UNIT 3



Pre-task

- **P.1** "You must be the change that you want to see in the world". Do you know who said this? There are people in India who followed these words of Mahatma Gandhi and influenced the lives of many. Let's read about two such people who, with their small initiatives, changed the lives of many.
 - **a.** Wastage of water is one of the most serious issues of the country today. But there is one man who decided to help people stop it by helping them single- handedly. Therefore, he is also known as 'One Man NGO'. The writer, artist and cartoonist Aabid Surti wages war against water wastage. Every Sunday, this national award winner walks around homes in Mumbai and fixes leaking taps to save every drop of water. Wonderful idea, isn't it? Aabid says, "If I can, you can."



b. Have you heard about the *Mother of Orphans*? Sindhumati Sapkal is a social worker who has adopted more than 1000 orphan children so far. Her life started as being an unwanted child. Her husband abandoned her when she was nine months pregnant. She had to beg on the streets to survive and realized about the condition of the orphan children. Her circumstances forced her to lose courage and succumb to the adverse situations. But Sindhutai emerged stronger with every difficulty she faced. Today, she proudly says "I am there for all those who have no one."



P.2 Brainstorm at least two problems or difficulties faced by common people around you. Think of what your group can do to solve them. Share your ideas with the class. One is done for you.

Problem	Our idea to solve it
-Plastic bags -Polythene bags	carry paper / cloth bags while going shopping

P.3 Study the table about the impact of pollution.

Cause	Effect	Solution
Burning of Fossil Fuels Agricultural activities Exhaust from factories and industries Mining operations Indoor air pollution	problems	 Use public mode of transportation, conserve energy Understand the concept of Reduce, Reuse and Recycle Emphasis on clean(natural) energy resources Use energy efficient devices

Now write five sentences about the solution of air pollution. You can begin like this ...

	We should use	public mode	of transportation	instead of our	own vehicle.
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1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

Read

AN INTERVIEW WITH ARUN KRISHNAMURTHY



Arun Krishnamurthy was just 17 years old when he founded the NGO Environmentalist Foundation of India (EFI). Beginning with the Turtle Walk – a move to save turtle eggs and young hatchlings in Chennai, today Arun and his team of volunteers

have cleaned beaches and various water bodies in Chennai, Hyderabad, Delhi, Coimbatore and Puducherry. The team cleans lakes, beaches and zoos, plants trees, educates people through street plays and also makes environment-friendly paper bags. Arun's team has students who joined him when they were in Class – 7 and continued to work with him even after five years.

Which experience as a child inspired you to take up the cause of the environment? What was your first activity?

A beautiful lake next to my house, which once had a lot of birds, frogs and snakes, was heavily polluted. It led to the spread of mosquitoes and turned a lovely place into an ugly neighbourhood. This hurt me badly and I wanted to do something about it. I got together with a couple of my friends and cleaned the pond next to my house. This was the first activity.

What kind of support did you get from your parents and teachers? Was there any conflict between study-time and activism?

I have supportive parents who understood that my interest was the environment. They have never stopped me from doing what I want. On my part, I also made sure that I did not fail my parents in any way. I always informed them about everything that I did and took their advice before

jumping into actions. I have teachers who taught me how to go about things. They also taught me humility—so that I did not become snobbish or arrogant and start thinking I was a superstar because I was doing all this environment work. They taught me to be simple and keep learning all the time. I am not an activist, I am an environmentalist. I have learnt so much by doing this work.

How did your school and college further your interest?

Both my school and college had plenty of green cover and both were home to several other life forms. This made me understand their importance, how beautiful they are and why we need to protect them. These animals are on their own, find their own food and are always active, on the move and never lazy. It is so positive; we have a lot to learn from them.

Did you feel any hesitation in quitting a

well-paying job and venturing into this fulltime? What were the options you weighed before you arrived at your decision?

It is always good to decide in favour of what you really love to do. I quit my job at Google, but I still keep in touch with my friends there. So only my duties at Google have come to an end, not my emotional bond.

I understood that I had to leave the job at that minute in 2010, or else I would never be daring enough to do so. I could not sit back and enjoy life when environmental damage was happening on such a large scale. I wanted to do something and that something needed my full attention. So I left Google for EFI.

What kind of garbage do people throw into water bodies? How do you deal with the removal of this garbage once you clean the water body?

Everything from a diaper to worn out slippers – we find everything in our lakes. This is so disturbing because it is water and water is the basis of life. How can we not care for these water bodies? We use this garbage for landfill with no or minimal exposure to the outside environment. We ensure that the lake area and water-holding are free of garbage so that birds, frogs and snakes can live in peace.

How many days does it take to clear a large lake? Do you use any special equipment for cleaning and safety?

Depending on the size of the lake and the amount of garbage, it can take anywhere between 5 days and 3 months to completely clean a lake. We have our tools like rakes and spades.

What kind of protective gear do you use?

Can you describe the cleaning process briefly?

We wear nose masks, sanitary gloves and carry rakes and spades with which we collect the garbage and dump it into collection buckets which are taken to the garbage truck. We also use heavy machinery like earth movers and Poclain to desilt the lake and clear the weeds and shrubs that are harmful.

What, in your opinion, can children and young adults do for the environment? What could be a small beginning by all of us in terms of protecting the environment?

Firstly, we should all stop throwing trash outside our homes. Next, we should reduce the amount of trash we generate. Straws, tissues, wrappers, batteries, fast food junk, all these end up in lakes and they come from our homes. If we can reduce the amount of garbage at home and if we can dispose all garbage safely, that itself is a great deal. Every student is welcome to volunteer with us in helping the environment.

How much time do school-going children need to devote, in say a week, for an environmental cause?

Four hours a weekend – that is two hours on Sundays and two hours on Saturdays. This small beginning is more than enough to ensure larger participation later.

How can students and schools join your fraternity? Do you have any programmes to introduce your work to them?

Yes, we offer fellowships to interested students. Our programme looks at young animal lovers, young wild life photographers, film-makers, theatre artists and scientific researchers. We give them training in these areas and get them actively involved in all our work. Our youngest volunteer is in Class 3.

Glossary

environmentalist પર્યાવરણવિદ્ a person who works to protect the natural world from pollution and other threats wage begin or continue a war turtle tortoise કાયબો volunteer person doing some unpaid service willingly beach a sea-shore water bodies lakes, rivers etc. environment the natural world પર્યાવરણ environment friendly પર્યાવરણને નુકશાન ન કરે તેવું planet a large round object in space such as the earth cause something or someone that makes something happen polluted dirty મુદ્દમિત conflict a struggle humility humbleness snobbish દેખી arrogant having insulting attitude અહંકારી activist a worker કાર્યકર further help the progress of something hesitation ખરકાર quit leave (a job, school etc.) venture to start to do something new that is risky weighed thought carefully about something to make a decision bond relationship large scale મોટાપાયે diaper બાળોતિયું landfill a system under which waste materials are buried under the ground worn out too old or damaged exposure public attention and notice equipments tools rake a tool spade a tool protective gears tools that are used to protect from dirt and infection dump to put something somewhere in a careless way weed a useless plant shrub ઝાડી ઝાંખરા trash things that are no longer useful devote offer enterprise an activity that involves many people that is often difficult સાહિસક કાર્ય, જોખમીકાર્ય

I feel...

- How do you feel when you see people throwing garbage around?
- What would you do to inspire young people to work for the cause of environment?
- Which qualities of Arun would you appreciate?
- As a student, what would you advise your schoolmates to keep your school surrounding clean and neat?
- Usually do people keep a village pond clean? If 'No' what will you do to keep it clean? Present your group's idea to the class.

Vocabulary

V.1 Use the words from the box to complete this text about environmental problems.

	polluted, disposa	al, layer, green h	ouse, envi	vironment, resources, deforestation, removal, garbage
	waste the destruction o	_is to blame for ozone The act of _	r many of t	r times. Air, water and land all are Poor the problems. Pollution of the atmosphere has led toeffect. Moreover we are wasting ourhas also created many problems. Each of us has to
V.2	Match A with B has been done fo		tence (of 1	more than four words) using both the words. One
No 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Part A mosquitoes supportive quit removal worn out team environment- friendly	paper bags a job malaria clothes garbage parents	Generall	Sample ly mosquitoes spread malaria in monsoon.

V.3	Find and write the words having similar in of A. Krishnamurthy's interview.	meaning from the first three question-answers
1.	established	6. few
2.	sea shore -	7. assist -
3.	very dirty -	8. struggle
4.	varied	9. beautiful
5.	keep on	10. humbleness
V.4	Choose the most appropriate words to co	mplete the sentences.
vo	olunteer, parent, environmentalist, super star, fil	m maker, chemist, scientific researcher, musician
1.	Every is worried about the	
2.	A works selflessly for the	
3.	People rush in to have a glimpse of a	
4.	Jenil's father is concerned about the environ	ment and does something for it. He is an
5.	Mr. Aiyer is busy in his laboratory inventing	something. He is a
6.	Ram Gopal Verma produces horror and susp	ense movies. He is a
V.5	Use the correct form of the words from the	box to complete the sentences.
	support, decide, remove, beaut	ify, inform, attend, pollute, devote
	Sample: Your attendance in both the semesters	s is low, so you can't appear at the board exam.
1.	Kalpana Chawla had parents that	helped her to choose her desired career.
2.	The of giving text books free or praiseworthy.	of cost to all the students by the government is
3.	Before you pass your S.S.C exam, you should	haveabout all the courses after 10 th .
4.	When mummy reached home, she found that of	everything was set in the room.
5.	Our request of the heap of gar immediately.	bage at the corner of our street was attended
6.	The government has launched a project to clear	an the rivers of our country.
V.6	Clip-words †	
		aced to one of its parts, resulting in the formation o as 'truncation' and 'shortening.' In clipping, the same.
	 Samples: A memo is a brief written message often use If your pet is sick, you take it to a vet. It is a c A clip for gasoline is gas. 	ed in business. It is a clipping of memorandum . lipping of veterinarian .

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	Now write the clip word for the	longer words.	
	(1) con : convict (4)	gradu teenag marke gymn influe presid n English news p (2) (5) (8) a sentence. You	ger - et - asium - nza -
		items thrown a	ound. Make a list of things and equipmen
	Make a list of trash/garbage Arun and his team use.		round. Make a list of things and equipmen
	Make a list of trash/garbage		Cound. Make a list of things and equipment List of things/ equipments rakes
C.1	Make a list of trash/garbage Arun and his team use. List of trash items diaper	s and what you	List of things/ equipments rakes liked least in this text related to Aru
C.1	Make a list of trash/garbage Arun and his team use. List of trash items diaper Note what you liked most	s and what you	List of things/ equipments rakes liked least in this text related to Aru
C.1	Make a list of trash/garbage Arun and his team use. List of trash items diaper Note what you liked most Krishnamurthy's statement	s and what you	List of things/ equipments rakes liked least in this text related to Aru
C.1	Make a list of trash/garbage Arun and his team use. List of trash items diaper Note what you liked most Krishnamurthy's statement I liked most	s and what you s and his beliefs	List of things/ equipments rakes liked least in this text related to Aru I liked least

	 3. The green cover around Arun's school inspired him (a) to plant more and more plants and trees. (b) to think and understand about the importance of life form like birds and animals. (c) to save birds and animals. (d) to launch a movement to protect the greenery. 4. "My school and college had planty of green account" It means. 						
C.4	Answer these questions.						
	 Which organization did Arun found at the age of 17?Ans: What were Arun's parents like? Ans: What, according to Arun, should we ensure? Ans: What did Arun and his team do to protect themselves from dust? Ans: How much time should school going children devote for environmental causes? 						
	Ans: 6. What hurt Arun badly? What did he decide then? Ans: 7. How did Arun's parents and teachers encourage Arun in his drive for environment? Ans: 8. Why does Arun believe that he is an environmentalist and not an activist? Ans:						
C. 5	Write short notes.						
	(1) Arun- a young environmentalist founded an NGO- 17 years of age- works for the cause of environment- left job at google- working for environment-water bodies- other life form (2) Arun's NGO EFI founded at the age of 17- cleaned the lake near his house- cleaned the surroundings-removed trash- garbage-restore water bodies-encourages students- offer fellowship						
C.6	Describe a clean/ beautiful lake and a polluted/ an ugly lake. Classify the listed words/						
	phrases. Use the words in your sentences and present them before the class. It is ooks very ugly, neat and clean water, dirty, foul smelling, clean-clear blue water, filthy things, trash, attractive look, coating, trees-greenery all around, plastic bags, pouches, wrappers, diapers, slippers in the water, likes to walk around, benches to sit and enjoy, water creatures like fish,						
(A)	clean / beautiful lake polluted/ugly looking lake						

(B) Now write notes on both the topics using the words and phrases. Compare your writing with the writing of other groups. if

C.7 Think and answer

- · Why should we keep our surroundings neat and clean? What role should you play?
- Prepare a list of Dos and Don'ts to keep our water bodies (ponds/rivers/lakes) clean.
- · Discuss in groups: "Conserving our environment is now more necessary than ever." Present your views before the class. (Take help of your teacher)
- Prepare cards about what to do and what not to do to save the environment.
- How would your parents feel if you become a social worker like Arun? (You may use your mother tongue.)
- Observe your surroundings. Make a list of things you don't like. Give some suggestions regarding what can be done.

Language Practice

Function: Describing Actions: Frequency and Manner

L.1 Read the paragraph and underline the word(s) that tell you how often the person does something (referring time/frequency).

Sample: usually, sometimes

Saina Nehwal is the first Indian to win a medal (2012) in Badminton at the Olympics. She always states her winning mantra as 'hard work'. She never thinks about defeat when she is in the game and always tries to win the encounter. However, she never keeps a count of titles she wins. She has a pretty busy schedule and she always sticks to that. She rarely skips her practice sessions. She believes that to attain goals one must follow an unvarying and fixed routine every day. She usually follows three sessions in a day including warm up exercises and game practice on court. Although she has many hobbies, she often doesn't have time to fulfill her other interests. She likes reading short stories and sometimes spends time on watching movies.

Answer these questions. Answer can be one word or yes/no.

- 1. Does Saina think about defeat in the game? 2. Which winning mantra does she always state?
- 3. Does she skip her practice sessions?
- 4. How many sessions does she practise in a day?
- 5. Is Saina able to fulfil her other interests? 6. What does she do? (always/sometimes/never)

L.2 (A) Look at some of the facts.

- 1. All the crows are black. We <u>rarely</u> find a white crow.
- 2. Fish always keep their eyes open. Even when they sleep, they never shut their eyes.
- 3. It seldom rains in the desert areas of Rajasthan.
- 4. Lions <u>frequently</u> enter villages of Gir. But they are never seen in city areas.
- 5. Saras cranes are <u>always</u> found in winter in Gujarat.
- 6. The Indian elephant <u>usually</u> sleeps for 2-3 hours per day.

L.2 (B) Study the table and understand the words given in the steps expressing frequency of an action.

Name	Month	Visits library
Raghav	03	00
Junaid	10	01
Parv	06	02
Freny	03	06
Rishi	03	08

Name	Month	Visits library
Jamshed	01	08
Rizwana	01	12
Dilbar	01	26
Khushbu	01	30

1. Raghav doesn't go to the library.				never
2. Junaid doesn't visit the library unless it is necessary.			alı	most never
3. Parv visits the library once in two-three months.			seldo	om / rarely
4. Freny prefers to read at home. She visits the library on	ly to bori	row books.	occas	ionally
5. Rishi is not regular but many times he reads at the libra	ıry as we	11.	someti	mes
6. Jamshed visits the library almost twice a week.		f	requent	ly
7.Rizwana regularly visits the library.			often	
8. Dilbar visits the library every day except on holidays.		almost alwa	ays / us	ually
9. Khushbu visits the library every day.		alwa	ys	
 Jaimin usually does his homework. Ravindra always his homework. Who is a regular student? Shehnaz seldom walks to school. Mahima often v sometimes. Who prefers to go to school by bus more of the seldom usually takes buttermilk with lunch. K with lunch. Ramanbhai always takes buttermilk among them? Mona's grandmother sometimes takes a walk after kilometres in the morning. She hardly ever does exceed the seldom late to work. Aarav is usually late to who is likely to be scolded by the boss? 	walks to than the calculation with lunder dinner. ercises. Yo work.	school. Ring other two? nai sometime ich. Who is full Her brother who is more Dev is sometime.	es takes fond of alway health	s to school s buttermilk s runs five conscious?
Navin always prefers to read Gujarati newspaper. When the series of the	ho spend question	ls more time o	on read	ing English
 How often do you get up before 6.00 a.m.? How often do you arrive on time at school? How often do you watch T.V.? How often do you visit a temple / a mosque / a church How often do you fail to do your homework? How often do you go to bed before 9 p.m.? How often do you leave the book open while going the school of t	h?o sleep?	- - - - -		n.
	 Junaid doesn't visit the library unless it is necessary. Parv visits the library once in two-three months. Freny prefers to read at home. She visits the library on 5. Rishi is not regular but many times he reads at the library on 6. Jamshed visits the library almost twice a week. Rizwana regularly visits the library. Dilbar visits the library every day except on holidays. Khushbu visits the library every day. Read about each situation and then answer the quest Jaimin usually does his homework. Ravindra alwayshis homework. Who is a regular student? Shehnaz seldom walks to school. Mahima often was sometimes. Who prefers to go to school by bus more. Shemalbhai usually takes buttermilk with lunch. It with lunch. Ramanbhai always takes buttermilk among them? Mona's grandmother sometimes takes a walk afte kilometres in the morning. She hardly ever does extend the with lunch. It will be seen the morning. She hardly ever does extend the will be seen the morning. She hardly ever does extend the morning will be seen the seen	2. Junaid doesn't visit the library unless it is necessary. 3. Parv visits the library once in two-three months. 4. Freny prefers to read at home. She visits the library only to born 5. Rishi is not regular but many times he reads at the library as we 6. Jamshed visits the library almost twice a week. 7. Rizwana regularly visits the library. 8. Dilbar visits the library every day except on holidays. 9. Khushbu visits the library every day. Read about each situation and then answer the question. 1. Jaimin usually does his homework. Ravindra always does hi his homework. Who is a regular student? 2. Shehnaz seldom walks to school. Mahima often walks to sometimes. Who prefers to go to school by bus more than the compact of the self-self-self-self-self-self-self-self-	2. Junaid doesn't visit the library unless it is necessary. 3. Parv visits the library once in two-three months. 4. Freny prefers to read at home. She visits the library only to borrow books. 5. Rishi is not regular but many times he reads at the library as well. 6. Jamshed visits the library almost twice a week. 7. Rizwana regularly visits the library. 8. Dilbar visits the library every day except on holidays. 9. Khushbu visits the library every day. 8. Dilbar visits the library every day except on holidays. 9. Khushbu visits the library every day. 8. Dilbar visits the library every day except on holidays. 9. Khushbu visits the library every day except on holidays. 9. Khushbu visits the library every day except on holidays. 9. Khushbu visits the library every day except on holidays. 9. Library is almost holidays. 9. Khushbu visits a the library every day except on holidays. 9. Library every day except on holidays. 9. Almost always does his homework. 10. Almost always does his homework. 11. Jaimin usually does his homework. 12. How often do you get up before fool a.m.? 12. How often do you visit a temple / a mosque / a church? 13. How often do you get up before 6.00 a.m.? 14. How often do you got up bed before 9 p.m.? 15. How often do you got ob bed before 9 p.m.? 16. How often do you leave the book open while going to sleep?	2. Junaid doesn't visit the library unless it is necessary. 3. Parv visits the library once in two-three months. 4. Freny prefers to read at home. She visits the library only to borrow books. occas 5. Rishi is not regular but many times he reads at the library as well. 5. Rishi is not regular but many times he reads at the library as well. 6. Jamshed visits the library almost twice a week. frequent 7. Rizwana regularly visits the library. often 8. Dilbar visits the library every day except on holidays. 9. Khushbu visits the library every day. almost always / usi 9. Khushbu visits the library every day. always Read about each situation and then answer the question. 1. Jaimin usually does his homework. Ravindra always does his homework. Dipak his homework. Who is a regular student? 2. Shehnaz seldom walks to school. Mahima often walks to school. Rina walk: sometimes. Who prefers to go to school by bus more than the other two? 3. Shemalbhai usually takes buttermilk with lunch. Kishanbhai sometimes takes with lunch. Ramanbhai always takes buttermilk with lunch. Who is fond of among them? 4. Mona's grandmother sometimes takes a walk after dinner. Her brother alway kilometres in the morning. She hardly ever does exercises. Who is more health 5. Jatin is seldom late to work. Aarav is usually late to work. Dev is sometimes lawho is likely to be scolded by the boss? 6. Mohit rarely reads English Newspapers. Rishi usually goes through the head Navin always prefers to read Gujarati newspaper. Who spends more time on read newspapers? Now, think of your daily life and answer these questions. Use always, ne sometimes, rarely, almost, never, almost always, frequently, occasionally, seldor 1. How often do you get up before 6.00 a.m.? 2. How often do you get up before 6.00 a.m.? 2. How often do you arrive on time at school? 3. How often do you tail to do your homework? 6. How often do you use English while talking to your friends? 9. How often do you use English while talking to your friends? 9. How

L.5	Fill in the gaps. Use always/never/sometimes/often/seldom.					
	1. Yuvraj amazes me. He is sad. He always seems so happy.					
	2. Sofia is fond of reading novels. Her vocabulary is good but she uses dictionary to					
	look for meanings of the new words.					
	3. Faizal is good at English. He makes any grammatical errors.					
	4. Kunjal is the best singer of our school. He attends his music classes.					
	5. Disha is a brilliant	t athlete. She	skip	s her prac	tice sessions.	
L.6	Read the sentences and notice the difference in the word order.					
-	1. I am always hun	gry when I wake u	ip early.	1. I alwa	ys feel hungry when	n I wake up early.
	2. Vikram is usuall			2. Vikra	m usually reaches t	he school on time.
	3. Our teacher is a school.	often the first to a	arrive at	3. Our t	teacher often arri 1.	ves early at the
	4. I am sometimes	shy around new po	eople.	4. I some	etimes avoid going	to parties.
	5. Pankti is rarely a	bsent from the sch	nool.	5. Pankti	i rarely misses any	class.
	6. Vikram and Akra	am are seldom on	time.	6. They	seldom pass a test.	
	7. We are never at 1	the school after 6 p	o.m.	7. We no p.m.	ever stay back at	the school after 6
L.7	Look at the group of	of sentences. Unde	rline the	frequenc	y expressions. Tic	k(√)the sentences
	which have accepta	able word order a	nd cross	(X) mark	k the wrong ones.	
	Example: ✓ Often	I feel like going for	r long wa	lks by my	self.	
	✓ I often feel like going for long walks by myself.					
	X I feel	often like going for	longwal	ks by mys	self.	
	1. I sometimes for	orget my wife's birt	thday.	2. I re	ead seldom the new	spaper.
	Sometimes I f	orget my wife's bir	thday.	Ise	eldom read the new	spaper.
	I forget sometimes my wife's birthday. Seldom I read the newspaper.					
	3. She is usually	in at this time of the	e day.	4. Ne	ever he gets here be	fore 10.00 am.
	Usually she is	in at this time of the	e day.	Не	never gets here be	fore 10.00 am.
	She is in at this time of the day usually. He gets never here before 10.00 am.					
L.8 (2.8 (A) Here are some activities: swimming, play cricket, play badminton, play carom, play games					
,	on phone, read newspaper, go to cinema hall, trekking, fishing, visit library, attend birthday					
	parties, offer prayer, participate in competitions at school.					
	Put them into this t	able thinking abo	ut frequ	ency in yo	our life for last two	/three years.
	always	sometimes	ra	rely	never	occasional

L.8 (B) Exchange notes with your partner and speak five sentences about his/her activities.

L.9 Answer the questions using the information in the table. Follow the example.

Name	Goes for a walk	Watches TV	Does homework	Reads newspaper
Rahul	sometimes	never	almost always	sometimes
Virendra	frequently	occasionally	sometimes	never
Jasmin	seldom	rarely	rarely	always
Shafika	almost never	sometimes	never	almost always

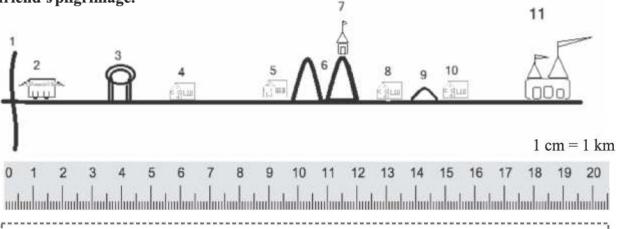
	1.	Who is regular in doing homework?	Rahul
	2.	Who doesn't forget to read a newspaper every day?	
	3.	Who doesn't like to go for a walk at all?	
	4.	"I watch special TV programmes only". Who says that?	
	5.	Who dislikes homework?	
	6.	Who reads newspapers on a few days of the week?	
	7.	$\hbox{`Idislike watchingTVbutIwatchsomeprogrammesonweekends'}.$	
L.10	(A)	Here are ways of learning a new vocabulary. How often do you u	se these ways to learn
		v words. Write the answer that is true for you. (Use always, usua dom, never).	lly, often, sometimes
	1.	I make a drawing to help me remember a new word.	
	2.	I learn new words when I use them in sentences.	
	3.	I write down the meaning in a special notebook.	
	4.	When I come across a new word, I repeat the word aloud.	
	5.	I try to use new words in conversation.	
	6.	I look up the meaning of the new words in a dictionary.	
	7.	I circle or underline new words when I find them.	
	8.	I write new words repetitively in a separate notebook.	
	9.	I write a Gujarati meaning next to the new English word.	
	10.	When I come across a new word, I try to guess its meaning.	

L.10 (B) Take turns asking and answering these questions (in L.10 A). Begin each question with 'Do you ever...?' If the answer is 'yes', then ask 'How often do you...?'

Sample: Do you ever make a drawing to remember a new word? How often do you make a drawing to remember a new word?

11 Step 1: Select your partner. Write that person's I Step 2: Read the statements 1 to 5. Without talk partner does these things. Write your guess usually/often/sometimes/rarely/never.	ing to your part	
	My guess	My partner's answer
1. How often is s/he late for school?		
2. How often does s/he bunk classes?		
3. How often does s/he respond to the teacher's questions in class?		
4. How often does s/he share lunchbox with friends?		
5. How often does s/he talk to the teacher in English?		
Step 3: Now, frame interview questions followin Write your partner's answer in the column on the ri one point for every correct guess. Question: How often are you late for the school?		• •
Correct guesses:		
Writing 1 Observe the pictures. Sense the story. Develop places and other descriptions.	a longer story	adding names of people
Mr. Pappuji ate a banana and dropped its skin on the	e way	
He visited a bookstall.		
He returned reading		
He realized his mistake.		

W.2 Your friend went on a pilgrimage on foot from Danta to Ambaji. The route is explained in the figure below. Now read the information and write a paragraph describing your friend's pilgrimage.



Ukaanchali River 2. Sir Bhavanisinh Vidyalaya
 Entrance to Sanctuary 4. Seva Camp ITI, Palanpur 5. Piplavali Vaav village 6. Trishuliyo Ghaat, Mountain pass
 Trishuliyamata Temple 8. Dhabavali Vaav village 9. A small hilly pass 10. Paansa village 11. Ambaji

You may begin like this: My friend Vishvam is a great devotee of Goddess Ambaji. He often goes there on pilgrimage. This year on the full moon of Bhadrapad month, he went from Danta to Ambaji on foot. As soon as he started from Danta, he crossed the river Ukaanchali. Then after walking for about a kilometer, he reached Sir Bhavanisinh Vidyalaya.

W.3 Suppose you are a resident of village Magarwada. Describe your planning of cleaning your 'Mohalla' under the 'Clean India Movement'. You can get help from the questions given below.

Clean Magarwada - Green Magarwada

- Why did you decide to take up this project of cleanliness? Who inspired you?
- What will you do to explain the importance of cleanliness to the village people?
- Who will be your team mates for this purpose?
- What tools provided by the Gram Panchayat will you get for your team?
- What help do you expect from the elderly people?
- How much time will it take to clean your mohalla?
- Do you expect any reward? Why?
- What do you suggest to keep your mohalla permanently clean?

W.4 You are a young leader of your locality. Write a report on what you did to celebrate the 'World Environment Day'in your locality. You may use these clues.

 5^{th} June – the World Environment Day – Worried about the worsening condition of environment – collecting people – inspiring speech – poster and slogan competition – exhibition – short movie – oath – future planning – founding a club – procession with placards - great satisfaction