## Chapter-23

## Apostrophe sign (')

1. Use punctuation of the **Apostrophe** in possessive forms.

This is student

This is the student's book (means this is a book of one student)

These are students / This is students' conference hall

In the above sentences, notice how meaning changes just because of the use of Apostrophe or Apostrophe+S.

Look the sentence given below & notice how this sentence is written in three different ways without any change in meaning.

- This is Mili's poem  $\rightarrow$  This poem is **hers**  $\rightarrow$  This is her poem
- 2. In contracted word where a letter is missing (**contracted** forms) (the apostrophe shows that letters have been left out /missing):
  - can not > can't / they have > they've / who is > who's
  - I would (or I had) > I'd / it is (or it has) > it's / I've > I have e.g., I've not met my neighbour for four months

## Important notes-

1. For possessive plural nouns <u>ending in "s"</u>, add only the apostrophe.

e.g., The farmers' farms Singers' voices Boys' hostel

2. For plural nouns <u>not ending in the letter s</u>, add an apostrophe and s.

For example: Women's soccer Children's books

3. Do not use an apostrophe in "Possessive pronouns" or "determiners" (except *one's*) Do not confuse them with contractions.

The following are typical mistakes:

Wrong	Right
It's value is	Its value is
Who's are these?	Whose are these?
These are your's	These are yours
exception >	One's self-esteem