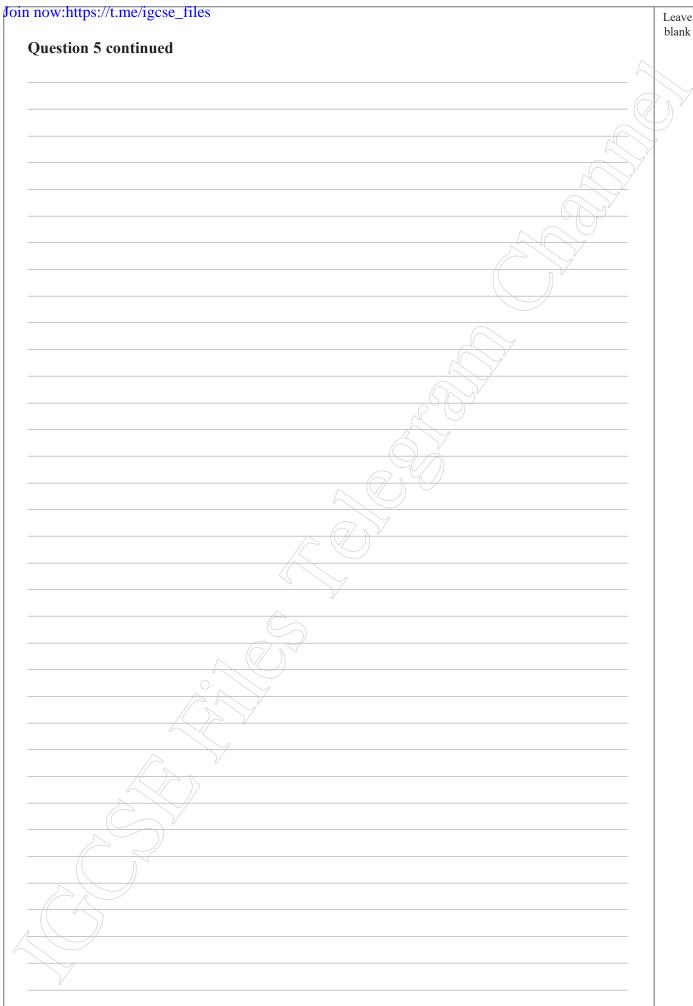
(2)

(e) State, with a reason, which of the solutions to the equation in part (c) is **not** a sensible value for *n*.

(1)









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(Total 11 marks)



6.

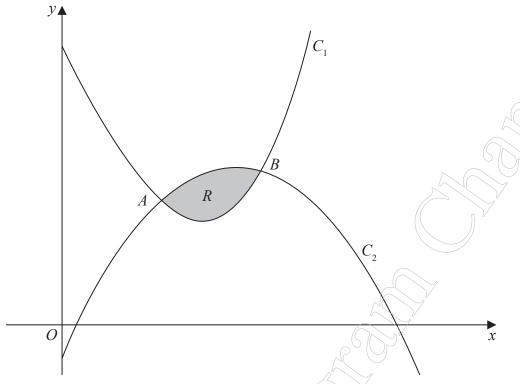


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows a sketch of part of the curves C_1 and C_2 with equations

$$C_1: y = x^3 - 6x + 9$$
 $x \ge 0$
 $C_2: y = -2x^2 + 7x - 1$ $x \ge 0$

The curves C_1 and C_2 intersect at the points A and B as shown in Figure 1.

The point A has coordinates (1, 4).

Using algebra and showing all steps of your working,

(a) find the coordinates of the point B.

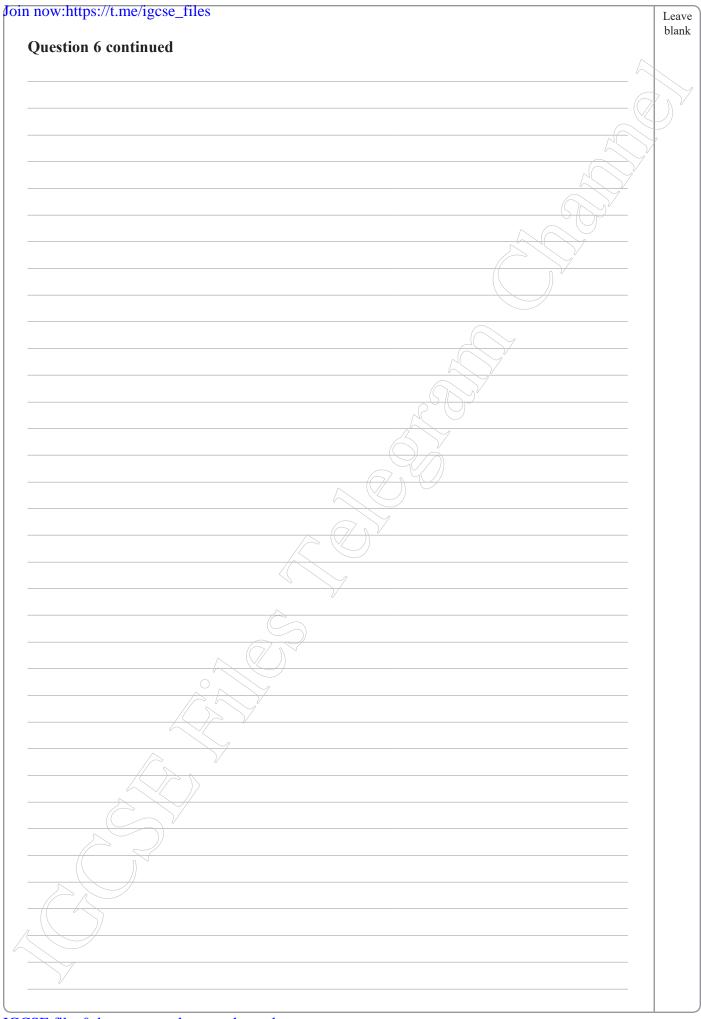
(4)

The finite region R, shown shaded in Figure 1, is bounded by $C_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$ and $C_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$

(b) Use algebraic integration to find the exact area of R.

(5)

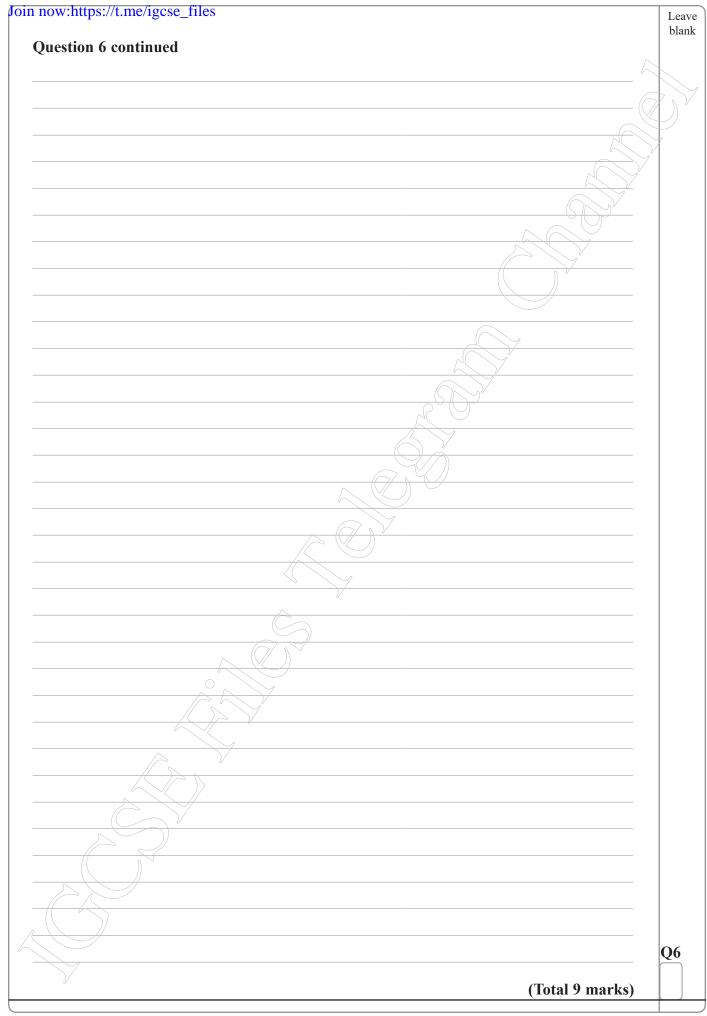
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7. (i) Show that

$$\tan \theta + \frac{1}{\tan \theta} \equiv \frac{1}{\sin \theta \cos \theta}$$
 $\theta \neq \frac{n\pi}{2}$ $n \in \mathbb{Z}$

 $\overline{2} \quad n \in \mathbb{Z}$

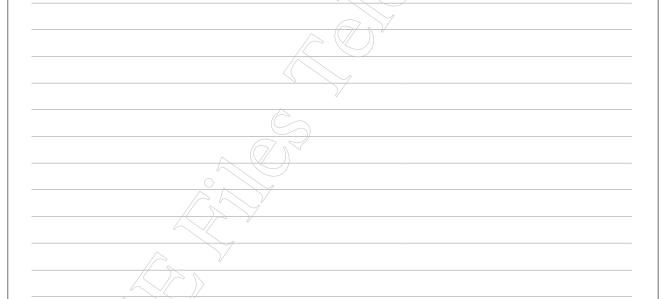
(ii) Solve, for $0 \le x < 90^{\circ}$, the equation

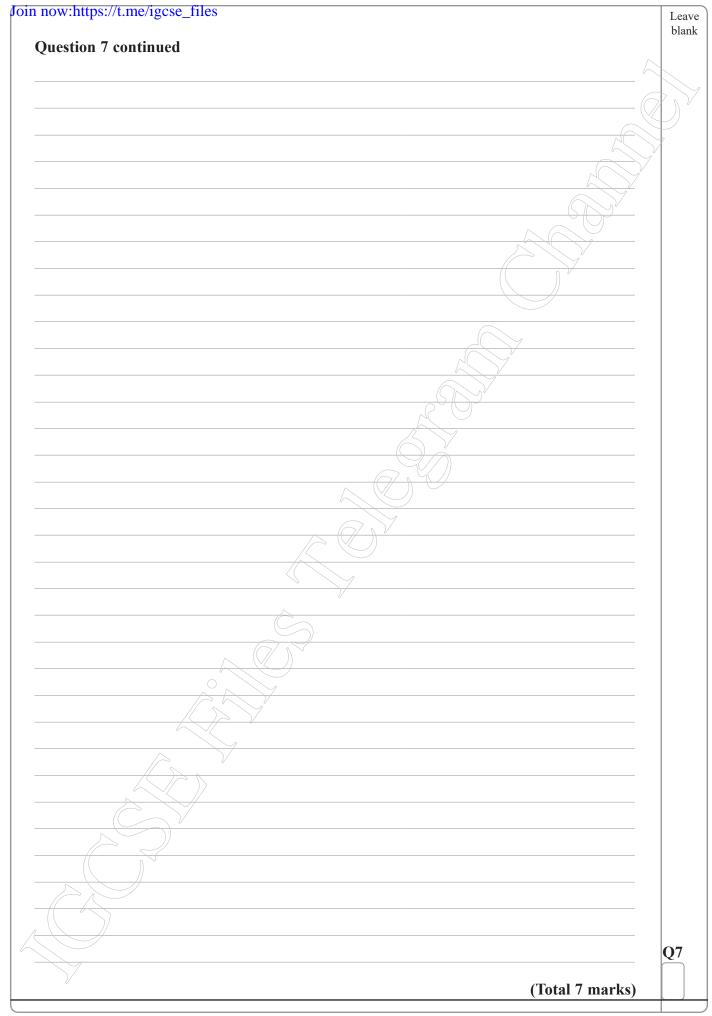
$$3\cos^2(2x+10^\circ)=1$$

giving your answers in degrees to one decimal place.

(Solutions based entirely on graphical or numerical methods are not acceptable.)



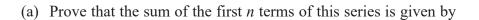




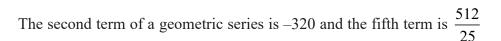


(2)

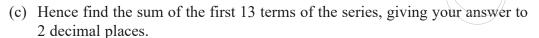
8. A geometric series has first term a and common ratio r.



$$S_n = \frac{a(1 - r^n)}{1 - r}$$

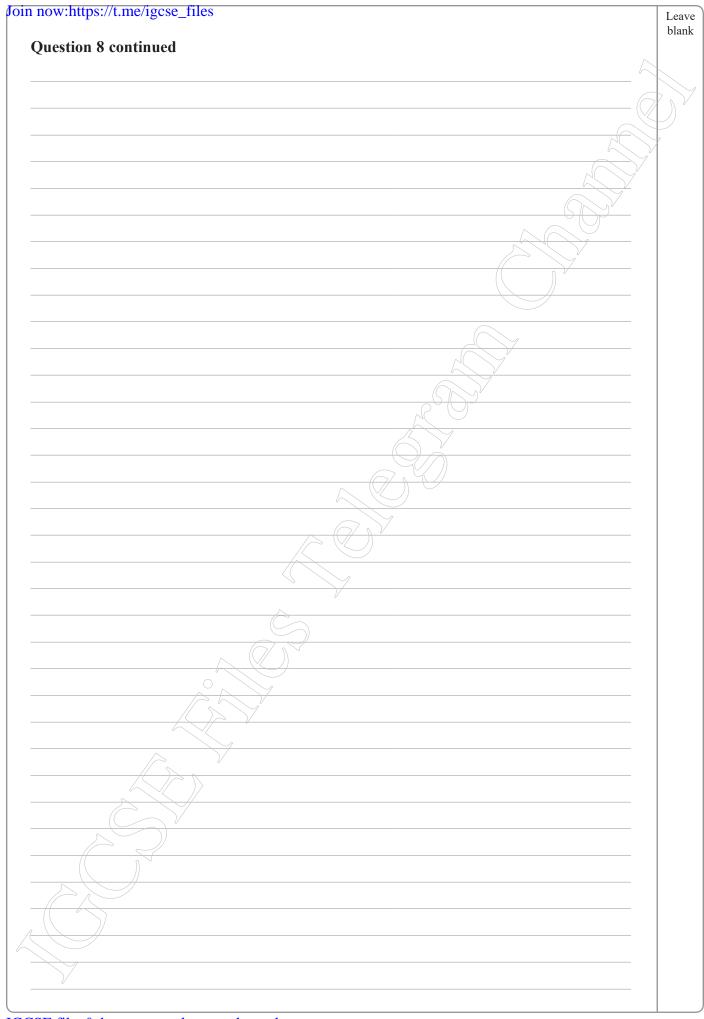


(b) Find the value of the common ratio.

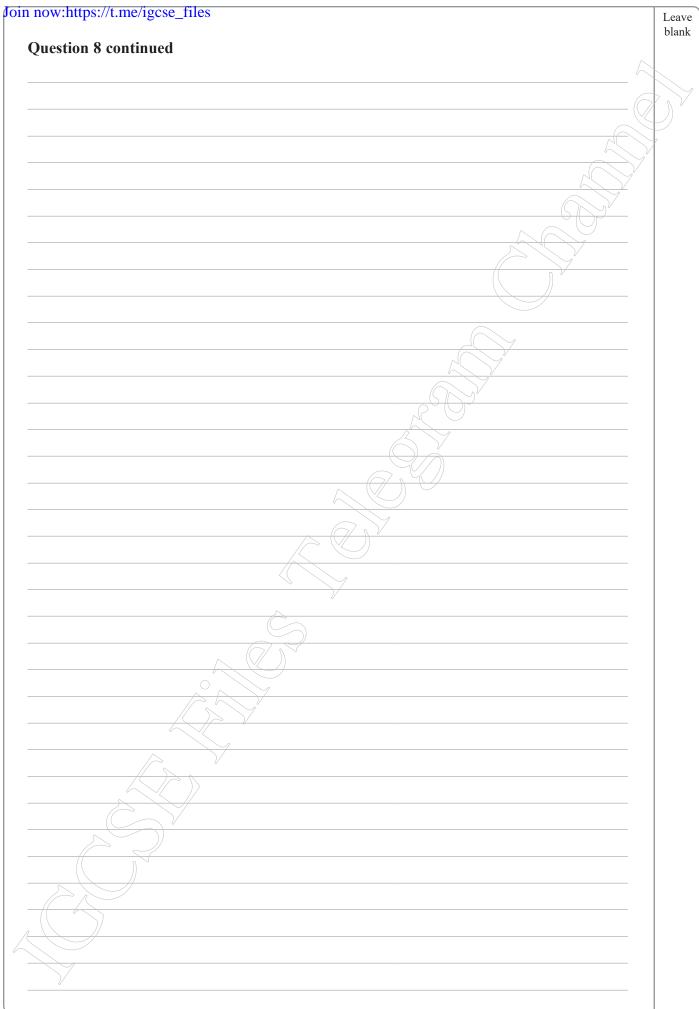




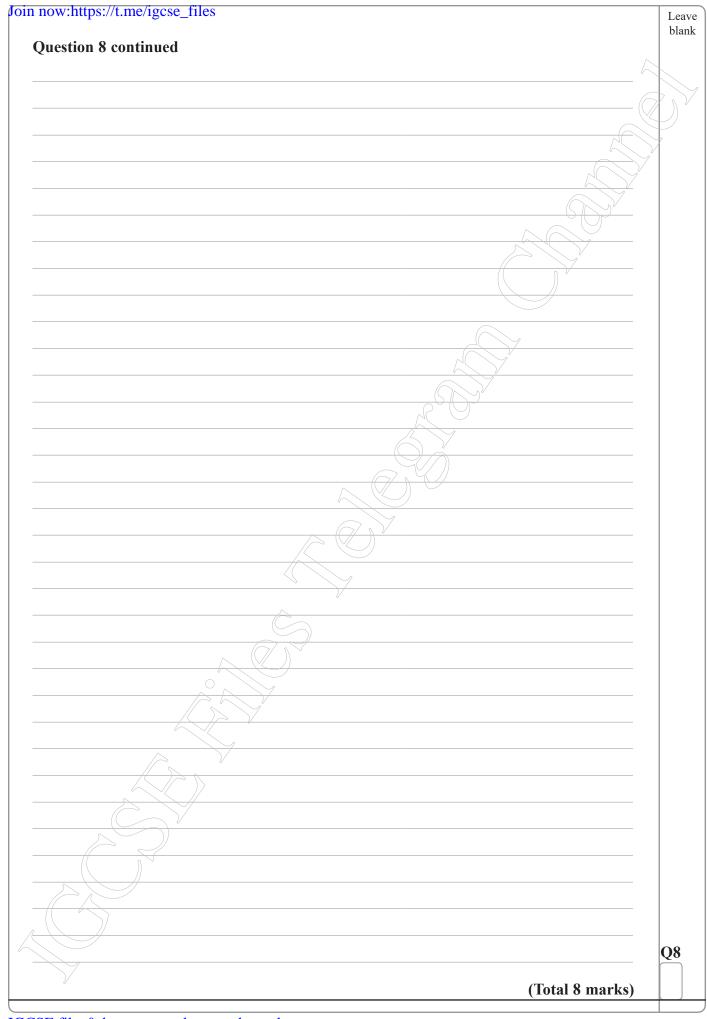














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9. (i) Find the exact value of x for which

$$\log_3(x+5) - 4 = \log_3(2x-1)$$

4)

(ii) Given that

$$3^{y+3} \times 2^{1-2y} = 108$$

(a) show that

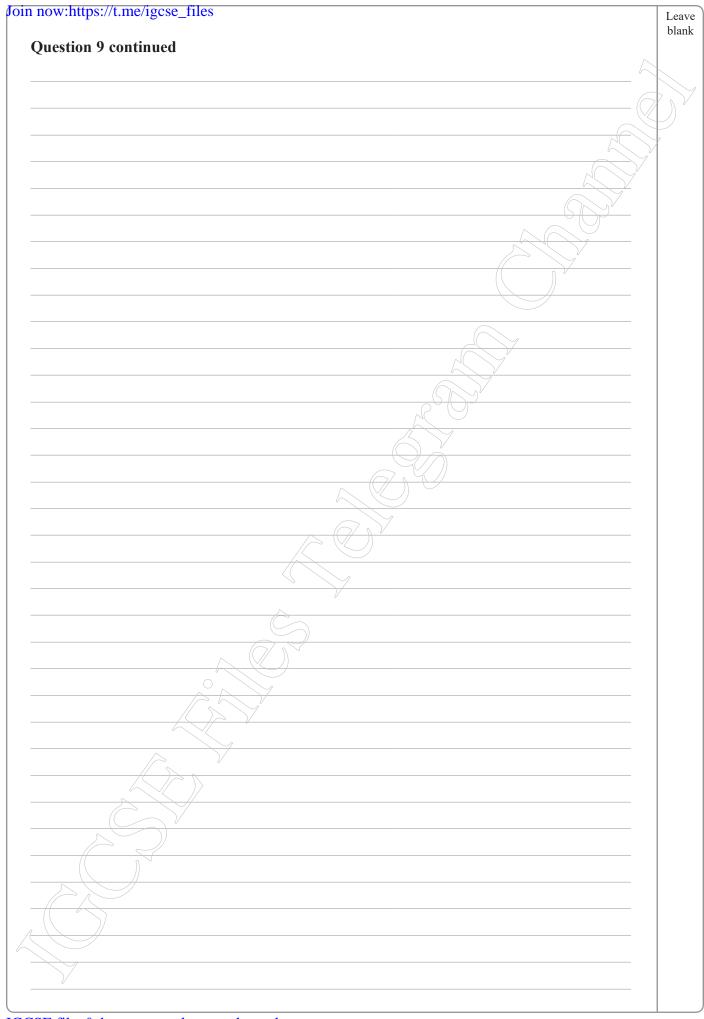
$$0.75^y = 2$$

(4)

(b) Hence find the value of y, giving your answer to 3 decimal places.

(2)







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