

Class XI (Theory) C++

Duration: 3 hours

Total Marks: 70

Unit No.	Unit Name	Marks
1.	COMPUTER FUNDAMENTALS	10
2.	PROGRAMMING METHODOLOGY	12
3.	INTRODUCTION TO C++	14
4.	PROGRAMMING IN C++	34
	Total	70

Unit-1: Computer Fundamentals

Common to both the options. Refer to Unit 1 mentioned in case of Python for further details

Unit-2: Programming Methodology

Common to both the options Refer to Unit 2 mentioned in case of Python for further details.

Unit-3: Introduction to C++

(44 Theory + 36 Practical) Periods

Getting Started: C++ character set, C++ Tokens (Identifiers, Keywords, Constants, Operators,), Structure of a C++ Program (include files, main function), Header files - iostream.h, iomanip.h, cout, cin; use of I/O operators (<<and>>), Use of endl and setw (), Cascading of I/O operators, compilation , Error Messages; Use of editor, basic commands of editor, compilation, linking and execution.

Data Types, Variables and Constants: Concept of Data types; Built-in Data types: char, int , float and double; Constants: Integer Constants, Character constants (- \n, \t, \b), Floating Point Constants, String Constants; Access modifier: const; Variables of built-in-data types, Declaration/Initialization of variables, Assignment statement, Type modifier: signed, unsigned, long

Operator and Expressions: Operators: Arithmetic operators (-,+,*,/,%), Assignment operator (=), c++ shorthands (+=, -=,*=,/=,%=) Unary operators (-), Increment (++) and Decrement (--) Operators, Relation operator (>,>=,<=,<=,!=), Logical operators (!,&&,||), Conditional operator: <condition>?<if false>; Precedence of Operators; Automatic type conversion in expressions, Type casting;

UNIT 4: PROGRAMMING IN C++

(50 Theory + 48 Practical) Periods

Flow of control

Conditional statements: if else, Nested if, switch..case..default, use of conditional operator, Nested switch..case, break statement (to be used in switch..case only); **Loops:** while, do - while, for and Nested loops

Inbuilt Functions

Header file Categorization	Header File	Function
Standard input/output functions	stdio.h	gets (), puts ()
Character Functions	ctype.h	isalnum (), isalpha (), isdigit (), islower (), isupper (), tolower (), toupper ()
String Function	string.h	strcpy (), strcat (), strlen (), strcmp (), strcmpi (), strev (), strupur (), strlwr ()
Mathematical Functions	math.h	fabs (), pow (), sqrt (), sin (), cos (), abs ()
Other Functions	stdlib.h	randomize (), random ()

Introduction to user-defined function and its requirements.

Defining a function; function prototype, Invoking/calling a function, passing arguments to function, specifying argument data types, default argument, constant argument, call by value, call by reference, returning values from a function, calling functions with arrays, scope rules of functions and variables local and global variables.

Relating to Parameters and return type concepts in built-in functions.

Structured Data Type

Arrays: Introduction to Array and its advantages.

One Dimensional Array: Declaration/initialization of One-dimensional array, Inputting array elements, accessing array elements, manipulation of array elements (sum of elements, product of elements, average of elements, linear search, finding maximum/minimum value)

Declaration / Initialization of a String, string manipulations (counting vowels/ consonants/ digits/ special characters, case conversion, reversing a string, reversing each word of a string)

Two-dimensional Array: Declaration/initialization of a two-dimensional array, inputting array elements, accessing array elements, manipulation of Array elements (sum of row element, column elements, diagonal elements, finding maximum / minimum values)

User-defined Data Types: Introduction to user defined data types.

Structure: Defining a Structure (Keyword Structure), declaring structure variables, accessing structure elements, passing structure to functions as value and reference, argument/parameter, function returning structure, array of structure, passing an array of structure as an argument/ a parameter to a function.

Defining a symbol name using **typedef** keyword and defining a macro using **#define** preprocessor directive.

Class XI (Practical) - C++

Duration: 3 hours

Total Marks: 30

1. Programming in C++ 10

One programming problem in C++ to be developed and tested on Computer during the examination. Marks are allotted on the basis of following:

Logic : 6 Marks

Documentation : 2 Marks

Output presentation : 2 Marks

2. One logical problem to be solved through flow charts. 04

3. Project Work 06

Problems using String, Number, array and structure manipulation

General Guidelines: Initial Requirement, developing an interface for user (it is advised to use text based interface screen), developing logic for playing the game and developing logic for scoring points

- Memory game: A number guessing game with application of 2 dimensional arrays containing randomly generated numbers in pairs hidden inside boxes.
- Hollywood/ Hangman: A word Guessing game
- Cows 'N Bulls: A word/number Guessing game
- Random Number Guessing Game (High\Low)
- A game to check whether a word does not use any of the forbidden letters
- Cross'N knots game: A regular tic-tac -toe game.

or

Similar projects may be undertaken in other domains. (As mentioned in general guidelines for project, given at the end of the curriculum in a group of 2-4 students)

4. Practical File

(5+1*)=6

- (a) Record of the configuration of computer system used by the student in the computer lab (by exploring inside computer system in the first 2 lab classes).
- (b) Must have minimum 20 programs from the topics covered in class XI course.
 - Programs on Control structures
 - Programs on String manipulations
 - Programs on array manipulations(1D & 2D)
 - Programs on structures.

*1 mark is for innovating while developing programmes.

6. Viva Voce

04

Viva will be asked from the syllabus covered in class XI and the project developed by the student(s).

*1 mark is for innovating while developing programme.