## KENDRIYA VIDYALAYA, IIT POWAI MONTHLY TEST (CLASS 12<sup>th</sup>) SEPT 2017

H	ne : 1.5 nrs	MIM : 40
2. 3.	What are the different types of SQL? What is the difference between PRIMARY KEY and UNIQUE KEY? Differentiate between DETETE and DROP command in SQL. What is the difference between following two queries:  (i) Select count(*) from emp;  (ii) Select count(Comm) from emp;	2 2 2 2
4.	Look at the following table:  EMP (EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, HIREDATE, SAL, COMM, DEPTNO)  DEPT(DEPTNO, DNAME, LOC)  Write SQL queries based on above table:  (i) To display structure of table emp.  (ii) Display name of employee whose name start with "R".  (iii) To display DEPTNO, ENAME, DNAME.	2 2 2
	<ul> <li>(iv) To display name of all employees whose job is "CLERK" with their location of job(I</li> <li>(v) Display emp details who joined the company in year 1981.</li> <li>(vi) Display emp table in increasing order of their salary(SAL).</li> <li>(vii) Display name of employee who is not getting any commission including comm Rs</li> <li>(viii) Display the Emp Name and their salary whose salary in range of Rs. 10000 to 2000</li> <li>(ix) Modify the salary in emp table by giving an increment of 10% to all "ANALYST".</li> <li>(x) Delete record of all "CLERK" (i.e. JOB) from the table EMP.</li> <li>(xi) Delete the entire Table DEPT (Data &amp; Structure both).</li> </ul>	. 0. 2
5.	Give the output of following SQL:  (i) Select SUBSTR("MY NAME IS KHAN", 2,3);  (ii) Select SUBSTR("MY NAME IS KHAN", -2,3);  (iii) Select ROUND(253.629, 2);  (iv) Select TRUNCATE(253.629, 2);  (v) Select CONCAT("MY NAME", " - ", "IS", "KHAN");	2 2 2 2 2

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