# DAA skill week 12

## 1) Lego Blocks:-

```
import java.io.*;
import java.math.*;
import java.security.*;
import java.text.*;
import java.util.*;
import java.util.concurrent.*;
import java.util.regex.*;
class Result {
 private static final int MOD = 1_000_000_007;
 public static int legoBlocks(int n, int m) {
    // Step 1: Calculate the number of ways to build each row
   int[] rowWays = new int[m + 1];
    rowWays[0] = 1; // Base case, one way to build width 0
    for (int i = 1; i \le m; i++) {
      rowWays[i] = rowWays[i - 1];
      if (i \ge 2) rowWays[i] = (rowWays[i] + rowWays[i - 2]) \% MOD;
      if (i \ge 3) rowWays[i] = (rowWays[i] + rowWays[i - 3]) \% MOD;
      if (i \ge 4) rowWays[i] = (rowWays[i] + rowWays[i - 4]) \% MOD;
   }
    // Step 2: Calculate the number of ways to build the entire wall as a solid structure
    int[] totalWays = new int[m + 1];
    for (int i = 1; i \le m; i++) {
      totalWays[i] = power(rowWays[i], n, MOD);
```

```
}
 // Step 3: Remove invalid configurations (subtract non-solid partitions)
 int[] solidWays = new int[m + 1];
 solidWays[1] = totalWays[1]; // Base case, width 1 is always solid
 for (int i = 2; i \le m; i++) {
    solidWays[i] = totalWays[i];
    for (int j = 1; j < i; j++) {
      solidWays[i] = (solidWays[i] - (solidWays[j] * totalWays[i - j]) % MOD + MOD) % MOD;
   }
 }
 return solidWays[m];
// Function to compute (x^y) % mod using fast exponentiation
private static int power(int x, int y, int mod) {
 long result = 1;
 long base = x;
 while (y > 0) {
    if (y \% 2 == 1) {
     result = (result * base) % mod;
   }
    base = (base * base) % mod;
   y /= 2;
 }
 return (int) result;
```

}

}

}

```
public class Solution {
  public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
    BufferedReader bufferedReader = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
    BufferedWriter bufferedWriter = new BufferedWriter(new
FileWriter(System.getenv("OUTPUT_PATH")));
    int t = Integer.parseInt(bufferedReader.readLine().trim());
    for (int tltr = 0; tltr < t; tltr++) {</pre>
      String[] firstMultipleInput = bufferedReader.readLine().replaceAll("\\s+$", "").split(" ");
      int n = Integer.parseInt(firstMultipleInput[0]);
      int m = Integer.parseInt(firstMultipleInput[1]);
      int result = Result.legoBlocks(n, m);
      bufferedWriter.write(String.valueOf(result));
      bufferedWriter.newLine();
    }
    bufferedReader.close();
    bufferedWriter.close();
 }
}
```

#### Test cases:-



## 2) Stock Maximize:-

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

class Result {

   /*
   * Complete the 'stockmax' function below.
   *
   * The function is expected to return a LONG_INTEGER.
   * The function accepts INTEGER_ARRAY prices as parameter.
   */
   public static long stockmax(List<Integer> prices) {
     long totalProfit = 0;
     int maxPriceSoFar = 0;
}
```

```
// Iterate over prices in reverse order
    for (int i = prices.size() - 1; i \ge 0; i - 1) {
      // If current price is greater than maxPriceSoFar, update it
      if (prices.get(i) > maxPriceSoFar) {
        maxPriceSoFar = prices.get(i);
      }
      // Calculate profit if we were to buy at the current price
      totalProfit += maxPriceSoFar - prices.get(i);
   }
    return totalProfit;
 }
}
public class Solution {
  public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
    BufferedReader bufferedReader = new BufferedReader(new
InputStreamReader(System.in));
    BufferedWriter bufferedWriter = new BufferedWriter(new
OutputStreamWriter(System.out));
    int t = Integer.parseInt(bufferedReader.readLine().trim());
    for (int tltr = 0; tltr < t; tltr++) {</pre>
      int n = Integer.parseInt(bufferedReader.readLine().trim());
      String[] pricesTemp = bufferedReader.readLine().replaceAll("\\s+$", "").split(" ");
```

```
List<Integer> prices = new ArrayList<>();

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    int pricesItem = Integer.parseInt(pricesTemp[i]);
    prices.add(pricesItem);
}

long result = Result.stockmax(prices);

bufferedWriter.write(String.valueOf(result));
    bufferedWriter.newLine();
}

bufferedReader.close();
bufferedWriter.close();
}</pre>
```

### Test cases:-

