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1  --in file generictopologicalsort.ads
2  with Ada.Strings.Fixed;
3  with Ada.Text_IO;
4  use Ada.Text_IO;
5  with Ada.Unchecked_Conversion;
6  generic -- You may modify this as required but observe the spirit.
7      type SortElement is private; -- An element J (or K) of the partial ordering
8      J < K processed
9      -- by the topological sort. J and K represent objects in the partial
10     ordering.
11     with procedure getJobs(Precedent, Successor: out SortElement; Current_Line:
12     String); --getJobs function to read integer relations from file in the form
13     J<K
14     with procedure put(file: File_Type; Job: in SortElement); --Print the
15     value of J or K.
16
17 package GenericTopologicalSort is
18     procedure TopologicalSort(inputFile, outputFile: String);
19 end GenericTopologicalSort;
20
21 --in file generictopologicalsort.adb
22 package body GenericTopologicalSort is
23     -- This should read (get) the relations and print (put) the results.
24     type Node;
25     type NodePointer is access Node;
26     type Node is tagged record
27         Suc: SortElement; --Sort element is an "object" placed in the stack.
28         changed to integer from SortElement
29         Next: NodePointer;
30     end record;
31
32     type JobElement is record
33         Count: Integer := 0; -- This field should be used for counting and as
34         queue links.
35         Top: NodePointer;
36     end record;
37
38     function Integer_To_Ptr is new Ada.Unchecked_Conversion(Integer, NodePointer);
39     function SEtoint is new Ada.Unchecked_Conversion(SortElement, Integer);
40     package IntegerIO is new Ada.Text_IO.Integer_IO(Integer);
41
42     procedure TopologicalSort(inputFile, outputFile: String) is
43         Precedent, Successor: SortElement;
44         Ptr: NodePointer;
45         F, R, Y, NA, numRelations: Integer;
46         dupe: Boolean := False;
47         f1, f2 : File_Type;
48     begin
49         Ada.Text_IO.Open(File => f1, Mode => In_File, Name => inputFile);
50         Ada.Text_IO.Open(File => f2, Mode => Out_File, Name => outputFile);
51
52         NA := Integer'Value(Get_Line(f1));
53         Put_Line(f2, "Number of tasks to perform: " & NA'Image);
54         numRelations := Integer'Value(Get_Line(f1));
55         Put_Line(f2, "Number of relations to read: " & numRelations'Image);
56
57         declare
58             SortStructure: Array(0..NA) of JobElement;
59             KN: Integer := NA;
60         begin
61             --1 Initialization
62             for K in 0..NA loop

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57         SortStructure(K).Count := 0;
58         SortStructure(K).Top := null;
59     end loop;
60
61     --2 Build The Data Structure
62     for J in 1..numRelations loop
63         getJobs(Precedent, Successor, Get_Line(f1));
64
65         --check for duplicates here
66         --iterate through the nodes in each of Precedent's top to find
        duplicate Successor before adding.
67
68         Ptr := SortStructure(SEToint(Precedent)).Top;
69         dupe := False;
70         while Ptr /= null loop --find duplicates, don't add them.
71             if SEToint(Ptr.Suc) = SEToint(Successor) then
72                 dupe := True;
73                 Put_Line(f2, "Ignoring duplicate relation: " &
74                     SEToint(Precedent)'Image & " <" & SEToint(Successor)'Image);
75             end if;
76             Ptr := Ptr.Next;
77         end loop;
78
79         if dupe = False then --only add unique relations.
80             Put_Line(f2, "Accepted relation input: " &
81                 SEToint(Precedent)'Image & " <" & SEToint(Successor)'Image);
82             SortStructure(SEToint(Successor)).Count :=
83                 SortStructure(SEToint(Successor)).Count + 1;
84             Ptr := new Node'(Suc => Successor, Next =>
85                 SortStructure(SEToint(Precedent)).Top);
86             SortStructure(SEToint(Precedent)).Top := Ptr;
87         end if;
88     end loop;
89     Ada.Text_IO.Close(f1); --close input file
90
91     --3 Initialize the Output Queue
92     R := 0;
93     SortStructure(0).Count := 0;
94     for K in 1..NA loop
95         if SortStructure(K).Count = 0 then
96             SortStructure(R).Count := K;
97             R := K;
98         end if;
99     end loop;
100     F := SortStructure(0).Count;
101
102     --4
103     Put_Line(f2, "Attempting to sort");
104     new_line;
105     while F /= 0 loop
106         IntegerIO.put(f2, F); --Perform action F Output it
107         KN := KN - 1;
108         Ptr := SortStructure(F).Top;
109         SortStructure(F).Top := Integer_To_Ptr(0);
110         while Ptr /= Integer_To_Ptr(0) loop
111             SortStructure(SEToint(Ptr.Suc)).Count :=
112                 SortStructure(SEToint(Ptr.Suc)).Count - 1;
113             if SortStructure(SEToint(Ptr.Suc)).Count = 0 then
114                 SortStructure(R).Count := SEToint(Ptr.Suc); --Add to output
115                 Queue
116                 R := SEToint(Ptr.Suc);
117             end if;
118             Ptr := Ptr.Next;

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113         end loop;
114         F := SortStructure(F).Count;
115     end loop;
116
117     --5
118     if KN = 0 then
119         Put_Line(f2, "");
120         Put_Line(f2, "Found a solution! See previous line.");
121     else
122         Put_Line(f2, "");
123         Put_Line(f2, "Failed to complete a solution!");
124         Put_Line(f2, "Loop detected.");
125         for K in 1..NA loop
126             SortStructure(K).Count := 0;
127         end loop;
128
129         --6
130         for K in 1..NA loop
131             Ptr := SortStructure(K).Top;
132             SortStructure(K).Top := Integer_To_Ptr(0);
133             while Ptr /= Integer_To_Ptr(0) loop
134                 if SortStructure(SEToint(Ptr.Suc)).Count = 0 then --trying to
                    test this condition in the above while loop breaks the program.
135                     SortStructure(SEToint(Ptr.Suc)).Count := K;
136                 end if;
137                 if Ptr /= Integer_To_Ptr(0) then --This is part of the
                    algorithm, but this if statement will never be entered.
138                     Ptr := Ptr.Next;
139                 end if;
140             end loop;
141         end loop;
142
143         --7 Find a K with Qlink(K) /= 0. This will be part of the offending
            loop.
144         Y := 1;
145         while SortStructure(Y).Count = 0 loop
146             Y := Y + 1;
147         end loop;
148
149         --8
150         loop
151             SortStructure(Y).Top := Integer_To_Ptr(1);
152             Y := SortStructure(Y).Count;
153             exit when SortStructure(Y).top /= Integer_To_Ptr(0);
154         end loop;
155
156         --9 Print the loop
157         Put_Line(f2, "Printing offending loop in reverse order");
158         while SortStructure(Y).Top /= Integer_To_Ptr(0) loop
159             IntegerIO.put(f2, Y);
160             SortStructure(Y).Top := Integer_To_Ptr(0);
161             Y := SortStructure(Y).Count;
162         end loop;
163
164     end if;
165 end;
166 end TopologicalSort;
167 end GenericTopologicalSort;

```