

```

/*

select * from [dbo].[user];
select * from [dbo].[transaction];
select * from [dbo].[products];

*/

-----
-- Who are Fetch's power users?
-----

/*

-- Here I am making assumption the power users are those who have made the highest number
of transactions.
-- Or can also say power users are those who have made the highest number of purchases
and spent the most money

-- finding the top 10 power users of Fetch based on the above assumption

*/

select top 10 u.id, sum(t.final_sale) as total_spent, count(t.receipt_id) as
total_transactions
from [dbo].[transaction] t
left outer join [dbo].[user] u on t.user_id = u.id
where u.id is not NULL -- not picking records which users do not exist in the user table
group by u.id
order by total_spent desc, total_transactions desc;

/* result

```

id	total_spent	total_transations
643059f0838dd2651fb27f50	76	2
62ffec490d9dbaff18c0a999	27	3
5f4c9055e81e6f162e3f6fa8	19	1
5d191765c8b1ba28e74e8463	17	1
61a58ac49c135b462ccddd1c	15	3
5fd4fb485f410d44bae3a776	15	1
6351760a3a4a3534d9393ecd	14	2
5fc12a8a16770448f92e56b8	14	2
632fc9dc0c625b72ae991f83	14	2
646bdaa67a342372c857b958	13	3

*/

```

23 select top 10 u.id, sum(t.final_sale) as total_spent, count(t.receipt_id) as total_transations
24 from [dbo].[transaction] t
25 left outer join [dbo].[user] u on t.user_id = u.id
26 where u.id is not NULL -- not picking records which users are not existed in the user table
27 group by u.id
28 order by total_spent desc, total_transations desc;
29

```

Results Messages

	id	total_spent	total_trans...
1	643059f0838dd2651fb27f50	76	2
2	62ffec490d9dbaff18c0a999	27	3
3	5f4c9055e81e6f162e3f6fa8	19	1
4	5d191765c8b1ba28e74e8463	17	1
5	61a58ac49c135b462ccddd1c	15	3
6	5fd4fb485f410d44bae3a776	15	1
7	5fc12a8a16770448f92e56b8	14	2
8	6351760a3a4a3534d9393ecd	14	2
9	632fc9dc0c625b72ae991f83	14	2
1...	646bdaa67a342372c857b958	13	3

```
-- Which is the leading brand in the Dips & Salsa category?
```

```
-- first checking in which category '%dips & salsa%' is existed
```

```
select distinct category_1, category_2, category_3, category_4
from [dbo].[products]
where category_1 like '%dips & salsa%'
      or category_2 like '%dips & salsa%'
      or category_3 like '%dips & salsa%'
      or category_4 like '%dips & salsa%';
```

```
-- filtering on category_2
```

```
select top 1 p.brand, sum(t.final_sale) as total_sales, p.category_2
from [dbo].[transaction] t
left outer join [dbo].[products] p on t.barcode = p.barcode
where p.category_2 like '%dips & salsa%'
group by p.brand, p.category_1, category_2
order by total_sales desc;
```

```
/*
```

```
result
```

brand	total_sales	category_2
TOSTITOS	182	Dips & Salsa

```
*/
```

```

63
64 select top 1 p.brand, sum(t.final_sale) as total_sales, p.category_2
65 from [dbo].[transaction] t
66 left outer join [dbo].[products] p on t.barcode = p.barcode
67 where p.category_2 like '%dips & salsa%'
68 group by p.brand, p.category_1, category_2
69 order by total_sales desc;
70
71
72 /*

```

Results **Messages**

	brand ▾	total_sales ▾	category_2 ▾
1	TOSTITOS	182	Dips & Salsa

 -- At what percent has Fetch grown year over year?

-- Assumption: According to the company's background to find the growth of the company yearly, need to find how many users are created in the system yearly.

```

with yearly_user_counts as (
  select
    year(created_date) as year,
    count(distinct id) as total_users
  from [dbo].[user]
  group by year(created_date)
)
select
  year,
  total_users,

```

```
    (total_users - lag(total_users) over (order by year)) * 100.0
  / nullif(lag(total_users) over (order by year), 0) as growth_rate
from yearly_user_counts
order by year;
```

```
/*
```

```
result
```

year	total_users	growth_rate
2014	30	NULL
2015	51	70.0000000000000
2016	70	37.254901960784
2017	645	821.428571428571
2018	2171	236.589147286821
2019	7093	226.715799170888
2020	16889	138.107993796700
2021	19169	13.499911184794
2022	26809	39.856017528300
2023	15453	-42.358909321496
2024	11620	-24.804245130395

```
*/
```

```

--
86  -- Assumption: According to the company's background to find the growth of the
87
88  with yearly_user_counts as (
89      select
90          year(created_date) as year,
91          count(distinct id) as total_users
92      from [dbo].[user]
93      group by year(created_date)
94  )
95  select
96      year,
97      total_users,
98      (total_users - lag(total_users) over (order by year)) * 100.0
99      / nullif(lag(total_users) over (order by year), 0) as growth_rate
100  from yearly_user_counts
101  order by year;
102
103

```

Results Messages

	year	total_users	growth_rate
1	2014	30	NULL
2	2015	51	70.000000000000
3	2016	70	37.254901960784
4	2017	645	821.428571428571
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