

# Time Series Analysis: Week 2 - April 8

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*"You can observe a lot just by watching"*

Berra

## Load ffp3 package

- ▶ Load the following packages

```
library(tidyverse)
library(ffp3)
library(tswge)
```

# Graphs

Plots allow us to identify:

- ▶ Patterns
- ▶ Unusual observations
- ▶ Changes over time
- ▶ Relationships between variables.

# US GDP

Filter the US data from global\_economy

```
us_economy <- global_economy %>%  
  filter(Country == "United States")  
  
print(us_economy)
```

# A tsibble: 58 x 9 [1Y]

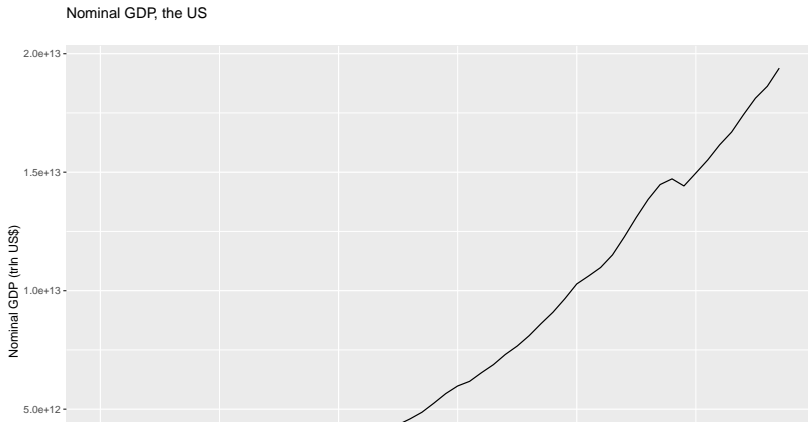
# Key: Country [1]

	Country	Code	Year	GDP	Growth	CPI	Imports
	<fct>	<fct>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>
1	United States	USA	1960	5.43e11	NA	13.6	4.1
2	United States	USA	1961	5.63e11	2.30	13.7	4.2
3	United States	USA	1962	6.05e11	6.10	13.9	4.3
4	United States	USA	1963	6.39e11	4.40	14.0	4.4
5	United States	USA	1964	6.86e11	5.80	14.2	4.5
6	United States	USA	1965	7.44e11	6.40	14.4	4.6
7	United States	USA	1966	8.15e11	6.50	14.9	4.7
8	United States	USA	1967	8.62e11	2.50	15.2	4.8

# The US GDP

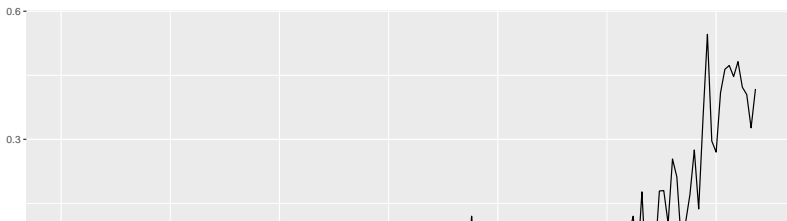
Plot the US GDP

```
us_economy |> autoplot(GDP) +  
  labs(title = "Nominal GDP, the US ",  
        subtitle = "",  
        y = "Nominal GDP (trln US$)")
```



# Global Temperature

```
global_temp<- tibble(  
  Year = 1850:2009,  
  Temperature = hadley  
)  
  
global_temp<- global_temp|>  
  as_tsibble(index=Year)  
  
global_temp|>  
  autoplot(Temperature)
```



# Time series patterns

**Trend** pattern exists when there is a long-term increase or decrease in the data.

**Seasonal** pattern exists when a series is influenced by seasonal factors (e.g., the quarter of the year, the month, or day of the week).

**Cyclic** pattern exists when data exhibit rises and falls that are *not of fixed period*



# Time series components

Differences between seasonal and cyclic patterns:

- ▶ seasonal pattern constant length; cyclic pattern variable length
- ▶ average length of cycle longer than length of seasonal pattern
- ▶ magnitude of cycle more variable than magnitude of seasonal pattern

# Domestic Car Production

```
library(fredr)

fredr_set_key("33223ed79fd61ea6915872b9a2cc2256")

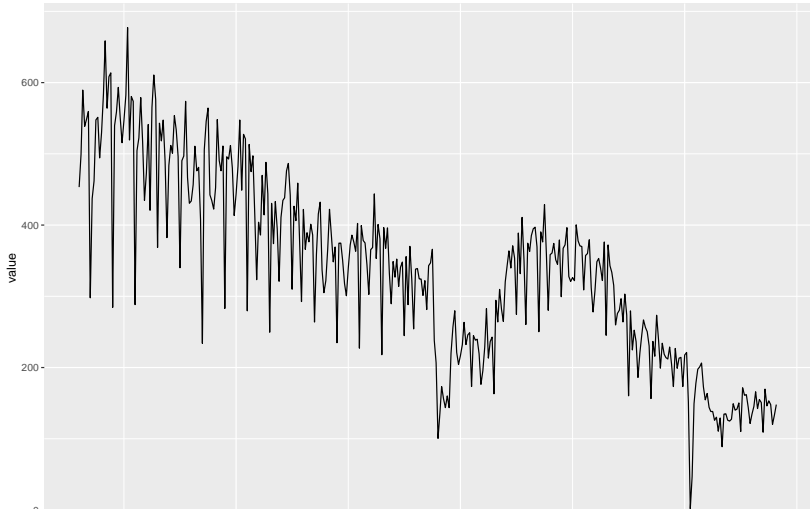
car_prod <- fredr(
  series_id = "DAUPNSA"
)

car_prod <- car_prod |>
  mutate(date = yearmonth(date)) |>
  as_tsibble(
    index = date
  )
```

# Domestic Car Production

```
car_prod|>autoplot()
```

Plot variable not specified, automatically selected ``vars``

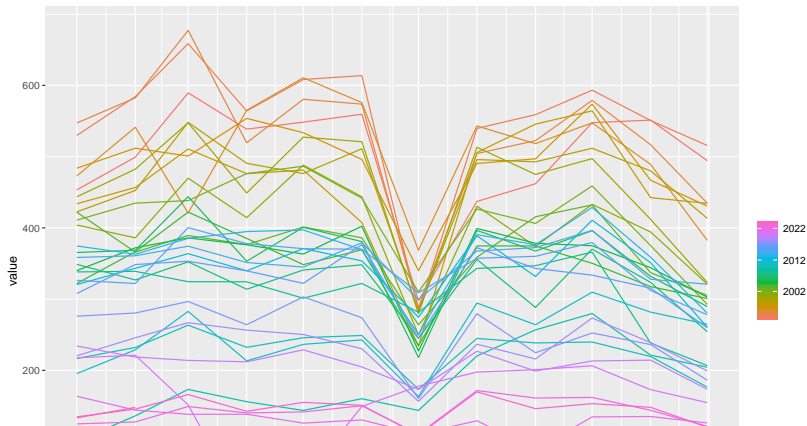


# Domestic Car Production

Use `gg_season()` to plot the data against the individual “seasons”

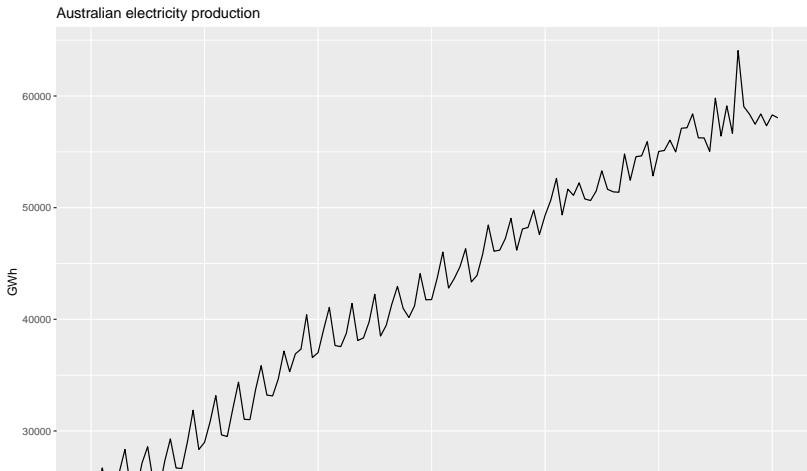
```
car_prod|>  
  gg_season()
```

Plot variable not specified, automatically selected ``y = value``



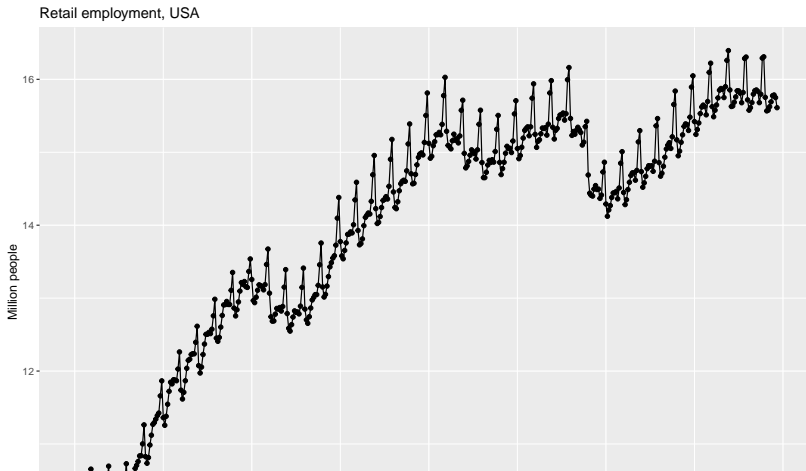
# Australian Electricity Production

```
aus_production |>  
  filter(year(Quarter) >= 1980) |>  
  autoplot(Electricity) +  
  labs(y = "GWh", title = "Australian electricity production")
```



# The US Retail Employment

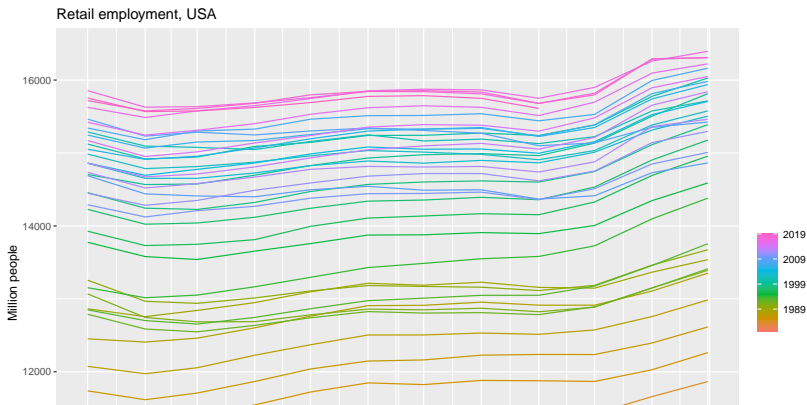
```
us_employment |>  
  filter(Title == "Retail Trade", year(Month) >= 1980) |>  
  autoplot(Employed / 1e3) + geom_point() +  
  labs(y = "Million people", title = "Retail employment, US")
```



# The US Retail Employment

```
us_employment |>  
  filter(Title == "Retail Trade", year(Month) >= 1980) |>  
  gg_season()+  
  labs(y = "Million people", title = "Retail employment, US")
```

Plot variable not specified, automatically selected `y = Employment`



# US Gas Consumption

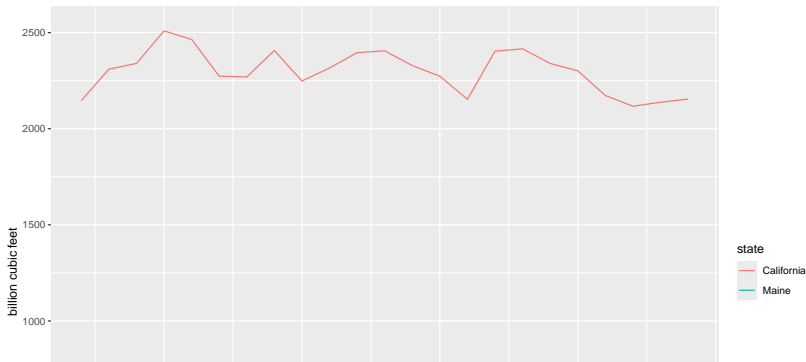
```
#install.packages('USgas')  
library(USgas)  
  
us_total
```

	year	state	y
1	1997	Alabama	324158
2	1998	Alabama	329134
3	1999	Alabama	337270
4	2000	Alabama	353614
5	2001	Alabama	332693
6	2002	Alabama	379343
7	2003	Alabama	350345
8	2004	Alabama	382367
9	2005	Alabama	353156
10	2006	Alabama	391093
11	2007	Alabama	418512
12	2008	Alabama	404157



# CA and ME gas consumption

```
us_tsibble <- us_total |>
  as_tsibble(index=year, key=state)
# Draw CA and ME gas consumption over time
us_tsibble |>
  filter(state %in% c("California","Maine")) |>
  autoplot(y/1e3) +
  labs(y = "billion cubic feet")
```



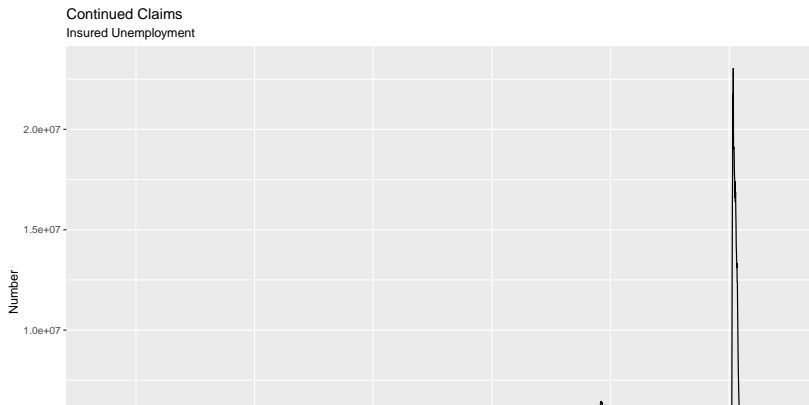
# Unemployment Claims

```
un_claims <- fredr(  
  series_id = "CCNSA"  
)  
  
un_claims <- un_claims |>  
  mutate(date = yearweek(date)) |>  
  as_tsibble(  
    index = date  
  )
```

# Unemployment Claims

```
un_claims|>autoplot()+  
  labs(title = "Continued Claims ",  
        subtitle = "Insured Unemployment",  
        y = "Number")
```

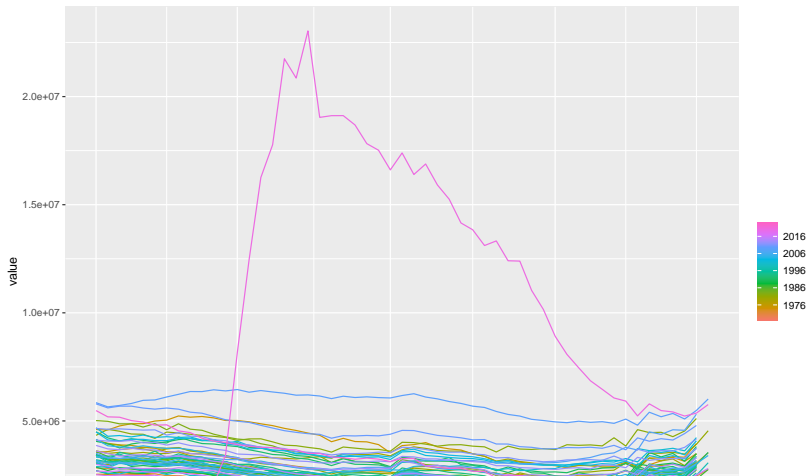
Plot variable not specified, automatically selected ``vars``



# Unemployment Claims

```
un_claims|>  
  gg_season()
```

Plot variable not specified, automatically selected `y = value`



# Electricity Consumption

```
vic_elec
```

```
# A tsibble: 52,608 x 5 [30m] <Australia/Melbourne>
```

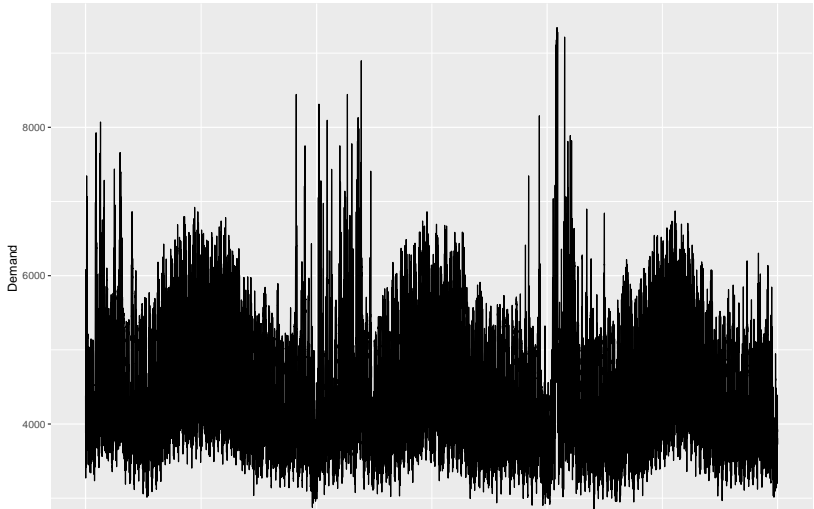
	Time	Demand	Temperature	Date	Holiday
	<dtm>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<date>	<lgl>
1	2012-01-01 00:00:00	4383.	21.4	2012-01-01	TRUE
2	2012-01-01 00:30:00	4263.	21.0	2012-01-01	TRUE
3	2012-01-01 01:00:00	4049.	20.7	2012-01-01	TRUE
4	2012-01-01 01:30:00	3878.	20.6	2012-01-01	TRUE
5	2012-01-01 02:00:00	4036.	20.4	2012-01-01	TRUE
6	2012-01-01 02:30:00	3866.	20.2	2012-01-01	TRUE
7	2012-01-01 03:00:00	3694.	20.1	2012-01-01	TRUE
8	2012-01-01 03:30:00	3562.	19.6	2012-01-01	TRUE
9	2012-01-01 04:00:00	3433.	19.1	2012-01-01	TRUE
10	2012-01-01 04:30:00	3359.	19.0	2012-01-01	TRUE

```
# i 52,598 more rows
```

# Electricity Consumption

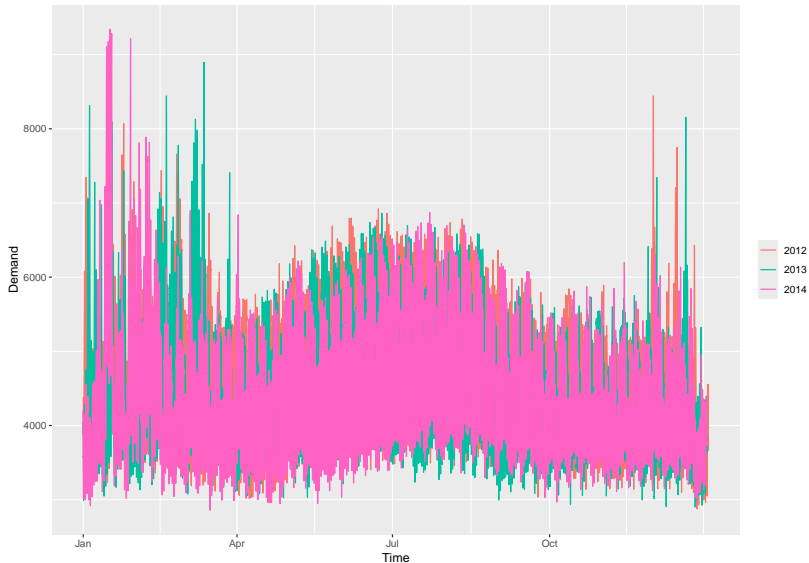
```
vic_elec |> autoplot()
```

Plot variable not specified, automatically selected ``.vars``



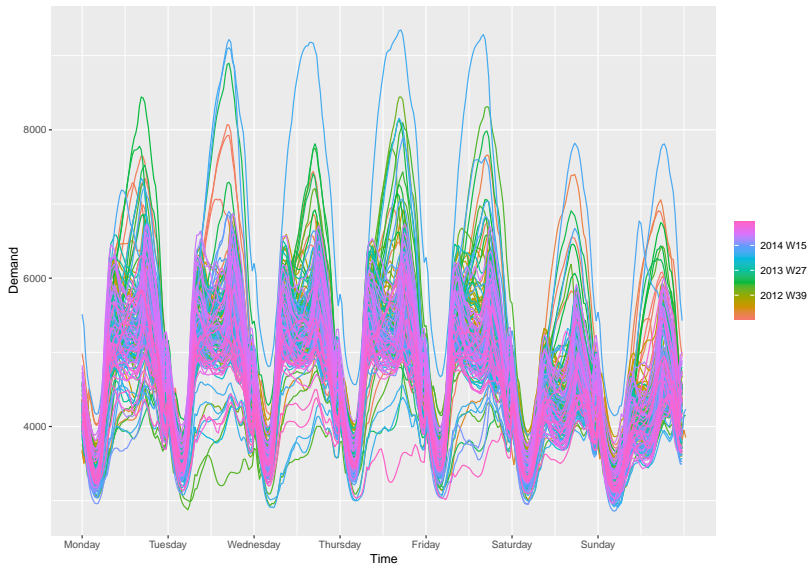
# Electricity Consumption

```
vic_elec |> gg_season(Demand)
```



# Electricity Consumption

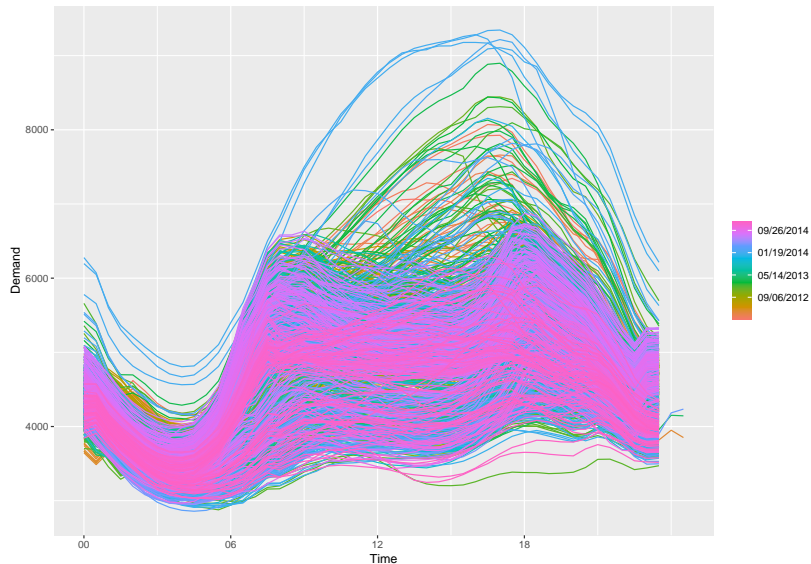
```
vic_elec |> gg_season(Demand, period = "week")
```





# Electricity Consumption

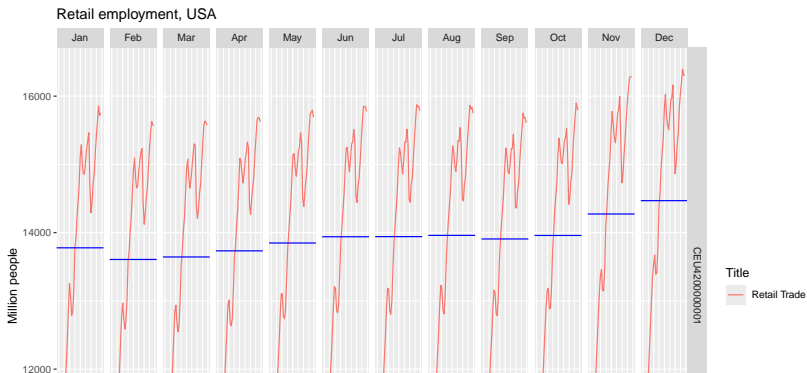
```
vic_elec |> gg_season(Demand, period = "day")
```



# The US Retail Employment

```
us_employment |>
  filter(Title == "Retail Trade", year(Month) >= 1980) |>
  gg_subseries()+
  labs(y = "Million people", title = "Retail employment, US",
  aes(color=Title)
```

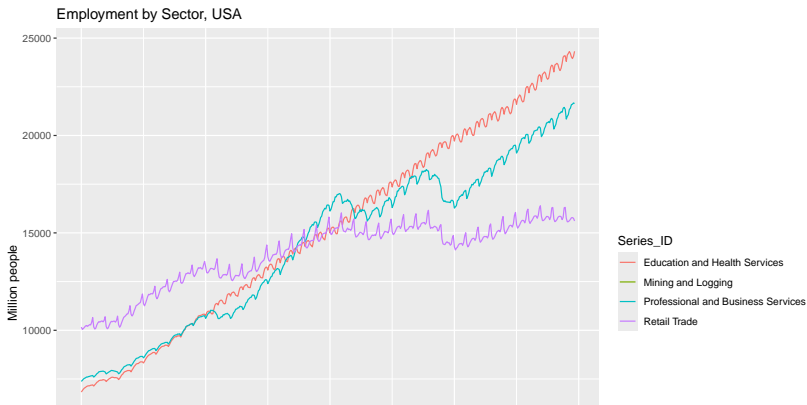
Plot variable not specified, automatically selected `y = Employment`



# The US Retail Employment

```
us_employment |>
  filter(Title %in% c("Retail Trade", "Mining and Logging"))
  autoplot()+
  labs(y = "Million people", title = "Employment by Sector")
```

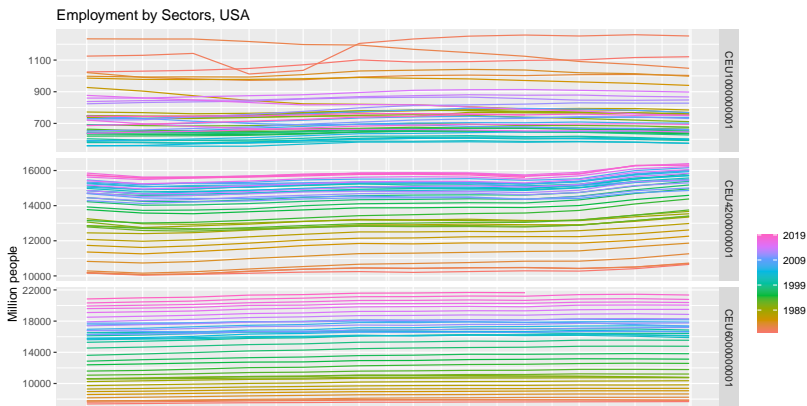
Plot variable not specified, automatically selected ``vars``



# The US Retail Employment

```
us_employment |>  
  filter(Title %in% c("Retail Trade", "Mining and Logging"  
  gg_season()+  
  labs(y = "Million people", title = "Employment by Sectors
```

Plot variable not specified, automatically selected `y = Employment`



# The US Retail Employment

```
us_employment |>
  filter(Title %in% c("Retail Trade", "Mining and Logging"))
  gg_subseries(period="month")+
  facet_wrap(vars(Title), nrow = 2, scales = "free_y")+
  labs(y = "Million people", title = "Employment by Sectors")
```

Plot variable not specified, automatically selected `y = Employment`

