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decrypt it 1

if

abc.def.

= str



mutable?

StringBuilders are mutable in Java!



replace . to [.]

str = ~~abc~~.~~def~~.

⊙ → not

ch = 'a' 'b'

sb = abc[.]def[.]

TC:  $O(N)$   
SC:  $O(N)$

```
StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();  
for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++)  
{  
    char ch = str.charAt(i);  
    if (ch == '.')  
    {  
        sb.append("[.]");  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        sb.append(ch);  
    }  
}
```

{ converts sb  
to a string }

return sb.toString();

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{str} &= \dots O(N) \text{ } 3 \\
 \text{O/p } &\underbrace{[.] [.] [.] }_g \quad O(\underbrace{3N}) = \underbrace{O(N)} \\
 &\quad \quad \quad (3N) \quad \quad O(3 \times N) = \underbrace{O(N)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Method 2

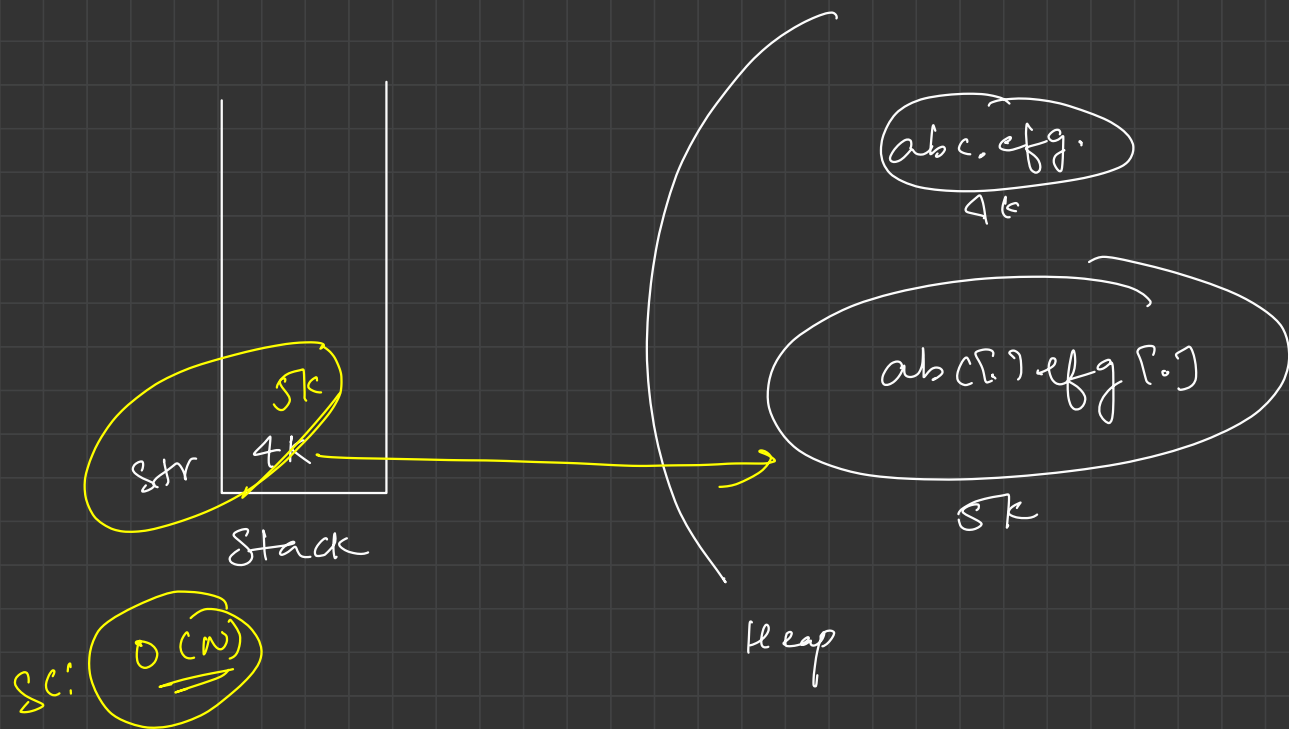
replace method of string

```

str = str.replace(".", "[.]");
return str;

```

$\left. \begin{array}{l} TC: O(N) \\ SC: \underline{O(N)} \end{array} \right\}$



Increase k

$$\text{arr}[] = \{1, 2, 3, 3\}$$

$$\downarrow \downarrow$$
$$\{1, 2, \textcircled{4}, 3\}$$

$$\text{coins spend} = \underline{1}$$

X

$$\begin{matrix} & +4 & +5 \\ [1 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4] \end{matrix}$$

$$\rightarrow 5 \quad \{ \text{work } 5 - 1 = 4 \text{ coins} \}$$

$$\rightarrow 6 \quad \{ \text{work } 6 - 1 = 5 \text{ coins} \}$$

$$= \underline{9 \text{ coins}}$$

$[1, \overset{4}{\cancel{1}}, \overset{5}{\cancel{2}}, 2, 3, 7]$ 
 $\max = \cancel{7} \ 8$

$\downarrow$   
 $8(7)$

$\searrow$   
 $9(8)$

$ans = 7 + 8 = 15$   
 $2 \text{ coins}$

$[1, 1, 1, 2, 3, 7]$

$\uparrow$   $2$   $2 \text{ coin}$   
 $\uparrow$   $4$   $2 \text{ coin}$   
 $\uparrow$   $5$   $2 \text{ coin}$

$\circlearrowleft$   $7 \text{ coins}$

$\downarrow$   $3$   $2 \text{ coins}$

$\leftarrow 1 \rightarrow \leftarrow y \rightarrow$

$1$   $2$   $x$

$\text{coins} = 1 + y$

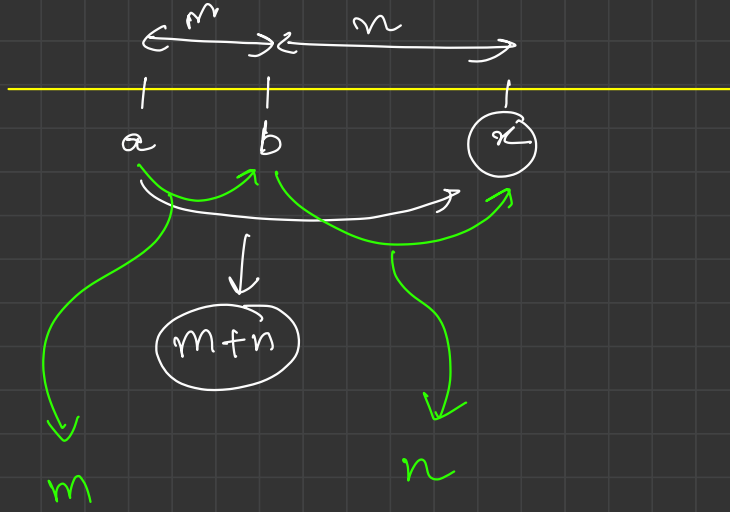
$\underline{1 \text{ coin}}$

$y \text{ coins}$

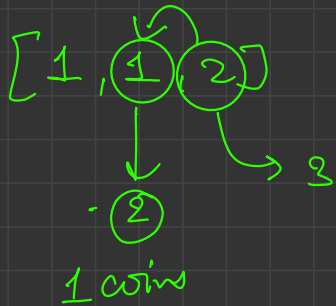
Sorting

→ ascending order

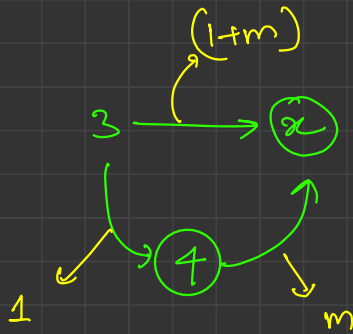
→ duplicates comes together



$[a, a, b]$

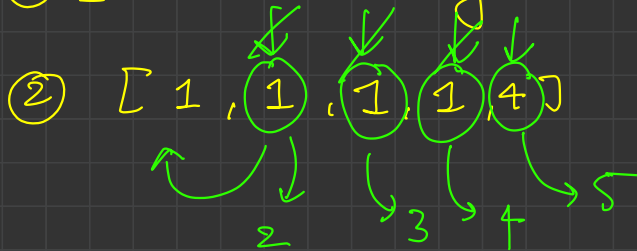






arr: [1, 1, 1, 1, 4]

① Sort the array



$$\begin{aligned} \text{coins} &= 1 + 2 + 3 + 1 \\ &= \underline{7 \text{ coins}} \end{aligned}$$

```
{ fun (int[] arr, int N)
```

```
    Arrays.sort(arr);
```

```
    int coins = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = 1; i < N; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if (arr[i] <= arr[i-1])
```

```
        {
```

```
            coins += (arr[i-1] + 1) - arr[i];
```

```
            arr[i] = arr[i-1] + 1;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
    return coins;
```

```

public static long increaseIt(int[] arr, int N) {
    // Code here
    → Arrays.sort(arr); →  $(N \log N)$ 
    int coins = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i < N; i++) {
        if (arr[i - 1] >= arr[i]) {
            coins += arr[i - 1] + 1 - arr[i];
            arr[i] = arr[i - 1] + 1;
        }
    }
    return coins;
}

```

$$2 - 1 = 1 \text{ coin}$$

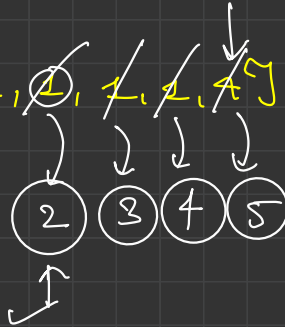
$$4 - 1 = 3$$

$$3 - 1 = 2$$

$$5 - 4 = 1$$

$$\text{Coins} = 1 + 2 + 3 + 1 = \underline{7}$$

arr[] = {1, 1, 4, 1, 1} → {1, 2, 3, 4, 5}



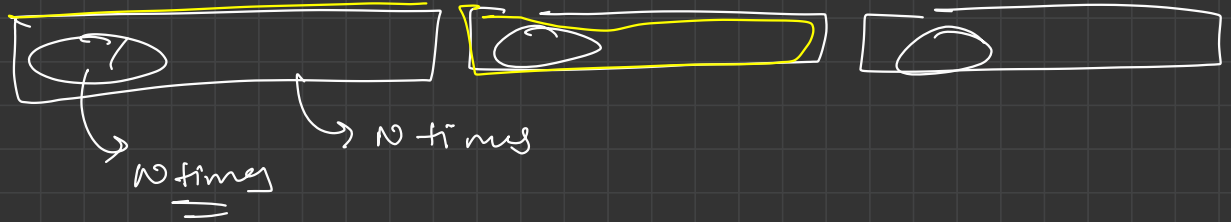
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]

① duplicates -> log.  
② asc. order

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{TC} : O(N \log N) \\ \text{SC} : O(1) \end{array} \right\}$

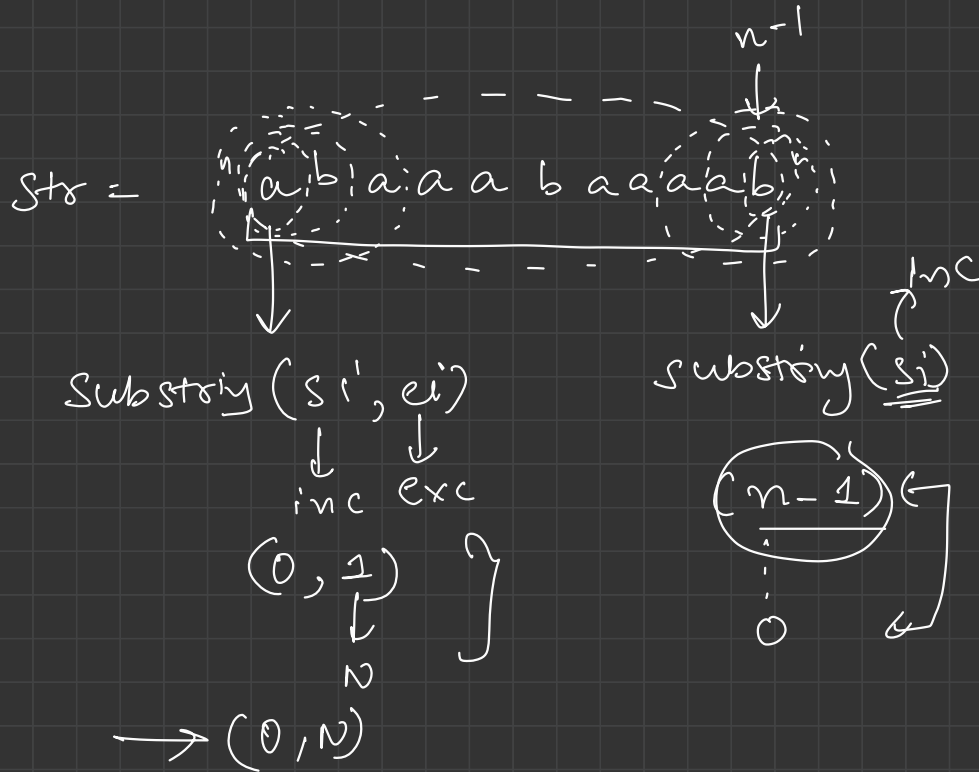
str = "abc abc abc xyz mnab abc no abc"

str = "aaaaabaaaa"

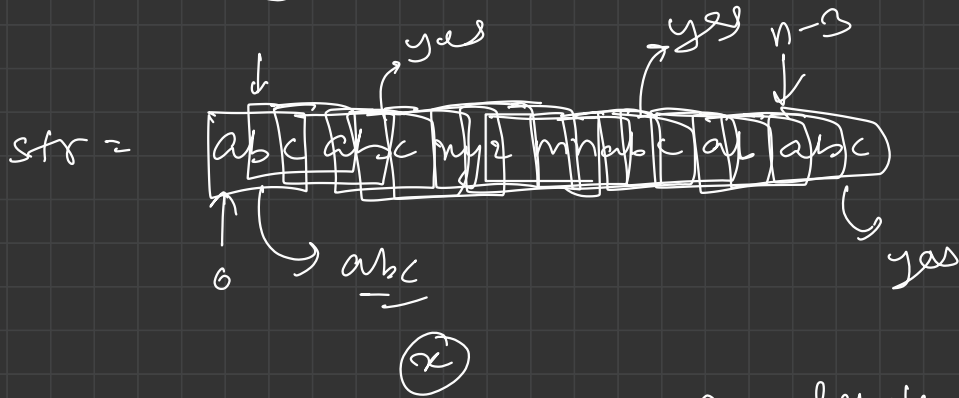
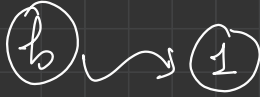


- ① choose a smaller substring
  - with starts the string
  - ends the string

② gets its frequency



str = "(b)"



n - length of substring

k 4  
1, k+n



a a a a a b a a a a a

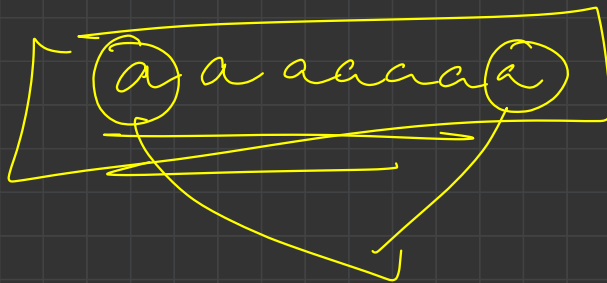
Story =

b

→ p1

1

"b"



"a"