# **Key Points**

- Research suggests the five-day schedule for developing the algorithmic trading strategy can be adapted for the SMH ETF, focusing on data collection, preprocessing, model training, backtesting, and risk analysis.
- It seems likely that each day will cover specific tasks like fetching SMH data, calculating technical indicators, and creating deliverables, with adjustments for SMH's stock split history.
- The evidence leans toward this being feasible, but complexity in data adjustments for splits may require additional time.

# **Project Overview**

This project involves creating a machine learning-based trading strategy for the SMH ETF, which tracks semiconductor companies, using historical data and advanced analytics to predict price movements and manage risks.

# **Five-Day Schedule for SMH ETF**

Below is the updated five-day schedule, replacing SPY with SMH in all steps:

- Day 1: Project Planning and Data Collection
  Define the strategy to predict daily price movement for SMH, fetch historical data from 2010-01-01 to 2025-03-26 using yfinance, and save it.
- Day 2: Data Preprocessing and Feature Engineering
  Clean the data, calculate technical indicators like RSI, MACD, ATR, and Bollingers
  Bands using TA-Lib, fetch VIXCLS, and ensure no missing values.
- Day 3: Machine Learning Model Development
  Create a target variable for price movement, split data into training (80%) and testing (20%), and train a logistic regression model using Scikit-learn.
- Day 4: Implementing and Backtesting the Strategy
  Use model predictions to generate signals, implement a backtesting function starting with \$1000, and calculate metrics like total return and win rate.
- Day 5: Risk Analysis and Deliverables
  Calculate the Sharpe ratio, perform a Monte Carlo simulation, visualize portfolio value with Matplotlib or Seaborn, and write a whitepaper.

# **Unexpected Detail**

An interesting aspect is ensuring the historical data for SMH accounts for its 2-for-1 stock split in May 2023, which yfinance typically adjusts, adding a layer of data validation.

# Detailed Note: Five-Day Schedule for Algorithmic Trading Strategy Development with SMH ETF

This note outlines a comprehensive five-day schedule for developing the "Algorithmic Trading Strategy Backtesting & Risk Analysis" project from scratch to the final product, focusing on a machine learning-based approach for trading the SMH ETF (VanEck Semiconductor ETF) instead of SPY. The project aims to build a predictive model to optimize trading strategies and quantify risk/reward metrics, demonstrating expertise in quantitative finance, time-series forecasting, and risk management. The schedule is designed to be feasible within a five-day timeframe, considering the complexity of tasks and the need for iterative adjustments, with the current date being Wednesday, March 26, 2025, at 10:02 AM PDT.

# **Background and Objective**

The project involves creating a system to predict daily stock price movements using machine learning, backtesting the strategy, and analyzing risks to ensure profitability and risk mitigation. Given the focus on SMH, which tracks the performance of 25 large U.S.-listed semiconductor companies, the strategy aims to leverage its sector-specific volatility and growth potential. The objective is to deliver a backtested strategy with risk-adjusted returns, an interactive visualization, and a whitepaper, aligning with the project's deliverables.

# Methodology and Schedule

The schedule is structured to build upon each day's output, ensuring a logical progression from planning to final deliverables. Each day includes specific tasks, tools, and expected outcomes, with considerations for SMH's historical data, including its stock split history.

# **Day 1: Project Planning and Data Collection**

On the first day, the focus is on defining the project scope and collecting necessary data for SMH. The trading strategy is defined as using machine learning to predict whether the SMH price will increase or decrease the next day, based on technical indicators. SMH was launched on May 5, 2000, ensuring historical data availability from 2010-01-01 to 2025-03-26. Historical daily data is fetched using the yfinance library, which provides access to Yahoo Finance data and adjusts for splits by default when using adjusted close prices. The data is saved to a CSV file for further analysis.

#### Tasks:

- o Define the strategy: Predict daily price movement (up or down) for SMH.
- Choose SMH as the asset, noting its focus on semiconductor companies.
- Fetch data using <u>yfinance</u>, ensuring adjustment for the 2-for-1 forward stock split effective May 5, 2023.
- Save data to CSV.
- **Tools:** Python, yfinance library.
- Expected Outcome: A clean dataset ready for preprocessing, covering 15 years of daily prices up to March 26, 2025, adjusted for splits.

# Day 2: Data Preprocessing and Feature Engineering

Day two involves cleaning the collected SMH data and engineering features for the machine learning model. The data is loaded from the CSV file, and any missing values are handled, ensuring data integrity. Technical indicators are calculated using the TA-Lib library, which includes RSI (14-day), MACD (12,26,9), ATR (14-day), and Bollingers Bands (20-day). These indicators provide insights into momentum, volatility, and price trends, essential for predicting price movements. Additionally, VIXCLS (closing value of the CBOE Volatility Index) is fetched using yfinance for the same period, as market volatility can impact SMH's performance.

#### Tasks:

- Load and clean the SMH data.
- o Calculate RSI, MACD, ATR, and Bollingers Bands using <u>TA-Lib</u>.
- Fetch VIXCLS data from yfinance for the same period.
- Ensure no missing values in the combined dataset.
- **Tools:** Python, Pandas, TA-Lib.
- **Expected Outcome:** A dataset with additional columns for technical indicators and VIXCLS, ready for model training.

# Day 3: Machine Learning Model Development

On day three, the focus shifts to developing the machine learning model for SMH. The target variable is created by comparing the next day's close price to the current day's close, assigning 1 if the price increases and 0 if it decreases. The data is split into training (80%) and testing (20%) sets to ensure robust model evaluation. A logistic regression model is trained using the technical indicators (RSI, MACD, MACD Signal, ATR, Bollingers Upper Band, Bollingers Lower Band) and VIXCLS as features, chosen for its simplicity and interpretability within the time constraints.

#### • Tasks:

- o Create target variable: 1 if close[t+1] > close[t], else 0 for SMH.
- $\circ$  Split data into training (80%) and testing (20%).
- Train a logistic regression model using <u>Scikit-learn</u>, with features including RSI, MACD, MACD Signal, ATR, Bollingers Upper Band, Bollingers Lower Band, and VIXCLS.
- Tools: Python, Scikit-learn.
- **Expected Outcome:** A trained model capable of predicting SMH price movements, with initial validation on the testing set.

# Day 4: Implementing and Backtesting the Strategy

Day four involves implementing the trading strategy based on the model's predictions and backtesting it to evaluate performance for SMH. The model's predictions are used to generate buy and sell signals: buy when the model predicts 1 (up), and sell or hold when it predicts 0 (down). A simple backtesting function is implemented, starting with an initial capital of \$1000, simulating trades based on these signals. Performance metrics such as total return, number of trades, and win rate are calculated to assess the strategy's effectiveness, considering SMH's sector-specific volatility.

#### • Tasks:

- o Use model predictions to generate buy and sell signals for SMH.
- o Implement backtesting function starting with \$1000 capital.
- o Calculate total return, number of trades, and win rate.
- Tools: Python, custom backtesting function or Backtrader/Zipline.
- **Expected Outcome:** Backtest results showing the strategy's performance over the testing period for SMH.

# Day 5: Risk Analysis and Deliverables

The final day focuses on advanced risk analysis for the SMH strategy and creating the deliverables. The Sharpe ratio is calculated to assess risk-adjusted returns, using the daily returns from the backtest. A basic Monte Carlo simulation is performed to estimate the distribution of possible returns, providing insight into potential risks under different market conditions, especially relevant for the semiconductor sector. A visualization of the portfolio value over time is created using <a href="Matplotlib">Matplotlib</a> or <a href="Seaborn">Seaborn</a>, offering a clear view of performance. Finally, a brief whitepaper is written, summarizing the strategy, performance metrics, and potential risks, ensuring all project deliverables are met and specific to SMH.

#### Tasks:

- o Calculate Sharpe ratio based on backtest returns for SMH.
- o Perform Monte Carlo simulation for risk assessment.
- o Create a plot of portfolio value over time.
- o Write a whitepaper summarizing the project, focusing on SMH.
- Tools: Python, Matplotlib, Seaborn.
- **Expected Outcome:** Completed deliverables, including a dashboard visualization and whitepaper, ready for presentation, tailored to SMH.

# **Detailed Explanation for Layman**

For someone with no finance background, think of this project as building a computer program to predict whether the SMH ETF (which invests in semiconductor companies) will go up or down each day, then testing it with past data to see if it would have made money. Each day has a specific role:

- **Day 1:** Plan what to do and get the SMH prices from 2010 to now using a tool like <u>yfinance</u>, making sure it adjusts for a past stock split in 2023.
- **Day 2:** Clean the data and add extra information like how fast the price is moving, using a library like <u>TA-Lib</u>, and include market volatility data.
- **Day 3:** Teach a computer model to guess if the price will go up or down, using tools like <u>Scikit-learn</u>.
- **Day 4:** Test the guesses by pretending to trade with \$1000 and see how much money we would have made for SMH.
- **Day 5:** Check how risky the strategy is, make a chart to show the results, and write a report explaining everything.

An interesting aspect is ensuring the historical data for SMH accounts for its 2-for-1 stock split in May 2023, which yfinance typically adjusts, adding a layer of data validation.

# **Tables for Clarity**

Below is a table summarizing the five-day schedule for SMH:

Day	Focus Area	Key Tasks	<b>Tools Used</b>
1	Planning and Data Collection	Define strategy, choose SMH, fetch data from 2010-2025 using yfinance	Python, yfinance
2	Preprocessing and Feature Engineering	Clean data, calculate RSI, MACD, ATR, Bollingers Bands, fetch VIXCLS	Python, Pandas, TA- Lib
3	Machine Learning Model Development	Create target, split data, train logistic regression model	Python, Scikit-learn
4	Implementing and Backtesting	Generate signals, backtest with \$1000, calculate metrics	Python, Backtrader/Zipline
5	Risk Analysis and Deliverables	Calculate Sharpe ratio, Monte Carlo, visualize, write whitepaper	Python, Matplotlib, Seaborn

Another table for deliverables and their purpose:

# **Deliverable** Purpose

Backtested strategy Shows performance with risk-adjusted returns for SMH

Visualization (plot) Displays portfolio value over time for easy understanding

Whitepaper Explains strategy logic and potential failures for SMH

#### Conclusion

This five-day schedule provides a structured approach to developing the algorithmic trading strategy for SMH, ensuring all components from data collection to risk analysis are covered. It leverages Python libraries for efficiency and aligns with the project's objectives, making it suitable for finance roles by bridging data science with financial theory, with considerations for SMH's sector-specific characteristics and historical adjustments.

# **Key Citations**

- yfinance GitHub Repository
- TA-Lib Official Website
- Scikit-learn Official Website
- Matplotlib Official Website
- Seaborn Official Website
- SMH ETF Stock Price & Overview
- VanEck Semiconductor ETF Stock Split History
- CORRECTING and REPLACING VanEck Announces Stock Split for its Semiconductor ETF
- yfinance Library A Complete Guide