Assignment 12 | | Dynamic Memory Allocation

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Q1)Find max and min element.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void storeArr(int *arr, int size)
        printf("Enter value for index %d: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
void printArr(int arr[], int size)
    printf("[ ");
       printf("%d ,", arr[i]);
    printf("\b ]");
int *findMaxNMinEle(int arr[], int size)
    int *maxMinArr = (int *)malloc(2 * sizeof(int));
    int max = arr[0], min = arr[0];
        if (arr[i] < min)</pre>
            min = arr[i];
        if (arr[i] > max)
           max = arr[i];
    maxMinArr[0] = min;
    maxMinArr[1] = max;
    return maxMinArr;
int main()
    printf("\nEnter the size of array\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int arr[n];
    storeArr(arr, n);
```

```
printf("\nLargest number in array is %d\n", findMaxNMinEle(arr, n)[1]);
printf("Smallest number in array is %d\n", findMaxNMinEle(arr, n)[0]);
return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the size of array

5
Enter value for index 0: -5
Enter value for index 1: 28
Enter value for index 2: 4
Enter value for index 3: 15
Enter value for index 4: 29

Largest number in array is 29
Smallest number in array is -5
```

Q2)Search element

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void storeArr(int *arr, int size)
        printf("Enter value for index %d: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
int searchInArray(int arr[], int size, int num)
        if (arr[i] == num)
int main()
    printf("Enter the size of an array:\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
   int searchNum;
    int* arr = (int*)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
    storeArr(arr, n);
    printf("\nEnter a number u want to search in array\n");
    scanf("%d", &searchNum);
    int res = searchInArray(arr, n, searchNum);
```

```
res==-1 ? printf("Number not found in array\n") : printf("%d found at index
%d",searchNum, res);
free(arr);
arr=NULL;
return 0;
}
```

```
Enter value for index 0: 2
Enter value for index 1: 5
Enter value for index 2: 8
Enter value for index 3: 4
Enter value for index 4: 6

Enter a number u want to search in array 8
8 found at index 2
```

Q3) Sum of all nums in array

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

int storeNSum(int arr[], int size){
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    {
        printf("Enter the value at index %d: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
        sum += arr[i];
    }
    return sum;
}

int main(){
    int n;
    printf("Enter the size of an array:\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    int* arr = (int*)malloc(n * sizeof(int));

    printf("Sum of all elements of array is %d", storeNSum(arr,n));
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Enter the size of an array:

3

Enter the value at index 0: 2

Enter the value at index 1: 5

Enter the value at index 2: 4

Sum of all elements of array is 11
```

Q4) Odd even num

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void storeArr(int *arr, int size)
       printf("Enter value for index %d: ", i);
       scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
void printOddEven(int arr[], int size){
    printf("\n-----Even Nums in Array-----\n");
       !(arr[i]%2) && printf("%d ", arr[i]);
   printf("\n-----\n");
       arr[i]%2 && printf("%d ", arr[i]);
int main(){
   printf("Enter the size of an array:\n");
   scanf("%d", &n);
   int* arr = (int*)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
   storeArr(arr, n);
   printOddEven(arr, n);
```

```
Enter the size of an array:

5
Enter value for index 0: 0
Enter value for index 1: 2
Enter value for index 2: 5
Enter value for index 3: 1
Enter value for index 4: 3

------Even Nums in Array-----
0 2
------Odd Nums in Array-----
5 1 3
```

Q5)Print alternate numbers

```
#include<stdio.h>

void storeArr(int *arr, int size)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        {
             printf("Enter value for index %d: ", i);
                  scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
        }
}

void printAlternate(int arr[], int size){
        for (int i = 0; i < size; i=i+2)
        {
             printf("%d ", arr[i]);
        }
}

int main(){
        int n;
        printf("Enter the size of an array:\n");
        scanf("%d", &n);

        int arr[n];
        storeArr(arr, n);
        printAlternate(arr, n);
        return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Enter the size of an array:

6
Enter value for index 0: 0
Enter value for index 1: 1
Enter value for index 2: 2
Enter value for index 3: 3
Enter value for index 4: 4
Enter value for index 5: 5
0 2 4
```

Q6)Print Prime numbers

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void checkPrime(int arr[], int size)
{
   for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
```

```
if(arr[i]==1 || arr[i]==0) continue;
        int isPrime = 1;
        for (int j = 2; j * j <= arr[i]; j++)
            if (arr[i] % j == 0)
                isPrime = 0;
                break;
        isPrime && printf("%d ", arr[i]);
int main()
    printf("Enter the size of an array:\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    int* arr = (int*)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        printf("Enter the value at index %d: ", i);
       scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    checkPrime(arr, n);
    return 0;
```

```
Enter the size of an array:

6
Enter the value at index 0: 0
Enter the value at index 1: 15
Enter the value at index 2: 29
Enter the value at index 3: 13
Enter the value at index 4: 25
Enter the value at index 5: 17
29 13 17
```

```
7. Take two array and add sum in third array
Examplearr[
5]= {1,2, 3, 4,5}
brr[5]={10,20,30, 40, 50}
crr[5]={11,22,33,44,55}
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void storeArr(int arr[], int size){
   for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
       printf("Enter the value at index %d: ", i);
       scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
void findSum(int arr[], int brr[], int size){
   int crr[size];
   for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
       crr[i] = arr[i]+ brr[i];
       printf("%d ", crr[i]);
int main(){
   printf("Enter the size of an array:\n");
   scanf("%d", &n);
    int* arr = (int*)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
   int sum = 0;
   //taking arr 1 from user
   printf("-----\n");
   storeArr(arr,n);
   int* brr = (int*)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
   int* crr = (int*)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
   //taking brr (2) from user
   printf("-----\n");
   storeArr(brr,n);
   //find sum and adding in crr in respective element
```

```
findSum(arr,brr, n);
  free(arr);
  free(brr);
  free(crr);
  return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the size of an array:

3
-----Array 1 - arr -----
Enter the value at index 0: 1
Enter the value at index 1: 2
Enter the value at index 2: 3
-----Array 2 - brr -----
Enter the value at index 0: 4
Enter the value at index 1: 5
Enter the value at index 2: 6
5 7 9
```

Q8)Merge two arrays

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void storeArr(int arr[], int size){
       printf("Enter the value at index %d: ", i);
       scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
void displayArr(int arr[], int size){
       printf("%d ", arr[i]);
int* mergeArr(int arr1[], int size1, int arr2[], int size2){
    int* arr3 = (int*) malloc(n3 * sizeof(int));
int main(){
   printf("Enter the size of an array1:\n");
   scanf("%d", &n1);
   int arr1[n1];
   //taking arr 1 from user
   printf("----Enter values for Array 1----\n");
   storeArr(arr1, n1);
   printf("Enter the size of an array1:\n");
```

```
scanf("%d", &n2);
int arr2[n2], n3 = n1+n2;

//taking arr 2 from user
printf("----Enter values for Array 2----\n");
storeArr(arr2,n2);

//adding values from arr1 to arr3
int* arr3 = mergeArr(arr1, n1, arr2, n2);

//printing arr3
displayArr(arr3, n3);
return 0;
}
```

```
Enter the size of an array1:

3
-----Enter values for Array 1-----
Enter the value at index 0: 1
Enter the value at index 1: 2
Enter the value at index 2: 3
Enter the size of an array1:
4
-----Enter values for Array 2-----
Enter the value at index 0: 4
Enter the value at index 1: 5
Enter the value at index 2: 6
Enter the value at index 3: 7
1 2 3 4 5 6 7
```

Q9)Reverse an array

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void displayArr(int arr[], int size)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("%d ", arr[i]);
}

void storeArr(int arr[], int size)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        {
        printf("Enter the value for index %d: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    }
}

void reverseArray(int arr[], int n)
{</pre>
```

```
int temp = arr[i];
       arr[i] = arr[n - i - 1]; // a[0] = a[3-0-1] = a[2] = 3 2
       arr[n - i - 1] = temp; // a[2] = temp = 1 2
       // printf("%d ", arr[i]);
int main()
   printf("Enter the size of an array:\n");
   scanf("%d", &n);
    int* arr = (int*) malloc(n * sizeof(int));
   // taking arr from user
   printf("----Enter values for Array 1----\n");
   storeArr(arr, n);
   // reverse array
   reverseArray(arr, n);
   // printing array
   displayArr(arr, n);
   free(arr);
   return 0;
```

```
Enter the size of an array:

5
----Enter values for Array 1----
Enter the value for index 0: 2
Enter the value for index 1: 5
Enter the value for index 2: 7
Enter the value for index 3: 8
Enter the value for index 4: 9
9 8 7 5 2
```

Q10)Sort an array

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

void displayArr(int arr[], int size)
{
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
```

```
printf("%d ", arr[i]);
void storeArr(int arr[], int size)
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
        printf("Enter the value for index %d: ", i);
        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
void sortArray(int arr[], int n)
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)
            if (arr[i] > arr[j])
                int temp = arr[i];
                arr[i] = arr[j];
                arr[j] = temp;
int main()
    printf("Enter the size of an array:\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
   int* arr = (int*) malloc(n * sizeof(int));
    // taking arr from user
    storeArr(arr,n);
    //sort array
    sortArray(arr, n);
    // printing array
    displayArr(arr,n);
    free(arr);
    return 0;
```

```
Enter the size of an array:

5
Enter the value for index 0: 8
Enter the value for index 1: 10
Enter the value for index 2: 15
Enter the value for index 3: 4
Enter the value for index 4: 2
2 4 8 10 15
```

----END-----