



Check if a Binary Tree is Symmetric

You are given the root of a binary tree. Your task is to determine whether the tree is symmetric. A binary tree is symmetric if the left and right subtrees are mirror images of each other.

Input:

• The root of the binary tree.

Output:

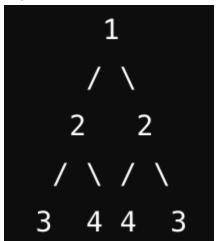
• Return true if the binary tree is symmetric, otherwise return false.

Examples:

• Example 1

Input: [1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 3]

Output: true Explanation:



This binary tree is symmetric as the left and right subtrees are mirror images of each other.

Constraints:

- The number of nodes in the tree is between 1 and 10⁴
- The value of each node is between −100 and 100.





Test Cases:

1. Input: [1, 2, 2, 3, 4, 4, 3]

Output: true

2. Input: [1, 2, 2, null, 3, null, 3]

Output: false

3. Input: [1]

Output: true

4. Input: []

Output: true

5. Input: [1, 2, 2, 3, null, null, 3]

Output: false

Edge Cases:

- 1. An empty tree is symmetric by definition. Return true.
- 2. A single-node tree is symmetric since there are no children to compare. Return true.
- 3. If there is one child but not the other, the tree is not symmetric. Return false.