

Highest Common Factor (H.C.F.)



- The H.C.F. of two or more numbers is the biggest factor that belongs to all the numbers. A). One way to find this is to look at the prime factors.
 - Find the H.C.F. of 12 and 18. E.g.

Prime factors of 12 $2 \times 2 \times 3$

These factors belong in both sets.

Prime factors of 18 $2 \times 3 \times 3$

The H.C.F is $2 \times 3 = 6$.

Find the H.C.F. of the following sets of numbers.

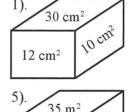
- 1). 12 and 18
- 10 and 25 2).
- 14 and 21 3).
- 24 and 32 4).

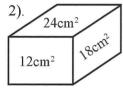
- 5). 30 and 24
- 30 and 45 6).
- 48 and 36 7).
- 8). 45 and 36

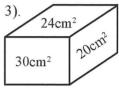
- 9). 48 and 72
- 10). 42 and 70
- 11). 105 and 63
- 12). 72 and 120

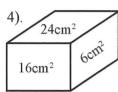
- 13). 18, 30 and 42
- 14). 24, 40 and 72
- 15). 27, 18 and 99
- 16). 104, 72 and 56

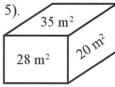
- 17). 36, 96 and 60 21). 63, 42 and 126
- 18). 42, 56 and 98 22). 108, 54 and 90
- 19). 90, 45 and 105 23). 72, 168 and 120
- 20). 36, 63 and 108 144, 96 and 192 24).
- Here are some cuboids. The areas of each face are given. (The diagrams are not drawn to scale). B). Work out the length, width and height of each cuboid.

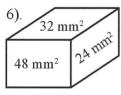


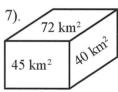


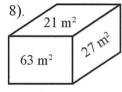


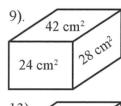


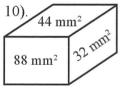


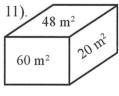


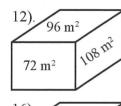


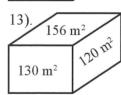


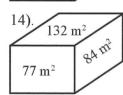


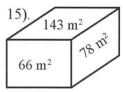


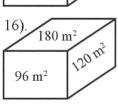














Lowest Common Multiple (L.C.M.)

The smallest multiple of two or more numbers is called the Lowest Common Multiple (L.C.M.).

E.g. Find the L.C.M. of 4 and 9.

Multiples of 4

4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, **36**, 40

Multiples of 9

9, 18, 27, **36**, 45.....

The L.C.M. of 4 and 9 is 36.

Find the Lowest Common multiple of the following sets of numbers.

- 1). 3 and 4
- 5 and 7 2).
- 4 and 7

- 5). 8 and 12
- 6). 10 and 15
- 6 and 9 3).
- 4).

- 9). 20 and 15
- 10). 12 and 18
- 7). 12 and 9 15 and 25 11).
- 8). 10 and 12

- 13). 3, 4 and 5
- 14). 2, 3 and 5
- 15). 3, 4 and 8
- 16 and 24 12).

- 17). 5, 8 and 10
- 18). 3, 9 and 12
- 4, 12 and 16 19).
- 2, 4 and 9 16).

- 5, 12 and 24 21).
- 22). 15, 20 and 24
- 23). 8, 15 and 20
- 20). 8, 12 and 20 24). 15, 18 and 30