TFYA17 Project

Transmission properties in a short biased quantum wire

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- 1 Introduction
- 2 Theory
- 3 Results
- 4 Conclusion

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Introduction

- This project was dedicated to study an electron transport in a biased quantum wire.
- The goals were to construct a solver for the potential and to calculate the transmission and reflection coefficients for an electron sent towards the potential.

The potential used in this presentation:

$$V(x) = \beta e V_{sd} + V_g tanh(s(x - \Delta x_1)) - (V_{sd} + V_g) tanh(s(x - \Delta x_2))$$

Remark

- ullet $\beta = \text{Potential drop, if 0.5 then symmetric as in our case.}$
- $V_{sd} = \text{Bias voltage}.$
- $V_g = Potential height$
- S = Potential steepness.

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Matlab was used to achieve the goals.

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- Backward: $\frac{f(x)-f(x-k)}{k}$
- Central: $\frac{f(x-h/2)-f(x+h/2)}{h}$
- Second order: $\frac{f(x-h)-2f(x)+f(x+h)}{h^2}$

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- h = d and x = nd yields dg(y(nd), nd) + 2y(nd) (y((n+1)d) + y((n-1)d)) = 0.
- N+1 equations with N+1 unknowns.

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- R and T give N+3 unknowns but only N+1 equations.
- Continuous at boundaries yeilding: N + 3 unknowns and N + 3 equations which will have a unique solution.

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Numerical values

The program produces the following data, as well as images of the wave-functions and the potential barriers.

$$R = |r|^2/(|r|^2 + |t|^2)$$

$$T = |t|^2/(|r|^2 + |t|^2)$$

$$C \propto T/(R+T)$$

Figure: Amplitudes of wave-functions (upper graph) and potential barriers (lower graph) for the case: E=1, $\beta=0.5$, $x_1=4$, $x_2=6$, $V_{sd}=0.3$, $V_g=0.6$

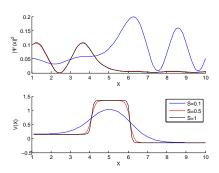


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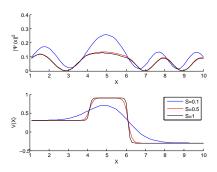


Figure: Amplitudes of wave-functions (upper graph) and potential barriers (lower graph) for the case: E=1.5, passing over the barrier, $\beta = 0.5$, $x_1 = 4$, $x_2 = 6$, $V_{sd} = V_g = 0.3$

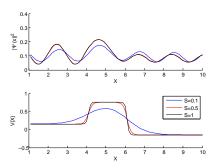


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We produced a solver that plotted the wavefunction and calculated transmition and reflection coefficients.