CAPSTONE PROJECT

POWER SYSTEM FAULT DETECTION AND CLASSIFICATION

Presented By:

- Student Name-Atharva Pate
- 2. College Name-MIT Academy Of Engineering
- 3. Department-Computer Engineering



OUTLINE

- Problem Statement (Should not include solution)
- Proposed System/Solution
- System Development Approach (Technology Used)
- Algorithm & Deployment
- Result (Output Image)
- Conclusion
- Future Scope
- References



PROBLEM STATEMENT

Electric power distribution systems face frequent faults like line-to-ground, line-to-line, and three-phase faults. Quick and accurate identification is crucial to minimize outages and maintain grid stability. Traditional protection systems struggle with real-time fault classification, especially under complex conditions.



PROPOSED SOLUTION

The proposed system uses machine learning techniques on IBM Cloud to classify faults in power distribution networks. It processes real-time electrical measurements (voltage and current phasors) to distinguish:

- Normal conditions
- •Line-to-ground faults
- •Line-to-line faults
- •Three-phase faults

Key Components:

- •Data Collection (Phasor measurements)
- •Feature Extraction (Signal processing)
- •Model Training (ML algorithm)
- •Real-time Fault Classification
- •Cloud Deployment (IBM Cloud services)



SYSTEM APPROACH

The "System Approach" section outlines the overall strategy and methodology for developing and implementing the **Power system Fault Detection and Classification**. Here's a suggested structure for this section:

System requirements

IBM Cloud

IBM Watson studio for model development and deployment

IBM cloud object storage for dataset handling



ALGORITHM & DEPLOYMENT

Algorithm Selection:

Random Forest Classifier (or SVM based on performance)

Data Input:

Voltage, Current, and phasor measurments from the dataset

Training Process:

Supervised learning using labelled fault types

Prediction Process:

Model deployed on IBM watson studio with API endpoint for real-time predictions



RESULT

× **Prediction results** Display format for prediction results Prediction type Show input data (i) Multiclass classification Confidence Prediction Prediction percentage Line Breakage 39% Transformer Failure 35% 3 5 records 7 8 9 Transformer Failure Line Breakage 10 11 Download JSON file



CONCLUSION

■ The ML-based fault classification system significantly improves accuracy and response time over traditional protection methods. Real-time analysis helps utilities reduce outage time and improve grid resilience.



GITHUB LINK:

https://github.com/pateatharva77/Power_System_Fault_Detection_AL



FUTURE SCOPE

- •Expand to transmission grid faults
- •Integrate with real-time IoT sensor networks
- •Use deep learning models (e.g., LSTM) for better temporal pattern detection
- •Add predictive maintenance features



REFERENCES

- •IEEE papers on power system fault detection
- •IBM Cloud documentation
- •Scikit-learn, TensorFlow libraries
- •Research on phasor measurement-based fault analysis



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THANK YOU

