### **COEN 169**

# **Recommendation Systems III**

Yi Fang

Department of Computer Engineering

Santa Clara University

## K Nearest Neighborhood

User-based Collaborative Filtering "Similar users rate similarly!"

Item-based Collaborative Filtering "Similar items are rated similarly!"

# Centering your data

- Some users have orders of magnitude more ratings than others
- Estimates based on fewer data points tend to be noisier

Hard to trust mean based on one rating

# Smoothing may help!

Linear smoothing

$$r_{u} = \alpha \cdot r_{u} + (1 - \alpha) \cdot g$$

where g is the global mean of ratings

- Problem:  $\alpha$  is fixed and not depend on the number of u's ratings
- Dirichlet smoothing?

$$\tilde{r_u} = \frac{n_u}{\beta + n_u} \cdot r_u + \frac{\beta}{\beta + n_u} \cdot g$$

where  $n_u$  is the number of u's ratings

## Previous example

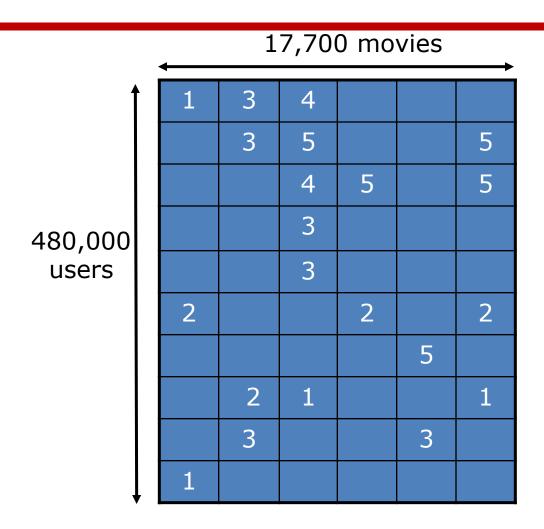
For global mean g=3.5 and  $\beta=1$ 

	Α	В	C	D	Ε	F	User mean	Shrunk mean
Alice	2	5	5	4	3	5	4	3.94
Bob	2	?	?	?	?	?	2	2.79
Craig	3	3	4	3	?	4	3.4	3.43

# The \$1 Million Question



# Ratings Data



## **Training Data**

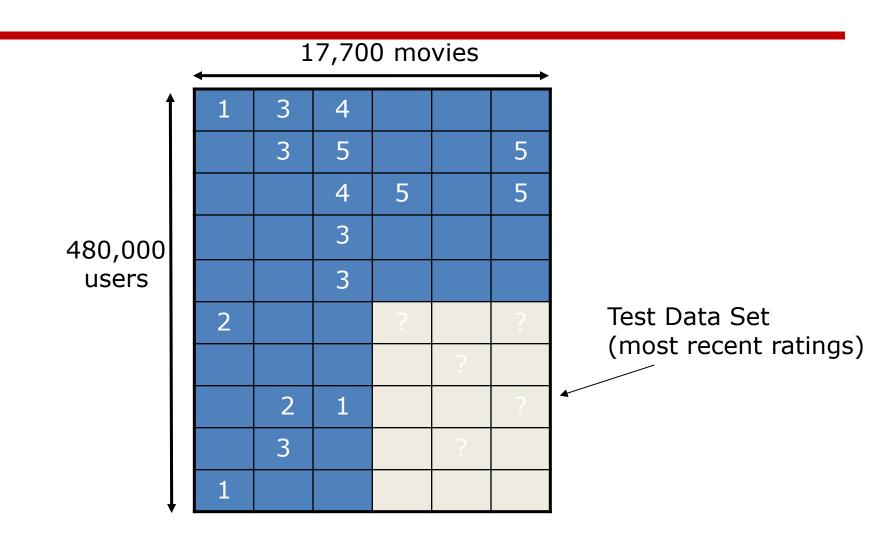
100 million ratings (matrix is 99% sparse)

Rating = [user, movie-id, time-stamp, rating value]

Generated by users between Oct 1998 and Dec 2005

Users were randomly chosen

## Ratings Data



## Structure of Competition

- Register to enter at Netflix site
- Download training data of 100 million ratings
  - 480k users x 17.7k movies
  - Anonymized
- Submit predictions for 3 million ratings in "test set"
  - True ratings are known only to Netflix
- Can submit multiple times (limit of once/day)
- Prize
  - \$1 million dollars if error is 10% lower than Netflix current system
  - Annual progress prize of \$50,000 to leading team each year

# Scoring

- Minimize root mean square error (RMSE)
- Does not necessarily correlate well with user satisfaction
- But is a widely-used well-understood quantitative measure

### RMSE Baseline Scores on Test Data

1.054 - just use the mean user rating for each movie

0.953 - Netflix's own system (Cinematch) as of 2006

0.941 - k nearest-neighbor method using Pearson correlation

0.857 - required 10% reduction to win \$1 million

# Other Aspects of Rules

- Rights
  - Software + non-exclusive license to Netflix
  - Algorithm description to be posted publicly

 Competition not open to entrants in North Korea, Iran, Libya, Cuba....and Quebec of Canada

# First Progress Prize, October 2007

Progress prize: \$50k annually awarded to leading team provided there is at least 1% improvement over previous year

Oct 2<sup>nd</sup> Leaders were BellKor, 8.4% improvement

(Yehuda Koren, Bob Bell, Chris Volinksy, AT&T Research)

Oct/Nov Code and documentation submitted for judging

Complicated methods: primarily relying on factor models

Nov 13 Winners officially declared and BellKor documentation

published on Netflix Web site

## Progress in 2008...

Progress slows down...improvements are incremental

Many of the leading prize contenders publishing their methods and techniques at academic conferences

Much speculation on whether the prize would ever be won – is 10% even attainable?

Many initial participants had dropped out – too much time and effort to seriously compete

But leaderboard and forum still very active

## Progress Prize 2008

Oct 2<sup>nd</sup> Leading team has 9.4% overall improvement

Oct/Nov Code/documentation reviewed and judged

Progress prize (\$50,000) awarded to BellKor team of 3 AT&T researchers (same as before) plus 2 Austrian graduate students

Key winning strategy: clever "blending" of predictions from models used by both teams

Speculation that 10% would be attained by mid-2009

## The End Game

### **Netflix Prize**



Home

Rules

Leaderboard

Update

Download

### Leaderboard

Showing Test Score. Click here to show quiz score

Display top 20 💠 leaders.

Rank	Team Name	Best Test Score	% Improvement	Best Submit Time			
Grand Prize - RMSE = 0.8567 - Winning Team: BellKor's Pragmatic Chaos							
1	BellKor's Pragmatic Chaos	0.8567	10.06	2009-07-26 18:18:28			
2	The Ensemble	0.8567	10.06	2009-07-26 18:38:22			
3	Grand Prize Team	ე.გ	9.90	2009-07-10 21:24:40			
4	Opera Solutions and Vandelay United	0.8588	9.84	2009-07-10 01:12:31			
5	Vandelay Industries !	0.8591	9.81	2009-07-10 00:32:20			
6	<u>PragmaticTheory</u>	0.8594	9.77	2009-06-24 12:06:56			
7	BellKor in BigChaos	0.8601	9.70	2009-05-13 08:14:09			
8	<u>Dace</u>	0.8612	9.59	2009-07-24 17:18:43			
9	Feeds2	0.8622	9.48	2009-07-12 13:11:51			
10	<u>BigChaos</u>	0.8623	9.47	2009-04-07 12:33:59			
11	Opera Solutions	0.8623	9.47	2009-07-24 00:34:07			
12	BellKor	0.8624	9.46	2009-07-26 17:19:11			
Progress Prize 2008 - RMSE = 0.8627 - Winning Team: BellKor in BigChaos							
13	xiangliang	0.8642	9.27	2009-07-15 14:53:22			
14	Gravity	0.8643	9.26	2009-04-22 18:31:32			
15	Ces	0.8651	9.18	2009-06-21 19:24:53			
16	Invisible Ideas	0.8653	9.15	2009-07-15 15:53:04			
17	Just a guy in a garage	0.8662	9.06	2009-05-24 10:02:54			
18	J Dennis Su	0.8666	9.02	2009-03-07 17:16:17			
19	Craig Carmichael	0.8666	9.02	2009-07-25 16:00:54			
20	acmehill	0.8668	9.00	2009-03-21 16:20:50			
Progr							

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## Million Dollars Awarded Sept 21st 2009



### Lessons Learned

Combining results from various methods works surprisingly well!

# Why combine models?

- Diversity in Decision Making
- Utility of combining diverse, independent outcomes in human decision-making
  - Expert panels
  - Protective Mechanism
     (e.g. stock portfolio diversity)

# Recommendations in industry

 "60 percent of Netflix views are a result of Netflix's personalized recommendations"

 "35 percent of Amazon product sales result from recommendations"

### Recommendation Products at LinkedIn

#### Jobs You May Be Interested In



#### **Talent Match**



#### CAP



#### Similar Profiles



Companies Recommendations, similar companies search, peer companies, and company browse maps, company products and services browse maps



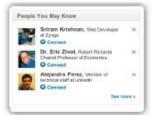
#### Related search



#### Profile browse maps



#### Connections



#### **Network updates**



#### Jobs browse maps



#### Ad matching engine

pCTR = f(member, creative, advertiser, context, inventory, OCTR)

#### **Events You May** Be Interested In



#### Groups

Recommendations, similar groups search



#### Similar jobs



#### Referral Engine



#### News



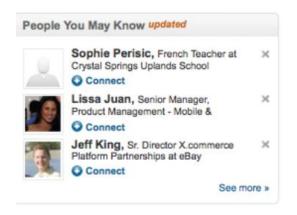


### Recommendations at LinkedIn

### More than 50%

### Recommendations drive:

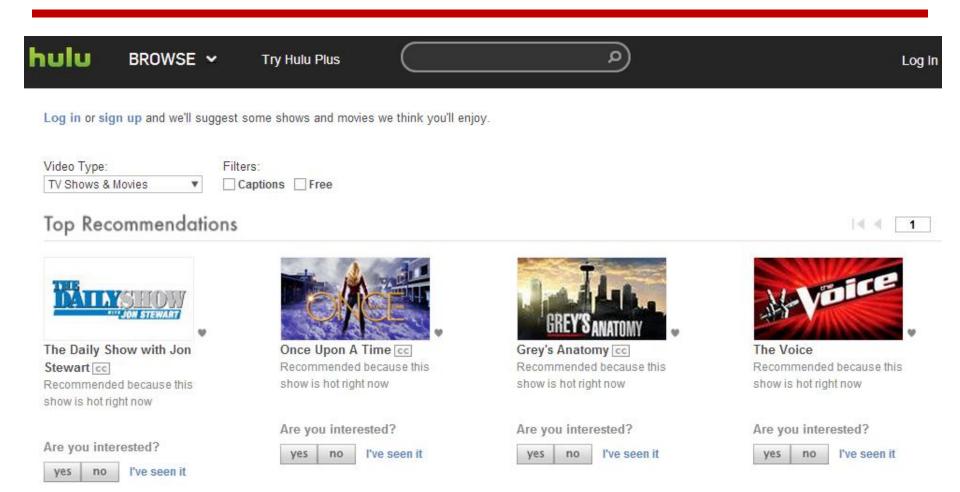
- > 50% of connections
  - > 50% of job applications
    - > 50% of group joins



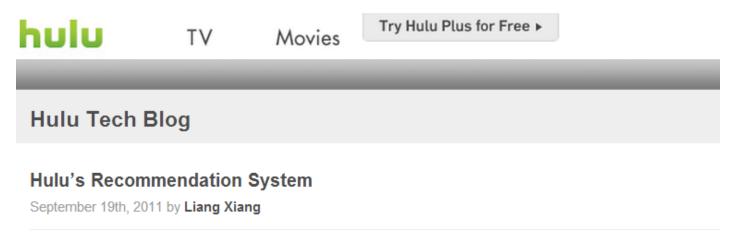




### Recommendations at Hulu



### Recommendations at Hulu



As the Internet gets more and more popular, information overload poses an important challenge for a lot of online services. With all of the information pouring out from the web, users can be overwhelmed and confused as to what, exactly, they should be paying attention.

A recommendation system provides a solution when a lot of useful content becomes too much of a good thing. A recommendation engine can help users discover information of interest by analyzing historical behaviors. More and more online companies — including Netflix, Google, Facebook, and many others — are integrating a recommendation system into their services to help users discover and select information that may be of particular interest to them.

### **Item-based Collaborative Filtering**

http://tech.hulu.com/blog/2011/09/19/recommendation-system/

### Recommendations at YouTube











#### Guy Jumps Over a Bull

1 year ago 2,985,104 views Because you watched Extreme Ironing



#### PROTOTYPE AIRCRAFT Flying

3 years ago 62,614 views Because you favorited X-Hawk concept pr...



#### Cobra Sucuri Vomitando para

2 years ago 2,665,748 views Because you watched King Cobra Daycare



#### Selena Gomez & The Scene - "I Wo...

9 months ago 1,265,142 views Because you watched Naturally Selena ...

**Item-based Collaborative Filtering** 

"The YouTube Video Recommendation System" ACM RecSys 2010.

# Recommendations at Digg

"Whenever you Digg a story, the recommendation engine records two things about the action. First, that you liked that story, and second, every user that Dugg the story before you (this includes the submitter). This signals to the recommendation engine that these users like the same content as you, and sometimes they find it before you, so it uses those parameters to recommend to you stories they Digg or submit."

User-based Collaborative Filtering!

http://searchengineland.com/a-comprehensive-look-at-diggs-recommendation-engine-14470

### Gift recommendation in Walmart

- "Anatomy of a gift recommendation engine powered by social media" SIGMOD 2012
- Exploit social media such as Facebook
- Infer the interests of the user as well as their friends (e.g., yoga, music, comics)
- find occasions for gift recommendation (e.g., birthday, wedding anniversary, etc)
- Gifts should be surprising!

### Personalized Job Recommendation



Take your job search mobile - check out our apps for iOS and Android!

## **Future Directions**

### **User Satisfaction**

- Subjective metric ≠ RMSE
- Measured by user survey or online experiments



# Diversity

 Measure the ability of recommender system to cover users' different interests

 Recommendation results should not come from single reason

Improving recommendation lists through topic diversification

# Serendipity

- A recommendation result is serendipity if:
  - don't have strong relation with user's historical interest, or user do not expect we can recommend it.
  - novelty to user
  - user will find it's interesting after user views it

### **Trust**

- If user trust recommender system, they will interact with it.
- Ways to improve trust:
  - Transparency
    - Explanation
  - Social
  - Trust System (Epinion)



### Robust

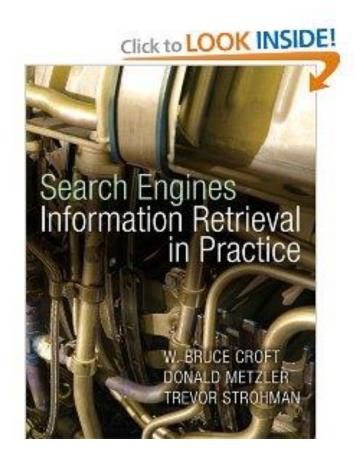
- The ability of recommender system to prevent attack
- Neil Hurley. <u>Tutorial on Robustness of</u> <u>Recommender System</u>. ACM RecSys 2011.

## Data

### User behaviors data

Behavior	User	Size
Page view	All user	Very Large
Watch video	All user	Large
Favorite	Register user	Middle
Vote	Register user	Middle
Add to playlist	Register user	Small
Facebook like	Register user	Small
Share	Register user	Small
Review	Register user	Small

## Book



### **Premier Conferences**

### **ACM Conferences**

- RecSys (Recommender System): 2007-
- SIGIR: 1971-
- CIKM: 1992-
- WWW: 1994-
- WSDM (Web Search and Data Mining): 2008-Excellent resources to keep up with the state-ofthe-art