

Assignment 1 - Data Analysis and R Programming

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Assignment 1 - Data Analysis and R Programming

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Please import insurance_data.csv before run all code below

```
insurance_data <- read.csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pat-nb/gbc-t405-bus4066-assignment1-r/main/insurance_data.csv")
```

Data Preprocessing

Print the structure of dataset

```
str(insurance_data)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 1340 obs. of 11 variables:
## $ index      : int  0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ...
## $ PatientID  : int  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ age        : num  39 24 NA NA NA NA NA 19 20 30 ...
## $ gender     : chr   "male" "male" "male" "male" ...
## $ bmi        : num  23.2 30.1 33.3 33.7 34.1 34.4 37.3 41.1 43 53.1 ...
## $ bloodpressure: int  91 87 82 80 100 96 86 100 86 97 ...
## $ diabetic   : chr   "Yes" "No" "Yes" "No" ...
## $ children   : int   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ smoker     : chr   "No" "No" "No" "No" ...
## $ region     : chr   "southeast" "southeast" "southeast" "northwest" ...
## $ claim      : num  1122 1132 1136 1136 1137 ...
```

List the variables in dataset

```
names(insurance_data)
```

```
## [1] "index"      "PatientID"  "age"        "gender"
## [5] "bmi"        "bloodpressure" "diabetic"   "children"
## [9] "smoker"     "region"     "claim"
```

Print the top 15 rows of dataset

```
head(insurance_data, n=15)
```

```
##      index PatientID age gender  bmi bloodpressure diabetic children smoker
## 1      0         1  39  male 23.2          91        Yes         0       No
## 2      1         2  24  male 30.1          87        No          0       No
## 3      2         3  NA   male 33.3          82        Yes         0       No
## 4      3         4  NA   male 33.7          80        No          0       No
## 5      4         5  NA   male 34.1         100        No          0       No
## 6      5         6  NA   male 34.4          96        Yes         0       No
## 7      6         7  NA   male 37.3          86        Yes         0       No
## 8      7         8  19  male 41.1         100        No          0       No
## 9      8         9  20  male 43.0          86        No          0       No
## 10     9        10  30  male 53.1          97        No          0       No
## 11    10        11  36  male 19.8          88        Yes         0       No
## 12    11        12  37  male 20.3          90        Yes         0       No
## 13    12        13  19  male 20.7          81        No          0       No
## 14    13        14  32  male 27.6         100        No          0       No
## 15    14        15  40  male 28.7          81        Yes         0       No
##      region  claim
## 1 southeast 1121.87
## 2 southeast 1131.51
## 3 southeast 1135.94
## 4 northwest 1136.40
## 5 northwest 1137.01
## 6 northwest 1137.47
## 7 northwest 1141.45
## 8 northwest 1146.80
## 9 northwest 1149.40
## 10 northwest 1163.46
## 11 northwest 1241.57
## 12 northwest 1242.26
## 13 northwest 1242.82
## 14          1252.41
## 15          1253.94
```

Write a user defined function using any of the variables from the data set

```
cal_yob <- function(age) {
  2021 - age # assume that 2021 is the year that data is created
}
print(head(cal_yob(insurance_data$age), n = 20))
```

```
## [1] 1982 1997 NA NA NA NA NA 2002 2001 1991 1985 1984 2002 1989 1981
## [16] 1989 1986 1980 1972 1973
```

Use data manipulation techniques and filter rows based on any logical criteria that exist in dataset

```
# Attach tidyverse packages to use data manipulation, reading, transforming and visualizing datasets
library("tidyverse")
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.2 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.6      v purrr 1.0.1
## v tibble 3.1.7       v dplyr 1.0.10
## v tidyr 1.2.1        v stringr 1.5.0
## v readr 2.1.3        v forcats 0.5.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
# Select first 10 rows
insurance_data %>%
  select(age, bmi, diabetic, claim) %>%
  filter(age <= 30, diabetic == "Yes") %>%
  slice_head(n = 10)
```

```
##   age  bmi diabetic  claim
## 1  18 35.5      Yes 1532.47
## 2  30 17.5      Yes 1621.34
## 3  29 20.4      Yes 1625.43
## 4  21 22.6      Yes 1628.47
## 5  29 26.8      Yes 1665.00
## 6  30 21.5      Yes 1702.46
## 7  30 23.8      Yes 1705.62
## 8  21 26.1      Yes 1708.93
## 9  21 23.3      Yes 1711.03
## 10 23 28.5      Yes 1712.23
```

Identify the dependent & independent variables and use reshaping techniques and create a new data frame by joining those variables from dataset

```
# Create a new data frame with smoker and diabetic column
reshap_col_smoker_diab <- cbind(insurance_data$smoker, insurance_data$diabetic)
print(head(reshap_col_smoker_diab, n = 10))
```

```
##      [,1] [,2]
## [1,] "No" "Yes"
## [2,] "No" "No"
## [3,] "No" "Yes"
## [4,] "No" "No"
## [5,] "No" "No"
```

```
## [6,] "No" "Yes"
## [7,] "No" "Yes"
## [8,] "No" "No"
## [9,] "No" "No"
## [10,] "No" "No"
```

```
# Find and store patients whose age is under 20
df_age_under_20 <- insurance_data %>%
  select(PatientID, age, bmi, diabetic, claim) %>%
  filter(age < 20) %>%
  arrange(age, by_group = TRUE)

# Find and store patients whose age is from 20 to 30
df_age_20_30 <- insurance_data %>%
  select(PatientID, age, bmi, diabetic, claim) %>%
  filter(age >= 20, age < 30) %>%
  arrange(age, by_group = TRUE)

# Create a new data frame with patients whose age under 30 by merging 2 prepared data frame
df_age_under_30 <- rbind(df_age_under_20, df_age_20_30)
print(head(df_age_under_30, n = 10))
```

```
## PatientID age bmi diabetic claim
## 1 23 18 35.5 Yes 1532.47
## 2 42 18 27.8 No 1635.73
## 3 153 18 27.6 Yes 2523.17
## 4 245 18 25.5 Yes 3645.09
## 5 260 18 30.9 No 3877.30
## 6 327 18 30.8 Yes 4646.76
## 7 463 18 29.8 No 6406.41
## 8 518 18 36.0 No 7160.33
## 9 565 18 26.6 No 7742.11
## 10 581 18 32.0 Yes 8116.27
```

Remove missing values in dataset.

```
insurance_data %>%
  select(2:5, 11) %>%
  filter(!is.na(age)) %>%
  slice_head(n = 10)
```

```
## PatientID age gender bmi claim
## 1 1 39 male 23.2 1121.87
## 2 2 24 male 30.1 1131.51
## 3 8 19 male 41.1 1146.80
## 4 9 20 male 43.0 1149.40
## 5 10 30 male 53.1 1163.46
## 6 11 36 male 19.8 1241.57
## 7 12 37 male 20.3 1242.26
## 8 13 19 male 20.7 1242.82
## 9 14 32 male 27.6 1252.41
## 10 15 40 male 28.7 1253.94
```

Identify and remove duplicated data in dataset

```
# Identify duplicated data
insurance_data[duplicated(insurance_data)]
```

```
## data frame with 0 columns and 1340 rows
```

```
# Remove duplicated rows in a data frame
insurance_data %>%
  select(2:5, 11) %>%
  distinct() %>%
  slice_head(n = 10)
```

```
##   PatientID age gender  bmi   claim
## 1         1  39  male 23.2 1121.87
## 2         2  24  male 30.1 1131.51
## 3         3  NA  male 33.3 1135.94
## 4         4  NA  male 33.7 1136.40
## 5         5  NA  male 34.1 1137.01
## 6         6  NA  male 34.4 1137.47
## 7         7  NA  male 37.3 1141.45
## 8         8  19  male 41.1 1146.80
## 9         9  20  male 43.0 1149.40
## 10        10  30  male 53.1 1163.46
```

```
# Remove duplicated rows based on age
insurance_data %>%
  select(2:5, 11) %>%
  distinct(age)
```

```
##   age
## 1  39
## 2  24
## 3  NA
## 4  19
## 5  20
## 6  30
## 7  36
## 8  37
## 9  32
## 10 40
## 11 35
## 12 41
## 13 49
## 14 48
## 15 45
## 16 34
## 17 18
## 18 42
## 19 50
## 20 23
```

```
## 21 58
## 22 29
## 23 21
## 24 52
## 25 43
## 26 47
## 27 28
## 28 44
## 29 31
## 30 51
## 31 60
## 32 27
## 33 26
## 34 22
## 35 38
## 36 53
## 37 54
## 38 33
## 39 59
## 40 55
## 41 46
## 42 57
## 43 25
## 44 56
```

Reorder multiple rows in descending order

```
insurance_data %>%
  select(2:5, 11) %>%
  arrange(-age, -claim) %>%
  slice_head(n = 10)
```

```
##   PatientID age gender  bmi    claim
## 1      1302  60 female 35.0 44641.20
## 2      1225  60 female 32.5 36898.73
## 3      1124  60 female 30.6 24059.68
## 4      1105  60 female 28.1 22331.57
## 5      1047  60 female 18.3 19023.26
## 6      1021  60 female 23.7 17626.24
## 7      1009  60 female 27.9 16884.92
## 8       865  60 female 37.5 12265.51
## 9       782  60 female 39.8 11090.72
## 10      773  60 female 41.5 10977.21
```

Rename some of the column names in dataset

```
insurance_data %>%
  select(2:5, 11) %>%
  rename(patient_id=PatientID) %>%
  slice_head(n = 10)
```

```
##      patient_id age gender  bmi   claim
## 1         1    39  male 23.2 1121.87
## 2         2    24  male 30.1 1131.51
## 3         3    NA  male 33.3 1135.94
## 4         4    NA  male 33.7 1136.40
## 5         5    NA  male 34.1 1137.01
## 6         6    NA  male 34.4 1137.47
## 7         7    NA  male 37.3 1141.45
## 8         8    19  male 41.1 1146.80
## 9         9    20  male 43.0 1149.40
## 10        10    30  male 53.1 1163.46
```

Add new variables in data frame by using a mathematical function

```
insurance_data %>%
  filter(!is.na(age)) %>%
  mutate(yob = 2021 - age) %>%
  slice_head(n = 10)
```

```
##      index PatientID age gender  bmi bloodpressure diabetic children smoker
## 1         0         1  39  male 23.2           91      Yes         0      No
## 2         1         2  24  male 30.1           87      No         0      No
## 3         7         8  19  male 41.1          100      No         0      No
## 4         8         9  20  male 43.0           86      No         0      No
## 5         9        10  30  male 53.1           97      No         0      No
## 6        10        11  36  male 19.8           88      Yes         0      No
## 7        11        12  37  male 20.3           90      Yes         0      No
## 8        12        13  19  male 20.7           81      No         0      No
## 9        13        14  32  male 27.6          100      No         0      No
## 10       14        15  40  male 28.7           81      Yes         0      No
##      region   claim yob
## 1 southeast 1121.87 1982
## 2 southeast 1131.51 1997
## 3 northwest 1146.80 2002
## 4 northwest 1149.40 2001
## 5 northwest 1163.46 1991
## 6 northwest 1241.57 1985
## 7 northwest 1242.26 1984
## 8 northwest 1242.82 2002
## 9           1252.41 1989
## 10          1253.94 1981
```

Create a training set using random number generator engine

```
# Total number of data
count(insurance_data)
```

```
##      n
## 1 1340
```

```
# Number of selected 5% data
count(insurance_data) * 0.05
```

```
##      n
## 1 67
```

```
# Random select 5% of records
set.seed(1234)
insurance_data %>%
  sample_frac(0.05, replace = FALSE)
```

```
##      index PatientID age gender  bmi bloodpressure diabetic children smoker
## 1    1307      1308  47  male 31.4          137        No         3      Yes
## 2    1017      1018  32 female 28.3          92        No         0      Yes
## 3    1124      1125  46 female 23.8          86       Yes         3      Yes
## 4    1003      1004  42 female 24.8          83        No         0      Yes
## 5     622       623  36  male 23.6          86        No         2      No
## 6     904       905  25  male 39.9          88        No         0      No
## 7     644       645  43  male 43.9          89       Yes         3      No
## 8     933       934  28 female 31.8        110       Yes         2      No
## 9     399       400  27 female 19.9          81        No         0      No
## 10    899       900  33  male 33.7          98        No         4      No
## 11     97        98  44  male 25.2          91        No         0      No
## 12   1126      1127  51 female 41.9        106        No         0      No
## 13     725       726  36 female 23.2        104       Yes         0      No
## 14     325       326  31 female 30.2          83        No         3      No
## 15   1102      1103  40 female 24.0          87       Yes         1      No
## 16     883       884  57 female 25.7          94        No         2      No
## 17     269       270  49 female 41.1          88       Yes         0      No
## 18     183       184  37  male 27.2          87       Yes         0      No
## 19     573       574  42 female 37.0          80        No         1      No
## 20        3         4  NA   male 33.7          80        No         0      No
## 21     551       552  37 female 25.8          87        No         1      No
## 22   1235      1236  19  male 34.4        106        No         0      Yes
## 23     951       952  50 female 27.8          80       Yes         3      No
## 24   1218      1219  37  male 34.4        126        No         0      Yes
## 25     995       996  55 female 39.1          83       Yes         3      No
## 26     478       479  38  male 41.2          81       Yes         1      No
## 27     633       634  29  male 25.4          87       Yes         0      No
## 28     900       901  40  male 38.4          82        No         0      No
## 29     577       578  25  male 32.3          98        No         1      No
## 30   1131      1132  43 female 27.6        107        No         2      Yes
## 31     130       131  30 female 31.9          89        No         0      No
## 32   1064      1065  28 female 20.0          96       Yes         2      Yes
## 33   1013      1014  45  male 27.4          83        No         1      Yes
## 34     739       740  37  male 29.2        109        No         1      No
## 35     297       298  40 female 29.3          87       Yes         1      No
## 36     257       258  33  male 28.9          87        No         0      No
## 37      78        79  42 female 31.5        100        No         0      No
## 38   1205      1206  20  male 34.9        124       Yes         0      Yes
## 39     304       305  32  male 31.7          83       Yes         2      No
## 40     695       696  26  male 30.2          99        No         1      No
```



```

## 41 306 307 44 male 27.0 100 Yes 2 No
## 42 901 902 19 male 21.4 85 Yes 0 No
## 43 1244 1245 22 male 36.3 123 No 2 Yes
## 44 560 561 50 male 26.1 96 Yes 2 No
## 45 135 136 29 male 23.7 89 Yes 0 No
## 46 1168 1169 36 female 27.6 118 No 1 No
## 47 958 959 28 female 25.1 103 No 0 No
## 48 122 123 52 female 35.6 89 No 0 No
## 49 1257 1258 43 male 36.7 139 Yes 1 Yes
## 50 607 608 50 female 27.8 80 No 2 No
## 51 494 495 32 male 26.0 90 No 0 No
## 52 533 534 32 female 33.1 94 Yes 0 No
## 53 802 803 42 male 49.1 109 Yes 0 No
## 54 207 208 48 female 40.2 82 No 0 No
## 55 1154 1155 31 male 23.8 126 Yes 0 Yes
## 56 853 854 27 female 30.8 97 Yes 3 No
## 57 568 569 58 female 38.3 87 Yes 0 No
## 58 950 951 32 female 27.7 86 Yes 3 No
## 59 247 248 31 male 30.3 92 No 0 No
## 60 664 665 43 female 34.1 81 No 0 No
## 61 594 595 33 female 33.3 93 Yes 0 No
## 62 433 434 36 male 37.1 88 No 1 No
## 63 756 757 26 male 35.6 106 Yes 4 No
## 64 759 760 34 male 29.0 110 Yes 0 No
## 65 1241 1242 32 male 33.4 112 Yes 2 Yes
## 66 275 276 37 male 33.2 90 Yes 2 No
## 67 168 169 26 female 25.7 88 No 1 No
## region claim
## 1 northwest 46130.53
## 2 northwest 17468.98
## 3 northeast 24106.91
## 4 southeast 16577.78
## 5 northeast 8603.82
## 6 southeast 12982.87
## 7 southeast 8944.12
## 8 northeast 13607.37
## 9 southeast 5458.05
## 10 southeast 12949.16
## 11 northwest 2045.69
## 12 southeast 24227.34
## 13 northeast 10197.77
## 14 northwest 4618.08
## 15 southeast 22192.44
## 16 southeast 12629.17
## 17 southwest 3989.84
## 18 southwest 2866.09
## 19 northwest 8023.14
## 20 northwest 1136.40
## 21 southwest 7624.63
## 22 southeast 37742.58
## 23 southeast 14001.29
## 24 southwest 36197.70
## 25 southeast 16085.13
## 26 southeast 6610.11

```

```
## 27 southwest 8782.47
## 28 northwest 12950.07
## 29 southwest 8062.76
## 30 northwest 24535.70
## 31 northwest 2261.57
## 32 northeast 19798.05
## 33 northeast 17178.68
## 34 southwest 10436.10
## 35 southeast 4350.51
## 36 northwest 3866.86
## 37 southeast 1877.93
## 38 southwest 34828.65
## 39 northwest 4433.39
## 40 southwest 9724.53
## 41 southeast 4435.09
## 42 southwest 12957.12
## 43 southwest 38711.00
## 44 southeast 7729.65
## 45 northwest 2352.97
## 46 northwest 28340.19
## 47 northwest 14254.61
## 48 southeast 2211.13
## 49 northeast 39774.28
## 50 southeast 8515.76
## 51 southeast 6837.37
## 52 southwest 7345.08
## 53 southeast 11381.33
## 54 northwest 3201.25
## 55 southeast 26926.51
## 56 southwest 12105.32
## 57 northeast 7935.29
## 58 southeast 14001.13
## 59 southeast 3704.35
## 60 southeast 9283.56
## 61 southeast 8283.68
## 62 southeast 6079.67
## 63 northeast 10736.87
## 64 northeast 10796.35
## 65 southwest 38415.47
## 66 northwest 4058.71
## 67 northwest 2710.83
```

Print the summary statistics of dataset

```
insurance_data %>%
  group_by(age) %>%
  summarise(mean(claim)) %>%
  slice_head(n = 10)
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 2
##   age 'mean(claim)'
##   <dbl>         <dbl>
```

```
## 1    18    10724.
## 2    19    13785.
## 3    20    16147.
## 4    21    11827.
## 5    22    21664.
## 6    23    12455.
## 7    24     8709.
## 8    25    13165.
## 9    26    13743.
## 10   27    15201.
```

Use any of the numerical variables from the dataset and perform the following statistical functions: Mean, Median, Mode, Range

```
# Find mean of claim
cat("Mean claim = ", as.character(mean(insurance_data$claim)))
```

```
## Mean claim = 13252.745641791
```

```
# Find median of claim
cat("Median claim = ", median(insurance_data$claim))
```

```
## Median claim = 9369.615
```

```
# Find mode of age
cal_mode <- function(v) {
  unqv <- unique(v)
  unqv[which.max(tabulate(match(v, unqv)))]
}
cat("Mode age = ", cal_mode(insurance_data$age))
```

```
## Mode age = 43
```

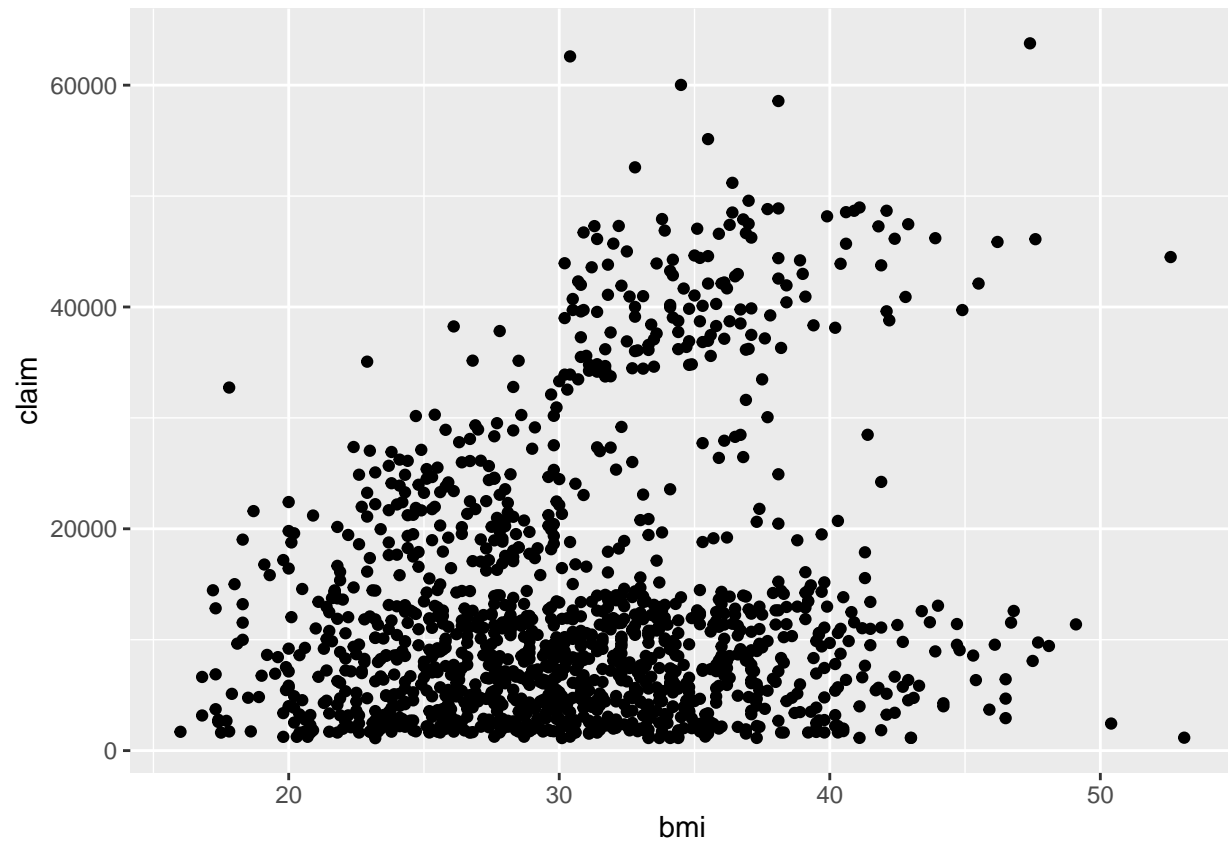
```
# Find range of claim
cat("Range claim = ", (range(insurance_data$claim)))
```

```
## Range claim = 1121.87 63770.43
```

Visualization

Plot a scatter plot for any 2 variables in dataset

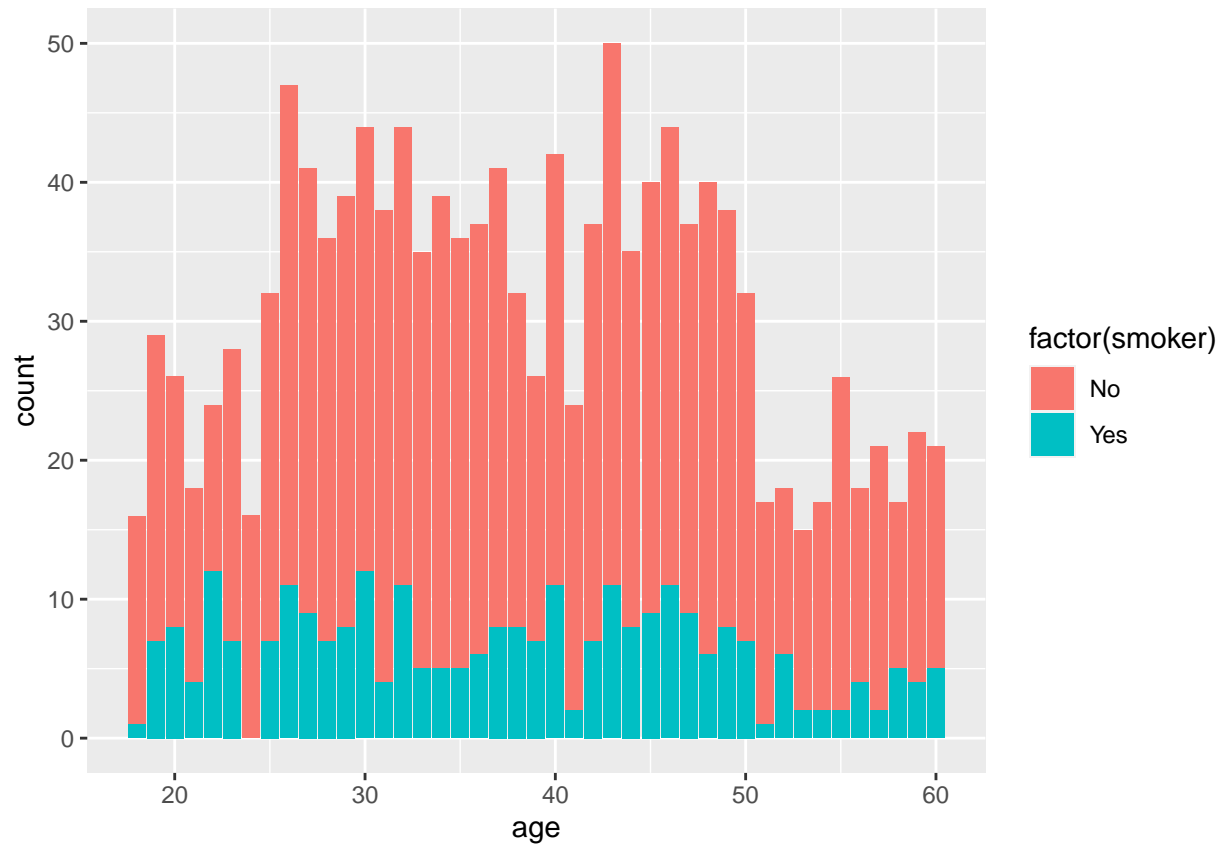
```
ggplot(data = insurance_data,
       mapping = aes(x=bmi,
                     y=claim)) +
  geom_point()
```



Plot a bar plot for any 2 variables in dataset

```
ggplot(data = insurance_data,  
  aes(x = age, fill = factor(smoker))) +  
  geom_bar()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 5 rows containing non-finite values (stat_count).
```



Correlation

Find the correlation between any 2 variables by applying least square linear regression model

```
corr_bmi_claim = cor(insurance_data$claim, insurance_data$bmi, method="pearson")
print(corr_bmi_claim)
```

```
## [1] 0.1974013
```