Maname is a versatile typeface family* made of 9 compatible instances for multiscript typography in Sinhala (සිංහල) Tamil (னவன) and English languages. அவல் கில் இரு இரு இரு இரு இரு இரு இரு இரு இரு அங்கே மழ்பாடித் தென்னவன் மழ்வரையர் வந்திருந்தார் அடி அடி அடி அடி அடி இரு இரு இரு இரு இரு இரு அங்கே மழ்பாடித் தென்னவன் மழ்வரையர் வந்திருந்தார்

*desingned by Pathum Egodawatta. Maname was submitted in partial fulfilment for the requirements for the Master of Arts in Typeface Design (mATD) at the University of Reading, Department of Typography and Graphic Communication.

























Title











Latin Text Light







கிரந்தழத்து

2 cups of tea a day

8 යක්ෂයාගේ
adhitthāna

Sabaragamuawa කුමරිය

சரண்டாஸ்

halmillagahawela tiruk யாழ்ப்பாணம்

kegalle76

Sanghādisesakando கூபழுவேட்டரையரையும்

මාධ ඉරක් පායයි Sabaragamuwa

Classical dances of Sri Lanka

ලෙටපෝගුැති **முடியாத மெனம** ජවන ගමන* new **pettah** market උණ පුරුකේ ාුර්කා An ancient chronicle, the *Mahavamsa*, (මහාවංසය) states that when the culture hero Vijeya landed in Sri Lanka (Ceylon) in 543 BCE, he heard the sounds of music and dancing from a wedding ceremony. Dance is still of paramount importance in Sri Lankan (Sinhala) arts. There are three main styles: the Kandyan dance of the hill country, known as *Uda natum* (උඩ රට නැවුම්); the low country dance of the southern plains, known as *pahatha rata natum*; and *sabaragamuwa* dance, or *sabaragamuwa natum*.

Aa **Aa** Aa **Aa**

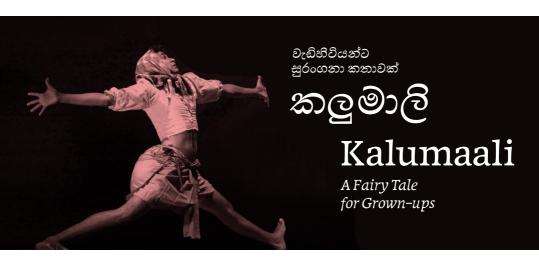




Stages Theatre Group is an ensemble of independent, bilingual artistes committed to a set of common principles and objectives in theatre. We see this as a huge boon as we are able to bring onto stage, insights from the wider world and take back to society, what we have learnt through theatre.

Stages Theatre Group Sri Lanka

Presenting Kalumaali 98 mins Sinhala/ English 27 October 2018 at Tower Hall



Directed by
Ruwanthie de Chickera
Produced by
Sanda Wijeratne
Hasini Haputhanthri
Performed by
Lakmini Seneviratne
Nadie Kammallaweera
Peter Almeida
Miranga Ariyaratne
Kaushalya Fernando
Shyalina Muthumudalige
Sahala Anees
Juanita Beling
Gihan de Chickera

The story of Kalumaali (කලුමාලි) is a much loved and often repeated fairy tale in seven-year-old Saki's family. In fact, it is the one story that little Saki can never get enough of. Through the different accounts of this fairy tale that Saki loves, we see the complex and deep realities of the several adults in her life - and the interplay between them - which lead us to insights about the experience of bringing up children in modern times. Shifting seamlessly from reality to fantasy, Kalumaali holds together the harsh realities of modern life with the eternal joy of storytelling.

Reflections of a master

Words, Action and Emotion

"Andha pari poorani, sornam arul vagari..." When S. Maunaguru sings and dances one feels the energy of the swirling rhythmic movements of the koothu art form. One of the iconic faces of Tamil Theatre and Culture in Sri Lanka, Maunaguru's passion for the Tamil art form is deep rooted and on stage he is always in full flow.

When Sarat Chandra, a doyen of Sinhala Theatre, declared that his play 'Maname', a milestone in the Sinahala theatre tradition, was greatly influenced by the traditional Tamil theatre form of Koothu, it motivated Tamil theatre personalities Vidyanandan, K. Sivathamby, K. Kailasapathy and S. Maunaguru to swing into action. "It sparked a revival of sorts as Vidyanandan spearheaded a movement to

When I was staging historical and mythological plays, Kailasapathy asked me to concentrate on contemporary plays and introduced me to Utpal Dutt's Yatra Pala, a Bengali folk art form. He introduced all trend setters in theatre.

rediscover the traditional koothu art form," says Maunaguru.

A series of short-duration koothu performances evolved after that. As Maunaguru was equally adept in poetry and prose, he was entrusted with writing the script for most of the performances.

ඇත්ත වශයෙන් ම සේකරගේ අවසාන කාවස සංගුහය වූ ද, ඔහුගේ ත්කෘෂ්ටතම කාවස කෘතිය වූ ද පුබුද්ධ පළවී මාස ගණනාවක් යනතුරුම ඒ ගැන කිසිදු කතිකාවක් (Discourse) සිදු නොවූ බව වරක් පුවීණ ලේඛක එච්. ඒ. සෙනෙවිරත්න (A. Senevirathne) වරක් හෙළරව් කර සිටියේය. මේ කාවස කෘතියේ විශිෂ්ටත්වය සමාජගත වූයේ පසුකලෙකදී ය. ඇත්ත වශයෙන් ම සේකරගේ අවසාන කාවස සංගුහය වූ ද, ඔහුගේ ත්කෘෂ්ටතම කාවස කෘතිය වූ ද පුබුද්ධ පළවී මාස ගණනාවක් යනතුරුම ඒ ගැන කිසිදු කතිකාවක්.



pra in Sinhala Title 250pt

Colombo International කොළඹ ජාතෳන්තර Film Festival 2014 සිනමා මහගම පිරිදිසිනමා උළෙලේපොරොන්දුවයි එම පොරොන්දුව ඉටුකරමින් පවුලේ සැමට රසවිඳය හැකි අපර්ව ළමා චිතුපට පෙළක් සිනමා උළෙලේ ද තිරගත වීමට නියමිනයි 2017 වසරේ මොන්ටුයල් ජාතෳන්තර ළමා චිතුපට 14 SEP Augest Sun by Prasnna Tithanage පුසන්න විතානගේ ගේ ඉර මැදයම උළෙලේ, ළමා ජුරි සම්මානය දිනාගත්, Clara And The Secret Out The Bears (2013), බර්ලින් 14 SEP Rekava by Lester James Peries ලෙස්ටර් ජේම්ස් ජීරිස් ගේ රේඛාව ජාතාන්තර සිනමා උළෙලේ දී, Crystal Bear 13 SEP A Letter of Fire by Ashoka සම්මානය දිනාගත් ඉන්දියානු චිතුපට අධෳක්ෂක Handagama අශෝක හඳගම ගේ Avinash Arun ගේ Killa (2014) වැනි ජාතෘන්තර අක්ෂරය සම්මානලාභී ළමා චිතුපට, කොළඹ ජාතෳන්තර 14 SEP Augest Sun by Prasnna Tithanage සිනමා උළෙලේ දී තිරගත වන මෙම ළමා චිතුපට පුසන්න විතානගේ ගේ ඉර මැදයම පෙළට ඇතුළත් වනු ඇත. එමෙන්ම චිතුපට 14 SEP Rekava by Lester James Peries ලෙස්ටර් ජේම්ස් පීරිස් ගේ රේඛාව අධාක්ෂක Avinash Arun ද ශී ලංකා 14 SEP Rekava by Lester James Peries ජුක්ෂකයන්ට සිය චිතුපටය ඉදිරිපත් කිරීම ලෙස්ටර් ජේම්ස් පීරිස් ගේ රේඛාව සඳහා කොළඹ සිනමා උළෙලට පැමිණෙයි.

13 _____ සාහිතා

නොමියෙන පුබුද්ධයා **මහගම සේකර**

නුගේ චිතු නිර්මාණ විගුහයේ පහසුව තකා කොටස් කීපයකට බෙදා දැක්විය හැකිය. පුදර්ශන සඳහා ඉදිරිපත් කළ චිතු 'තුංමංහන්දය' චිතුප ටය සඳහා නිර්මිත චිතු, පුවත්පත් කාටුන්, පොත් කංචුක නිර්මාණ, බතික් නිර්මාණ, එම්බොයිඩර් නිර්මාණ සහ පෝස්ටර්. සේකරගේ චිතු ගැන මෙතෙක් නිසි විචාරක අවධානයක් යොමු වී නැත. එහි විපාක වශයෙන්දෝ සේකර නමැති චිතු ශිල්පියා යටපත්ව සේකර නමැති කවියා හා ගීත රචකයා බිහි වූ ආකාරයක් පෙනේ. මෙහි පුතිවිරුද්ධ දේ සිදු වූයේ ජෝර්ජ් කීට්ය. එහිදී ජෝර්ජ් කීට් නමැති කවියා යටපත්ව ජෝර්ජ් කීට් නමැති චිතු ශිල්පියා බිහි වූයේ ය. සේකර නවකතා දෙකක් ද කෙටිකතා සංගුහ දෙකක් ද ලියා පළ කර ඇත. ඔහුගේ නවකතාවක් වූ 'තුංමංහන්දය' ඔහු විසින්ම චිතුපටගත කරනු ලැබිණි. එය 70 දශකයේ හොඳම චිතුපටය ලෙස ජාතික කතෝලික සිනමා පර්ෂදයෙන්

ඇත්ත වශයෙන් ම සේකරගේ අවසාන කාවප සංගුහය වූ ද, ඔහුගේ උත්කෘෂ්ටතම කාවප කෘතිය වූ ද පුබුද්ධ පළවී මාස ගණනාවක් යනතුරුම ඒ ගැන කිසිදු කතිකාවක් සිදු නොවූ බව වරක් පුවීණ ලේඛක එච්. ඒ. සෙනෙවිරත්න වරක් හෙළරව් කර සිටියේය. (BATA) බුහුමන් ලද්දේ ය. 1997 දී සිංහල සිනමාවට 50 වසරක් පිරුණු අවස්ථාවේ තේරු හොඳ ම චිතුපට දහයෙන් එකක් ලෙස ද 'තුංමංහන්දිය' තේරුණේ ය. එසේම එය 1972 ටෂ්කන්ට් අන්තර්ජාතික චිතුපට උලෙළේදී ඩිප්ලෝමා සහතිකයක් ද දිනාගත්තේ ය.

'මුදු පුන්නු' (ගුණසේන ගලප්පත්ති සමඟ) සේකර ලියූ වේදිකා නාටා පිටපතකි. ඔහු ලියූ වෙනත් නාටා 'සද්දන්ත සහ නවත් නාටක', 'හංස

ගීනය හා වෙනත් නිර්මාණ' යන කෘතිවල අඩංගු වෙයි.සේකර සර් ආතර් කොනන් ඩොයිල්ගේ 'ද වයිට් කම්පැනි' (The Company) නම්වූ කෘතියේ අනුවා දයක් 'ධවල සේනාංකය' නමින් පළ කර ඇත. ඒ හැරුණුකොට තවමත් අපුකා ශිත ඔහුගේ පොත් දෙකක් ගැන ද කියැවෙයි. එකක් 'ඊඩ්පස්' නාටායේ පරිව ර්තනයකි; අනික ඊට ඉහත ජී. බී. සේනානායක ද මඩවල එස්. රත්නායක ද පරිවර්තිත 'රුබයියාට්' කෘතියේ පරිවර්තනයකි. மொழிரிதிகள் தான் எண்ணங்களின் வலிமை பற்றி இன்னொருவருக்குச் சொல்லும் ஊடகம். எண்ணங்களின் அழகிய கோணங்கள் மொழியின் தய வில் தான் தோற்றம் பெறுகின்றன. மௌனமென்ற நிலைக்கு வேறொரு மொழியும் வேண்டாம். அதுவே மொழியாகும். அதுவொரு பிரபஞ்ச பாஷை (Universal Language). மௌனம், தன்னகம் கொண்டுள்ள அலாதியான சக்தி (Powerful energy) பற்றி உங்க ளக்குத் தெரியுமா: அந்தி மாலைப் பொழுதில் கதிரவன் மறைந்து பின் னர். மறு நாள் காலை கதிரவன்





tha in Tamil Title 250pt



மாவட்ட செயலகம் දිසා ලේකම් කාර්යාලය District Secretariat

மட்டக்கப்பு • அவிருவு • Batticaloa

மாவட்ட நிர்வாகத்தை வலுப்படு த்துவதன் முலம் மக்களக்கு செயல்திறமிக்க மற்றும் பயன்தகு சேவைகளை வழங்குதல்.

பிரதேச நிர்வாகத்தை வலுப்படுத்தி, அரசாங்கத்தின் கொள்கைகளை செயல்படுத்துவதினூடாக அனைத்து துறைகளிலும் நிறுவனமானது, மக்களக்கு அதிகபட்ச பொதுநல சேவை வழங்கும் முறையிலான அபிவிருத்தி செயல்பாட்டில் வளங்களை பயன்படுத்தவதினூடான அதிகரிப்பு.

දිස්තුික් පරිපාලනය ශක්තිමත් කිරීම තුළින් මඩකලපුව දිස්තුික් ජනතාවට කාර්යක්ෂමව හා ඵලදායිව සේවා සැපයීම.

පුාදේශීය පරිපාලනය ශක්තිමත් කරමින් රාජා පුතිපත්ති කුියාවට නැංවීමට අදාළ සියලු පාර්ශවයන්ගේ සහයෝගය ඇතිව පුශස්ත ලෙස සම්පත් පුයෝජනයට ගෙන සංවර්ධන කුියාවලන් මනාව මෙහෙයවීම තුළින් ජනතා ශූභසිද්ධිය සැලසීම.



නිහඬබවේ අරුමය

மொழிபெயர்க்க **முடியாத மெனம்**

மொழிகள் தான் எண்ணங்களின் வலிமை பற்றி இன்னொருவருக்குச் சொல்லும் ஊடகம். எண்ணங்களின் அழகிய கோணங்கள் மொழியின் தயவில் தான் தோற்றம் பெறுகின்றன. மௌனமென்ற நிலைக்கு வேறொரு மொழியும் வேண்டாம். அதுவே மொழியாகும். அதுவொரு பிரபஞ்ச பாஷை (එක්සත් භෂාව). மௌனம், தன்னகம் கொண்டுள்ள அலாதியான சக்தி (ශක්තීමත් බලය) பற்றி உங்களக்குத் தெரியுமா? அந்தி மாலைப் பொழுதில் கதிர

மக்கள் வங்கி ஒரு சமுகப்பணித் திட்டமாக பொருளியல் நோக்கை வெளியிடுகின்றது. பாா பட்சமற்ற பரிசீலனைகள் கருத்தாழமிக்க கலந் துரையாடல்கள் என்பன முலம் பொருளாதாரத்தி லும் பொருளாதார வன் மறைந்து பின்னர், மறு நாள் காலை கதிரவன் உதிக் கும் காட்சிக்கு அழகிருப்பது போன்றே அந்தத் தருணத்திற்கு மௌனம் வலிமை (ජවය) சேர்க்கிறது.

இருண்ட இரவொன்றில் பனிவிழும் (හීම වැටෙන කල) அழகு அற்புதம். மௌனம் தான் அதன் அழகுக்கு அழகு சேர்க்கிறது. பனிவிழும் நிலையில் சத்தம் கேட்பதில்லை. கேட்டிருந்தால், காற்றிற்கு அதன் மௌனம் பிடிக்கவில்லை என்றே அர்த்தம். மௌனம் அழகே: ஆனால்,

மௌனம் அழகாக இருந்தாலும், அளவோடு இருக்க வேண்டும். பனிவிழும் நிலையை நாம் கற்பனை செய்து கொள்வோம். கொஞ்சம் பனிவிழுந்தால், அந்தப் பரப்பில் அழகிய பரவசமான தோற்றம் காட்சியாகும்.





Sinhala historical alternates

mlle mlle mlle

Appamādo amatapadam - pamādo maccuno padam Appamattā na mīyanti - ye pamattā yathā matā.

අප්පමාදෝ අමතපදං - පමාදෝ මච්චනෝ පදං අප්පමත්තා න මයන්ති - යේ පමත්තා යථා මතා

Knowing this as a true distinction, those wise in heedfulness rejoice in heedfulness, enjoying the range of the noble ones.

Abhidhamma: අන්පමාදේ (1) In the discourses of the Pali canon, this term simply means "higher Dhamma," and a systematic attempt to define the Buddha's teachings and understand their interrelationships. (2) A later collection of analytical treatises based on lists of categories drawn from the teachings in the discourses, added to the Canon several centuries after the Buddha's life.

abhiññā: මච්චනෝ Intuitive powers that come from the practice of concentration: the ability to display psychic powers, clairvoyance, clairaudience, the ability to know the thoughts of others, recollection of past lifetimes, and the knowledge that does away with mental effluents (see āsava).

ācariya: මයන්ති Teacher; mentor. (see kalyāṇamitta.)

adhiṭṭhāna: අප්පමන්තා Determination; resolution. One of the ten perfections (see pāramīs).

anāgāmī: අනාගාම් Non-returner. A person who has abandoned the five lower fetters that bind the mind to the cycle of rebirth (*see saṃyojana*), and who after death will appear in one of the Brahma worlds called the Pure Abodes, there to attain nibbāna, never again to return to this world.

ajaan: අහන Teacher; mentor. Equivalent to the Pali āḷcariya.

akāliko: Timeless; unconditioned by time or season.

akusala: Unwholesome, unskillful, demeritorious. See its opposite, kusala.

6.1.6. Kampan's concept of virtue (அறம்)

When he describes the place, the people, the King and his ministers, Kampan's idealism comes to play immediately. The river, *Sarayu*, he says, flows through the beautiful Kosala country, where people have complete discipline over their five senses so that they do not let their passions carried away by the dazzling eyes of (unchaste) women:

ஆசலம்புரி ஐம்பொறி வாளியும் காசு அலம்பு முலையவர் கண் எனும் பூசல் அம்பும், நெறியின் புறம் செலாக் கோசலம் புனை ஆற்று அணி கூறுவாம்.

Describing the kind of people in that country, Kampan uses his imagination and creates an ideal society where there is no philanthropy because there is no one to accept; there is no heroism because there are no enemies, there is no such thing as truth because no one utters lies; there is no ignorance because everybody is well read:

வண்மை இல்லை ஓர் வறுமை இன்மையால் திண்மை இல்லை ஓர் செறுநர் இன்மையால் உண்மை இல்லை பொய் உரை இலாமையால் வெண்மை இல்லை பல கேள்வி மேவலால்.

Kampan continues his concept of the ideal society by stating the attributes of *King Dasarathan*; he loved his subjects like a mother; his actions were always directed towards their welfare; he lead them like a son along the right path. he punished them like disease without showing favouritism:

தாய் ஒக்கும் அன்பின், தவம் ஒக்கும் நலம் பயப்பின் சேய் ஒக்கும் முன் நின்று ஒரு செல்கதி உய்க்கும் நீரால் நோய் ஒக்கும் என்னின் மருந்து ஒக்கும் நுணங்கு கேள்வி ஆயப்புகுங்கால் அறிவு ஒக்கும் – எவர்க்கும் அன்னான். Winner of 9 Awards at the State Drama
Festival of 2006 for both Sinhala and
Tamil Productions. This was the first time
in Sri Lankan Drama history a one play
participated in this state festival with two
versions in both local languages.
'Charandas' the thief is a man without a roof
over his head and with no relatives. He is a
common thief amongst the ordinary folk
as he is a thief who steals from the rich,
especially the heartless rich, and helps the
poor with the pickings. Charandas is
deeply gripped by the pledges he made but
continues to steal from the rich and
making it a point always speaks the truth.

பராக்கிரம நிரிஎல்ல

சரண்டாஸ் චරන්දාස් Charandas

න කරළිය කියන්නේ ලොකු ඉතිහාසයක් තිබෙන දෙයක්. දශකයේ වීදි නාටා කලාවක් අපේ රටේ පැවතුණා. ඒ කාලේ තමයි අත්දැකීම් ගන්නේ නාටා රග දක්වන්න පුළුවන් පුසිද්ධ නාටා ශාලාවල වේදිකාවල පමණක්ම නොවෙයි කියලා. රංග භුමිය කියන්නේ වේදිකාව විතරක්ම නොවෙයි. නාටා රගදක්වන්න ජුක්ෂකයන් එකතු කර ගන්න ඕනෑම තැනක් රංග භුමියක් කරගන්න පුළුවන් කියන තැන මම හිටියා. සම්මත ශාලාවල කිසියම් ගුණාත්මක බවකින් යුත්, සෞන්දර්යාත්මක, නිර්මාණාත්මක සහ ආකර්ෂණීය නාටා ඒ කාලේ පෙන්නුවා. නමුත් මේ නාටාය ගුහණය වුණේ එක්තරා සිමිත පිරිසකට විතරයි. Parakrama Niriella's

Charandas _{ಲಿರಿ}ಶ್ರೇಟೆ ಕ್ರಾண்டாஸ்

ெமா ழிகள் தான் எண்ணங்களின் பெரா வலிமை பற்றி இன்னொருவருக்குச் சொல்லும் ஊடகம். எண்ணங்களின் அழகிய கோணங்கள் மொழியின் தயவில் தான் தோற்றம் பெறுகின்றன. மௌனமென்ற நிலைக்கு வேறொரு மொழியும் வேண்டாம். அதுவே மொழியாகும். அதுவொரு பிரபஞ்ச பாஷை. மௌனம், தன்னகம் கொண்டுள்ள அலாதியான சக்தி பற்றி உங்களக்குத் தெரியுமா? அந்தி மாலைப் பொழுதில் கதிரவன் மறைந்து பின்னர், மறு நாள் காலை கதிரவன் உதிக்கும் மொழிகள் தான் எண்ணங்களின் வலிமை பற்றி இன்னொருவருக்குச் சொல்லும் ஊடகம். எண்ணங்களின் அழகிய கோணங்கள் மொழியின் தயவில் தான் தோற்றம் பெறுகின்றன. மௌனமென்ற நிலைக்கு வேறொரு மொழியும் வேண்டாம். அதுவே மொழியாகும். அதுவொரு பிரபஞ்ச பாஷை. மௌனம், தன்னகம் கொண்டுள்ள அலாதியான சக்தி பற்றி உங்களக்குத் தெரியுமா?

පරාකුම නිරිඇල්ල ගේ



நாய்வாலை நிமித்த முடியாது

> උන පුරුකේ බලු වලිගේ දාලා නිබුනත් නෑ ඇදේ ඇරෙන්නේ...



SINHALA REGULAR 1 - Some ligature combinations

එටඨඩඩඩබබවබමඹීඊධවප්ෂ්ඡ්ජ්ජස්ස්ෆ්ය්ණ් භ්හ්ස්ධ්ක්ත්න්ග්ග්ශ්ද්දචිටිඨඩිඩඩබිබිමිධිවිඹථ පිෂිජ්සිසිලිළිෆිඡ්ජිණිකිතිනිගිශිභිහියිස්ධිදිඳිරිවී ටීඨඩීබීමීවීපිෂිජ්ජ්සිසිෆියිණි භිහිසාකීතිනිගී ගශීදීද සැඥචුටුඩුබුබුමුඹුථුධුවුපුෂුජ්ජිසුෆුයුණු භුහුස්ධකතනුගුගගදදෙසැඥලුරුළුචූටුඩුබුවූබුමු

Stylistic alternates

நாய் **நாய்**

TAMIL REGULAR 1 - Some ligature combinations

கி கு கே கை கொ கோ கெ ங ஙா ஙி ஙு ஙூ ஙெ ஙே ஙை ஙொ ஙோ ஙெ ச சா சி சீ சுசூ செ சே சை சொ சோ செ ஞ ஞா ஞி ஞீ னு னூ ஞெ ஞே ஞை ஞொ ஞோ ஞெ ட டா டி டு டு டெ டே டை டொ டோ டெ ண ணா ணி ணீ ணு ணூ ணை ணை ணொ ணோ ணை த தா தி தீ து தூ தெ தே தை தொ தோ தெ ந நா நி நீ நு நூ நெ நே நை நொ நோ நெ ப பா பி பு பூ பெ பே பை பொ போ பெ ம மா மி மீ மு மு மெ மே மை மொ மோ மெ ய யா யி யீ யு யூ யெ

Hello Hello Hello Hello

PĀLI ĀāĪīŪū Ŋ'nMṃ ÑñŢţDḍ NnLl

Tena samayena buddho bhagavā sāvatthiyaṃ viharati jetavane anāthapiṇḍikassa ārāme. Tena kho pana sama yena āyasmā seyyasako anab hirato brahma cariyaṃ carati. So tena kiso hoti lukho dubb aṇṇo uppaṇḍuppa ṇḍu kajāto dhamanisant hatagatto. Add asā kho āyasmā udāyī āyas ma ntaṃ seyyasakaṃ kisaṃluk ha ṃ dubbaṇṇaṃ uppaṇḍ uppa ṇḍ ukajātaṃ Tena kho pana sa ma yena āyasmā seyyasako ana bhirato brahmacariyaṃ carati.

DUTCH äáâàëêè éïöóü

Door de gunstige ligging op het pad van de grote zeeroutes tussen West-Azië en Zuidoost Azië is Sri Lanka van oudsher een strategische marinebasis en een centrum van boedd histische religie en cultuur van de oud heid. Tegenwoo rdig is het een multireligieus land, waar bijna een derde van de bevolking andere religies dan het boed dhisme aanhan gt, met name het hindoeïsme, christendom en islam. De Sing alese gemeenschap vormt de meerderheid van de bevolki.

PORTUGESE āáàâçéê íóôōú

O adjetivo pátrio (gentílico) do país, em língua portug uesa, foi tradicionalmente cingalês (também grafada singalês), derivada de sinh ala, nome do grupo étnico majoritário na ilha. No entanto, como existem no país minorias étnicas que são nacionais do Sri Lanka mas não pertencem à etnia cing alesa (com destaque, por exe mplo, para os tâmeis - com os quais a maioria étnica cing

Gerry Leonidas, Fiona Ross, Gerard Unger, James Mosley, Michael Twyman and all the visiting lecturers at the mATD 15/16,
Friends at mATD 15/16, Pria Ravichandaran, Dave Crossland, Freinds at Mooniak, Sumantri Samarawickrama, Rafael Saraiva, Pushpananda Ekanayake, Basim Abdulla, Developers of Fontforge and TruFont
Text and images adpted from following sources. pp 8: stages.lkpp 9:www.thehindu.compp 12: www.iffcolombo.com,pp 13: http://www.silumina.lkpp 16: www.batticaloa.dist.gov.lkpp 17: niram.wordpress.compp 20:nanda.online-dhamma.netpp 20:tamilnation.copp 21: janakaraliya.orgpp 22: janakaraliya.org
Porject development documented at github.com/pathumego/matd-project