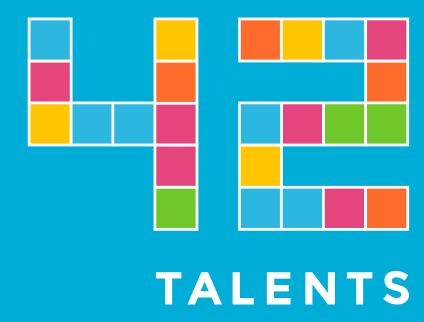
Lean Spring Boot

Applications for The Cloud

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Abstract Lean Spring Boot Applications for The Cloud

With the starters, Spring-Boot offers a functionality that allows you to set up a new software project with little effort and start programming right away. You don't have to worry about the dependencies since the "right" ones are already pre-configured. But how can you, for example, optimize the start-up times and reduce the memory footprint and thus better prepare the application for the cloud?

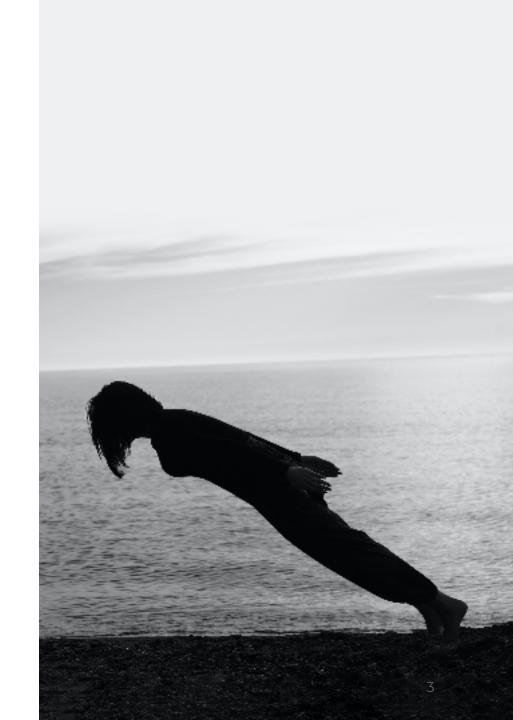
In this talk, we will go into Spring-Boot features like "spring-context-indexer", classpath exclusions, lazy spring beans, actuator, JMX. In addition, we also look at switching to a different JVM and other tools.

Let's make Spring Boot great again!

Lean Spring Boot Applications for The Cloud

Patrick Baumgartner 42talents GmbH, Zürich, Switzerland

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! WARNING:

Numbers shown in is this talk are not based on real data but only estimates and assumptions made by the author for educational purposes only.

Introduction



Patrick Baumgartner

Technical Agile Coach @ 42talents

My focus is on the development of software solutions with humans.

Coaching, Architecture, Development, Reviews, and Training.

Lecturer @ Zürcher Fachhochschule für Angewandte Wissenschaften ZHAW

@patbaumgartner

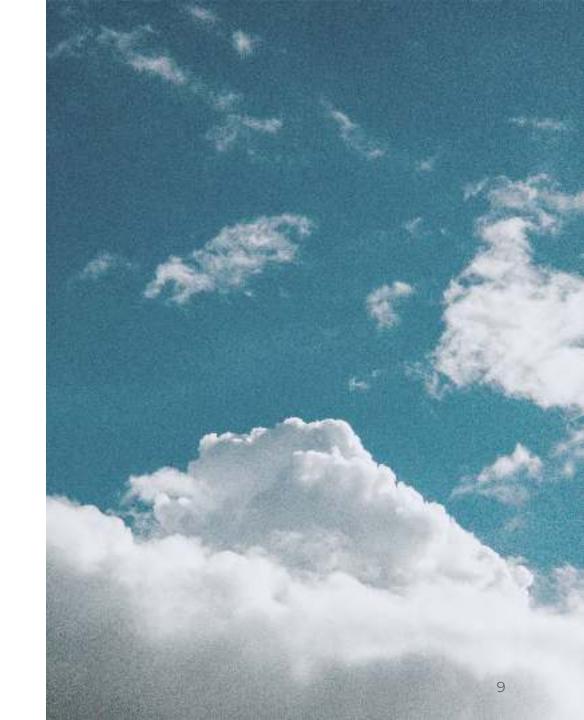
What is the problem? Why this talk?

JAVA 😉 & Spring Boot 🖤



Requirements When Choosing a Cloud

- How many vCPUs per server are required for my application?
- How much RAM do I need?
- How much storage is necessary?
- Which technology stack should I use?



Considerations Resources

- CPU & RAM not linearly scalable
- Image Size & Network Bandwidth

Scalability

- Fast Startup
- Graceful Shutdown
- Throughput
- Latency

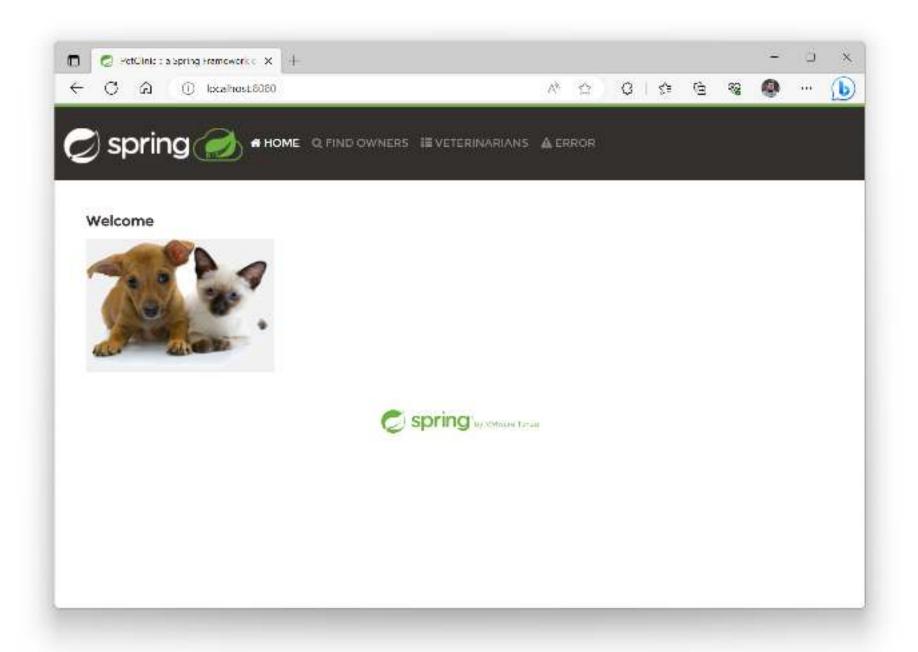


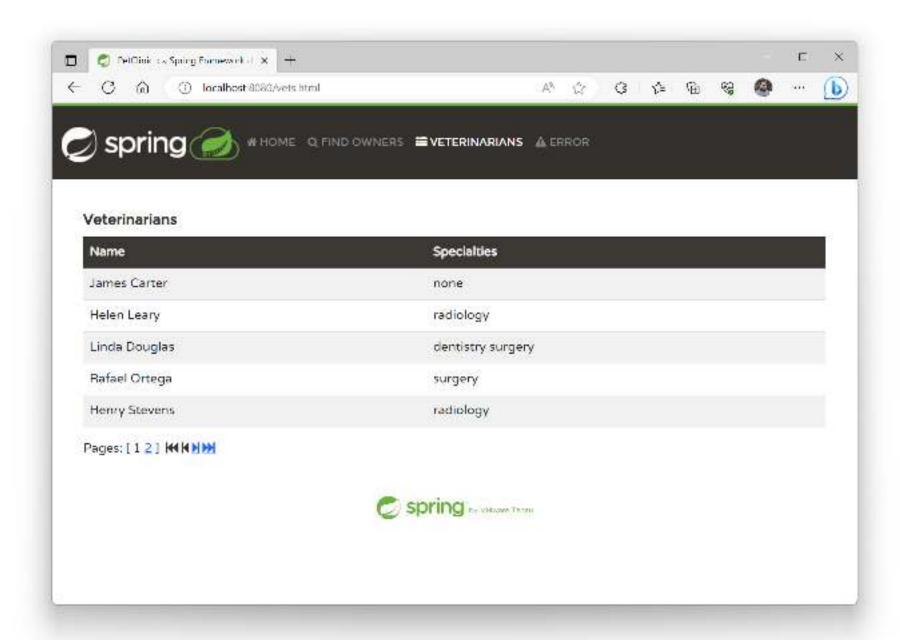
Agenda

Agenda

- Spring PetClinic & Baseline for Comparison
- Java Optimizations
- Spring Boot Optimizations
- Application Optimizations
- Other Runtimes
- Conclusions
- A Few Simple Optimizations Applied (OpenJDK Example)

Spring PetClinic





Spring Petclinic Community

- spring-framework-petclinic
- spring-petclinic-angular(js)
- spring-petclinic-rest
- spring-petclinic-graphql
- spring-petclinic-microservices
- spring-petclinic-data-jdbc
- spring-petclinic-cloud
- spring-petclinic-mustache
- spring-petclinic-kotlin

- spring-petclinic-reactive
- spring-petclinic-hilla
- spring-petclinic-angularjs
- spring-petclinic-vaadin-flow
- spring-petclinic-reactjs
- spring-petclinic-htmx
- spring-petclinic-istio
- ...

NO!

The official Spring PetClinic! " 👆

Which is based on Spring Boot, Caffeine, Thymeleaf, Spring Data JPA, H2 and Spring MVC ...

Optimizing Experiments

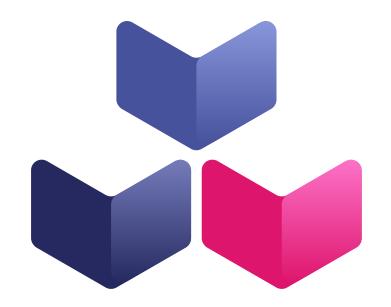
Baseline

Technology Stack

- OCI Container made with Buildpacks
- Java JDK 17 LTS
- Spring Boot 3.1.5
- DB Migration with SQL Scripts

Examination

- Build Time
- Startup Time
- Resource Usage
- Container Image Size
- Throughput



Buildpacks.io





Your app, in your favorite language, ready to run in the cloud





















```
Setting Active Processor Count to 20
Calculating JVM memory based on 12761648K available memory
For more information on this calculation, see https://paketo.io/docs/reference/java-reference/#memory-calculator
Calculated JVM Memory Configuration: -XX:MaxDirectMemorySize=10M -Xmx12131287K -XX:MaxMetaspaceSize=118360K -XX:ReservedCodeCacheSize=240M -Xss1M (Total Memory: 12761648K, Thread Count: 250, Loaded Class Count: 18483, Headroom: 0%)
Enabling Java Native Memory Tracking
Adding 137 container CA certificates to JVM truststore
Spring Cloud Bindings Enabled
Picked up JAVA_TOOL_OPTIONS: -Djava.security.properties=/layers/paketo-buildpacks_bellsoft-liberica/java-security.properties -XX:+ExitOnOutOfMemoryError
-XX:ActiveProcessorCount=20 -XX:MaxDirectMemorySize=10M -Xmx12131287K -XX:MaxMetaspaceSize=118360K -XX:ReservedCodeCacheSize=240M -Xss1M -XX:+UnlockDiagnosticVMOptions -XX:NativeMemoryTracking=summary
-XX:+PrintNMTStatistics -Dorg.springframework.cloud.bindings.boot.enable=true
                      ._ \-;;,_
                                                                 1111
     I_{-}I
                                                                 1111
                                                                  ) ) ) )
 _____/ / / / /
:: Built with Spring Boot :: 3.1.5
2023-11-01T11:39:36.652Z INFO 1 ---
                                               mainl o.s.s.petclinic.PetClinicApplication
                                                                                             : Starting PetClinicApplication v3.1.5-SNAPSHOT using Java 17.0.7 with PID 1 (/workspace/BOOT-INF/classes started by cnb in /workspace)
                                                                                             : No active profile set, falling back to 1 default profile: "default"
2023-11-01T11:39:36.658Z INFO 1 ---
                                               main] o.s.s.petclinic.PetClinicApplication
2023-11-01T11:39:38.174Z INFO 1 ---
                                                     .s.d.r.c.RepositoryConfigurationDelegate : Bootstrapping Spring Data JPA repositories in DEFAULT mode.
2023-11-01T11:39:38.274Z INFO 1 ---
                                               main] .s.d.r.c.RepositoryConfigurationDelegate : Finished Spring Data repository scanning in 79 ms. Found 2 JPA repository interfaces.
2023-11-01T11:39:39.278Z
                                               main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer : Tomcat initialized with port(s): 8080 (http)
2023-11-01T11:39:39.299Z INFO 1 ---
                                               main] o.apache.catalina.core.StandardService
                                                                                             : Starting service [Tomcat]
                                               main] o.apache.catalina.core.StandardEngine
                                                                                             : Starting Servlet engine: [Apache Tomcat/10.1.15]
2023-11-01T11:39:39.300Z INFO 1 ---
                                                                                             : Initializing Spring embedded WebApplicationContext
2023-11-01T11:39:39.503Z INFO 1 ---
                                               main] o.a.c.c.C.[Tomcat].[localhost].[/]
                                                     w.s.c.ServletWebServerApplicationContext: Root WebApplicationContext: initialization completed in 2767 ms
2023-11-01T11:39:39.504Z INFO 1 ---
2023-11-01T11:39:40.002Z
                         INFO 1 ---
                                                     com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource
                                                                                             : HikariPool-1 - Starting...
2023-11-01T11:39:40.342Z INFO 1 ---
                                                     com.zaxxer.hikari.pool.HikariPool
                                                                                             : HikariPool-1 - Added connection conn0: url=idbc:h2:mem:18c815d1-6477-4d30-9869-75d7d02a3781 user=SA
2023-11-01T11:39:40.344Z INFO 1 ---
                                                     com.zaxxer.hikari.HikariDataSource
                                                                                             : HikariPool-1 - Start completed.
2023-11-01T11:39:40.595Z INFO 1 ---
                                                     o.hibernate.jpa.internal.util.LogHelper
                                                                                            : HHH000204: Processing PersistenceUnitInfo [name: default]
                                               main] org.hibernate.Version
                                                                                             : HHH000412: Hibernate ORM core version 6.2.13.Final
2023-11-01T11:39:40.666Z INFO 1 ---
                                                                                             : HHH000406: Using bytecode reflection optimizer
2023-11-01T11:39:40.668Z INFO 1 ---
                                               main] org.hibernate.cfg.Environment
                                                                                             : No LoadTimeWeaver setup: ignoring JPA class transformer
2023-11-01T11:39:41.053Z INFO 1 ---
                                                     o.s.o.j.p.SpringPersistenceUnitInfo
2023-11-01T11:39:42.650Z INFO 1 ---
                                               main] o.h.e.t.j.p.i.JtaPlatformInitiator
                                                                                             : HHH000489: No JTA platform available (set 'hibernate.transaction.jta.platform' to enable JTA platform integration)
2023-11-01T11:39:42.654Z INFO 1 ---
                                               main] j.LocalContainerEntityManagerFactoryBean : Initialized JPA EntityManagerFactory for persistence unit 'default'
                                               main] o.s.d.j.r.query.QueryEnhancerFactory
2023-11-01T11:39:42.981Z INFO 1 ---
                                                                                             : Hibernate is in classpath; If applicable, HOL parser will be used.
2023-11-01T11:39:44.708Z INFO 1 ---
                                               mainl o.s.b.a.e.web.EndpointLinksResolver
                                                                                             : Exposing 13 endpoint(s) beneath base path '/actuator'
2023-11-01T11:39:44.848Z INFO 1 ---
                                               main] o.s.b.w.embedded.tomcat.TomcatWebServer
                                                                                            : Tomcat started on port(s): 8080 (http) with context path ''
2023-11-01T11:39:44.868Z INFO 1 ---
                                               main] o.s.s.petclinic.PetClinicApplication
                                                                                             : Started PetClinicApplication in 8.855 seconds (process running for 9.464)
```

1000x Better than your regular Dockerfile ...

... more Secure and maintained by the Buildpacks community.

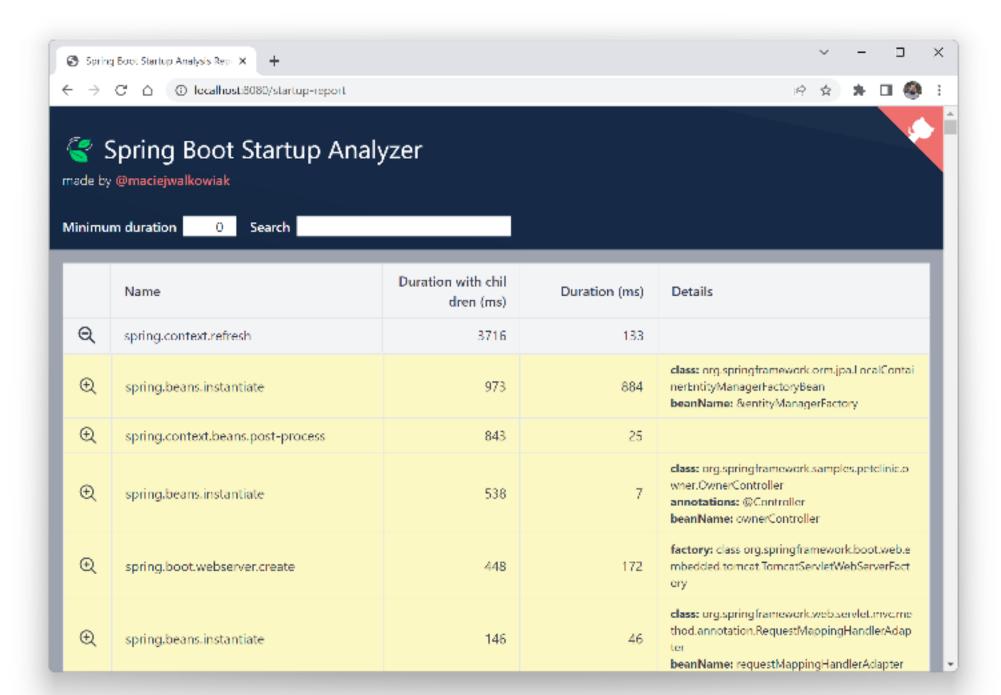
See also: https://buildpacks.io/ and https://www.cncf.io/projects/buildpacks/

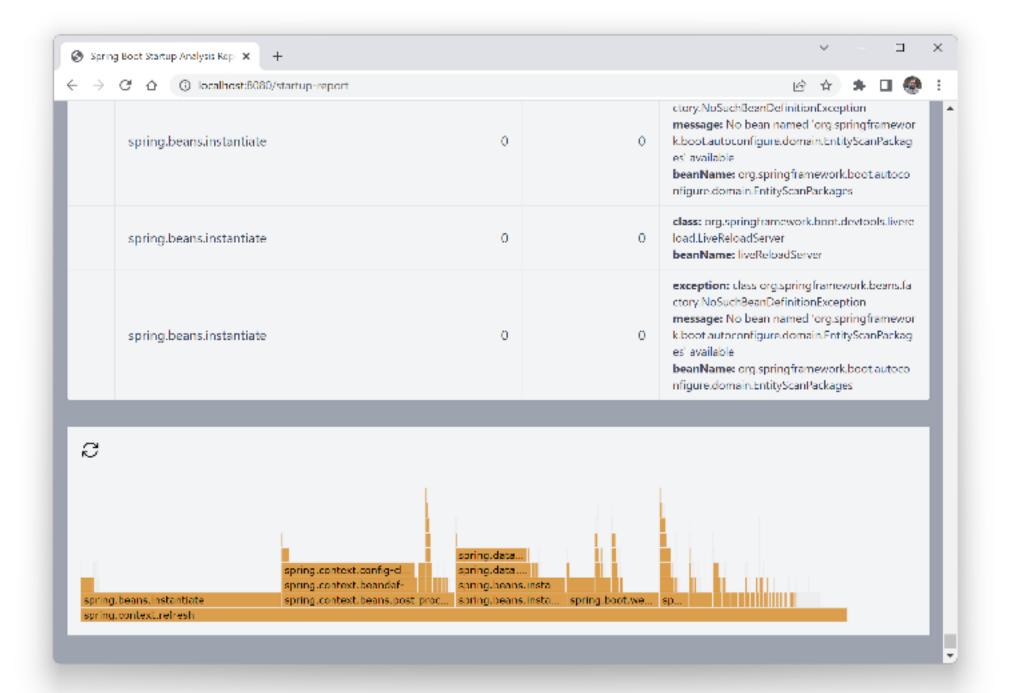
Startup Reporting

Spring Boot Startup Report

By Maciej Walkowiak

- Startup report available in runtime as an interactive HTML page
- Generating startup reports in integration tests
- Flame chart for timings
- Search by class or an annotation





Benchmarks

Benchmarks

- Build
 - Maven build time
 - Artifact / Container Image size
- Startup
 - Startup time
 - Memory usage
- Throughput & Latency
 - wrk2 -t4 -c200 -d60s -R2000 --latency
 - 1 min warmup, 1min measurement
 - Docker container with 4 vCPU and 1 GB RAM

Lean Spring Boot Applications for The Cloud

No Optimizing - Baseline

No Optimizing - Baseline JDK 17

- Spring PetClinic (no adjustments)
- Bellsoft Liberica JDK 17.0.8
- Java Memory Calculator

sdk use java 17.0.8-librca

mvn spring-boot:build-image

docker run -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
₫56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms

No Optimizing - Baseline JDK 21

- Spring PetClinic (JDK 21 adjustments)
- Bellsoft Liberica JDK 21.0.0
- Java Memory Calculator

```
sdk use java 21-librca
mvn -Djava.version=21 spring-boot:build-image \
    -Dspring-boot.build-image.imageName=spring-petclinic:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT-jdk20
docker run -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT-jdk20
```

В	uild	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
Č	56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
	64s	368MB	4.013s	276MB	1996/s	464MB	6ms	llms	17ms	44ms	85ms	133ms

-XX:TieredStopAtLevel=1

-XX:TieredStopAtLevel=1

The tiered compilation is enabled by default since Java 8. Unless explicitly specified, the JVM decides which JIT compiler to use based on our CPU. For multi-core processors or 64-bit VMs, the JVM will select C2.

To disable C2 and only use the C1 compiler with no profiling overhead, we can apply the -XX:TieredStopAtLevel=1 parameter.

```
docker run -p 8080:8080 -e "JAVA_TOOL_OPTIONS=-XX:TieredStopAtLevel=1" \
   -t spring-petclinic:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT
```

It will slow down the JIT later at the expense of the saved startup time!

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
<i>-</i> 56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
-	-	3.439s	201MB	1415/s	320MB	10.0s	13.7s	16.1s	19.1s	20.7s	21.7s

Lazy Spring Beans

Lazy Spring Beans (1)

Configure lazy initialization across the whole application. A Spring Boot property makes all Beans lazy by default and only initializes them when they are needed. @Lazy can be used to override this behavior with e.g. @Lazy(false).

```
docker run -p 8080:8080 \
  -e spring.main.lazy-initialization=true \
  -e spring.data.jpa.repositories.bootstrap-mode=lazy \
  -t spring-petclinic:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT
```

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
₫ 5 6s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
-	-	2.202s	242MB	1997/s	447MB	8ms	13ms	21ms	50ms	94ms	147ms

Lazy Spring Beans (2)

Pros

- Faster startup useful in cloud environments
- Application startup is a CPUintensive task. Spreading the load over time

Cons

- The initial requests may take more time
- Class loading issues and misconfigurations unnoticed at startup
- Beans creation errors only be found at the time of loading the bean

No Spring Boot Actuators

No Spring Boot Actuators

Don't use actuators if you can afford not to. 😊

- No. of Spring Beans
 - Spring Pet Clinic with Actuators: 415
 - Spring Pet Clinic no Actuators: 270

sdk use java 17.0.8-librca

mvn spring-boot:build-image

docker run -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic-no-actuator:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
<i>-</i> ∂56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
53s	313MB	3.504s	263MB	1995/s	427MB	7ms	12ms	19ms	46ms	94ms	135ms

Fixing Spring Boot Config Location

Fixing Spring Boot Config Location

Fix the location of the Spring Boot config file(s). Considered in the following order (application.properties and YAML variants):

- Application properties packaged inside your jar
- Profile-specific application properties packaged inside your jar
- Application properties outside of your packaged jar
- Profile-specific application properties outside of your packaged jar

docker run -p 8080:8080 -e spring.config.location=classpath:application.properties \
 -t spring-petclinic:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
<i>-</i> ∂56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
-	-	3.961s	288MB	1994/s	450MB	9ms	15ms	22ms	54ms	109ms	160ms

Disabling JMX

Disabling JMX

JMX is spring.jmx.enabled=false by default in Spring Boot since 2.2.0 and later. Setting BPL_JMX_ENABLED=true and BPL_JMX_PORT=9999 on the container will add the following arguments to the java command.

```
-Djava.rmi.server.hostname=127.0.0.1
-Dcom.sun.management.jmxremote.authenticate=false
-Dcom.sun.management.jmxremote.ssl=false
-Dcom.sun.management.jmxremote.port=9999
-Dcom.sun.management.jmxremote.rmi.port=9999
```

```
docker run -p 8080:8080 -p 9999:9999 \
  -e BPL_JMX_ENABLED=false \
  -e BPL_JMX_PORT=9999 \
  -e spring.jmx.enabled=false \
  -t spring-petclinic:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT
```



Spring Boot & & & Buildpacks

Dependency Cleanup

Dependency Cleanup (2)

DepClean detects and removes all the unused dependencies declared in the pom.xml file of a project or imported from its parent. It does not touch the original pom.xml file.

mvn se.kth.castor:depclean-maven-plugin:2.0.6:depclean -DfailIfUnusedDirect=true -DignoreScopes=provided,test,runtime,system,import

```
[INFO] Starting DepClean dependency analysis
DEPCLEAN ANALYSIS RESULTS
USED DIRECT DEPENDENCIES [9]:
        com.h2database:h2:2.1.214:runtime (2 MB)
        com.mysql:mysql-connector-j:8.0.33:test (2 MB)
        org.postgresql:postgresql:42.6.0:test (1 MB)
        com.github.ben-manes.caffeine:caffeine:3.1.8:compile (868 KB)
        jakarta.xml.bind:jakarta.xml.bind-api:4.0.1:compile (126 KB)
        org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-testcontainers:3.1.5:test (86 KB)
USED TRANSITIVE DEPENDENCIES [88]:
        org.testcontainers:testcontainers:1.18.3:test (11 MB)
        org.hibernate.orm:hibernate-core:6.2.13.Final:compile (10 MB)
        net.bytebuddy:byte-buddy:1.14.9:runtime (4 MB)
        org.apache.tomcat.embed:tomcat-embed-core:10.1.15:compile (3 MB)
        org.aspectj:aspectjweaver:1.9.20:compile (2 MB)
        com.github.docker-java:docker-java-transport-zerodep:3.3.0:test (1 MB)
        net.java.dev.jna:jna:5.12.1:test (1 MB)
        org.springframework:spring-core:6.0.13:compile (1 MB)
        org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-autoconfigure:3.1.5:compile (1 MB)
        org.springframework:spring-web:6.0.13:compile (1 MB)
        com.fasterxml.jackson.core:jackson-databind:2.15.3:test (1 MB)
        org.springframework.boot:spring-boot:3.1.5:compile (1 MB)
        org.springframework.data:spring-data-commons:3.1.5:compile (1 MB)
USED INHERITED DIRECT DEPENDENCIES [0]:
USED INHERITED TRANSITIVE DEPENDENCIES [0]:
POTENTIALLY UNUSED DIRECT DEPENDENCIES [11]:
        org.webjars.npm:bootstrap:5.2.3:compile (1 MB)
        org.webjars.npm:font-awesome:4.7.0:compile (665 KB)
        org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-devtools:3.1.5:test (198 KB)
        org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-docker-compose:3.1.5:test (158 KB)
        org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-web:3.1.5:compile (4 KB)
        org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-test:3.1.5:test (4 KB)
POTENTIALLY UNUSED TRANSITIVE DEPENDENCIES [11]:
        org.attoparser:attoparser:2.0.7.RELEASE:compile (240 KB)
        org.thymeleaf:thymeleaf-spring6:3.1.2.RELEASE:compile (184 KB)
        org.unbescape:unbescape:1.1.6.RELEASE:compile (169 KB)
        com.google.errorprone:error_prone_annotations:2.21.1:compile (16 KB)
        com.fasterxml.jackson.module:jackson-module-parameter-names:2.15.3:test (10 KB)
        org.slf4j:jul-to-slf4j:2.0.9:compile (6 KB)
        org.springframework.boot:spring-boot-starter-tomcat:3.1.5:compile (4 KB)
POTENTIALLY UNUSED INHERITED DIRECT DEPENDENCIES [0]:
POTENTIALLY UNUSED INHERITED TRANSITIVE DEPENDENCIES [0]:
[INFO] Analysis done in Omin 8s
```

Dependency Cleanup (2)

But there are some challenges:

- Spring uses reflection to load classes
- Spring Boot uses META-INF/springboot/org.springframework.boot.autoconfigure.AutoConfiguration to load classes
- Spring Context Indexer uses META-INF/spring.components
- Component & Entity Scanning through Classpath Scanning

sdk use java 17.0.8-librca

mvn spring-boot:build-image

docker run -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic-depclean:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
∌ 56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
63s	307MB	3.335s	245MB	1991/s	415MB	6ms	12ms	18ms	40ms	84ms	128ms

Ahead-of-Time Processing (AOT)

Ahead-of-Time Processing (AOT) (1)

Spring AOT is a process that analyzes your application at build-time and generates an optimized version of it.

As the **BeanFactory** is fully prepared at build-time, conditions are also evaluated.

Ahead-of-Time Processing (AOT) (2)

We are creating a new container image with the AOT-processed application.

```
sdk use java 17.0.8-librca
```

mvn spring-boot:build-image

docker run -e spring.aot.enabled=true -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic-aot:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
<i>উ</i> 56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
59s	317MB	3.998s	293MB	1995/s	453MB	8ms	14ms	21ms	50ms	99ms	156ms

JLink

JLink (1)

Jlink assembles and optimizes a set of modules and their dependencies into a custom runtime image for your application.

```
$ jlink \
   --add-modules java.base, ... \
   --strip-debug \
   --no-man-pages \
   --no-header-files \
   --compress=2 \
   --output /javaruntime
```

```
$ /javaruntime/bin/java HelloWorld
Hello, World!
```

JLink (2)

	Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
sdk	∂̄ 56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
m) (10	69s	249MB	4.058s	285MB	1991/s	456MB	7ms	14ms	21ms	51ms	103ms	155ms
mvn	סטו דווע	- NOOL I D	u <u>t tu-tilla</u>	u c								

docker run -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic-jlink:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

JLink (3)

Bu	uild	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
Ö !	56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
	65s	236MB	4.027s	289MB	1994/s	459MB	6ms	11ms	17ms	45ms	93ms	133ms



Spring Boot & & & Buildpacks

Eclipse OpenJ9



Unleash the power of Java

Optimized to run Java™ applications cost-effectively in the cloud, Eclipse OpenJ9™ is a fast and efficient JVM that delivers power and performance when you need it most.



Optimized for the Cloud for microservices and monoliths too!



42% Faster Startup over HotSpot



28% Faster Ramp-up when deployed to cloud vs HotSpot



66% Smaller when compared to HotSpot

Eclipse OpenJ9

75s

306MB

mvn spring-boot:build-image

6.951s

<plugin> <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId> <artifactId>spring-boot-maven-plugin</artifactId> <configuration> <image> <bul><buildpacks> <buildpack>gcr.io/paketo-buildpacks/eclipse-openj9:latest/buildpack> <!-- Used to inherit all the other buildpacks --> <buildpack>gcr.io/paketo-buildpacks/java:latest </buildpacks> </image> </configuration> Build **Image** Startup **Initial RAM Throughput** RAM 50% **75**% 90% 99% 99.90% 99.99% Ø 56s 316MB 1995/s 449MB 3.921s 278MB 6ms 10ms 15ms 42ms 95ms 138ms sdk

1992/s

350MB

9ms

14ms

22ms

67ms

236ms

151ms

docker run -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic-custom-jvm-openj9:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

164MB

Eclipse OpenJ9 Optimized

Eclipse OpenJ9 Optimized Virtualized

When -Xtune:virtualized is used in conjunction with the -Xshareclasses option, the JIT compiler is more aggressive with its use of AOT-compiled code compared to setting only -Xshareclasses. This action provides additional CPU savings during application start-up and ramp-up, but comes at the expense of an additional small loss in throughput.

docker run -p 8080:8080 -e "JAVA_TOOL_OPTIONS=-XX:+IgnoreUnrecognizedVMOptions -XX:+UseContainerSupport
-XX:+IdleTuningCompactOnIdle -XX:+IdleTuningGcOnIdle -Xscmx50M -Xshareclasses -Xtune:virtualized" \
-t spring-petclinic-custom-jvm:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
∂ 56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
75s	306MB	8.678s	199MB	1995/s	344MB	17ms	27ms	45ms	120ms	234ms	355ms

GraalVM

GraalVM

.....

	Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
	<i>-</i> ∂56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
sdk	76s	7 19MB	3.943s	251MB	1997/s	438MB	7ms	12ms	19ms	47ms	101ms	154ms

mvn spring-boot:build-image

docker run -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic-custom-jvm-graalvm:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

Other Buildpack Builders

Bellsoft Buildpack Builder

Bellsoft provides an optimized builder for Spring Boot applications. It uses the Bellsoft Alpaquita, Liberica JDK and the musl C library. A glibc version is also available.

```
<plugin>
  <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-boot-maven-plugin</artifactId>
  <configuration>
    <image>
      <builder>bellsoft/buildpacks.builder:musl
    </image>
  </configuration>
</pl
     Build
            Image
                    Startup
                            Initial RAM
                                        Throughput
                                                       RAM
                                                             50%
                                                                    75%
                                                                          90%
                                                                                 99%
                                                                                       99.90%
                                                                                               99.99%
     1995/s
                                                     449MB
            316MB
                     3.921s
                                278MB
                                                             6<sub>ms</sub>
                                                                   10ms
                                                                         15ms
                                                                                42ms
                                                                                         95ms
                                                                                                138ms
sdk
                     4.435s
       57s
                                             1995/s
                                                     394MB
                                                                                                128ms
            174MB
                                248MB
                                                             6<sub>ms</sub>
                                                                   11ms
                                                                         16ms
                                                                                40ms
                                                                                        80ms
```

mvn spring-boot:build-image

docker run -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic-bellsoft-buildpack:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

GraalVM Native Image

GraalVM Native Image

A native image is a technology to build Java code to a standalone executable. This executable includes the application classes, classes from its dependencies, runtime library classes, and statically linked native code from JDK. The JVM is packaged into the native image, so there's no need for any Java Runtime Environment at the target system, but the build artifact is platform-dependent.

mvn -Pnative spring-boot:build-image

docker run -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic-native:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
⊕ 56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
330s	218MB	0.283s	234MB	1992/s	462MB	21ms	36ms	61ms	170ms	299ms	424ms

CRaC - OpenJDK

CRaC - OpenJDK (1)

CRaC (Checkpoint and Restart in Java) is a feature that allows to checkpoint the state of a Java application and restart it from the checkpointed state.

The application starts within milliseconds!

CRaC - OpenJDK (2)

export JAVA_HOME=/opt/openjdk-17-crac+5_linux-x64/
export PATH=\$JAVA_HOME/bin:\$PATH

mvn clean verify

java -XX:CRaCCheckpointTo=crac-files -jar target/spring-petclinic-crac-3.1.5.jar

jcmd target/spring-petclinic-crac-3.1.5.jar JDK.checkpoint

java -XX:CRaCRestoreFrom=crac-files

CRaC - OpenJDK (3)

CRaC is currently in an experimental state and has the following limitations:

- Works with Spring Boot 3.0 & 3.1
 - Patched Tomcat 10.1.7 is available
- Support for Spring Boot 3.2 is in progress
 - Spring Framework 6.1.0-SNAPSHOT
- Does not work on Windows or on macOS
 - Does not work in Docker containers via WSL (yet)
- But works in VM with Ubuntu 22.04 LTS

Other JVM Vendors have similar features e.g. OpenJ9 with CRIU support.

Virtual Threads

Virtual Threads

A thread is the smallest unit of processing that can be scheduled. It runs concurrently with — and largely independently of — other such units. It's an instance of <code>java.lang.Thread</code>. There are two kinds of threads, platform threads and virtual threads.

```
sdk use java 21-librca
mvn spring-boot:build-image

docker run -e spring.threads.virtual.enabled=true \
   -p 8080:8080 -t spring-petclinic-virtual-threads:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT
```

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
∂ 56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
64s	368MB	4.784s	306MB	1997/s	453MB	5ms	9ms	11ms	29ms	60ms	101ms

Summary

Summary

- No Optimizations with JDK 17 & JDK 21
- JVM Tuning
- Lazy Spring Beans
- No Spring Boot Actuators
- Fix Spring Boot Config Location
- Disabling JMX
- Dependency Cleanup
- Ahead-of-Time Processing (AOT)
- JLink
- Other JVMs (Eclipse OpenJ9, GraalVM, OpenJDK with CRaC)
- GraalVM Native Image

Lean Spring Boot Applications for The Cloud

Conclusions

Conclusions (1)

CPUs

- Your application might not need a full CPU at runtime
- It will need multiple CPUs to start up as quickly as possible (at least 2, 4 are better)
- If you don't mind a slower startup you could throttle the CPUs down below 4

See: https://spring.io/blog/2018/11/08/spring-boot-in-a-container

Conclusions (2)

Throughput

- Every application is different and has different requirements
- Using proper load testing can help to find the optimal configuration for your application

Conclusions (3)

Other Runtimes

- CRIU Support for OpenJDK and OpenJ9 is promising
 - Spring is going to support it in Spring Boot 3.2 / Spring Framework 6.1
- GraalVM Native Image is a great option for Java applications
 - But build times are long
 - The result is different from what you run in your IDE
- Eclipse OpenJ9 is a great option for running apps with less memory
 - But startup times are longer than with HotSpot
- Depending on the distribution, you might get other interesting features
 - Oracle GraalVM Enterprise Edition, Azul Platform Prime, IBM Semeru Runtime, ...

Conclusions (4)

Other Ideas

- Using an Obfuscator like ProGuard
- App CDS (Class Data Sharing)
- Importing AutoConfiguration classes individually
- Using functional bean definitions
- Spring Context Indexer (removed from Spring Boot 3.2 onwards)
- More JVM tuning (GC, Memory, etc.)
- Project Leyden

See also: https://spring.io/blog/2019/01/21/manual-bean-definitions-in-spring-boot

A Few Simple Optimizations Applied

A Few Simple Optimizations Applied (1)

- Dependency Cleanup
 - o DB Drivers, Spring Boot Actuator, Jackson, Tomcat Websocket, ...
- Bellsoft Buildpack
- JLink
- JVM Parameters (java-memory-calculator)
- Spring AOT
- Lazy Spring Beans
- Fix Spring Boot Config Location

A Few Simple Optimizations Applied (2)

```
sdk use java 17.0.8-librca

mvn spring-boot:build-image

docker run -p 8080:8080 \
   -e spring.aot.enabled=true \
   -e spring.main.lazy-initialization=true \
   -e spring.data.jpa.repositories.bootstrap-mode=lazy \
   -e spring.config.location=classpath:application.properties \
   -t spring-petclinic-optimized:3.1.5-SNAPSHOT
```

Build	Image	Startup	Initial RAM	Throughput	RAM	50%	75 %	90%	99%	99.90%	99.99%
<i>-</i> 56s	316MB	3.921s	278MB	1995/s	449MB	6ms	10ms	15ms	42ms	95ms	138ms
65s	136MB	1.874s	191MB	1994/s	357MB	5ms	9ms	14ms	37ms	80ms	126ms

Did I miss something? 😲

Let me/us know!



... or not!

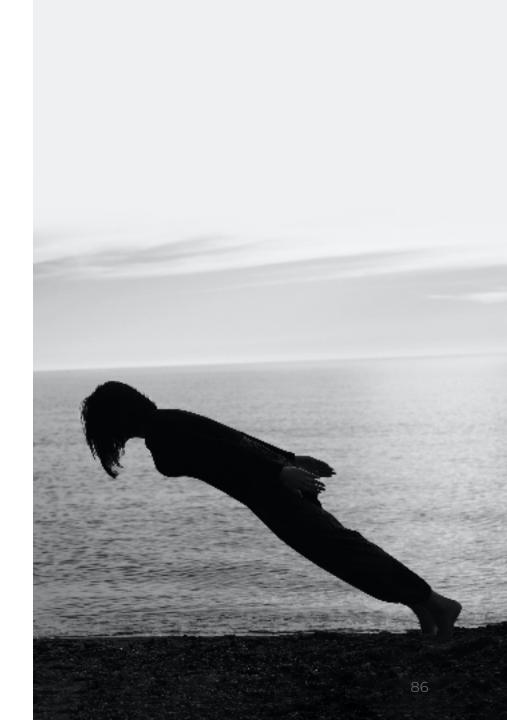


Lean Spring Boot Applications for The Cloud

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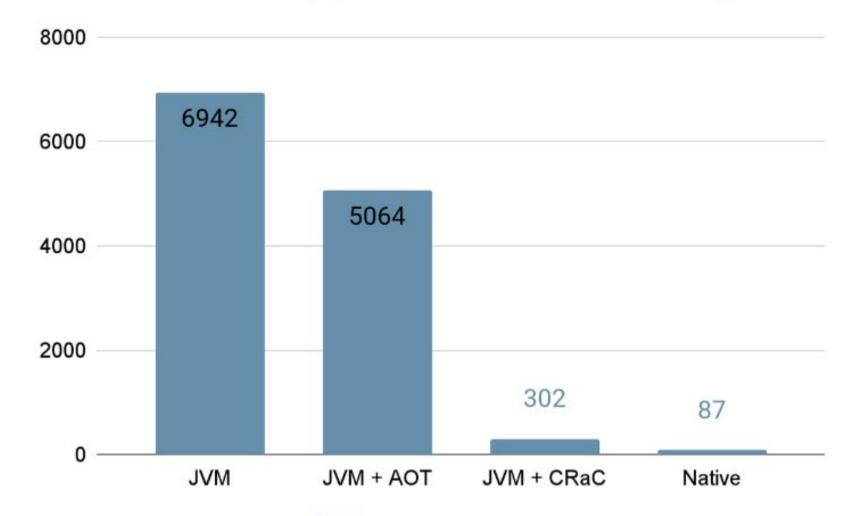
@patbaumgartner patrick.baumgartner 42 talents.com

https://github.com/patbaumgartner/lean-spring-boot-applications-for-the-cloud



Container start to application ready (milliseconds)

Webapp on Azure Container Apps with 1 CPU 2G memory









Different tradeoffs

	Instant startup with peak performance	Require upfront deployment and checkpoint storage	Compatibility	Run on low resource devices	Compilation time	Compact packaging	Performance
GraalVM native image	Yes	No	Reachability Metadata	Yes	Slow	Yes	CE EE
CRaC JVM image	Yes	Yes for now ¹	Regular JVM ²	No	Fast	JVM + checkpoint image	Regular JVM

¹ Build-time checkpoint could lift this requirement





² Can require custom checkpoint handling for specific use cases