Data Mining Report

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Data Description Description: Web-user identification is one of the important problems in behavioural psy-chology. Here we try to identify a user on the Internet by tracking his/her sequence of visited Web pages. The algorithm to be built will take a webpage session (a sequence of ten webpages visited consecutively by the same person) along with the start time of visit for a webpage and predict whether it belongs to Alice (1) or somebody else (0)t. ### The train_data contains information on user browsing sessions where the features are: site_ - ids of sites in this session. time_ - timestamps of attending the corresponding site target - whether this session belongs to Alice One can use the original data train.zip to form a train set differing from train_sessions.csv. ## Added Time Features days_:Days of Week Binary_Days:Whether days are weekdays or weekends Shift: timestaps of whole days 0:6(hr)- "night"; 6:11(hr)-"morning";11:16(hr)-"aftenoon" 16:19(hr)-"evening" 19:24(hr)-"night1"

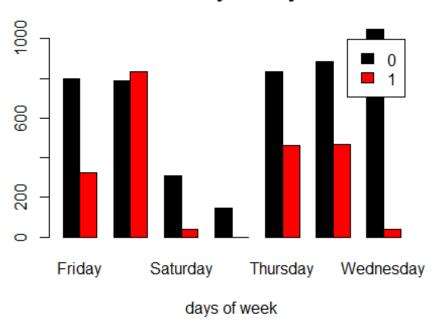
```
train_data = read.csv("C://Users//Pooja//Desktop//Train_data.csv")
```

Exploratory Analysis

Let us first observe weekday barplots.. will see that it may fail to give a good idea.

```
dayst<-table(train_data$Days,train_data$target)
f1=barplot(t(dayst),beside = TRUE,col=1:2,legend=TRUE,xlab="days of
week",main="weekly activity")</pre>
```

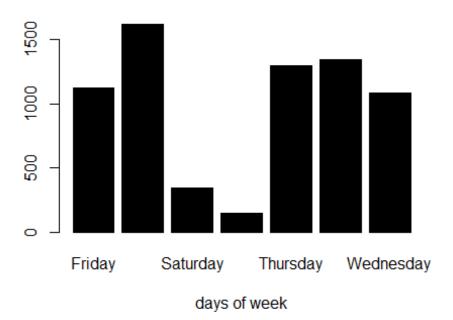
weekly activity



```
s=subset(train_data,target==0)

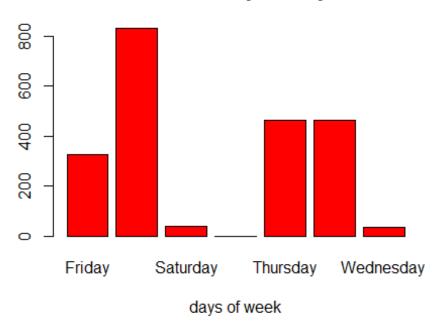
dayst1<-table(s$Days,s$target)
f2=barplot(t(dayst),col=1,xlab="days of week",main="others weekly activity")</pre>
```

others weekly activity



```
alice=subset(train_data,target==1)
alc=table(alice$Days,alice$target)
f3=barplot(t(alc),col=2,xlab="days of week",main="Alice weekly activity")
```

Alice weekly activity

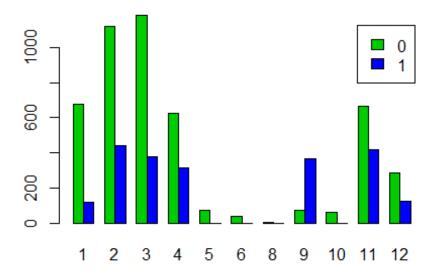


EXcept Wednesday

most oftenly Alice is online on Weekdays

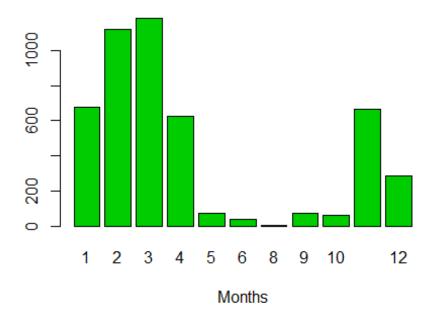
```
monthst<-table(train_data$Month,train_data$target)
f4=barplot(t(monthst),beside = TRUE,col=3:4,legend=TRUE,main="Monthly
Activity")</pre>
```

Monthly Activity



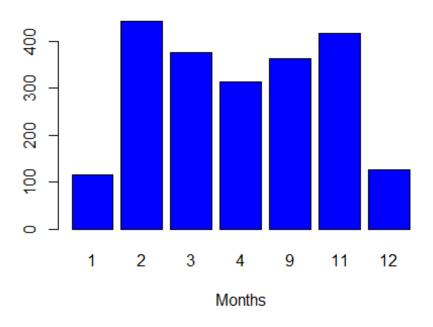
```
s=subset(train_data,target==0)
#View(s)
monthst1<-table(s$Month,s$target)
f5=barplot(t(monthst1),col=3,xlab="Months",main="others Monthly Activity")</pre>
```

others Monthly Activity



```
d=subset(train_data,target==1)
alice=table(d$Month,d$target)
f6=barplot(t(alice),col=4,xlab="Months",main="Alice Monthly Activity")
```

Alice Monthly Activity

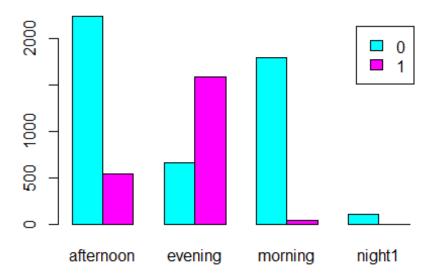


Alice is active at at

spring and some autumn months. She is a student.

```
shift<-table(train_data$Shift,train_data$target)
fig7=barplot(t(shift),beside = TRUE,col=5:6,legend=TRUE,main="Shifts of day")</pre>
```

Shifts of day



We get idea that

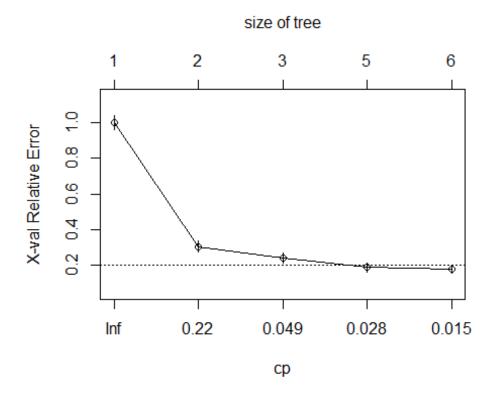
Alice is most oftenly online at Evening

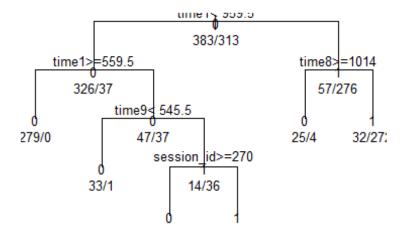
Q.1. Build a classi???er which can identify whether the user is Alice using 10-fold cross validation. Report the cross-validation based error for your ???nal classi???er. Do mention what all classi???ers you tried and justify your choice. Ans: We used Decision Tree, Random Forest, SVM, Logistic Regression.

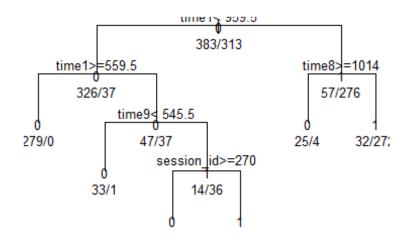
(1) Decision tree

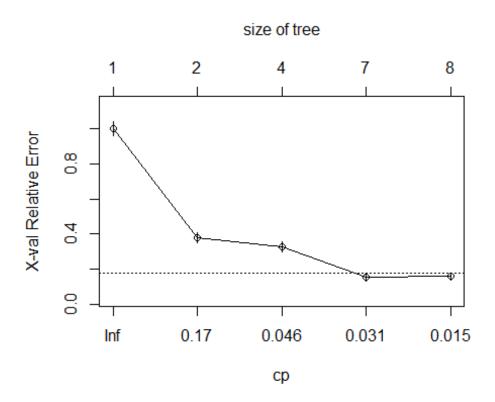
```
####### Tree #####
library(rpart)
## Warning: package 'rpart' was built under R version 3.5.3
library(chron)
## Warning: package 'chron' was built under R version 3.5.3
#timep=train data$time10.1
\#shift=cut(chron::times(timep)), breaks = (1/24) * c(1,5,11,16,19,24),
     labels = c("night", "morning", "afternoon", "evening", "night1"))
#shift=write.csv(shift, "C:/Users/Pooja/Desktop/shift.csv")
train_data = read.csv("C://Users//Pooja//Desktop//DM Ass 1//Train_data.csv")
View(train data)
folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(train_data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)</pre>
ac = c()
for(f in 1:10)
{
  indexes<-which(folds==f,arr.ind=TRUE)</pre>
```

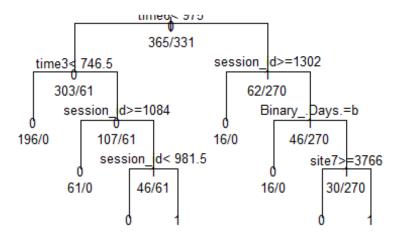
```
train <- train data[indexes,]</pre>
  test <- train_data[-indexes,]</pre>
  # tree
  fit<- rpart(target~. , method="class",data=train)</pre>
  #printcp(fit) # display the results
  plotcp(fit) # visualize cross-validation results
  # summary(fit) # detailed summary of splits
  # plot tree
  plot(fit, uniform=TRUE, main="Classification Tree ")
  text(fit, use.n=TRUE, all=TRUE, cex=.8)
  # prune the tree
  pfit<- prune(fit, cp= fit$cptable[which.min(fit$cptable[,"xerror"]),"CP"])</pre>
  #plot the pruned tree
  plot(pfit, uniform=TRUE, main="Pruned Classification Tree ")
  text(pfit, use.n=TRUE, all=TRUE, cex=.8)
  predictions = predict(fit,test,type="class")
  ac[f]<-sum(predictions==test$target)/length(test$target)</pre>
}
```

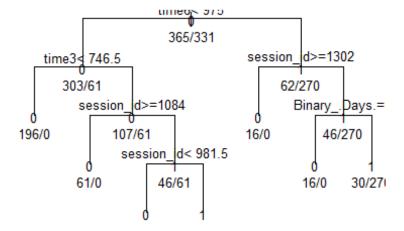


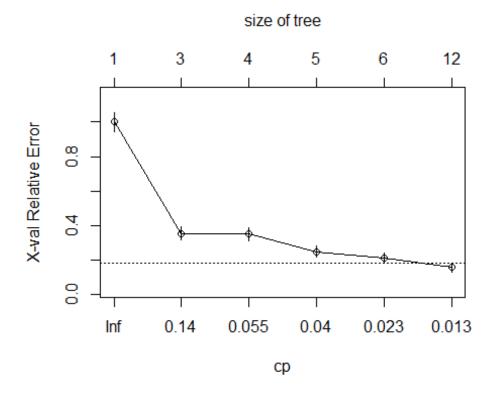


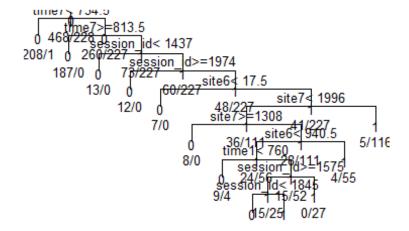


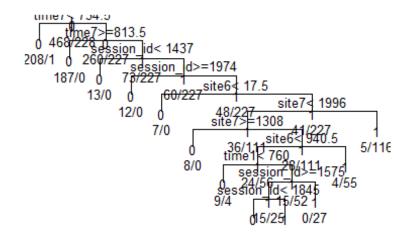


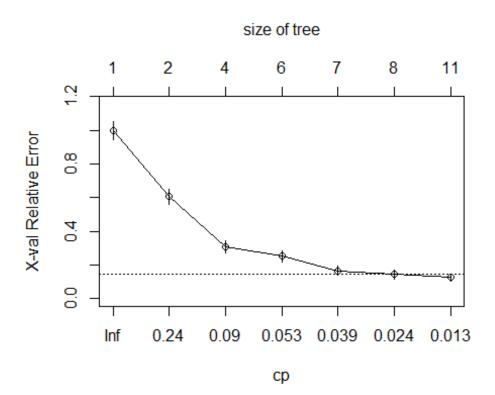


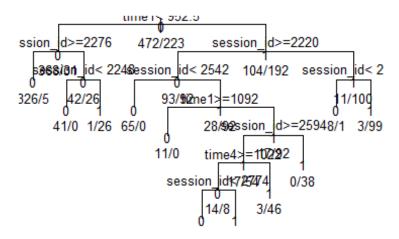


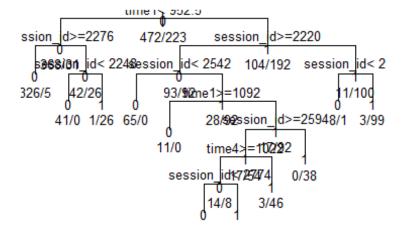




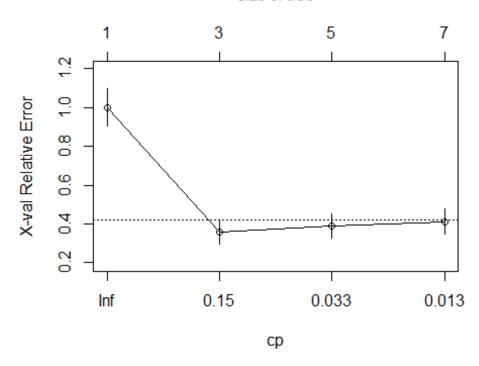


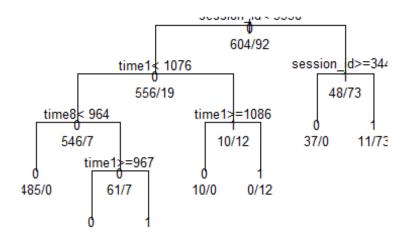


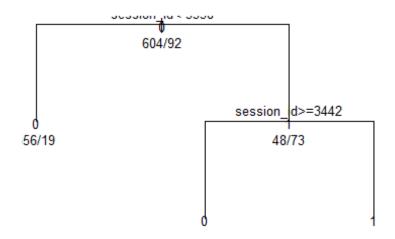


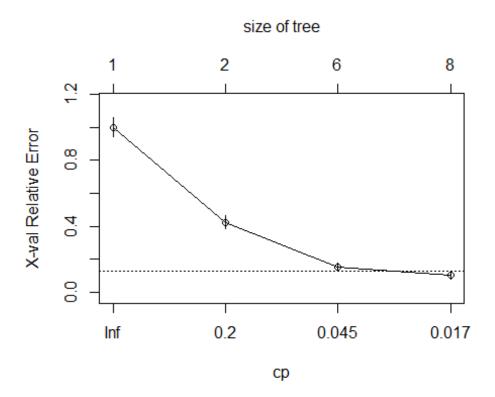


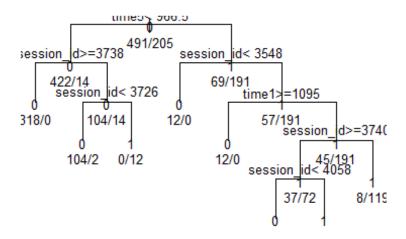


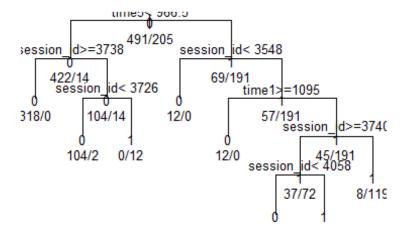


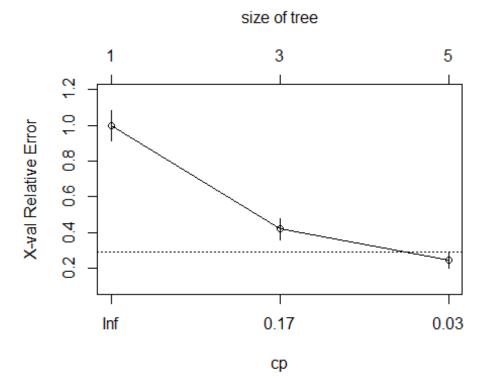


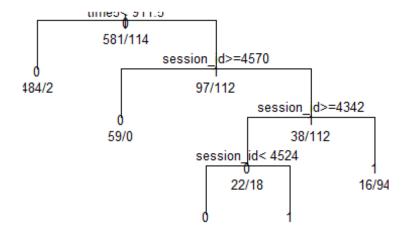


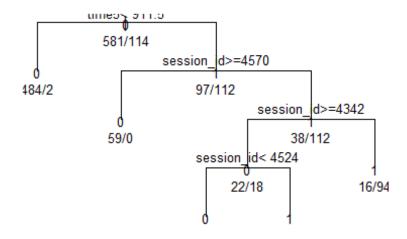


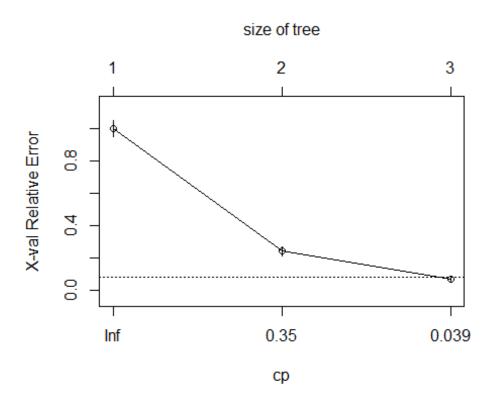


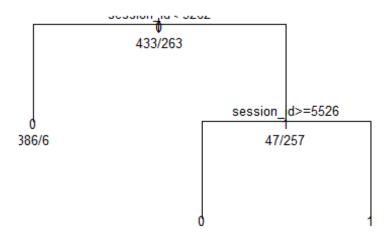


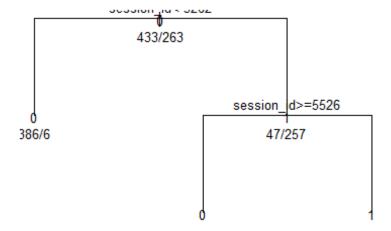


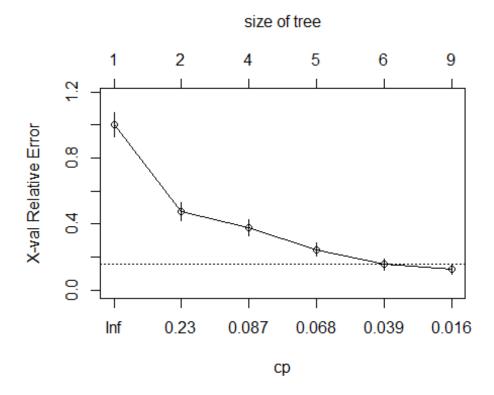


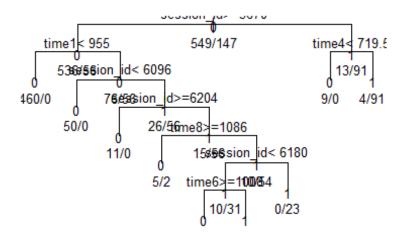


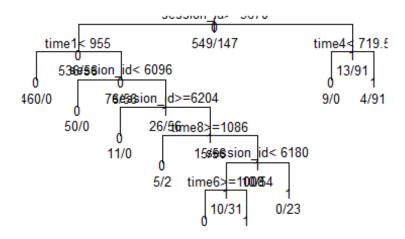


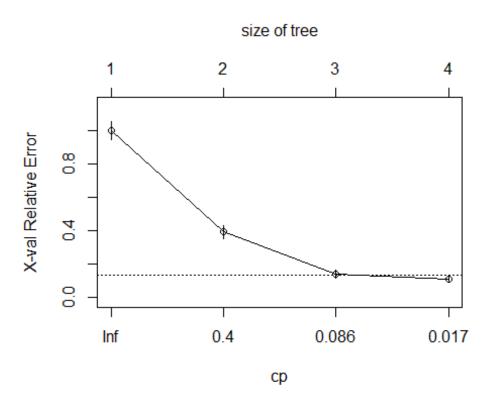


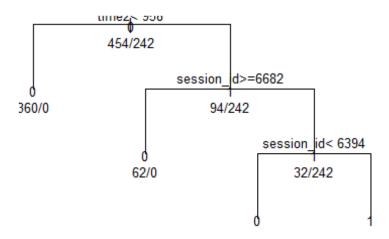


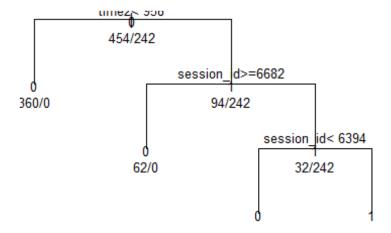








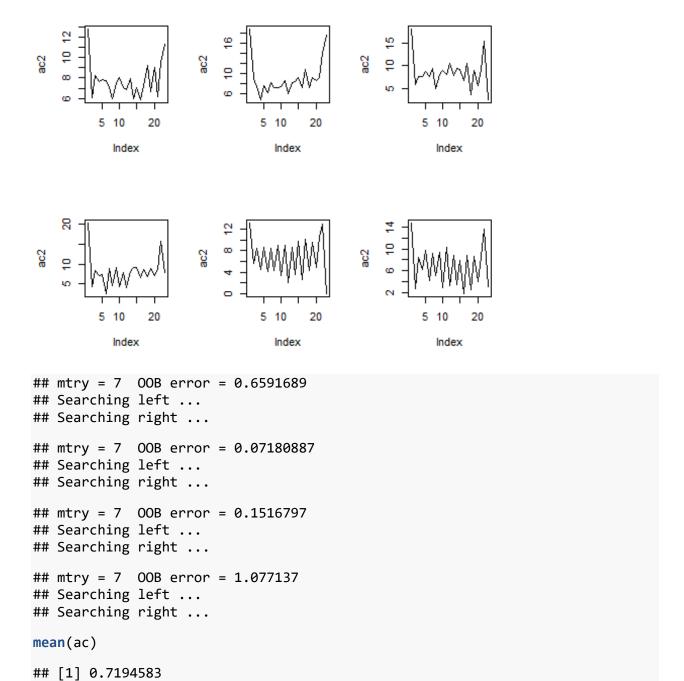


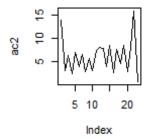


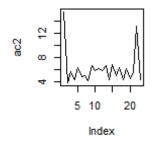
Random Forest

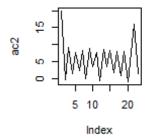
```
###### Random Forest #######
train data = read.csv("C://Users//Pooja//Desktop//DM Ass 1//Train data.csv")
train data$target<-as.factor(train data$target)</pre>
#table(train data$target)
par(mfrow=c(2,3))
folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(train_data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)</pre>
ac = c()
library(randomForest)
## Warning: package 'randomForest' was built under R version 3.5.3
## randomForest 4.6-14
## Type rfNews() to see new features/changes/bug fixes.
library(caret)
## Warning: package 'caret' was built under R version 3.5.3
## Loading required package: lattice
## Loading required package: ggplot2
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.5.2
##
## Attaching package: 'ggplot2'
## The following object is masked from 'package:randomForest':
##
##
       margin
library(e1071)
## Warning: package 'e1071' was built under R version 3.5.3
for(f in 1:10)
{
  indexes<-which(folds==f,arr.ind=TRUE)</pre>
  test <- train_data[-indexes,]</pre>
  train <- train_data[indexes,]</pre>
  #Random Forest
  set.seed(222)
  rf <- randomForest(target~.,data=train,ntree =200, importance =
TRUE, proximity = TRUE)
  #print(rf)
  #attributes(rf)
  #predictions & confusion matrix
  p1<-predict(rf , train)</pre>
```

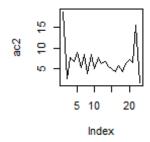
```
#predictions & confusion matrix - test data
  p2<-predict(rf, test)</pre>
  #error rate of random forest
  #plot(rf)
  #tune mtry
  t<-tuneRF(train[,-22],train[,22],stepFactor = 1,plot=FALSE,ntreeTry =
300, trace=TRUE, improve=0.05)
  #variable importance
  imp<-varImp(rf, sort=T, n.var = 10, main="Top 10-variable importance")</pre>
  vi <- (importance(rf))</pre>
  #print(vi)
  ac2 <- vi[,3]
  plot(ac2, type = "1")
  varUsed(rf)
  q <- sort(ac2)</pre>
  ex <- q[-c(1:28)]
  #print(ex)
  ac[f]<-sum(p2==test$target)/length(test$target)</pre>
}
## mtry = 7 00B error = 134.0791
## Searching left ...
## Searching right ...
## mtry = 7 00B error = 4.484425
## Searching left ...
## Searching right ...
## mtry = 7 00B error = 0.8547782
## Searching left ...
## Searching right ...
## mtry = 7 OOB error = 3.040027
## Searching left ...
## Searching right ...
## mtry = 7 00B error = 1.195377
## Searching left ...
## Searching right ...
## mtry = 7 00B error = 0.189229
## Searching left ...
## Searching right ...
```











SVM

```
####### SVM #####
train_data = read.csv("C://Users//Pooja//Desktop//DM Ass 1//Train_data.csv")
folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(train_data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)</pre>
ac = c()
library(e1071)
for(f in 1:10)
  indexes<-which(folds==f,arr.ind=TRUE)</pre>
  test <- train data[-indexes,]</pre>
  train <- train_data[indexes,]</pre>
  svmfit <- svm(target ~ ., data = train)</pre>
  summary(svmfit)
  pred <- predict(svmfit, test,type="response")</pre>
  res2 <- ifelse(pred<=0.5,0,1)
  ta1<-table(res2, test$target)</pre>
  ac[f] = sum(res2==test$target)/length(test$target)
}
mean(ac)
## [1] 0.6433513
```

Logistic Regression

####### Logistic Regression ######

```
train data = read.csv("C://Users//Pooja//Desktop//DM Ass 1//Train data.csv")
train data$target<-as.factor(train data$target)</pre>
table(train data$target)
##
##
      0
           1
## 4800 2158
par(mfrow=c(2,3))
folds <- cut(seq(1,nrow(train_data)),breaks=10,labels=FALSE)</pre>
acc = c()
for(f in 1:10)
  indexes<-which(folds==f,arr.ind=TRUE)</pre>
  test <- train_data[-indexes,]</pre>
  train <- train_data[indexes,]</pre>
  train[!complete.cases(train),]
  train<-na.omit(train)</pre>
  model <- glm(target~.,data = train , family = "binomial",na.action =</pre>
na.pass)
  predictions <- predict(model, newdata=test[,-24], type = "response")</pre>
  res1 <- predict(model,train)</pre>
  res2 <- ifelse(predictions<=0.5,0,1)
  ta1<-table(res2, test$target)
  acc[f]<-sum(diag(ta1))/sum(ta1)</pre>
}
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
## Warning: glm.fit: fitted probabilities numerically 0 or 1 occurred
mean(acc)
## [1] 0.5789973
```

From Above 4 classifier The accurracy of 1) Decision Tree = 0.7124 2) Random Forest = 0.7194 3) SVM = 0.6433 4) Logistic Regression = 0.5789

The best Classifier is Random Forest Because it have highest accuracy than Decision tree , SVM , and logistic regression

Q.2. Prepare a ???le which gives prediction for the test data. (Your score for this question will be proportional to your prediction accuracy.)

Ans:

```
library(randomForest)
library(caret)
library(e1071)
train = read.csv("C://Users//Pooja//Desktop//DM Ass 1//Train data.csv")
test = read.csv("C://Users//Pooja//Desktop//DM Ass 1//Final_test.csv")
set.seed(222)
#tune mtry
t<-tuneRF(train[,-22],train[,22],stepFactor =
1,plot=FALSE,ntreeTry=300,trace=TRUE,improve=0.05)
## mtry = 7 00B error = 54.28335
## Searching left ...
## Searching right ...
rf <- randomForest(target~.,data=train,ntree = 200, mtry = 7 , importance =
TRUE,proximity = TRUE)
## Warning in randomForest.default(m, y, ...): The response has five or fewer
## unique values. Are you sure you want to do regression?
#print(rf)
#attributes(rf)
#predictions & confusion matrix
p1<-predict(rf , test)</pre>
#predictions & confusion matrix - test data
a1<-ifelse(p1<=.5,0,1)
a1
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              3
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## 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198
```

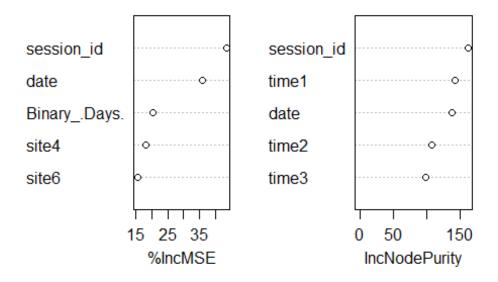
```
0
                       0
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                                    0
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                                                 0
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                                                          0
                                                              0
## 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215
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## 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234
##
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                       1
                           1
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## 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252
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## 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268
                                                                         269
              0
                  0
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                                0
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                                                     0
                                                              0
## 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288
         1
              1
                  0
                       1
                           1
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                                    1
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                                             1
                                                 1
                                                     1
                                                          1
                                                              1
                                                                   1
                                                                       1
## 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300
##
     1
         0
              0
                  0
                       0
                           0
                               0
                                    0
                                        0
                                             0
                                                 0
#submission <- write.csv(a1, "C:/Users/Pooja/Desktop/DM Ass
1/submission_file.csv")
```

Q.3. Which variables turn out to be the most useful? Try to justify their usefulness with the help of appropriate parts of classi???cation output and/or exploratory statistical techniques. ANS:

```
train_data = read.csv("C://Users//Pooja//Desktop//DM Ass 1//Train_data.csv")
#Random Forest
    set.seed(222)
    rf <- randomForest(target~.,data=train,ntree =200, importance =
TRUE,proximity = TRUE)
## Warning in randomForest.default(m, y, ...): The response has five or fewer
## unique values. Are you sure you want to do regression?

#print(rf)
    #variable importance
    impvariable<-varImp(rf, sort=T, n.var = 10, main="Top 10-variable
importance")
    varImpPlot(rf, sort=T, n.var = 5, main="Top 5-variable importance")</pre>
```

Top 5-variable importance



vi <- (importance(rf))</pre>

According to %IncMSE The 5 most Important variables are session_id, date, Binary_Days, site4, site6. According to IncNodePurity the 5 most impportant variables are session_id, time1, date, time2, time3